7세시스템대신공학과 19100054 김시현 Assignments#3

Ch5-74

크7hL2m×3m×3m 号台.

哥門工到时 1m/5

रेडिंगि कि हैं 50%

15min 301 87/7/1

(0) 1=7-2=1 == (wattage)?

→ (b) 환불기 H이상의 작성?

(6) 电影门对平 알問礼了

(=717/5 1,25 kg/m³) (25/11/7) 1/23/7/7/7/1) → α=1

(301) alltalafala

 $\dot{m}\left(\frac{P}{P}+\alpha,\frac{V_1^2}{2}+g_{\Xi},\right)+\dot{W}_{pump}=\dot{m}\left(\frac{P_2}{P}+\alpha,\frac{V_2^2}{2}+g_{\Xi}\right)+\dot{W}_{tarblag}$

 $\dot{m} = \rho \dot{V}$, $\dot{V} = \frac{V}{\Delta t} = \frac{18 \, m^3}{15 \, \text{min}} = \frac{18 \, m^3}{15 \, \text{X} \, 60 \, \text{c}} = 0.02 \, m^3 / \text{c}$

 $\dot{m} = (1.25 \text{kg/m}^3)(0.02 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}) = 0.025 \text{ kg/s}$

 $\rightarrow \dot{W}_{fan,n} = \dot{m} \times_{2} \frac{V_{2}^{2}}{2} = (0.025 \text{ kg/s})(1.0)(\frac{(\eta m/s)^{2}}{2})(\frac{|N|}{|k_{2} \cdot m/s^{2}})(\frac{|N|}{|N|})$

Set $W_{\text{fun,elect}} = \frac{W_{\text{fun,u}}}{y_{\text{fun-motor}}} = \frac{0.6125W}{0.05} = [1.225W]$

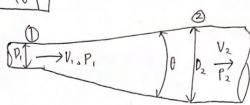
 $\dot{V} = A_2 V_2 = (\pi D^2/4) V_2 \rightarrow D = \sqrt{\frac{4\dot{V}}{\pi V_2}} = \sqrt{\frac{4(0.02 \, \text{m}^2 \text{k})}{\pi (1 \, \text{m/s})}} = 0.06 \, \text{m}$

(c) $\frac{P_3}{p} + i \mu_{n,u} = i \frac{P_4}{p} \rightarrow P_4 - P_3 = \frac{W_{fan,u}}{i'}$

 $P_4 - P_3 = \frac{0.6125W}{0.02 \, \text{m}^3/\text{r}} = 30.6 \, \text{N/m}^2 = 30.6 \, \text{Pa}$

기게시스터시아라라니 191000546/시련 MH#3 Ch 5-82 Q=1 育部 5kW 、頭 18%、行動型 , 乗时又上 30m 和可介的, Scm -> (四) 部部的是 的形型 跨子路本上 1 (±0) P,=P2=Patm, V, ≅V2 ≈ 0 75231 HISTAY ollita 14/2) in (p + x, 1/2 + gz,) + Wpump, u = in (p + x, 1/2 + gz,) +WKurbine, e + Emahloss (a) -> Wpump, u = mgZ2 + Enech, loss Emoduless = mgh_) in = Wpump, " = Wpump, " = Wpump, " = QZ, +gh_L = Q(Z2+h_L) 10 $\dot{W}_{\text{pump},u} = \eta_{\text{pump-motor}} \dot{W}_{\text{electric}} = (0.08)(\text{tkW}) = 3.9 \text{ kW} = 3.9 \text{ kJ/s}.$ $\dot{m} = \frac{3.9 \text{ kJ/s}}{(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)(30 + 5 \text{ m})} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2}{\text{lkJ}}\right) = 11.36 \text{ kg/s}.$ F $\dot{V} = \frac{\dot{m}}{\rho} = \frac{11.36 \, \text{kg/s}}{1000 \, \text{kg/m}^3} = \left[11.36 \, \text{X} \, 10^{-3} \, \text{m}^3 / \text{s} \right]$ (b) = $\frac{\dot{V}}{A_3} = \frac{11.36 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{\pi (0.05 \text{ m})^2/4} = \frac{\dot{V}}{A_4} = \frac{11.36 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{\pi (0.05 \text{ m})^2/4}$ σ11-12/4/3/3/ → P4-P3 = fα(V3-V42) + Wpump, N = (1000kg/m³)(1.0) ((2.95 m/s)2- (5.19 m/s)2) $+\frac{3.9 \, \text{ts}}{11.36 \, \text{x} \, 10^{-3} \, \text{m}^3 / \text{s}} = 330.9 \, \text{kPa} / \text{m}$ 1





X, = X = 1.05 V = 0.025 m3/5

h= 0.45m

Di= 6.00cm, P2= 11.00cm

(a) 計型なり、PaーPiを行れた(のけれまなりかり)

(b) 베르는이방정식을 이용하나 반복하다.

