Diverging Memories: Emotive Representation of East Germany and its Communist Past in the German Bundestag

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Introduction

The following contains the majority of the code supporting my M.A. thesis, submitted to the University of Chicago's Division of the Social Sciences. In my thesis, I conduct a sentiment analysis of all speeches given in the German Bundestag since German reunification in 1990. The question underlying this thesis is whether or not there are meaningful differences in the sentiments with which members of the German Bundestag (hereafter referred to as MdB) refer to East Germany as a region as well as its communist past and the institutions of the German Democratic Republic (GDR). **SOME MORE SENTENCES ABOUT HOW THE CODE IS STRUCTURED** Please note that in order to run the code below, you have to first run the data cleaning and preprocessing steps laid out here and import the resulting data frame here using read_csv(). Furthermore, in order to read in the SentiMerge sentiment dictionary I use for the purposes of this research, you need to download its contents here. If you have trouble accessing any of the data or questions about the code, feel free to email me at kpekkip@uchicago.edu.

Loading Packages and Data

The following three code chunks load required packages and read in all relevant datasets as well as the SentiMerge sentiment dictionary.

```
#load packages
library(tidyverse)
library(tidytext)
library(corpus)
library(quanteda)
library(quanteda.sentiment)
library(quanteda.textplots)
library(readtext)
library(spacyr)
library(pradadata)
library(DT)
library(sandwich)
library(lmtest)
library(robustbase)
library(psych)
#load preprocessed and cleaned data frame
full data <- read csv("data/full data.csv")</pre>
#subset only metadata
speeches_meta <- full_data %>%
```

```
select(-speechContent) %>%
mutate(docname = as.character(id))

#load sentiment dictionary
sentiment_dict <- read.delim("data/sentimerge.txt") %>%
    rename(word = lemma) %>%
    mutate(sentweight = sentiment * weight)

#convert sentiment dictionary to quanteda dictionary object
qtd_sentiment_dict <- sentiment_dict %>%
    as.dictionary()
```

Full Data Tokenization

In the next code chunk, I tokenize the full speeches, remove stopwords, and unnest tokens in order to create a data frame consisting of one token per row – the tidytext format. I then merge the resulting data frame with the sentiment dictionary, assigning each token a sentiment score and calculating average sentiment scores per speaker as well as per speaker and electoral term. Note that the sentiment score averages calculated here are based on all speeches given in the German *Bundestag* in the desired time frame, resulting in baseline scores for each lawmaker and electoral term. These baseline scores will later be used to calculate relative sentiment averages for each topic.

```
#define german stopwords
german stopwords <- data.frame(word = stopwords("de"), stringsAsFactors = FALSE)</pre>
#tokenize full speeches
full_df <- full_data %>%
  select(id, party, born_system, speechContent, year, politicianId, electoralTerm, born_gdr)
#unnest tokens
full_df <- unnest_tokens(tbl = full_df,</pre>
                         output = word,
                         input = speechContent)
#remove stopwords
full_df <- full_df %>%
  anti_join(german_stopwords, by = c("word"))
#merge with sentiment dictionary and calculate average sentiments per speaker and electoral term
full_df <- inner_join(full_df,</pre>
                      sentiment_dict,
                      by = "word") %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  mutate(avg_sentiment = mean((sentiment * weight))) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  group_by(politicianId) %>%
  mutate(speaker_sent_full = mean((sentiment * weight))) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  group_by(politicianId, electoralTerm) %>%
  mutate(speaker_session_sent = mean((sentiment * weight)))
```

Subset Data Tokenizing

#create vector of compound words for tokenization

The quanteda package contains powerful tools for natural language processing in R, and in order to utilize it, the code below turns the existing data frame into a quanteda corpus object. The data frame containing full speeches is once again tokenized into unigrams (except for compound words), while stopwords are being removed. Note that the padding parameter can be set to TRUE or FALSE based on your preference.

```
compound_words <- c("Deutsche Demokratische Republik*", "Freie Deutsche Jugend*", "Arbeiter und Bauern
#create quanteda corpus
qtd_speeches_corp <- corpus(full_data,</pre>
                             docid field = "id",
                             text_field = "speechContent")
## Warning: NA is replaced by empty string
#tokenize speeches
qtd_tokens <- tokens(qtd_speeches_corp,</pre>
                     remove punct = TRUE,
                     remove_numbers = TRUE,
                     remove_symbols = TRUE,
                     padding = FALSE,
                     split_hyphens = TRUE,
                     include_docvars = TRUE) %>%
  tokens_remove(stopwords("de"), padding = TRUE) %>%
  tokens_compound(pattern = phrase(compound_words), concatenator = " ")
```

Locating Keywords-In-Context

In the next few chunks of code, I locate context-specific keywords in all speeches, and extract a window of five words preceding and succeeding each keyword (10 words total per keyword). The resulting data frames containing the keywords-in-context are merged with the respective metadata and converted to the tidytext format by unnesting tokens. Finally, I calculate average sentiment scores by speaker and electoral term to retrieve topic-specific sentiment scores per legislator. These steps are taken with regard to GDR-specific keywords in the first code chunk, and repeated with regard to East Germany-specific keywords and East German Bundesländer-specific keywords in the second and third code chunk, respectively.

```
sep = " ")
#tokenize in tidytext format
ddr_df <- unnest_tokens(tbl = ddr_df,</pre>
                        output = word,
                        input = merged)
#merge with sentiment dictionary, calculate legislator-session sentiment scores
ddr_df <- inner_join(ddr_df,
                     sentiment_dict,
                     by = "word") %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  mutate(avg_sentiment = mean((sentiment * weight))) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  group_by(politicianId) %>%
  mutate(speaker_sent_ddr = mean((sentiment * weight))) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  group_by(politicianId, electoralTerm) %>%
  mutate(speaker_session_sent_ddr = mean((sentiment * weight)))
#define keywords
ostdeutschland_words <- c("Neue Bundesländer", "Neue Länder", "Neuen Ländern", "Ostdeutschland", "der O
#identify keywords-in-context
ostdeutschland_df <- kwic(qtd_tokens,</pre>
                          pattern = ostdeutschland_words,
                          valuetype = "fixed",
                          window = 5)
#merge with metadata
ostdeutschland_df <- left_join(ostdeutschland_df, speeches_meta, by = "docname")
#join pre and post columns into one
ostdeutschland_df <- ostdeutschland_df %>%
  as_tibble() %>%
  unite(col = "merged",
       pre, post,
        sep = " ")
#tokenize in tidytext format
ostdeutschland_df <- unnest_tokens(tbl = ostdeutschland_df,</pre>
                                    output = word,
                                   input = merged)
#merge with sentiment dictionary, calculate legislator-session sentiment scores
ostdeutschland_df <- inner_join(ostdeutschland_df,
                                sentiment_dict,
                                by = "word") %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  mutate(avg_sentiment = mean((sentiment * weight)))%>%
  ungroup() %>%
  group_by(politicianId) %>%
  mutate(speaker_sent_ostdeutschland = mean((sentiment * weight))) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
```

```
group_by(politicianId, electoralTerm) %>%
  mutate(speaker_session_sent_ostdeutschland = mean((sentiment * weight)))
#define keywords
bundesland_words <- c("Brandenburg", "Thüringen", "Sachsen", "Anhalt", "Mecklenburg", "Vorpommern")
#identify keywords-in-context
bundesland_df <- kwic(qtd_tokens,</pre>
                      pattern = bundesland words,
                      valuetype = "fixed",
                      window = 5)
#merge with metadata
bundesland_df <- left_join(bundesland_df, speeches_meta, by = "docname")
#join pre and post columns into one
bundesland_df <- bundesland_df %>%
  as tibble() %>%
  unite(col = "merged",
       pre, post,
        sep = " ")
#tokenize in tidytext format
bundesland df <- unnest tokens(tbl = bundesland df,
                               output = word,
                               input = merged)
#merge with sentiment dictionary, calculate legislator-session sentiment scores
bundesland df <- inner join(bundesland df,
                            sentiment dict,
                            by = "word") %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  mutate(avg_sentiment = mean((sentiment * weight))) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  group by(politicianId) %>%
  mutate(speaker_sent_bundesland = mean((sentiment * weight))) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  group_by(politicianId, electoralTerm) %>%
  mutate(speaker_session_sent_bundesland = mean((sentiment * weight)))
```

Regression Analysis

The following code centers around linear regression analysis of relative sentiment scores, i.e. the difference between a lawmakers average sentiment towards a given topic and a lawmakers overall/baseline average sentiment scores per electoral term. First, I select and factorize relevant independent and dependent variables and normalize average sentiment scores per term. In a second step, I run heteroskedasticity-robust linear regression analyses, once using party as an independent variables, and once using partygroup as an independent variable, grouping together all "mainstream" parties and testing the effects on the extreme right and left. These steps are first performed on the group of keywords pertaining to the GDR and its institutions, and then repeated on keywords relating to East Germany as a region and East German Bundesländer.

```
#subset full data to include one row per mp-session full_prejoin <- full_df %>%
```

```
unite(col = mp_session, electoralTerm, politicianId, sep = "_", remove = FALSE) %>%
  select(politicianId, electoralTerm, speaker_session_sent, mp_session) %>%
  distinct(mp_session, .keep_all = TRUE)
#regression using ddr sentiment subset
ddr prejoin <- ddr df %>%
  unite(col = mp_session, electoralTerm, politicianId, sep = "_", remove = FALSE) %>%
  select(politicianId, electoralTerm, speaker_session_sent_ddr, mp_session, party, born_system, born_gd
  distinct(mp session, .keep all = TRUE)
ddr_normed <- left_join(ddr_prejoin, full_prejoin, by = "mp_session")</pre>
ddr_normed[c("speaker_session_sent_ddr", "speaker_session_sent")] <- lapply(ddr_normed[c("speaker_session
ddr_normed <- ddr_normed %>%
  mutate(norm_sent = (speaker_session_sent_ddr - speaker_session_sent)) %%
  mutate(partygroup = case_when(party == "CDU/CSU" | party == "FDP" | party == "SPD" | party == "Bündni
                                party == "AfD" ~ "AfD",
                                party == "PDS/Die Linke" ~ "PDS/Die Linke"))
partygroupx = fct_relevel(as.factor(ddr_normed$partygroup), "Mainstream", after = 0)
partyx = fct_relevel(as.factor(ddr_normed$party), "PDS/Die Linke", after = 0)
born_gdrx = fct_relevel(as.factor(ddr_normed$born_gdr), "Elsewhere", after = 0)
electoralTermx = as.factor(ddr_normed$electoralTerm.y)
#(heteroskedasticity-robust) linear regression model with party specification
model_pddr <- lm(norm_sent ~ partyx + born_gdrx + electoralTermx, data = ddr_normed)</pre>
model_pddr_sum <- summary(model_pddr)</pre>
model_pddr_robust_clustered <- coeftest(model_pddr,</pre>
                                    vcov = vcovCL,
                                     type = "HC1",
                                     cluster = ~politicianId.x)
#(heteroskedasticity-robust) linear regression model with partygroup specification
model_pgddr <- lm(norm_sent ~ partygroupx + born_gdrx + electoralTermx, data = ddr_normed)</pre>
model_pgddr_sum <- summary(model_pgddr)</pre>
model pgddr robust clustered <- coeftest(model pgddr,
                                    vcov = vcovCL,
                                     type = "HC1",
                                     cluster = ~politicianId.x)
#print regression outputs
model_pddr_robust_clustered
```

```
##
## t test of coefficients:
##
##
                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                         ## partyxAfD
                         ## partyxBündnis 90/Die Grünen
                        -0.311668 0.158719 -1.9636
                                              0.04971 *
                        ## partyxCDU/CSU
                        ## partyxFDP
                        ## partyxSPD
## born_gdrxEast Germany (not GDR) -0.223923 0.140057 -1.5988 0.11002
                        ## born_gdrxGDR
## electoralTermx13
                        0.046130 0.085867 0.5372 0.59117
## electoralTermx14
                        -0.147351 0.098443 -1.4968
                                              0.13460
## electoralTermx15
                        -0.279266 0.140924 -1.9817
                                              0.04765 *
## electoralTermx16
                        -0.633307
                                 0.090827 -6.9726 4.200e-12 ***
## electoralTermx17
                        ## electoralTermx18
                        -0.929581 0.126917 -7.3243 3.455e-13 ***
## electoralTermx19
                        ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
model_pgddr_robust_clustered
## t test of coefficients:
##
                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                         ## partygroupxAfD
## partygroupxPDS/Die Linke
                         ## born_gdrxGDR
                        ## electoralTermx13
## electoralTermx14
                        ## electoralTermx15
                        -0.217312  0.139292  -1.5601  0.1188897
## electoralTermx16
                        ## electoralTermx17
## electoralTermx18
                        -0.878294
                                 0.130516 -6.7294 2.212e-11 ***
## electoralTermx19
                        -0.755531 0.116080 -6.5087 9.534e-11 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#regression using ostdeutschland sentiment subset
ostdeutschland_prejoin <- ostdeutschland_df %>%
 unite(col = mp_session, electoralTerm, politicianId, sep = "_", remove = FALSE) %>%
 select(politicianId, electoralTerm, speaker_session_sent_ostdeutschland, mp_session, party, born_gdr)
 distinct(mp_session, .keep_all = TRUE)
ostdeutschland_normed <- left_join(ostdeutschland_prejoin, full_prejoin, by = "mp_session")
ostdeutschland_normed[c("speaker_session_sent_ostdeutschland", "speaker_session_sent")] <- lapply(ostdeu
ostdeutschland_normed <- ostdeutschland_normed %>%
 mutate(norm_sent = (speaker_session_sent_ostdeutschland - speaker_session_sent)) %>%
```

```
mutate(partygroup = case_when(party == "CDU/CSU" | party == "FDP" | party == "SPD" | party == "Bündni
                             party == "AfD" ~ "AfD",
                             party == "PDS/Die Linke" ~ "PDS/Die Linke"))
partygroupx = fct_relevel(as.factor(ostdeutschland_normed$partygroup), "Mainstream", after = 0)
partyx = fct_relevel(as.factor(ostdeutschland_normed$party), "PDS/Die Linke", after = 0)
born_gdrx = fct_relevel(as.factor(ostdeutschland_normed$born_gdr), "Elsewhere", after = 0)
electoralTermx = as.factor(ostdeutschland_normed$electoralTerm.y)
##(heteroskedasticity-robust) linear regression model with party specification
model_postdeutschland <- lm(norm_sent ~ partyx + born_gdrx + electoralTermx, data = ostdeutschland_norm
model_postdeutschland_sum <- summary(model_postdeutschland)</pre>
model_postdeutschland_robust_clustered <- coeftest(model_postdeutschland,</pre>
                                 vcov = vcovCL,
                                 type = "HC1",
                                 cluster = ~politicianId.x)
#(heteroskedasticity-robust) linear regression model with partygroup specification
model_pgostdeutschland <- lm(norm_sent ~ partygroupx + born_gdrx + electoralTermx, data = ostdeutschlan
model_pgostdeutschland_sum <- summary(model_pgostdeutschland)</pre>
model_pgostdeutschland_robust_clustered <- coeftest(model_pgostdeutschland,</pre>
                                 vcov = vcovCL,
                                 type = "HC1",
                                 cluster = ~politicianId.x)
#print regression outputs
model_postdeutschland_robust_clustered
## t test of coefficients:
##
##
                                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                 1.0761210  0.1228812  8.7574 < 2.2e-16 ***
                                ## partyxAfD
## partyxBündnis 90/Die Grünen
                                -1.0826503 0.1191729 -9.0847 < 2.2e-16 ***
## partyxCDU/CSU
## partyxFDP
                                ## partyxSPD
                                ## born_gdrxEast Germany (not GDR) -0.1985209 0.1331748 -1.4907 0.136233
                                0.0079796 0.0784307 0.1017 0.918974
## born_gdrxGDR
## electoralTermx13
                                0.0465298 0.0820205 0.5673 0.570590
## electoralTermx14
                               -0.1753196 0.0916608 -1.9127 0.055956 .
                                -0.0244156 0.1348620 -0.1810 0.856357
## electoralTermx15
```

```
## electoralTermx16
                             ## electoralTermx17
                             -0.2253302 0.1334031 -1.6891 0.091387 .
## electoralTermx18
                             ## electoralTermx19
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
model_pgostdeutschland_robust_clustered
##
## t test of coefficients:
##
                              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                              0.077139
                                      0.058056 1.3287
                                                      0.18413
                                       0.374806 2.2271
## partygroupxAfD
                                                       0.02607 *
                              0.834745
## partygroupxPDS/Die Linke
                              ## born_gdrxEast Germany (not GDR) -0.213184   0.139507 -1.5281   0.12667
## born_gdrxGDR
                              0.011184 0.077370 0.1446 0.88508
## electoralTermx13
                              0.100929
                                      0.083353 1.2109
                                                      0.22612
## electoralTermx14
                             -0.111993 0.090559 -1.2367
                                                       0.21638
## electoralTermx15
                             0.034195 0.133875 0.2554
                                                       0.79843
## electoralTermx16
                             ## electoralTermx17
                             -0.152088 0.135714 -1.1207
                                                       0.26260
                             -1.012888 0.151326 -6.6934 2.959e-11 ***
## electoralTermx18
## electoralTermx19
                             ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#regression using bundesland sentiment subset
bundesland_prejoin <- bundesland_df %>%
 unite(col = mp_session, electoralTerm, politicianId, sep = "_", remove = FALSE) %>%
 select(politicianId, electoralTerm, speaker_session_sent_bundesland, mp_session, party, born_gdr) %>%
 distinct(mp_session, .keep_all = TRUE)
bundesland_normed <- left_join(bundesland_prejoin, full_prejoin, by = "mp_session")
bundesland normed <- bundesland normed %>%
 mutate(norm_sent = (speaker_session_sent_bundesland - speaker_session_sent)) %%
 mutate(partygroup = case_when(party == "CDU/CSU" | party == "FDP" | party == "SPD" | party == "Bündni
                          party == "AfD" ~ "AfD",
                          party == "PDS/Die Linke" ~ "PDS/Die Linke"))
partygroupx = fct_relevel(as.factor(bundesland_normed$partygroup), "Mainstream", after = 0)
partyx = fct_relevel(as.factor(bundesland_normed$party), "PDS/Die Linke", after = 0)
born_systemx = fct_relevel(as.factor(bundesland_normed$born_system), "Reunified Germany", after = 0)
## Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `born_system`.
## Warning: Unknown levels in `f`: Reunified Germany
born_gdrx = fct_relevel(as.factor(bundesland_normed$born_gdr), "Elsewhere", after = 0)
```

```
electoralTermx = as.factor(bundesland_normed$electoralTerm.y)
#(heteroskedasticity-robust) linear regression model with party specification
model_pbundesland <- lm(norm_sent ~ partyx + born_gdrx + electoralTermx, data = bundesland_normed)
model_pbundesland_sum <- summary(model_pbundesland)</pre>
model_pbundesland_robust_clustered <- coeftest(model_pbundesland,</pre>
                              vcov = vcovCL,
                               type = "HC1",
                               cluster = ~politicianId.x)
#(heteroskedasticity-robust) linear regression model with partygroup specification
model_pgbundesland <- lm(norm_sent ~ partygroupx + born_gdrx + electoralTermx, data = bundesland_normed
model_pgbundesland_sum <- summary(model_pgbundesland)</pre>
model_pgbundesland_robust_clustered <- coeftest(model_pgbundesland,</pre>
                              vcov = vcovCL,
                               type = "HC1",
                               cluster = ~politicianId.x)
#print regression outputs
model_pbundesland_robust_clustered
## t test of coefficients:
##
                              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                              ## partyxAfD
                              0.138764 0.184383 0.7526
                                                         0.45178
## partyxBündnis 90/Die Grünen
                             ## partyxCDU/CSU
## partyxFDP
                              -1.160329 0.104242 -11.1312 < 2.2e-16 ***
## partyxSPD
## born_gdrxEast Germany (not GDR) -0.239164  0.135373 -1.7667
                                                         0.07741 .
                              -0.171755 0.068452 -2.5091
## born_gdrxGDR
                                                         0.01217 *
## electoralTermx13
                             -0.110734 0.083605 -1.3245
                                                        0.18547
## electoralTermx14
                             -0.257195 0.103914 -2.4751 0.01339 *
## electoralTermx15
                             -0.191121 0.126794 -1.5073
                                                         0.13186
                              ## electoralTermx16
                             ## electoralTermx17
## electoralTermx18
                             -1.168669 0.107090 -10.9130 < 2.2e-16 ***
## electoralTermx19
                             -0.959771 0.096336 -9.9628 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
model_pgbundesland_robust_clustered
```

