

# CS581 Theory of Computation: Homework #5

Due on March 2 2016 at 2:00pm

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**Problem 5.3**

Find a match in the following instance of the Post Correspondence Problem.

$$\left\{ \left[ \frac{ab}{abab} \right], \left[ \frac{b}{a} \right], \left[ \frac{aba}{b} \right], \left[ \frac{aa}{a} \right] \right\}$$

**Solution**

$$\frac{ab}{abab}, \frac{ab}{abab}, \frac{aba}{b}, \frac{b}{a}, \frac{b}{a}, \frac{aa}{a}, \frac{aa}{a} \text{ or } \frac{aa}{a}, \frac{aa}{a}, \frac{b}{a}, \frac{ab}{abab}$$

**Problem 5.4**

If  $A \leq_m B$  and B is a regular language, does that imply that A is a regular language? Why or why not?

**Solution**

No it doesn't imply that A is regular, for example: CFL  $\{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$  can be reduced to regular language  $\{a^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ , by following procedure: check if input  $\in a^n b^n$ , output  $a^n$  if it is, and  $b$  if it is not.

**Description of the TM form problems 1 and 2.**

1.  $Q = \{A, B, C, D\}$
2.  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$
3.  $\Gamma = \{0, 1, \_ \}$
4.  $\delta =$ 
  1.  $\delta(A, 0) = (B, 1, R)$
  2.  $\delta(A, 1) = (A, 1, R)$
  3.  $\delta(A, \_) = (C, \_, L)$
  4.  $\delta(B, 0) = (D, 0, L)$
  5.  $\delta(B, 1) = (A, 0, R)$
  6.  $\delta(B, \_) = (D, \_, L)$
5.  $q_0 = A$
6.  $q_{accept} = C$
7.  $q_{reject} = D$

**Problem 1**

Convert this into an instance of the PCP.

**Solution**

Convert the TM into instance of PCP by adding required domino tiles:

Part 1: add first tile

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} \# \\ \# \# A w_1 w_2 w_3 \dots \end{array} \right]$$

Part 2: Take care of the right transitions

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} A0 \\ 1B \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} A1 \\ 1A \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} B1 \\ 0A \end{array} \right]$$

Part 3: Take care of the left transitions

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} 0A_- \\ C0_- \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1A_- \\ C1_- \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \_A_- \\ C_- \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0B0 \\ D00 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1B0 \\ D10 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \_B0 \\ D\_0 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0B_- \\ D0_- \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1B_- \\ D1_- \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \_B_- \\ D_- \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} \#A_- \\ \_C_- \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \#B0 \\ \_D0 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \#B_- \\ \_D_- \end{array} \right]$$

Part 4: For every  $a \in \Gamma$  put  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} a \\ a \end{array} \right]$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \_ \\ \_ \end{array} \right]$$

Part 5

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} \# \\ \# \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \# \\ \_ \# \end{array} \right]$$

Part 6: Accept states

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} 0C \\ C \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} 1C \\ C \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \_C \\ C \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} C0 \\ C \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} C1 \\ C \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} C_- \\ C \end{array} \right]$$

Part 7: Final domino

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} C\#\# \\ \# \end{array} \right]$$

So far we converted the TM into MPCP, usually this would require further conversion into instance of PCP, by addition of  $\frac{\star t_1}{\star b_1 \star}$  to the first tile, and  $\frac{\star t_1}{b_1 \star}$  to all the rest to enforce the order of computation, however this procedure was omitted for brevity.

**Problem 2**

Show that the string "01" is in the language recognized by this TM by showing a solution to your instance of the PCP.

**Solution**

We find a match in PCP instance.

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccc} \# & \# & A0 & 1 & - & \# & 1 & B1 & - & \# & 1 & 0A & - & \# & 1 & C0 & - & \# & 1C & - & \# & C & - & \# & C\#\# \\ \hline \#\#A01 & - & \# & 1B & 1 & - & \# & 1 & 0A & - & \# & 1 & C0 & - & \# & 1 & C & - & \# & C & - & \# & C & - & \# & C\#\# \end{array}$$

Resulting PCP:

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccc} \#\#A01 & - & \#1B1 & - & \#10A & - & \#1C0 & - & \#1C & - & \#C & - & \#C\#\# \\ \hline \#\#A01 & - & \#1B1 & - & \#10A & - & \#1C0 & - & \#1C & - & \#C & - & \#C\#\# \end{array}$$