

CECS 463 System On Chip II

FALL 2020



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Assignment #01 – Quadrilaterals

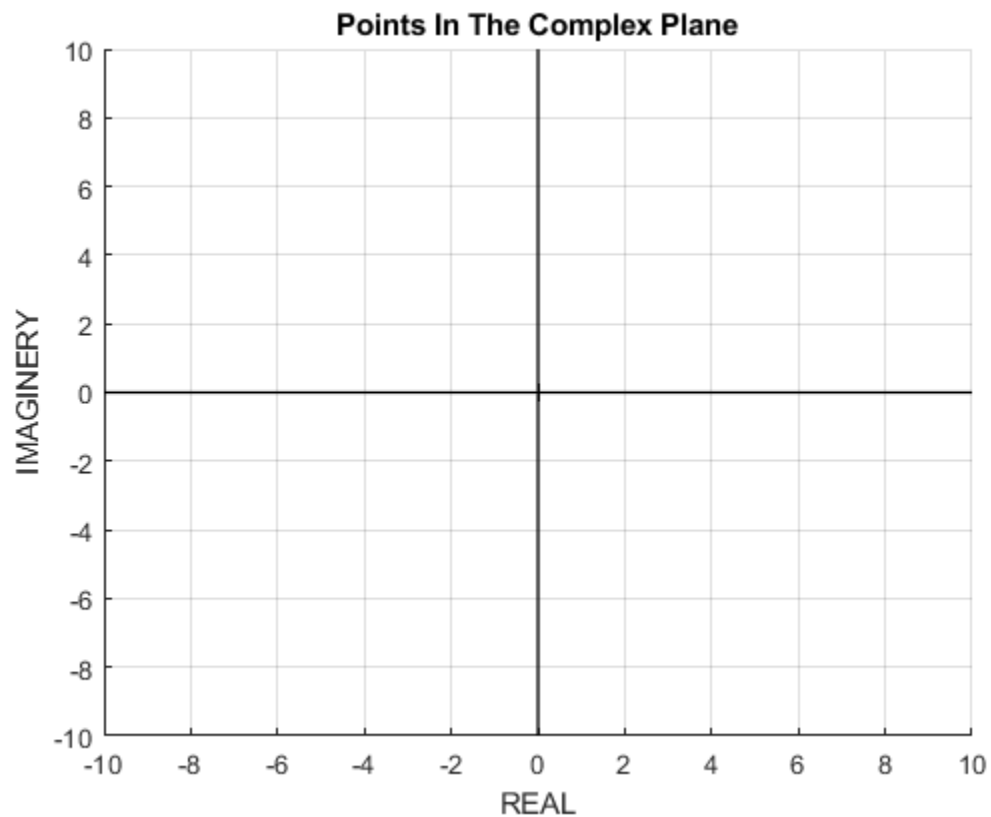
09/08/2020

```
% Kuldeep Gohil  
% CECS 463 Fall20  
% Assignment #01 Due: 9/8/2020
```

```
clear all; close all; clc; format compact;
```

Displaying the graph with four quadrants

```
figure(1);  
  
hold on; grid on;  
title('Points In The Complex Plane'); xlabel('REAL'); ylabel('IMAGINARY');  
plot((0),(0),'k+'); % Plots origin on graph  
axis([-10,10,-10,10]); % Sets axis values  
line([0,0], ylim, 'Color', 'k', 'LineWidth', 1); % Draw line for Y axis.  
line(xlim, [0,0], 'Color', 'k', 'LineWidth', 1); % Draw line for X axis.
```



Generating four complex points for each quadrant

```
quad1 = +randi(10) + 1j*(randi(10)); % Quadrant 1  
quad2 = -randi(10) + 1j*(randi(10)); % Quadrant 2  
quad3 = -randi(10) - 1j*(randi(10)); % Quadrant 3  
quad4 = +randi(10) - 1j*(randi(10)); % Quadrant 4
```

Generating four vertices from the four random complex points

```
vert1 = quad2 - quad1;           % Vertices 1
vert2 = quad3 - quad2;           % Vertices 2
vert3 = quad4 - quad3;           % Vertices 3
vert4 = quad1 - quad4;           % Vertices 4
```

