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In [1]: # Retail Streaming Anomaly Detection
# Author: Sri Charan Konidina
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# Goal: Simulate real-time retail sales data and detect anomalies as data stream
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In [2]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.ensemble import IsolationForest
import time
from IPython.display import clear_output, display
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In [3]: # Simulate incoming retail sales data
np.random.seed(42)
days = np.arange(1, 51)
sales = np.random.normal(400, 50, size=50).astype(int)

# Introduce artificial anomalies
sales[[10, 25, 37, 45]] = [700, 800, 900, 1000]

df = pd.DataFrame({"day": days, "sales": sales})
df.head()
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Out[3]:
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|   | day | sales |
|---|-----|-------|
| 0 | 1   | 424   |
| 1 | 2   | 393   |
| 2 | 3   | 432   |
| 3 | 4   | 476   |
| 4 | 5   | 388   |

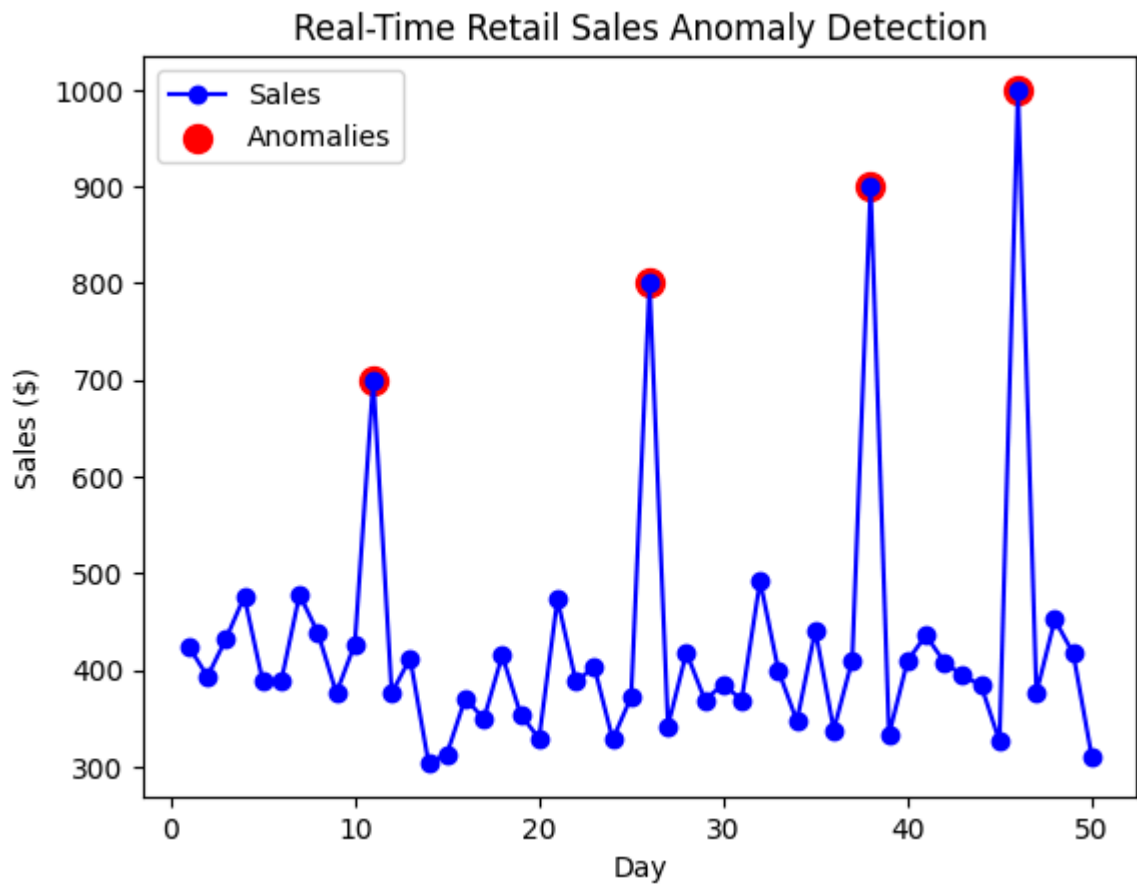
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In [5]: %matplotlib notebook
from IPython.display import clear_output, display
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

model = IsolationForest(contamination=0.08, random_state=42)
window = []

for i in range(len(df)):
    window.append(df.iloc[i])
    temp_df = pd.DataFrame(window)
    model.fit(temp_df[["sales"]])
    temp_df["anomaly"] = model.predict(temp_df[["sales"]])
    anomalies = temp_df[temp_df["anomaly"] == -1]

    clear_output(wait=True)
    plt.clf() # Clear previous frame
    plt.title("Real-Time Retail Sales Anomaly Detection")
    plt.xlabel("Day")
    plt.ylabel("Sales ($)")
    plt.plot(temp_df["day"], temp_df["sales"], color='blue', marker='o', label="Sales")
    plt.scatter(anomalies["day"], anomalies["sales"], color='red', label="Anomalies")
    plt.legend()
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display(plt.gcf())  
time.sleep(0.5)
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In [ ]: