HW3 Report, Loggy: A Logical Time Logger

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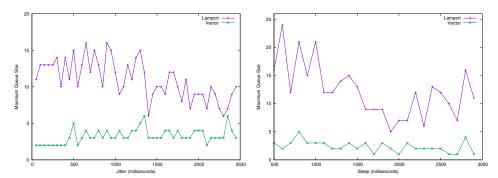
- 1 Introduction
- 2 Main problems and solutions
- 2.1
- 2.2
- 2.3
- 3 Evaluation
- 3.1 Visualization

To aid evaluation, a module *mermaid* was implemented to create visual representations of the messages flowing between the vector clocks.

See appendix. (TODO, proper sendoff to the appendix, google how)

3.2 Delay caused by Jitter Comparison of Lamport and Vector

Due to the inherit randomness of the *Loggy* implementation these results can't be taken as absolutes for corelating sleep or jitter to the maximum queue size, although the difference



(a) Comparison of Jitter using a 1500ms (b) Comparison of Sleep using a 250ms Sleep $\,$ Jitter

Figure 1: Queue size comparison between the clock implementations on different delays and jitters

4 Conclusions

5 Appendix

Both of these tests were completed using test:run(¡module;, 1500, 500).

5.1 Lamport Clock

```
119> test:run(time, 1500, 500).
loggy: starting with module time
log: s:5
          ringo sending (24) c:1
                 sending (6) c:1
log: s:5
          john
log: s:5
          george sending (26) c:1
                 received (24) c:2
log: s:2
          paul
log: s:2
          john
                 received (26) c:2
log: s:2
          paul
                 received (
                             6) c:3
log: s:2
          john
                 sending (50) c:3
                 received (50) c:4
log: s:2
          ringo
log: s:2
          john
                 sending
                         ( 73) c:4
                          (28) c:4
log: s:2
          paul
                 sending
log: s:8
          george received (28) c:5
log: s:8
                 sending
          ringo
                          ( 2) c:5
                          ( 37) c:5
log: s:8
          john
                 sending
          george received (73) c:6
log: s:13
log: s:13
                 received (
          paul
                             2) c:6
log: s:13
                         ( 1) c:6
          john
                 sending
log: s:3
          george sending (48) c:7
log: s:3
          paul
                 sending
                          ( 30) c:7
log: s:3
          ringo
                 received (48) c:8
log: s:3
                 received (37) c:8
          paul
log: s:3
          ringo
                 sending (86) c:9
log: s:3
          george received (86) c:10
log: s:3
          george received (30) c:11
log: s:3
          george sending (85) c:12
log: s:3
          ringo
                 received (85) c:13
log: s:3
          ringo
                 sending (83) c:14
          george received (83) c:15
log: s:3
log: s:3
          ringo received ( 1) c:15
```

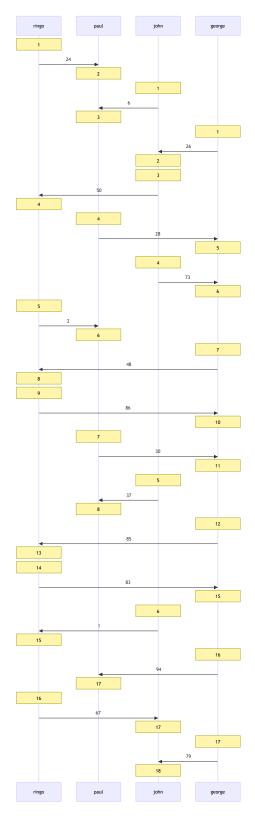


Figure 2: Sequence visualization of the Lamport timestamp algorithm ${4\atop}$

5.2 Vector Clock

```
120> test:run(vect, 1500, 500).
loggy: starting with module vect
log: s:1
           ringo
                  sending (24) c:ringo => 1
log: s:1
                  received ( 24) c:paul => 1,ringo => 1
           paul
log: s:0
           john
                  sending (6) c:john \Rightarrow 1
log: s:0
                  received ( 6) c:john => 1,paul => 2,ringo => 1
           paul
log: s:0
           george sending ( 26) c:george => 1
log: s:0
                  received (26) c:john => 2,george => 1
           john
log: s:0
                  sending (50) c:john => 3,george => 1
           john
log: s:0
           ringo received (50) c:john => 3,ringo => 2,george => 1
log: s:2
                  sending (73) c:john \Rightarrow 4,george \Rightarrow 1
           john
log: s:0
                  sending (28) c:john => 1,paul => 3,ringo => 1
           paul
           george received ( 28) c:john => 1,paul => 3,ringo => 1,george => 2
log: s:0
log: s:0
           george received ( 73) c:john => 4,paul => 3,ringo => 1,george => 3
log: s:0
           ringo sending ( 2) c:john => 3,ringo => 3,george => 1
                  received ( 2) c:john => 3,paul => 4,ringo => 3,george => 1
log: s:0
log: s:0
           george sending (48) c:john => 4,paul => 3,ringo => 1,george => 4
log: s:0
                  received (48) c:john => 4,paul => 3,ringo => 4,george => 4
           ringo
                  sending (37) c:john \Rightarrow 5,george \Rightarrow 1
log: s:1
           john
log: s:1
                  received (37) c:john => 5,paul => 5,ringo => 3,george => 1
           paul
                  sending (86) c:john \Rightarrow 4,paul \Rightarrow 3,ringo \Rightarrow 5,george \Rightarrow 4
log: s:0
           george received (86) c:john => 4,paul => 3,ringo => 5,george => 5
log: s:0
           george sending ( 8) c:john => 4,paul => 3,ringo => 5,george => 6
log: s:2
log: s:1
           ringo sending (84) c:john => 4,paul => 3,ringo => 6,george => 4
                  received (84) c:john => 5,paul => 6,ringo => 6,george => 4
log: s:1
           paul
log: s:1
           paul
                  received ( 8) c:john => 5,paul => 7,ringo => 6,george => 6
                  sending (46) c:john => 5,paul => 8,ringo => 6,george => 6
log: s:1
           paul
log: s:1
           george received (46) c:john => 5,paul => 8,ringo => 6,george => 7
log: s:1
                  sending (1) c:john => 6,george => 1
           john
log: s:1
           ringo received ( 1) c:john => 6,paul => 3,ringo => 7,george => 4
log: s:0
           george sending (99) c:john => 5,paul => 8,ringo => 6,george => 8
log: s:0
                  received (99) c:john => 5,paul => 9,ringo => 6,george => 8
           paul
```

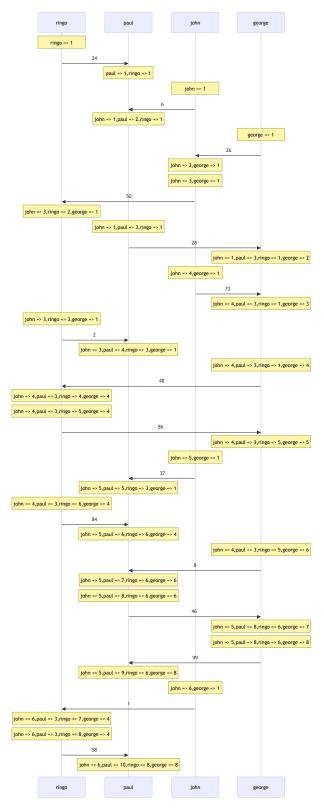


Figure 3: Sequence visualization of the vector clock implementation