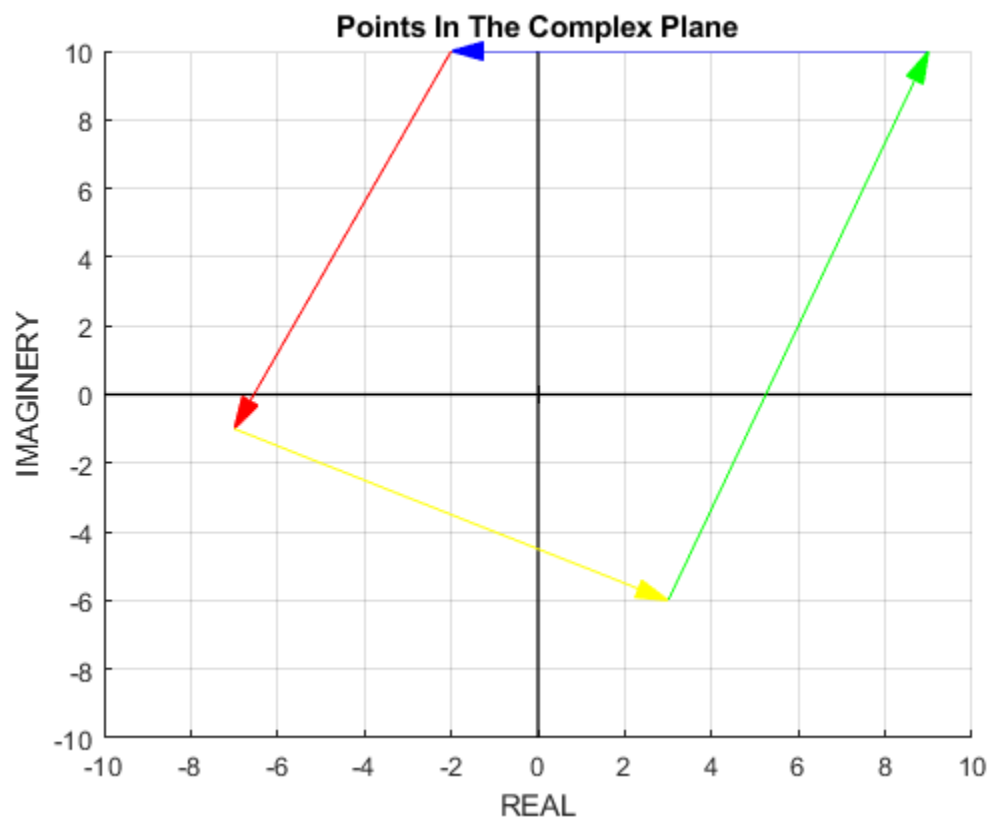
Tracing the vertices, creating quadrilateral figure

```
% blue colored vertice
arrow([real(quad1), imag(quad1)], [real(quad2), imag(quad2)], 'Color', 'b');

% red colored vertice
arrow([real(quad2), imag(quad2)], [real(quad3), imag(quad3)], 'Color', 'r');

% yellow colored vertice
arrow([real(quad3), imag(quad3)], [real(quad4), imag(quad4)], 'Color', 'y');

% green colored vertice
arrow([real(quad4), imag(quad4)], [real(quad1), imag(quad1)], 'Color', 'g');
```



Calculating the area of triangle

```
area_tri = @(quad1, quad2, quad3) 0.5*abs (real(quad1) * (imag(quad2) - imag(quad3))
...
                                + real(quad2) * (imag(quad3) - imag(quad1))
...
                                + real(quad3) * (imag(quad1) - imag(quad2)));
```

Calculating the area of quadrilateral

```
area_quad = @(quad1, quad2, quad3, quad4) ...
area_tri(quad1, quad2, quad3) + area_tri(quad1, quad3, quad4);

areaQ = area_quad(quad1, quad2, quad3, quad4);
```

