Sensor Calibration and Curve Fit

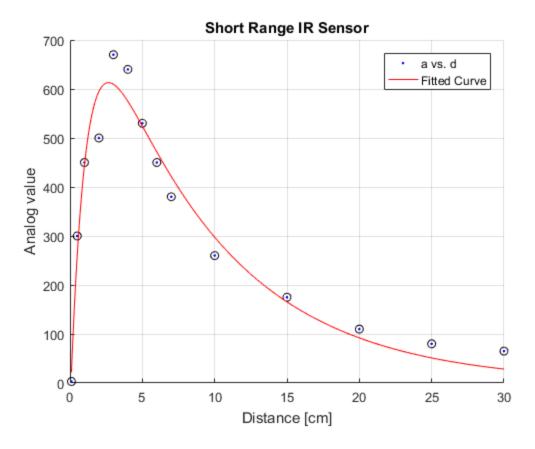
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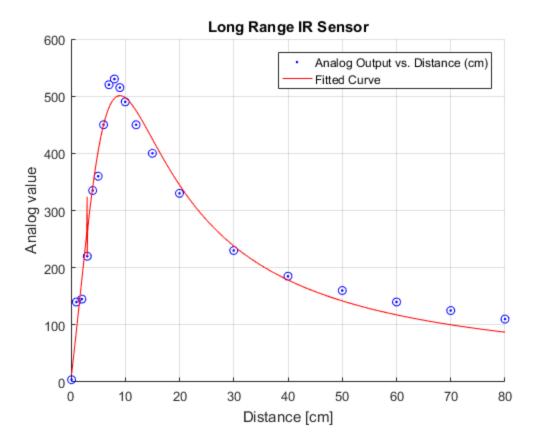
Short Range IR Sensor Data

```
clear all;
clc;
% Distance
d = [0.1, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30];
% Analog value
a = [3, 300, 450, 500, 670, 640, 530, 450, 380, 260, 175, 110, 80, 65];
figure(1); clf; hold on;
plot(d, a, 'ko');
title('Short Range IR Sensor');
xlabel('Distance [cm]'); ylabel('Analog value');
createFitexp2(d,a);
```



Long Range IR Sensor Data

```
clear all;
clc;
% Distance
d = [0.1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80];
% Analog value
a = [4, 140, 145, 220, 335, 360, 450, 520, 530, 515, 490, 450, 400, 330, 230, 185, 160, 140, 125, 110];
figure(2); clf; hold on;
plot(d, a, 'bo');
title('Long Range IR Sensor');
xlabel('Distance [cm]'); ylabel('Analog value');
createFitRat23(d,a);
```



createFitRat23.m function

```
createFitRat23.m
function [fitresult, gof] = createFitRat23(d, a)
%CREATEFIT(D,A)
  Create a fit.
  Data for 'Fitted Curve' fit:
응
       X Input : d
       Y Output: a
응
%
  Output:
       fitresult : a fit object representing the fit.
       gof : structure with goodness-of fit info.
  See also FIT, CFIT, SFIT.
  Auto-generated by MATLAB on 12-Oct-2017 12:06:21
%% Fit: 'Fitted Curve'.
[xData, yData] = prepareCurveData( d, a );
% Set up fittype and options.
ft = fittype( 'smoothingspline' );
% Fit model to data.
```

```
[fitresult, gof] = fit( xData, yData, ft, 'Normalize', 'on' );

% Plot fit with data.
h = plot( fitresult, xData, yData );
legend( h, 'Analog Output vs. Distance', 'Fitted
   Curve', 'Location', 'NorthEast' );
% Label axes
xlabel('Distance (cm)');
ylabel ('Analog Output');
grid on
```

createFitexp2.m

```
function [fitresult, gof] = createFitexp2(d, a)
%CREATEFIT1(D,A)
% Create a fit.
 Data for 'Fitted Curve' fit:
응
       X Input : d
응
       Y Output: a
% Output:
응
       fitresult: a fit object representing the fit.
ે
       gof : structure with goodness-of fit info.
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% See also FIT, CFIT, SFIT.
  Auto-generated by MATLAB on 12-Oct-2017 13:28:41
%% Fit: 'Fitted Curve'.
[xData, yData] = prepareCurveData( d, a );
%% Set up fittype and options.
ft = fittype( 'exp2' );
opts = fitoptions( 'Method', 'NonlinearLeastSquares' );
opts.Display = 'Off';
opts.Normalize = 'on';
opts.StartPoint = [406.819274003059 -0.790773877804884
 -49.3302971635946 -2.83787732353216];
% Fit model to data.
[fitresult, gof] = fit( xData, yData, ft, opts );
% Plot fit with data.
h = plot( fitresult, xData, yData );
legend( h, 'a vs. d', 'Fitted Curve', 'Location', 'NorthEast' );
% Label axes
xlabel d
ylabel a
grid on
```

Calibration Equations

```
General model Rat23:

f(x) = (p1*x^2 + p2*x + p3) / (x^3 + q1*x^2 + q2*x + q3)
```

```
Coefficients (with 95% confidence bounds):
        p1 =
                    6641 (5112, 8171)
        p2 = -1.943e+04 \quad (-2.784e+04, -1.103e+04)
                  -1236 (-1.51e+04, 1.263e+04)
        p3 =
                  -7.766 (-12.13, -3.398)
        q1 =
                    96.4 (60.56, 132.2)
        q2 =
                  -245.3 (-395.4, -95.09)
        q3 =
          Goodness of fit:
             SSE: 1.219e+04
            R-square: 0.9764
            Adjusted R-square: 0.968
            RMSE: 29.51
General model Exp2:
       f(x) = a*exp(b*x) + c*exp(d*x)
        where x is normalized by mean 9.186 and std 9.644
 Coefficients (with 95% confidence bounds):
                  327.5 (276.3, 378.7)
        a =
        b =
                 -1.132 (-1.528, -0.7353)
                -0.2471 (-1.278, 0.7837)
        C =
                 -8.738 (-12.95, -4.528)
        d =
          Goodness of fit:
             SSE: 2.503e+04
            R-square: 0.9602
            Adjusted R-square: 0.9483
            RMSE: 50.03
```

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