t test of coefficients:

```
##
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                   0.381825
                                              0.069763
                                                       5.4732 4.897e-08 ***
                                                        7.2997 3.945e-13 ***
## partygroupxAfD
                                   1.204118
                                              0.164955
## partygroupxPDS/Die Linke
                                   1.069387
                                              0.094616 11.3024 < 2.2e-16 ***
## born_gdrxEast Germany (not GDR) -0.253965 0.136667 -1.8583
                                                                 0.06326 .
## born_gdrxGDR
                                                                 0.00764 **
                                  -0.186194
                                              0.069737 - 2.6699
## electoralTermx13
                                  -0.062374
                                              0.083643 -0.7457
                                                                 0.45591
## electoralTermx14
                                  -0.222699
                                              0.103168 -2.1586
                                                                 0.03098 *
## electoralTermx15
                                  -0.128907
                                              0.125122 -1.0302
                                                                 0.30300
                                              0.104758 -7.7063 1.906e-14 ***
## electoralTermx16
                                  -0.807298
## electoralTermx17
                                  -0.520705
                                              0.098013 -5.3126 1.184e-07 ***
## electoralTermx18
                                  -1.105253
                                              0.108711 -10.1669 < 2.2e-16 ***
## electoralTermx19
                                  -0.903275
                                              0.097095 -9.3030 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Descriptive Statistics

[1] 154

In this final step, I calculate descriptive statistics both overall and per keyword group. These include, but are not limited to, the amount of speeches for each keyword group, the amount of speeches by party or birthplace, as well as the different distributions of relative sentiment scores by party and birthplace.

```
#number of speeches by party
#ddr cluster
length(unique(ddr_df$id))
## [1] 7334
afdddr <- ddr_df[ddr_df$party == "AfD",]</pre>
length(unique(afdddr$id))
## [1] 210
length(unique(afdddr$politicianId))
## [1] 62
cduddr <- ddr_df[ddr_df$party == "CDU/CSU",]</pre>
length(unique(cduddr$id))
## [1] 2402
length(unique(cduddr$politicianId))
## [1] 488
fdpddr <- ddr_df[ddr_df$party == "FDP",]</pre>
length(unique(fdpddr$id))
## [1] 884
length(unique(fdpddr$politicianId))
```

```
spdddr <- ddr_df[ddr_df$party == "SPD",]</pre>
length(unique(spdddr$id))
## [1] 1570
length(unique(spdddr$politicianId))
## [1] 346
grnddr <- ddr_df[ddr_df$party == "Bündnis 90/Die Grünen",]</pre>
length(unique(grnddr$id))
## [1] 810
length(unique(grnddr$politicianId))
## [1] 96
pdsddr <- ddr_df[ddr_df$party == "PDS/Die Linke",]</pre>
length(unique(pdsddr$id))
## [1] 1458
length(unique(pdsddr$politicianId))
## [1] 117
#ostdeutschland cluster
length(unique(ostdeutschland_df$id))
## [1] 5774
afdodl <- ostdeutschland_df[ostdeutschland_df$party == "AfD",]</pre>
length(unique(afdodl$id))
## [1] 40
length(unique(afdodl$politicianId))
## [1] 19
cduodl <- ostdeutschland_df[ostdeutschland_df$party == "CDU/CSU",]</pre>
length(unique(cduodl$id))
## [1] 1541
length(unique(cduodl$politicianId))
## [1] 347
fdpodl <- ostdeutschland_df[ostdeutschland_df$party == "FDP",]</pre>
length(unique(fdpodl$id))
## [1] 606
length(unique(fdpodl$politicianId))
## [1] 121
spdodl <- ostdeutschland_df[ostdeutschland_df$party == "SPD",]</pre>
length(unique(spdodl$id))
```

```
## [1] 2007
length(unique(spdodl$politicianId))
## [1] 346
grnodl <- ostdeutschland_df[ostdeutschland_df$party == "Bündnis 90/Die Grünen",]</pre>
length(unique(grnodl$id))
## [1] 646
length(unique(grnodl$politicianId))
## [1] 86
pdsodl <- ostdeutschland_df[ostdeutschland_df$party == "PDS/Die Linke",]</pre>
length(unique(pdsodl$id))
## [1] 934
length(unique(pdsodl$politicianId))
## [1] 110
#bundesland cluster
length(unique(bundesland_df$id))
## [1] 6814
afdbundesland <- bundesland_df[bundesland_df$party == "AfD",]</pre>
length(unique(afdbundesland$id))
## [1] 179
length(unique(afdbundesland$politicianId))
## [1] 54
cdubundesland <- bundesland_df[bundesland_df$party == "CDU/CSU",]</pre>
length(unique(cdubundesland$id))
## [1] 2202
length(unique(cdubundesland$politicianId))
## [1] 483
fdpbundesland <- bundesland_df[bundesland_df$party == "FDP",]</pre>
length(unique(fdpbundesland$id))
## [1] 728
length(unique(fdpbundesland$politicianId))
## [1] 164
spdbundesland <- bundesland_df[bundesland_df$party == "SPD",]</pre>
length(unique(spdbundesland$id))
## [1] 1596
length(unique(spdbundesland$politicianId))
```

```
## [1] 403
grnbundesland <- bundesland_df[bundesland_df$party == "Bundnis 90/Die Grunen",]</pre>
length(unique(grnbundesland$id))
## [1] 777
length(unique(grnbundesland$politicianId))
## [1] 126
pdsbundesland <- bundesland_df[bundesland_df$party == "PDS/Die Linke",]</pre>
length(unique(pdsbundesland$id))
## [1] 1332
length(unique(pdsbundesland$politicianId))
## [1] 140
#number of speeches by birthplace
#ddr cluster
length(unique(ddr_df$id))
## [1] 7334
gdrddr <- ddr_df[ddr_df$born_gdr == "GDR",]</pre>
length(unique(gdrddr$id))
## [1] 1969
length(unique(gdrddr$politicianId))
## [1] 196
egddr <- ddr_df[ddr_df$born_gdr == "East Germany (not GDR)",]</pre>
length(unique(egddr$id))
## [1] 647
length(unique(egddr$politicianId))
## [1] 85
westddr <- ddr df[ddr df$born gdr == "Elsewhere",]</pre>
length(unique(westddr$id))
## [1] 4718
length(unique(westddr$politicianId))
## [1] 974
#ostdeutschland cluster
length(unique(ostdeutschland_df$id))
## [1] 5774
gdrodl <- ostdeutschland_df[ostdeutschland_df$born_gdr == "GDR",]</pre>
length(unique(gdrodl$id))
```

```
## [1] 1846
length(unique(gdrodl$politicianId))
## [1] 188
egodl <- ostdeutschland_df[ostdeutschland_df$born_gdr == "East Germany (not GDR)",]
length(unique(egodl$id))
## [1] 408
length(unique(egodl$politicianId))
## [1] 68
westodl <- ostdeutschland_df[ostdeutschland_df$born_gdr == "Elsewhere",]</pre>
length(unique(westodl$id))
## [1] 3520
length(unique(westodl$politicianId))
## [1] 765
#bundesland cluster
length(unique(bundesland_df$id))
## [1] 6814
gdrbundesland <- bundesland_df[bundesland_df$born_gdr == "GDR",]</pre>
length(unique(gdrbundesland$id))
## [1] 2332
length(unique(gdrbundesland$politicianId))
## [1] 220
egbundesland <- bundesland_df[bundesland_df$born_gdr == "East Germany (not GDR)",]
length(unique(egbundesland$id))
## [1] 357
length(unique(egbundesland$politicianId))
## [1] 75
westbundesland <- bundesland_df[bundesland_df$born_gdr == "Elsewhere",]</pre>
length(unique(westbundesland$id))
## [1] 4125
length(unique(westbundesland$politicianId))
## [1] 1067
#distribution of relative sentiment by party and birthplace
#ddr cluster
length(ddr_normed$norm_sent)
```

[1] 2031

