

Priors

$$\mu \sim N(\mu, \nu)$$

$$1. \quad i=1, 2, \dots, k$$

$$\lambda \sim \text{Gamma}(a, b)$$

$$j=1, 2, \dots, n_i$$

$$\psi \sim \text{Gamma}(c, d)$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{6^2} \quad \psi = \frac{1}{\tau^2}$$

$$p(\mu | \lambda, \psi, \theta | \gamma) \propto \prod_{i=1}^k \prod_{j=1}^{n_i} p(y_{ij} | \theta_i, \lambda) \times \prod_{i=1}^k p(\theta_i | \mu, \lambda, \psi) \times p(\mu) p(\lambda) p(\psi)$$

$$\propto \prod_{i=1}^k \prod_{j=1}^{n_i} \lambda^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{\lambda(y_{ij} - \theta_i)^2}{2}} \times \prod_{i=1}^k \lambda^{\frac{1}{2}} \psi^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{\lambda \psi (\theta_i - \mu)^2}{2}} \times \frac{-\phi(\mu - \nu)^2}{e^{\frac{\phi(\mu - \nu)^2}{2}}} \times e^{-\lambda b} \times \psi^{-1} e^{-\psi d}$$

$$p(\mu | \cdot) \propto \prod_{i=1}^k \lambda^{\frac{1}{2}} \psi^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{\lambda \psi (\theta_i - \mu)^2}{2}} \times \frac{-\phi(\mu - \nu)^2}{e^{\frac{\phi(\mu - \nu)^2}{2}}}$$

$$\propto e^{-\lambda \psi \sum_i (\theta_i - \mu)^2} \times \frac{-\phi(\mu - \nu)^2}{e^{\frac{\phi(\mu - \nu)^2}{2}}}$$

$$\propto N((K \lambda \psi + \phi)^{-1} (\lambda \psi \sum_i \theta_i + \phi \nu), (\lambda \psi \sum_i \theta_i + \phi \nu)^{-1}) \frac{\mu^2 (K \lambda \psi + \phi)}{-2 \mu (\lambda \psi \sum_i \theta_i + \phi \nu)}$$

$$p(\lambda|-\) \propto \prod_{i=1}^k \prod_{j=1}^{n_i} \frac{1}{\lambda^{\frac{n_i}{2}}} e^{-\frac{\lambda(y_{ij}-\theta_i)^2}{2}} \times \prod_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{\lambda^{\frac{1}{2}}} \psi^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{\lambda \psi (\theta_i - \mu)^2}{2}} \times \lambda^{a-1} e^{-\lambda b}$$

$$= \lambda^{\sum n_i + k + a - 1} e^{-\lambda \left( \sum_j \frac{(y_{ij} - \theta_i)^2}{2} + \psi \sum_i \frac{(\theta_i - \mu)^2}{2} + b \right)}$$

$$\propto \text{Gamma} \left( \sum n_i + k + a, \sum_j \frac{(y_{ij} - \theta_i)^2}{2} + \psi \sum_i \frac{(\theta_i - \mu)^2}{2} + b \right)$$

$$p(\gamma|-) \propto \prod_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{\lambda^{\frac{1}{2}}} \psi^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{\lambda \psi (\theta_i - \mu)^2}{2}} \psi^{c-1} e^{-\psi d}$$

$$\propto \psi^{\frac{k}{2} + c - 1} e^{-\psi \left( \lambda \sum_i \frac{(\theta_i - \mu)^2}{2} + d \right)}$$

$$\propto \text{Gamma} \left( \frac{k}{2} + c, \lambda \sum_i \frac{(\theta_i - \mu)^2}{2} + d \right)$$

$$p(\theta_m|-) \propto \prod_{i=1}^k \prod_{j=1}^{n_i} \frac{1}{\lambda^{\frac{n_i}{2}}} e^{-\frac{\lambda(y_{ij}-\theta_i)^2}{2}} \times \prod_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{\lambda^{\frac{1}{2}}} \psi^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{\lambda \psi (\theta_i - \mu)^2}{2}}$$

$$\propto e^{-\lambda \sum_j \frac{(y_{mj} - \theta_m)^2}{2}} \times e^{-\lambda \frac{\psi (\theta_m - \mu)^2}{2}} - 2\theta_m \lambda \psi$$

$$\theta_m^2 (n_i \lambda + \lambda \psi) - 2\theta_m (\lambda \sum_j y_{mj} + \lambda \psi \mu)$$

$$\propto N((n_i \lambda + \lambda \psi)^{-1} (\lambda \sum_j y_{mj} + \lambda \psi \mu), (n_i \lambda + \lambda \psi)^{-1})$$

