Thermodynamik Uebung 08 Michael Kopp December 16, 2010

(a) ideales Gas: Adiabate: 85=0 dresproven: AS = 0 =) da bei 1-12 85 to mis bei 3-71 85 21 = - 85 12 nim (6) For - poly + Tols = = = = = | dv | dv + = = | ds u = u(v,s) p= p(u,v,s) = p(u(v,s),v,s) = p(v,s) ? p=p(v,T) T=T(~, x x) =: T(v, x) DS=0, Du=0 in Vreiporen du = d++dQ 20 =0 => d5=0 = -pdV + TdS Sall = - Struttar + + Sias - Spirt olv - Struttar 1 0 = - 8 x V, TI dV + T Sus 3 mucida pied rever délinébales. Den differ rie abor will, weil north de Def. ion o (Entr.) Raputt polit. => 3-21 mis de selbe Adiabate vie 2-73 trud danit and 1-) 2 sein. =) isothern to adiabating => dT =0 = dQ =0 =) S = S(T)

Theo (8)

$$LU = -pdV + TdS$$

$$= -fdV + TdS$$

$$(d \circ d) U = -df dV + dT dS$$

$$o^{\frac{1}{2}} - df dV + dT dS$$

$$x = -df dV$$

$$x = -df dV$$

(a)
$$-AS = S_1(V_1) + S_2(V_2) - S_1(V_3) - S_2(V_3)$$

$$= R\left(N_1 \ln \left(\frac{V_1}{V_3}\right) + N_2 \ln \left(\frac{V_2}{V_3}\right)\right) < 0 = > 0$$
(b) $\Delta S = 0$ ug Armophität der Eu-

tropie.

[3]
(a)
$$dg = \frac{xy dx + xy dy}{xy} = dx + dy = d(x + y)$$
(b) $dg = \frac{xy dx + x^2 dy}{x^2y} = \frac{1}{x} dx + \frac{1}{y} dy = d(mx + lny)$
(c) $dg = \frac{xy dx + x^2 y dy}{y x^2} = \frac{1}{x} dx + dy = d(mx + y)$