

# CECS 463 System On Chip II

## FALL 2020



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***Assignment #07 – Chapter 5 Problems***

*12/01/2020*

```
% Kuldeep Gohil
% CECS 463 Fall20
% Assignment #07 Due: 12/01/2020

clc; close all;
```

## 5.1.1

```
% Done using method shown on bottom of page 144
```

```
disp('Problem 5.1.1: ')
xn = [4, 1, -1, 1];
N = 4;
Xk = dfs(xn, N)
```

Problem 5.1.1:

```
Xk = 5.0000 + 0.0000i    5.0000 + 0.0000i    1.0000 - 0.0000i    5.0000 + 0.0000i
```

## 5.1.2

```
clc; close all;
% Done using method shown on bottom of page 144
```

```
disp('Problem 5.1.2: ')
xn = [0, 0, 2j, 0, 2j, 0];
N = 6;
Xk = dfs(xn, N)
```

Problem 5.1.2:

Xk =

Columns 1 through 4

```
0.0000 + 4.0000i    0.0000 - 2.0000i    0.0000 - 2.0000i   -0.0000 + 4.0000i
```

Columns 5 through 6

```
0.0000 - 2.0000i    0.0000 - 2.0000i
```

## 5.2.1

---

```
clc; close all;
% Done using idfs function found on pg.145 and using knowledge from 5.1

disp('Problem 5.2.1: ')
xn = [j, 2*j, 3*j, 4*j];
N = 4;
Xk = idfs(xn, N)
```

Problem 5.2.1:

$X_k = 0.0000 + 2.5000i \quad 0.5000 - 0.5000i \quad -0.0000 - 0.5000i \quad -0.5000 - 0.5000i$

## 5.2.2

---

```
clc; close all;
% Done using idfs function found on pg.145 and using knowledge from 5.1

disp('Problem 5.2.2: ')
xn = [0, 0, 2, 0, 0];
N = 5;
Xk = idfs(xn, N)
```

Problem 5.2.2:

$X_k =$

Columns 1 through 4

$0.4000 + 0.0000i \quad -0.3236 + 0.2351i \quad 0.1236 - 0.3804i \quad 0.1236 + 0.3804i$

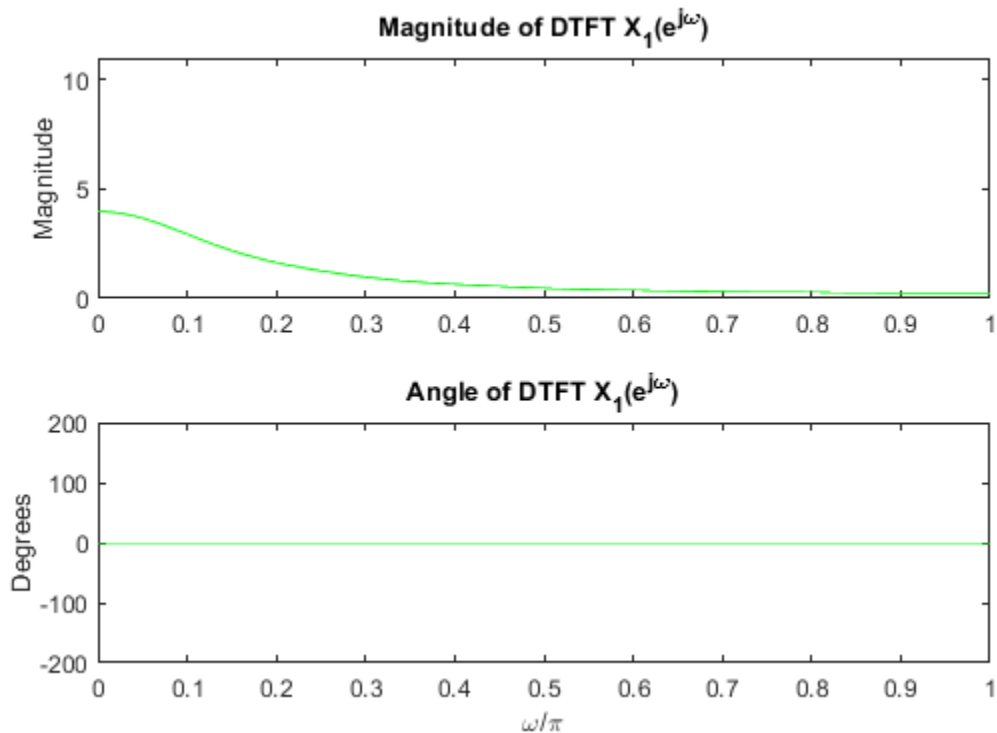
Column 5

$-0.3236 - 0.2351i$

### 5.3.1

```
clc; close all;

n = [-10:10];
x = (0.6).^abs(n);
l = length(n);
N = 200; % Length of DFT
x = [x(11:end), zeros(1,N-1), x(1:10)]; % Assemble x
[x1] = fft(x,N);
w = (0:N/2)*2*pi/N;
magnitude = abs(x1(1:N/2+1));
angle = angle(x1(1:N/2+1))*180/pi;
figure = figure('Units','inches','position',[1,1,6,4],...
'color',[1,1,1],'paperunits','inches','paperposition',[0,0,6,4]);
set(figure,'NumberTitle','off','Name','P5.3.1');
subplot(2,1,1);
plot(w/pi,magnitude,'g','linewidth',1);
axis([0,1,0,11]);
title('Magnitude of DTFT  $X_1(e^{j\omega})$ ');
ylabel('Magnitude');
subplot(2,1,2); plot(w/pi,angle,'g','linewidth',1);
axis([0,1,-200,200]);
title('Angle of DTFT  $X_1(e^{j\omega})$ ');
ylabel('Degrees');
xlabel('\omega/\pi');
```



### 5.3.2

---

```
%{
clc; close all;
n = [-3:3];
x = [1,2,3,4,3,2,1];
l1 = length(n);
N = 100; % Length of DFT
[x2] = fft(x,N);
w = (0:N/2)*2*pi/N;
magnitude = abs(x2(1:N/2+1));
angle1 = angle(x2(1:N/2+1))*180/pi;
figure1 = figure1('Units','inches','position',[1,1,6,4],...
'color',[1,1,1],'paperunits','inches','paperposition',[0,0,6,4]);
set(figure1,'NumberTitle','off','Name','P5.3.2');
subplot(2,1,1);
plot(w/pi,magnitude,'g','linewidth',1);
axis([0,1,0,20]);
title('Magnitude of DTFT X_4(e^{j\omega})');
ylabel('Magnitude');
subplot(2,1,2);
plot(w/pi,angle1,'g','linewidth',1);
axis([0,1,-200,200]);
title('Angle of DTFT X_4(e^{j\omega})');
ylabel('Degrees');
xlabel('\omega/\pi');
%}
```

## 5.4.1

```
clc; close all;
disp('Problem 5.4.1: ')
N = 10;
x = [10,-2+j*3,3+j*4,2-j*3,4+j*5,12];
x = [x,conj(x(5:-1:2))];
x = real(idft(x,N))
WN = exp(-j*2*pi/N);
k = 0:N-1;
m = 2;
x1 = (WN.^(m*k)).*dft(x,N)

X1 = cirshftt(x,m,N);
X2 = dft(X1,N)
difference = max(abs(X1-X2))
```

Problem 5.4.1:

x =

Columns 1 through 7

3.6000	-2.2397	1.0721	-1.3951	3.7520	1.2000	0.6188
--------	---------	--------	---------	--------	--------	--------

Columns 8 through 10

1.4132	1.9571	0.0217
--------	--------	--------

x1 =

Columns 1 through 4

10.0000 + 0.0000i	2.2351 + 2.8292i	-0.0759 - 4.9994i	0.1453 + 3.6026i
-------------------	------------------	-------------------	------------------

Columns 5 through 8

-3.5192 + 5.3493i	12.0000 + 0.0000i	-3.5192 - 5.3493i	0.1453 - 3.6026i
-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	------------------

Columns 9 through 10

-0.0759 + 4.9994i	2.2351 - 2.8292i
-------------------	------------------

X2 =

Columns 1 through 4

10.0000 + 0.0000i	2.2351 + 2.8292i	-0.0759 - 4.9994i	0.1453 + 3.6026i
-------------------	------------------	-------------------	------------------

Columns 5 through 8

$-3.5192 + 5.3493i$     $12.0000 + 0.0000i$     $-3.5192 - 5.3493i$     $0.1453 - 3.6026i$

Columns 9 through 10

$-0.0759 + 4.9994i$     $2.2351 - 2.8292i$

difference =

13.3951

## 5.4.2

```
clc; close all;
disp('Problem 5.4.2: ')

N = 10;
x = [10, -2+j*3, 3+j*4, 2-j*3, 4+j*5, 12];
x = [x, conj(x(5:-1:2))];
X = real(idft(x,N))
WN = exp(-j*2*pi/N);
k = 0:N-1;
m = -5;
X2 = (WN.^(m*k)).*dft(X,N)

x2 = cirshftt(X,m,N); X22 = dft(x2,N)
difference = max(abs(X2-X22))
```

Problem 5.4.2:

X =

Columns 1 through 7

3.6000	-2.2397	1.0721	-1.3951	3.7520	1.2000	0.6188
--------	---------	--------	---------	--------	--------	--------

Columns 8 through 10

1.4132	1.9571	0.0217
--------	--------	--------

X2 =

Columns 1 through 4

10.0000 + 0.0000i	2.0000 - 3.0000i	3.0000 + 4.0000i	-2.0000 + 3.0000i
-------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

Columns 5 through 8

4.0000 + 5.0000i	-12.0000 + 0.0000i	4.0000 - 5.0000i	-2.0000 - 3.0000i
------------------	--------------------	------------------	-------------------

Columns 9 through 10

3.0000 - 4.0000i	2.0000 + 3.0000i
------------------	------------------

X22 =

Columns 1 through 4

10.0000 + 0.0000i	2.0000 - 3.0000i	3.0000 + 4.0000i	-2.0000 + 3.0000i
-------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------



Columns 5 through 8

$4.0000 + 5.0000i$   $-12.0000 - 0.0000i$   $4.0000 - 5.0000i$   $-2.0000 - 3.0000i$

Columns 9 through 10

$3.0000 - 4.0000i$   $2.0000 + 3.0000i$

difference =

$3.2150e-14$

## 5.5.a

```
clc; close all;
disp('Problem 5.5.a: ')
x = [5,4,3,2,1,0,0,1,2,3,4,5];
m = -5;
N = 12;
y = cirshftf(x,m,N);
y = real(y);
```

Problem 5.5.a:

y =

Columns 1 through 7

-0.0000	-0.0000	1.0000	2.0000	3.0000	4.0000	5.0000
---------	---------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

Columns 8 through 12

5.0000	4.0000	3.0000	2.0000	1.0000
--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

## 5.5.b

```
clc; close all;
disp('Problem 5.5.b: ')
x = [5,4,3,2,1,0,0,1,2,3,4,5];
m = 8; N = 15;
y = cirshftf(x,m,N);
y = real(y);
```

Problem 5.5.b:

y =

Columns 1 through 7

1.0000	2.0000	3.0000	4.0000	5.0000	0.0000	0.0000
--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

Columns 8 through 14

0.0000	5.0000	4.0000	3.0000	2.0000	1.0000	0.0000
--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

Column 15

0.0000
--------

## 5.6

---

```
clc; close all;  
disp('Problem 5.6: ')  
x1 = [4,3,2,1]; x2 = [1,2,3,4];  
x3 = circonvf(x1,x2,4)
```

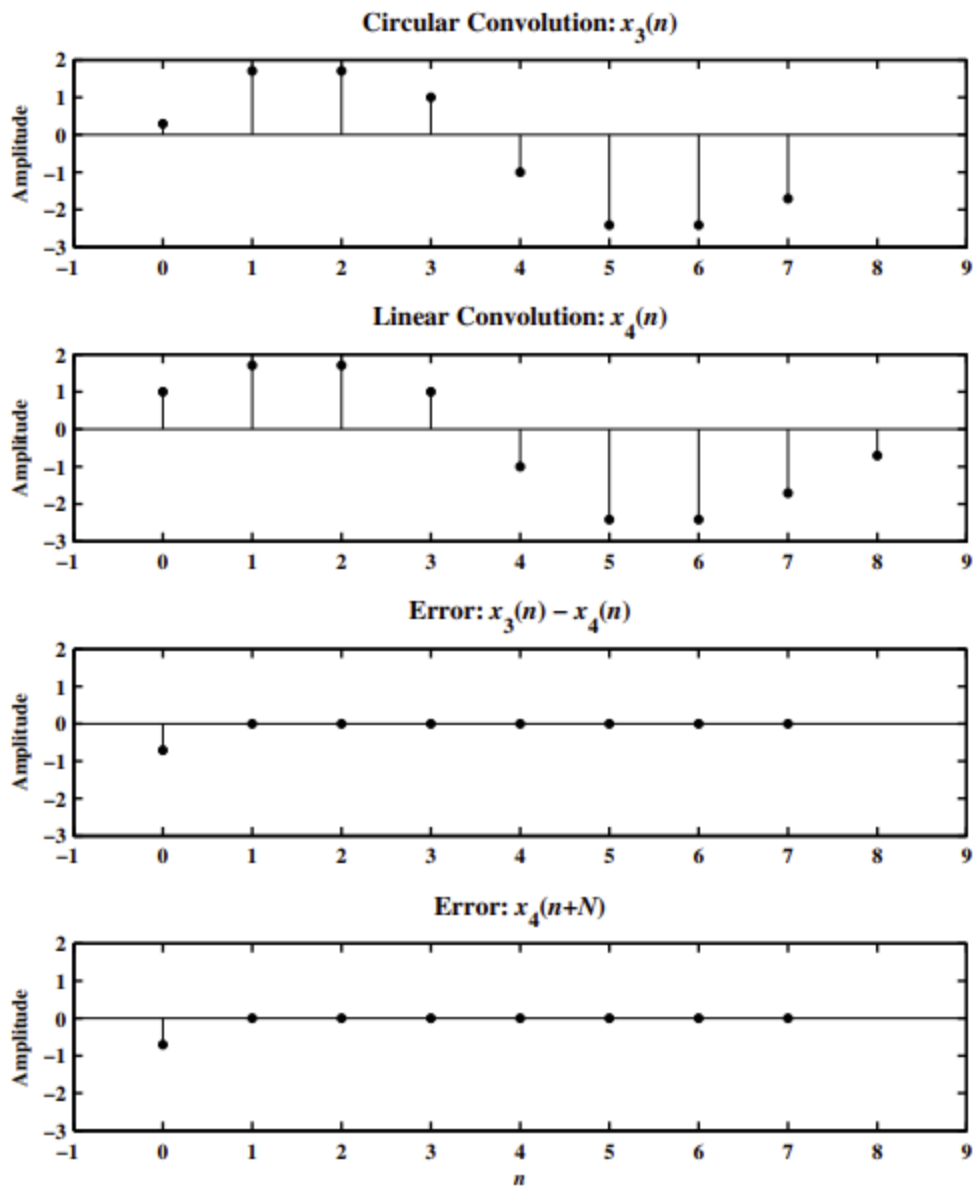
Problem 5.6:

x3 =

24      22      24      30

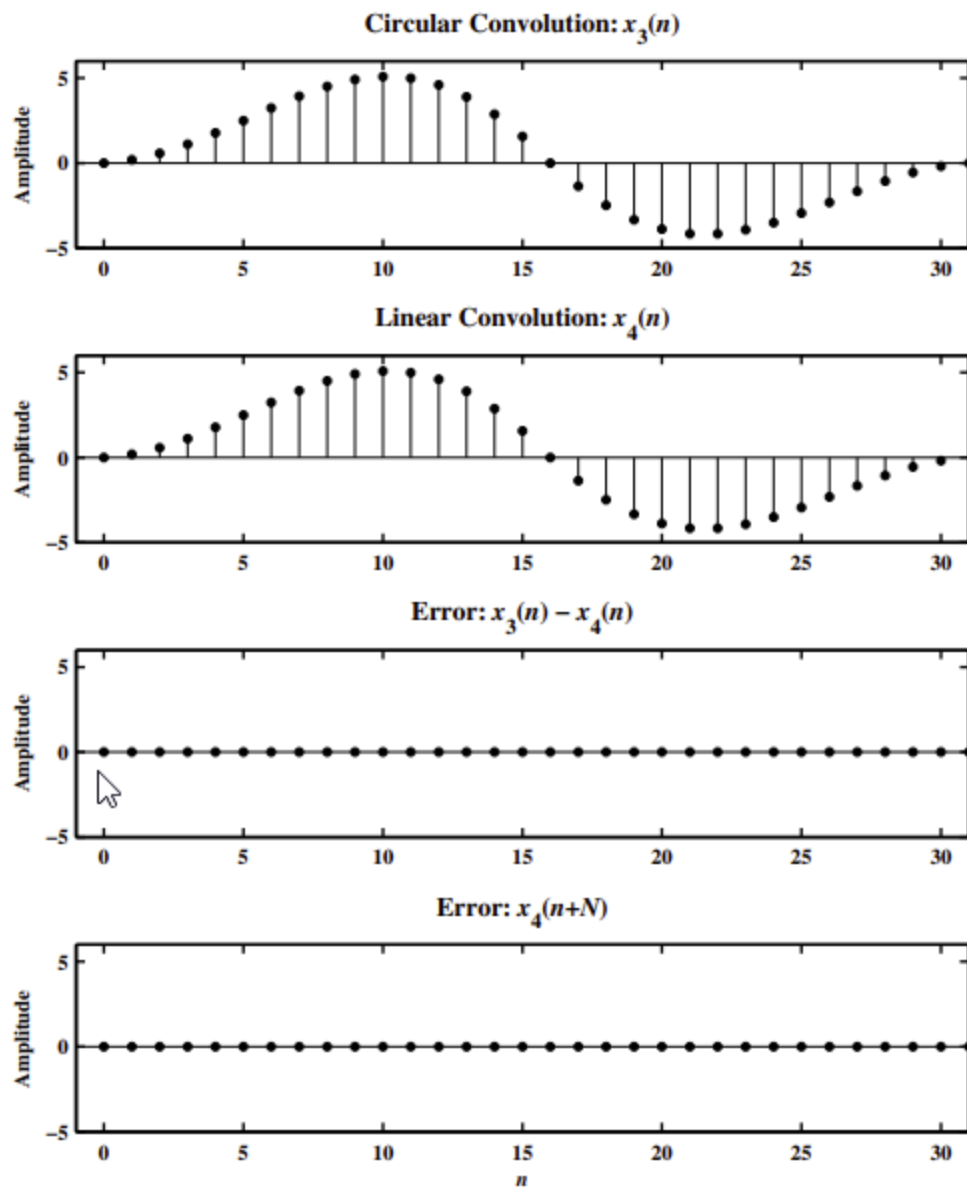
## 5.7.1

```
clc; close all;
x1 = [1,1,1,1];
x2 = cos(pi*[0:5]/4);
N = 8;
n = 0:N-1;
x3 = circonvt(x1,x2,N);
x4 = conv(x1,x2);
n4 = 0:length(x4)-1;
e1 = x3 - x4(1:N);
e2 = x4(N+1:end);
```



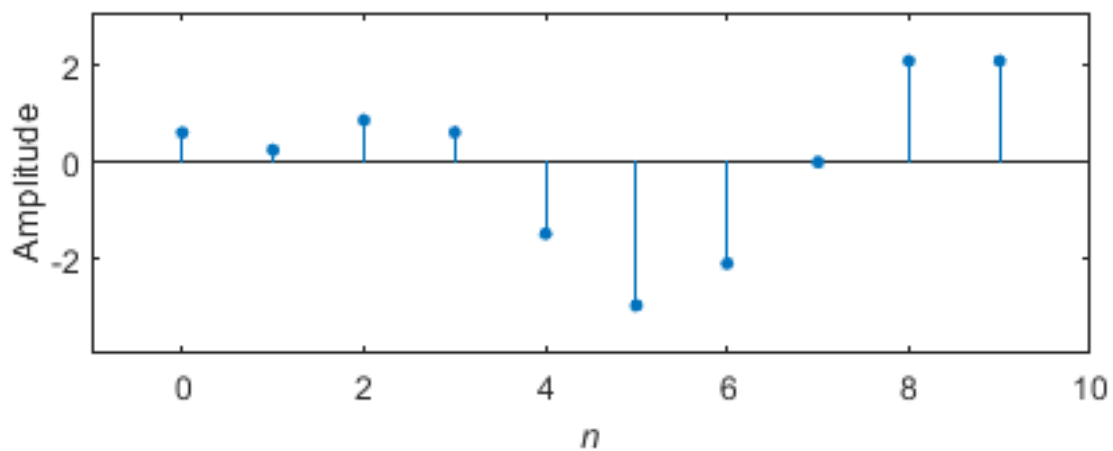
## 5.7.2

```
clc; close all;
N = 32;
x1 = cos(2*pi*[0:15]/N);
x2 = sin(2*pi*[0:15]/N);
x3 = circonvt(x1,x2,N);
n3 = 0:N-1;
x4 = conv(x1,x2);
n4 = 0:length(x4)-1;
e1 = x3 - [x4,0];
e2 = x4(N+1:end);
```