Using cross product method to figure out the shape of quadrilateral

```
crossProduct = @(quad1, quad2) real(quad1) * imag(quad2) - imag(quad1) * real(quad2);

cp1 = crossProduct(vert1, vert2);

cp2 = crossProduct(vert2, vert3);

cp3 = crossProduct(vert3, vert4);

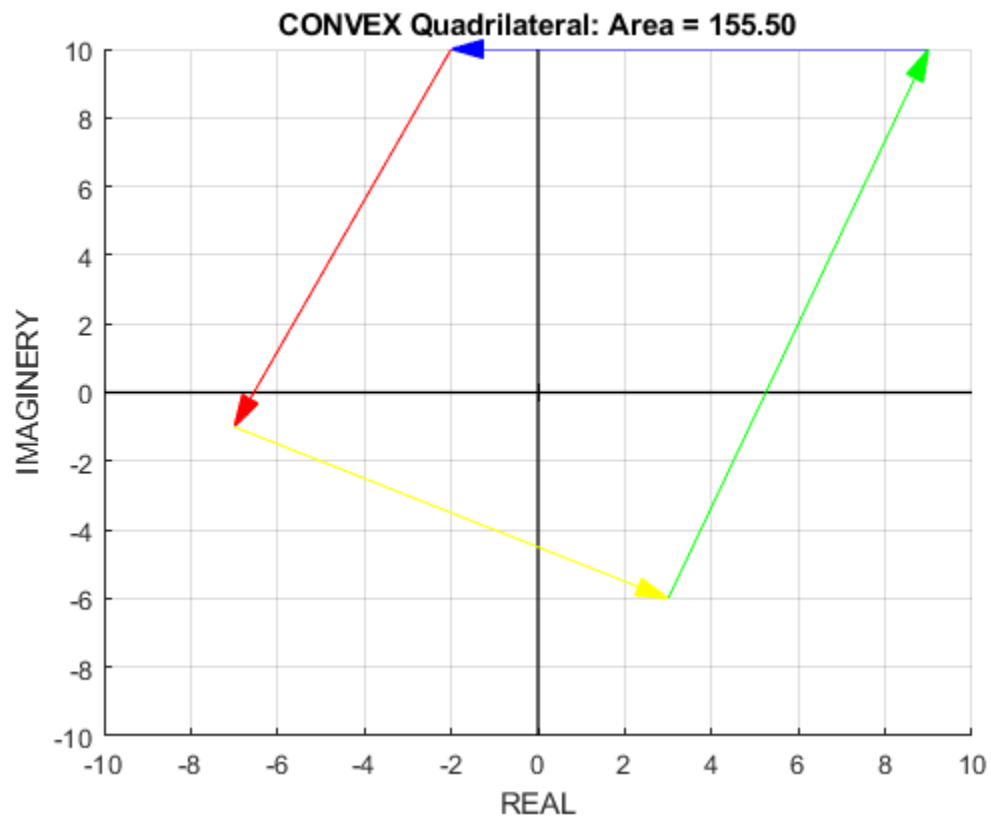
cp4 = crossProduct(vert4, vert1);

cp = [cp1, cp2, cp3, cp4];
```

Checking if the created figure is TRIANGLE, CONVEX, OR CONCAVE and printing it

```
if (all(cp > 0) || all(cp < 0))  
  
    % printing as title on graph  
    title(sprintf('CONVEX Quadrilateral: Area = %4.2f', areaQ));  
    fprintf('CONVEX Quadrilateral: Area = %4.2f', areaQ);  
  
elseif (any (cp == 0))  
    title(sprintf('TRIANGLE Quadrilateral: Area = %4.2f', areaQ));  
    fprintf('TRIANGLE Quadrilateral: Area = %4.2f', areaQ);  
  
else  
    title(sprintf('CONCAVE Quadrilateral: Area = %4.2f', areaQ));  
    fprintf('CONCAVE Quadrilateral: Area = %4.2f', areaQ);  
end
```

CONVEX Quadrilateral: Area = 155.50



Printing all the random data points used for the figure

```
fprintf('\n Random data points happen to be at: \n');  
fprintf(' z1 = %4.2f + %4.2fj\n', real(quad1), imag(quad1));  
fprintf(' z2 = %4.2f + %4.2fj\n', real(quad2), imag(quad2));  
fprintf(' z3 = %4.2f + %4.2fj\n', real(quad3), imag(quad3));  
fprintf(' z4 = %4.2f + %4.2fj\n', real(quad4), imag(quad4));
```

Random data points happen to be at:

$z1 = 9.00 + 10.00j$

$z2 = -2.00 + 10.00j$

$z3 = -7.00 + -1.00j$

$z4 = 3.00 + -6.00j$