Bonney aboo M[P](\bar{x}) gua P1 u P2, npotique no frox exerce or caregoro NALT & START:

$$M[P1](\bar{x}) = y = \{y, -2^{31} \le y \le 2^{31} - 1\} = \{y + x_2, -2^{31} \le y + x_2 \le 2^{51} - 1 \land -2^{31} \le y \le 2^{31} - 1\}$$

$$= \begin{cases} (X_1 - X_3) + X_2, -2^{31} \in X_1 - X_3 + X_2 \in 2^{51} - 1 \quad \Lambda - 2^{31} \in X_1 - X_3 \in 2^{31} - 1 \\ \omega, \text{ where} \end{cases}$$

M[P2] =
$$\begin{cases} y_1, -2^{31} \le y_1 \le 2^{31} - 1 \\ y_2, -2^{31} \le y_2 \le 2^{31} - 1 \\ y_3, -2^{31} \le y_3 \le 2^{31} - 1 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} y_1 + x_2, -2^{31} \le y_1 \le 2^{31} - 1 \\ y_2 - x_3, -2^{31} \le y_2 \le 2^{31} - 1 \\ y_3 + x_1, -2^{31} \le y_3 \le 2^{31} - 1 \\ y_3 + x_1 = 2^{31} \le y_3 \le 2^{31} - 1 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} y_1 + x_2 = 2^{31} - 1 \\ y_2 - x_3, -2^{31} \le y_2 \le 2^{31} - 1 \\ y_3 + x_1, -2^{31} \le y_3 \le 2^{31} - 1 \\ y_3 + x_1 = 2^{31} \le y_3 \le 2^{31} - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$= \int_{(X_2-X_3)+X_1, -2^{31} \leftarrow X_2-X_3} (X_2 > 0))$$

$$= \int_{(X_2-X_3)+X_1, -2^{31} \leftarrow X_2-X_3} (X_2 - X_3) + X_1 \leftarrow 2^{31} - 1 \wedge \neg ((X_1 > 0) = (X_2 > 0)) \wedge (3)$$

$$= \int_{(X_2-X_3)+X_1, -2^{31} \leftarrow X_2-X_3} (X_2 - X_3) + X_1 \leftarrow 2^{31} - 1 \wedge \neg ((X_1 > 0) = (X_2 > 0)) \wedge (3)$$

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$$= \int_{(X_2-X_3)+X_1} (X_2 - X_3) + X_1 \leftarrow 2^{31} - 1 \wedge \neg ((X_1 > 0) = (X_2 > 0)) \wedge (3)$$

Obregumm (1), (2) u (3):

$$\begin{pmatrix}
x_1 - x_3 + x_2, & -2^{31} \le x_1 - x_3 + x_2 \le 2^{31} - 1 \\
 & \wedge (((x_1 > 0) = (x_3 > 0) \land -2^{31} \le x_1 - x_3 \le 2^{31} - 1) \lor \\
 & \vee (\neg ((x_1 > 0) = (x_2 > 0)) \land \neg ((x_1 > 0) = (x_2 > 0)) \land -2^{31} \le x_1 + x_2 \le 2^{31} - 1) \lor \\
 & \vee (\neg ((x_1 > 0) = (x_2 > 0)) \land (x_1 > 0) = (x_2 > 0) \land -2^{31} \le x_2 - x_3 \le 2^{31} - 1) \lor \\
 & \omega, \text{ unore}$$

Проверии корректисть.

- 1). P1, T1, racrumoul roppertuous $Y_1(\bar{x}) \wedge M[P1](\bar{x}) = X_1 X_2 + X_2$ (uz natigennoro boune) => => $Y_1(\bar{x}, M[P1](\bar{x}))$. Taxum obpazam $(Y_1, Y_2, P1(Y_1, Y_2))$.
- 2). P2, T1, racturnous coppertnocts $Y_1(\bar{x}) \wedge M[P2](\bar{x}) \neq \omega \implies M[P2](\bar{x}) \geq x_1 x_3 + x_2 \text{ (uz nasigennors boune)} = 3 + x_2(\bar{x}, M[P2](\bar{x}))$. Tacum obpasan $\{Y_1, Y_2\} \neq \{Y_1, Y_3\}$.
- 3). P1, T2, racrumous roppertnocts $Y_2(\bar{x}) \wedge M[P1](\bar{x}) \neq \omega \Longrightarrow M[P1](\bar{x}) \approx x_1 x_3 + x_2 (uz naugennoro boune) = 3 = 3 \tau_2(\bar{x}, M[P1](\bar{x}))$. Tacum obpazam $\{Y_2Y_2Y_1, Y_2Y_2, Y_3\}$
- 4). P2, T2, racrumoul roppertuous $Y_2(\bar{x}) \wedge M[P2](\bar{x}) \neq \omega \implies M[P2](\bar{x}) = x_1 x_3 + x_2 (uz naugennoro boune) = 3 \ Y_2(\bar{x}, M[P2](\bar{x})). Tacum obpasan (\P2) P2 (\P2).$