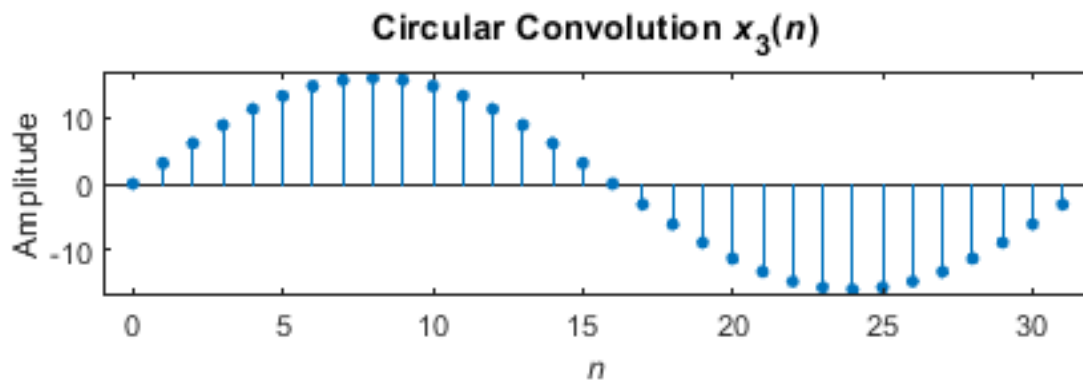
## 5.8.1

```
clc; close all;
N = 10;
n = 0:N-1;
n1 = 0:5;
x1 = sin(pi*n1/3);
n2 = 0:7;
x2 = cos(pi*n2/4);
x3 = circonvt(x1,x2,N);
figure = figure('Units','inches','position',[1,1,5,2],'color',[1,1,1],...
'paperunits','inches','paperposition',[0,0,5,2]);
set(figure,'NumberTitle','off','Name','P5.8.1');
H = stem(n,x3,'filled');
set(H,'markersize',3);
title('Circular Convolution  $x_3[n]$ ','fontsize',10);
ylabel('Amplitude');
xlabel('n');
axis([-1,N,min(x3)-1,max(x3)+1]);
```



## 5.8.2

```
clc; close all;
N = 32;
n = 0:N-1;
x1 = cos(2*pi*n/N);
x2 = sin(2*pi*n/N);
x3 = circonvt(x1,x2,N);
figure = figure('Units','inches','position',[1,1,5,1.5],'color',[1,1,1],...
'paperunits','inches','paperposition',[0,0,5,1.5]);
set(figure,'NumberTitle','off','Name','P5.8.2');
H = stem(n,x3,'filled');
set(H,'markersize',3);
title('Circular Convolution {\itx}_3({\itn})','fontsize',10);
ylabel('Amplitude');
xlabel('{\itn}');
axis([-1,N,min(x3)-1,max(x3)+1]);
```



## 5.9

---

```
% 1. Compute the circular convolution
% N = 4 : x1(n) (4) x2(n) = {0, 0, 0, 0}
% N = 7 : x1(n) (7) x2(n) = {2, -1, 2, 0, -2, 1, -2}
% N = 8 : x1(n) (8) x2(n) = {2, -1, 2, 0, -2, 1, -2, 0}

% 2. Linear Convolution
% x1(n) * x2(n) = {2, -1, 2, 0, -2, 1, -2}

% 3. Minimum value of N is 7
```



## 5.10

```
disp('Problem 5.10.1')
N = 1000001;
x = 2*rand(1,N)-1;
h = cos(0.4*pi*(0:15));

t = cputime;
y1 = conv(x,h);
t_conv = cputime - t
y1 = y1(1:1000001);

% 5.10.2
disp('Problem 5.10.2')

disp('t_1024:')
t = cputime;
y2a = hsolpsav(x,h,1024);
t_1024 = cputime - t
y2a = y2a(1:1000001);
diffa = max(abs(y1-y2a))

disp('t_2048:')
t = cputime;
y2b = hsolpsav(x,h,2048);
t_2048 = cputime - t
y2b = y2b(1:1000001);
diffb = max(abs(y1-y2b))

disp('t_4096:')
t = cputime;
y2c = hsolpsav(x,h,4096);
t_4096 = cputime - t
y2c = y2c(1:1000001);
diffc = max(abs(y1-y2c))
```

Problem 5.10.1

t\_conv = 0.0313

Problem 5.10.2

t\_1024 = 0.2969

diffa = 3.5527e-15

t\_2048 = 0.3438

diffb = 3.1086e-15

t\_4096 = 0.3281

diffc = 3.5527e-15