$$1. \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, K$$

$$j = 1, 2, \dots, n_i$$

$$p = 1, 2$$

$X_{i,n_i \times p}$  = design matrix of size  
 $n_i \times p$

$$\tilde{Y}_i = \log Y_i$$

$$\beta_{i,p \times 1} \\ 1 \times p$$

$$\log Y_{ij} = \beta_{i0} + \beta_{i1} X_{i1} + \beta_{i2} X_{i2} + \beta_{i3} \log(X_{i1}) \times X_{i2}$$

$$\tilde{Y}_i = X_i \beta_i + \varepsilon_i$$

$$\theta \sim MVN(\mu_0, \Lambda_0^{-1})$$

$$\Sigma \sim InvWish(\eta_0, S_0)$$

$$\lambda \sim \text{Gamma}(a_0, b_0)$$

$$\beta_i \sim MVN(\theta, \Sigma)$$

$$\tilde{Y}_i | \beta_i, \lambda \sim MVN(X_i \beta_i, \lambda I_{n_i \times n_i})$$

$$p(\tilde{Y}_i, \beta_i, \lambda, \theta, \Sigma) \propto \prod_{i=1}^K [p(\tilde{Y}_i | \beta_i, \lambda) p(\beta_i | \theta, \Sigma)] \times p(\theta) \times p(\Sigma) \times p(\lambda)$$

$$\propto \left[ \prod_{i=1}^K \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\tilde{Y}_i - X_i \beta_i)^T (\tilde{Y}_i - X_i \beta_i)}}{\lambda^{\frac{n_i}{2}}} \right] \times \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\beta_i - \theta)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\beta_i - \theta)}$$

$$\times e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\theta - \mu_0)^T \Lambda_0 (\theta - \mu_0)} \times \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\eta_0 + p + 1) \Sigma^{-1}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \text{tr}(S_0 \Sigma^{-1})}$$

$$\times \lambda^{a_0 - 1} e^{-\lambda b_0}$$

$$p(\beta_i | \cdot) \propto p(\tilde{y}_i | \beta_i, \alpha) p(\beta_i | \theta, \Sigma)$$

$$\propto e^{-\frac{\sum_i (\tilde{y}_i - x_i^\top \beta_i)^2}{2} + \frac{(\beta_i - \theta)^\top \Sigma^{-1} (\beta_i - \theta)}{2}}$$

$$\beta_i^\top (\lambda x_i^\top x_i + \Sigma^{-1}) \beta_i - 2 \beta_i^\top (\lambda x_i^\top \tilde{y}_i + \Sigma^{-1} \theta)$$

$$\propto MVN((\lambda x_i^\top x_i + \Sigma^{-1})^{-1} (\lambda x_i^\top \tilde{y}_i + \Sigma^{-1} \theta), (\lambda x_i^\top x_i + \Sigma^{-1})^{-1})$$

$$p(\theta | \cdot) \propto \prod_{i=1}^k p(\beta_i | \theta, \Sigma) \times p(\theta)$$

$$\propto e^{-\frac{\sum_i (\beta_i - \theta)^\top \Sigma^{-1} (\beta_i - \theta)}{2} - \frac{(\theta - \mu_0)^\top \Lambda_0^{-1} (\theta - \mu_0)}{2}}$$

$$\theta^\top (K\Sigma^{-1} + \Lambda_0^{-1}) \theta - 2\theta^\top (\Sigma^{-1} \sum_i \beta_i + \Lambda_0^{-1} \mu_0)$$

$$\propto MVN((K\Sigma^{-1} + \Lambda_0^{-1})^{-1} (\sum_i \beta_i + \Lambda_0^{-1} \mu_0), (K\Sigma^{-1} + \Lambda_0^{-1})^{-1})$$

$$p(\Sigma | \cdot) \propto \prod_{i=1}^k p(\beta_i | \theta, \Sigma) \times p(\Sigma)$$

$$\propto |\Sigma|^{-\frac{k}{2}} e^{-\frac{\sum_i (\beta_i - \theta)^\top \Sigma^{-1} (\beta_i - \theta)}{2} - \frac{(\eta_0 + p + 1)}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \text{tr}(S_0 \Sigma^{-1})}$$

$$\propto |\Sigma|^{-\frac{[(k + \eta_0) + p + 1]}{2}} e^{-\frac{\sum_i (\beta_i - \theta)^\top (\beta_i - \theta)^\top \Sigma^{-1}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \text{tr}(S_0 \Sigma^{-1})}$$

$$= |\Sigma|^{-\frac{[(k + \eta_0) + p + 1]}{2}} e^{-\frac{\sum_i (\beta_i - \theta)^\top (\beta_i - \theta)^\top \Sigma^{-1} + S_0}{2}}$$