(바다막각 수두분실은시 및 근용에너지 보장세수=1)

베란이일과도 백월 5기를 계산하다.

위라이가 작용되는지 판단하기

(c) アューア,フローションセイラル。可はから?

(0) (村) 8,=2,

音器 对公, HOLEY

finkliothitaly 1/2 + x, V2 + x, + hpurpin = P2 + a2 V2 + byordine, + h2

P, + x, PV12 = P, + x, pV22 + pgh

 $P_2 - P_1 = \frac{f}{2}(\alpha_1 V_1^2 - \alpha_2 V_2^2) - fgh_L = \frac{f}{2}(1.05)(V_1^2 - V_2^2) - fgh_L$

 $V_{1} = \frac{\dot{V}}{A_{1}} = \frac{0.025 \text{ m}^{3}/\text{s}}{\pi (0.06\text{m})^{2}/4} = 8.842 \text{ m/s}$ $V_{2} = \frac{\dot{V}}{A_{2}} = \frac{0.025 \text{ m}^{3}/\text{s}}{\pi (0.11\text{m})^{2}/4} = 2.631 \text{ m/s}$

P2-P1= (1000 kg/m3) (1.05) (8.8422 -2.6312) (m2/s2) - (1000 kg/m3) (9.81 m/s2) (0.45 m))

= 32.996 KPa

(1N (1 Pa) (10 00 N /m2)

(b) 412年の1岁かり →まましてるして1

 $\frac{P_1}{2} + \frac{V_1^2}{2} + g_{Z_1} = \frac{P_2}{P} + \frac{V_2^2}{2} + g_{Z_2}$

 $P_1 + \frac{P}{2}V_1^2 = P_2 + \frac{P}{2}V_2^2 \rightarrow P_2 - P_1 = \frac{P}{2}(V_1^2 - V_2^2)$

 $= \frac{1000 \, kg/n^3}{2} \left(6.842 \, m/s \right)^2 - \left(2.631 \, m/s \right)^2 \right) \left(\frac{1N}{1 \, kg \cdot m/s^2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{1 \, kg \cdot m/s^2} \right) \left(\frac{$

世芸生文上刊をあり

32.996-35.629 ×100 ~ 7.98%

HRFOI TETE? Yes

= 35.629 kPa

아유 : 파이프 단생을 무시한수 있으며 기대적에너지의 30114713H9 TMS TNOSTRICH.

내기면서 우두군일무시, 마찰무시하나면

4은 HIC40145성기다 동일하123

h_ = emech lass, pipping /2 = 0

J2127/11/2/2/5/15 [6003 베르누이 전통하수있다

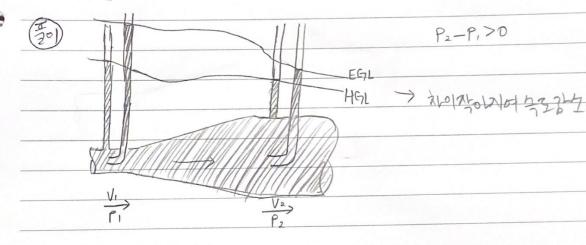
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() ड्रीन्स् १२ निर्माण नाप्य नेमार नामण्य प्रस्वारो



에게익크기들을 누를 이용나의 그리프로 나타내

$$\frac{V_{1}^{2}}{2g} = \frac{(9.842)^{2}}{2(9.81)} = 3.98 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{V_{2}^{2}}{2g} = \frac{(2.631.)^{2}}{2(9.81)} = 0.35 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{V_{3}^{2}}{2g} = \frac{(2.631.)^{2}}{2(9.81)} = 0.35 \text{ m}$$

제가서 Pa-P,의값은 양숙기나오고 ,에게 규제는 글로면서 양명이 증가라는데, #베르누이 병정식(기대명 메너지 파덩린대식)

6 명성한다나 이탈화를 위할수 있는 정상유등에서 유산을 TL 라마지의 한 일정하나나

PSONNE PERTY , (2/14 , 4/8/36) 730/11)