```
summary(ddr_normed$norm_sent)
    Min. 1st Qu. Median
                       Mean 3rd Qu.
## -7.41901 -0.73843 0.07773 0.00000 0.79307 8.07368
sd(ddr_normed$norm_sent)
## [1] 1.347271
describeBy(ddr_normed$norm_sent, ddr_normed$party)
##
## Descriptive statistics by group
## group: AfD
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 62 0.74 1.03 0.66 0.72 0.98 -1.16 3.51 4.67 0.26 -0.53 0.13
## -----
## group: Bündnis 90/Die Grünen
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
## X1 1 161 0.46 1.41 0.55 0.53 1.08 -5.02 7.57 12.6 -0.05 5.78 0.11
## -----
## group: CDU/CSU
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## -----
## group: FDP
  vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 237 -0.22 1.17 -0.09 -0.18 0.91 -4.24 3.95 8.19 -0.29 1.31 0.08
## -----
## group: PDS/Die Linke
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 205 0.69 1.14 0.75 0.74 0.85 -5.94 4.61 10.55 -0.97 5.56 0.08
## -----
## group: SPD
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
describeBy(ddr_normed$norm_sent, ddr_normed$born_gdr)
## Descriptive statistics by group
## group: East Germany (not GDR)
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
## X1 1 124 0.01 1.4 -0.04 0.04 1.02 -5.94 5.11 11.05 -0.51 3.79 0.13
## -----
## group: Elsewhere
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
## X1 1 1506 0 1.38 0.09 0.03 1.17 -7.42 8.07 15.49 -0.24 2.95 0.04
## -----
## group: GDR
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 401 -0.02 1.21 0.07 0.05 0.98 -4.63 4.61 9.24 -0.62 1.72 0.06
#east germany cluster
length(ostdeutschland_normed$norm_sent)
```

```
## [1] 1698
```

summary(ostdeutschland_normed\$norm_sent)

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median
                    Mean 3rd Qu.
## -9.87586 -0.69422 0.06868 0.00000 0.77824 6.03166
sd(ostdeutschland_normed$norm_sent)
## [1] 1.31799
describeBy(ostdeutschland_normed$norm_sent, ostdeutschland_normed$party)
## Descriptive statistics by group
## group: AfD
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
## X1 1 19 0.29 1.58 0.32 0.26 0.89 -3.61 4.72 8.33 0.42 2.37 0.36
## -----
## group: Bündnis 90/Die Grünen
   vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
## X1 1 147 0.43 1.18 0.4 0.44 0.9 -3.28 4.95 8.24 0.12 2.09 0.1
## -----
## group: CDU/CSU
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## -----
## group: FDP
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## -----
## group: PDS/Die Linke
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 174 0.71 1.1 0.72 0.7 0.84 -3.39 4.26 7.64 0.02 1.21 0.08
## -----
## group: SPD
   vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
     describeBy(ostdeutschland_normed$norm_sent, ostdeutschland_normed$born_gdr)
##
## Descriptive statistics by group
## group: East Germany (not GDR)
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 104 -0.05 1.24 -0.06 -0.05 1.09 -3.77 4.07 7.84 -0.04 1.16 0.12
## -----
## group: Elsewhere
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
    ## -----
## group: GDR
  vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 373 0.02 1.18 0.03 0.03 0.91 -7.58 4.26 11.83 -0.54 5.09 0.06
#east german länder cluster
```

```
length(bundesland_normed$norm_sent)
## [1] 2330
summary(bundesland_normed$norm_sent)
    Min. 1st Qu. Median
                      Mean 3rd Qu.
## -8.05772 -0.73489 0.06923 0.00000 0.79126 9.97278
sd(bundesland_normed$norm_sent)
## [1] 1.351789
describeBy(bundesland normed$norm sent, bundesland normed$party)
##
## Descriptive statistics by group
## group: AfD
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 54 0.64 1.11 0.54 0.6 0.99 -1.49 4.2 5.69 0.5 0.68 0.15
## -----
## group: Bündnis 90/Die Grünen
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 242 0.3 1.26 0.42 0.41 0.99 -8.06 3.01 11.07 -2.21 11.47 0.08
## -----
## group: CDU/CSU
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## -----
## group: FDP
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 247 -0.04 1.25 -0.04 -0.04 0.9 -5.99 6.75 12.74 0.01 6.46 0.08
## -----
## group: PDS/Die Linke
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 255 0.75 1.11 0.76 0.76 0.84 -3.6 5.52 9.12 -0.03 2.48 0.07
## -----
## group: SPD
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
describeBy(bundesland_normed$norm_sent, bundesland_normed$born_gdr)
##
## Descriptive statistics by group
## group: East Germany (not GDR)
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
## X1 1 112 0.11 1.16 0.27 0.17 0.98 -3.57 2.87 6.45 -0.53 0.41 0.11
## -----
## group: Elsewhere
  vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## -----
## group: GDR
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis
## X1 1 461 -0.04 1.09 0.01 0 1.01 -5.99 2.87 8.86 -0.69
```