$$\propto \text{InvWish}(k + \eta_0, \sum_i (\beta_i - \theta)^\top (\beta_i - \theta)^\top + S_0)$$

$$p(\lambda|I) \propto \prod_{i=1}^K p(\tilde{y}_i|\beta_i, \lambda) \times p(\lambda)$$

$$\propto \frac{\kappa}{\pi} \frac{1}{|\lambda|} \frac{e^{-\lambda(\tilde{y}_i - x_i \beta_i)^T (\tilde{y}_i - x_i \beta_i)}}{e^{a_0 - \lambda b_0}}$$

$$\propto \frac{\kappa}{\lambda} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i + \alpha - 1}{\lambda} - \lambda \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \frac{(\tilde{y}_i - x_i \beta_i)^T (\tilde{y}_i - x_i \beta_i) + b_0}{2} \right)$$

$$\propto \text{Gamma}\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i + \alpha}{2}, \frac{\kappa}{2} \frac{(\tilde{y}_i - x_i \beta_i)^T (\tilde{y}_i - x_i \beta_i) + b_0}{2}\right)$$

Model

$$\theta \sim MVN(\mu_0, L_0^{-1})$$

$$\Sigma \sim InvWish(\eta_0, S_0)$$

$$\beta_i | \theta, \Sigma \sim MVN(\theta, \Sigma)$$

$$z_{ij} | \beta_i \sim MVN(X_i \beta_i, I_n)$$

$$Y_{ij} | z_{ij} \sim I(Y_{ij}=1)I(z_{ij} > 0) + I(Y_{ij}=0)I(z_{ij} \leq 0)$$

$$p(z, \beta, \theta, \Sigma | y) \propto p(y | z, \beta, \theta, \Sigma)$$

$$= \left[ \prod_{i=1}^k \prod_{j=1}^{n_i} p(y_{ij} | z_{ij}) \right] \times \prod_{i=1}^k \prod_{j=1}^{n_i} p(z_{ij} | \beta_i) \times \prod_{i=1}^k p(\beta_i | \theta, \Sigma) \times p(\theta) \times p(\Sigma)$$

Gibbs Sampling

$$p(z_{ij} | \cdot) \propto p(y_{ij} | z_{ij}) p(z_{ij} | \beta_i)$$

$$\propto [I(Y_{ij}=1)I(z_{ij} > 0) + I(Y_{ij}=0)I(z_{ij} \leq 0)] N(z_{ij} | x_i^\top \beta_i, 1)$$

$$\propto \begin{cases} TruncN(x_{ij}^\top \beta_i, 1, 0, \infty) & \text{if } Y_{ij} = 1 \\ TruncN(x_{ij}^\top \beta_i, 1, -\infty, 0) & \text{if } Y_{ij} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
p(\beta_i | -) &\propto \prod_{i=1}^K p(z_i | \beta_i) \times \prod_{i=1}^K p(\beta_i | \theta, \Sigma) \\
&\propto \frac{K}{\prod_{i=1}^K} e^{-\frac{(z_i - x_i \beta_i)^T (z_i - x_i \beta_i)}{2}} \times \prod_{i=1}^K e^{-\frac{(\beta_i - \theta)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\beta_i - \theta)}{2}} \\
&\propto MVN((x_i^T x_i + \Sigma^{-1})^{-1} \left( \frac{K}{\prod_{i=1}^K} x_i^T z_i + \Sigma^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^K \beta_i \right), (x_i^T x_i + \Sigma^{-1})^{-1})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
p(\theta | -) &\propto \prod_{i=1}^K p(\beta_i | \theta, \Sigma) \times p(\theta) \\
&\propto \frac{K}{\prod_{i=1}^K} e^{-\frac{(\beta_i - \theta)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\beta_i - \theta)}{2}} \times e^{-\frac{(\theta - \mu_0)^T L_0^{-1} (\theta - \mu_0)}{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\theta^T (K \Sigma^{-1} + L_0^{-1}) \theta - 2 \theta^T \left( \sum_{i=1}^K \beta_i + L_0 \mu_0 \right) \\
&\propto MVN((K \Sigma^{-1} + L_0^{-1})^{-1}, \sum_{i=1}^K \beta_i + L_0 \mu_0, (K \Sigma^{-1} + L_0^{-1})^{-1})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
p(\Sigma | -) &\propto \prod_{i=1}^K p(\beta_i | \theta, \Sigma) \times p(\Sigma) \\
&\propto \frac{K}{\prod_{i=1}^K} |\Sigma|^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{(\beta_i - \theta)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\beta_i - \theta)}{2}} \times |\Sigma|^{\frac{-(\eta_0 + p + 1)}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \text{tr}(S_0 \Sigma^{-1})} \\
&\propto |\Sigma|^{\frac{-(K + \eta_0 + p + 1)}{2}} e^{-\text{tr}((\sum_{i=1}^K (\beta_i - \theta)^T (\beta_i - \theta)) \Sigma^{-1} + S_0)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\propto \text{InvWish}(\kappa + \eta_0, (\sum_{i=1}^K (\beta_i - \theta)^T (\beta_i - \theta)) \Sigma^{-1} + S_0)$$