5). P1, T1, namare rapperations Youble $\Psi_1(\bar{x})$ observer $M[P1](\bar{x}) = x_1 - x_3 + x_2$ (uz natigennors boure), uz reso b close orepegs energyet $M[P1](\bar{x}) \neq \omega \wedge \Psi_1(\bar{x}, M[P1](\bar{x}))$. Taxun obpazan $\langle \Psi_1 \rangle P1 \langle \Psi_1 \rangle$. 6) P2, T1, namare rappershous $\Psi_{i}(\bar{x}) \Rightarrow M[P2](\bar{x}) \neq \omega \wedge \Psi_{i}(\bar{x},\bar{z})$ gannon cyrae pabrocunno $\Psi_{i}(\bar{x}) \Rightarrow M[P2](\bar{x}) \neq \omega$. Docanceu: $-2^{31} \le x_1 \le 2^{31} - 1 \wedge -2^{31} \le x_2 \le 2^{31} - 1 \wedge -2^{31} \le x_3 \le 2^{31} - 1 \wedge -2^{31} \le x_7 \times 3 \le 2^{31} - 1 \wedge -2^{31} \le x_7 \times 3 + x_2 \le 2^{31} - 1 \longrightarrow$ $\Rightarrow -2^{31} \leq x_1 - x_3 + x_2 \leq 2^{31} - 1 \wedge (((x_1 > 0) = (x_3 > 0) \wedge -2^{31} \leq x_1 - x_3 \leq 2^{31} - 1) \vee$ $V(\neg((x_1>0)=(x_1>0))) \land \neg((x_1>0)=(x_2>0)) \land -2^{31}=x_1+x_2=2^{31}-1) \lor$ $V(T((x_1>0)=(x_1>0)) \land (x_1>0)=(x_2>0) \land (-2^{31} \leftarrow x_2-x_3 \leftarrow 2^{31}-1))$ Orelugno, 20 -23 = x, = 23-1 1 -23 = x = 23-1 1 ((x, >0) = (x = >0)) => - 23 = x, - x = 23-1 Anaudurno $-2^{31} \le x_1 \le 2^{31} - 1 \land -2^{31} \le x_2 \le 2^{31} - 1 \land \neg ((x_1 \ge 0)) = (x_2 \ge 0)) = > -2^{31} \le x_1 + x_2 \le 2^{31} - 1$ $(x_1 \ge 0) = (x_2 \ge 0) - 1 \land -2^{31} \le x_3 \le 2^{31} - 1 \land -1((x_1 \ge 0) = (x_3 \ge 0)) \land (x_1 \ge 0) = (x_2 \ge 0) = -2^{31} \le x_2 - x_3 \le 2^{31} - 1.$ Пожиц, достаточно доказать: $-2^{31} \le x_1 \le 2^{30} 1 \wedge -2^{31} \le x_2 \le 2^{30} -1 \wedge -2^{31} \le x_3 \le 2^{31} -1 \wedge -2^{31} \le x_1 - x_3 + x_2 \le 2^{31} -1 \longrightarrow$ => -231 < X1-X3+X2 < 231-1 \((X170)=(X370) V $V\left(\neg((x,z_0)=(x_z>0))\wedge\neg((x,z_0)=(x_z>0))\right)V$ $V\left(\neg((x_1\geqslant 0)=(x_2\geqslant 0))\land(x_1\geqslant 0)=(x_2\geqslant 0)\right)$ Paccuorpun bripamenue, bagenernoe cumum: $(x_1 > 0) = (x_2 > 0) \setminus (7((x_1 > 0) = (x_2 > 0)) \setminus (7((x_1 > 0) = (x_2 > 0))) \cup (7((x_1 > 0) = (x_2 > 0))) \setminus (7((x_1 > 0) = (x_2 > 0)))$ = A V (¬A ∧ ¬B) V (¬A ∧ B) = A V (¬A ∧ (¬B ∨B)) = A ∨ ¬A = T Таким образом, достагогно доказать: $-2^{31} \le x_1 \le 2^{31-1} \cdot 1^{1} \wedge -2^{31} + x_2 \le 2^{31} \cdot 1 \cdot 1^{1} \cdot 2^{31} = x_3 \le 2^{31} \cdot 1 \wedge -2^{31} \le x_1 \cdot x_2 \le 2^{31} \cdot 1 \wedge -2^{31} \le x_1 \cdot x_3 + x_2 \le 2^{31} \cdot 1 = 2^{31} = 2^{31} \cdot 1^{1} \wedge -2^{31} = 2^{31} \cdot 1^{1} \wedge -2^{31$ => -231 = X1-X3+X2 = 231-1, Tockovery b gokazateneable re uchouszobanace tacto apequaden $-2^{31} \le X_1 - X_3 \le 2^{31} - 1$, to gokazateneable $\times 2^{31} \ge 2 \times 4^2 > 1$ 7). P1, T2, normale copperations oraginally extension $X_1^2 = 2^3$, $X_2^2 = 2^3 - 1$, $X_3^2 = 1$. $\Psi_{\epsilon}(\bar{X}^{\epsilon}) = T$, ognaro $M[M](\bar{X}^{\epsilon}) = \omega$, noceautry $X_{\epsilon}^{\epsilon} = X_{\delta}^{\epsilon} = -2^{31} - 1 < -2^{31}$. 8). Рг, Тг, полнал корректность Доказательство идектично пункту б).