$$R = f(p)(p - c)$$

$$\frac{dR}{dp} \approx f(p) + (p - c)f'(p) = 0$$

$$\text{Case 1 : } p = \underbrace{\log \alpha - \beta_0}_{\beta_1}$$

$$\therefore \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log p + (p - c) \frac{\beta_1}{p} = 0$$

$$\beta_0 + \beta_1 = -\beta_1 \log p + c \frac{\beta_1}{p}$$

$$\log \alpha + \beta_1 \log p + \log(p - c) = 0$$

Case 2 :

$$(\beta_0 + \beta_2) + (\beta_1 + \beta_3) \log p + (p - c) \underbrace{(\beta_1 + \beta_3)}_{p} = 0$$

$$(\beta_0 + \beta_2) + (\beta_1 + \beta_3) \log p + (\beta_1 + \beta_3) - \underbrace{c}_{p} (\beta_1 + \beta_3) = 0$$

$$f(p) = \alpha (p - c)$$

$$= \underbrace{\alpha p^k}_{1} (p - c)$$

$$\log R = \log \alpha + \beta \log p + \log(p - c) = 0$$

$$\frac{\beta}{p} + \frac{1}{p-c} = 0$$

$$Q = e^{\beta_0 + \gamma \alpha p^{\beta_1}}$$

$$= e^{\beta_0} p^{\beta_1}$$

$$\frac{\beta c - \beta p}{\beta + 1} = p$$

$$p(y, \theta, u)$$

$$p(y| \theta, u) p(\theta, u)$$

$$p(y|\theta_u, u) p(\theta_u, \theta_{-u}, u)$$

$$p(y|\theta_u, u) \cdot p(\theta_u|u) \cdot p(u)$$

$$p(y|\theta_u, u) = p(\theta_u|u) p(u) p(\theta_u|u)$$

$$\frac{b^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int \theta^2 \theta^{a-1} e^{-\theta b} d\theta$$

$$\frac{b^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int \theta^{a+2-1} e^{-\theta b} d\theta$$

$$E(\theta^2) = \frac{b^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \frac{\Gamma(a+2)}{b^{a+2}} = \frac{(a+1)a}{b^2}$$

$$E(\theta^2) = E(\theta)^2$$

$$\frac{a^2 + a}{b^2} - \frac{a^2}{b^2} = \frac{a}{b^2}$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n e^{-\theta x_i}$$

$$\theta^n e^{-\theta \sum x_i}$$

$$\theta^n e^{-\theta T}$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n f(y_i|\theta) = g(T|\theta) h(y)$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n f(y_i|\theta) p(\theta) \approx g(T|\theta) p(\theta)$$

$$h(x|C(\theta)) = \frac{\sum_i w_i(\theta) f_i(x)}{e^{w_0(\theta) T(x) - (-\log c(\theta))}}$$

$$\lambda e^{-\lambda x}$$

$$e^{\log x (1-\alpha)^{-1}} \\ C(\theta) = \lambda$$

$$e^{\alpha \log x + (1-x) \log(1-\alpha)} \\ f(x) = x$$

$$x \log \alpha + \log(1-\alpha) - x \log(1-\alpha) \\ w(\lambda)^{x-\lambda}$$

$$x \log \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha} + \log(1-\alpha)$$

e

$$e^{f(\theta) + A(\theta)}$$

$$A(\log \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}) = \log(1-\alpha)$$

$$\theta = \log \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}$$

$$\log(1 + e^{\log \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}})$$

$$2e^{-\lambda x}$$

$$\log(1 + \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha})$$

$$e^{-\lambda x - (\log 2)}$$

$$\log(\frac{1-\alpha+\alpha}{1-\alpha})$$

$$t(x) = t$$

$$\eta(x) = -x$$

$$A(\eta) = -\log x$$

$$-\log(-\eta) = -\log(x)$$

$$\theta^n \perp I(\theta \leq \min x_i) \\ (\sum x_i)^n$$

$$E(X) = \int_0^\infty \frac{\theta}{x} dx$$