

Ansible Playbooks





Table of Contents

- Playbooks
- Hosts and Users
- Inventory File
- Modules
- Tasks
- Handlers
- Conditionals and Loops







Bird Street No:15

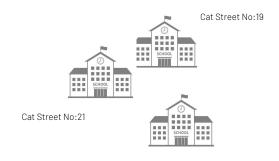


Bird Street No:14



Manager





Cat Street No:20









Host Address: 34.67.58.125



Host Address: 145.4.32.129



Control Node



Inventory Playbook





Host Address: 47.7.6.87





Playbooks

- Plain-text YAML files that defines a set of activities (tasks) to be run on hosts.
- Human and machine readable.
- Can be used to build and configure entire application environments.

```
- name: update web servers
hosts: webservers
remote_user: root

tasks:
- name: ensure apache is at the latest version
yum:
    name: httpd
    state: latest
- name: write the apache config file
template:
    src: /srv/httpd.j2
    dest: /etc/httpd.conf

- name: update db servers
hosts: databases
remote_user: root

tasks:
- name: ensure postgresql is at the latest version
yum:
    name: postgresql
    state: latest
- name: ensure that postgresql is started
service:
    name: postgresql
    state: started
```



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Playbooks

```
playbook.yml
--
- name: update web servers
hosts: webservers
remote_user: root

tasks:
- name: ensure apache is at the latest version
yum:
    name: httpd
    state: latest
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    src: /srv/httpd.j2
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- name: update db servers
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remote_user: root

tasks:
- name: ensure postgresql is at the latest version
yum:
    name: postgresql
    state: latest
- name: ensure that postgresql is started
```

```
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```

Playbooks

name: postgresql







Playbooks

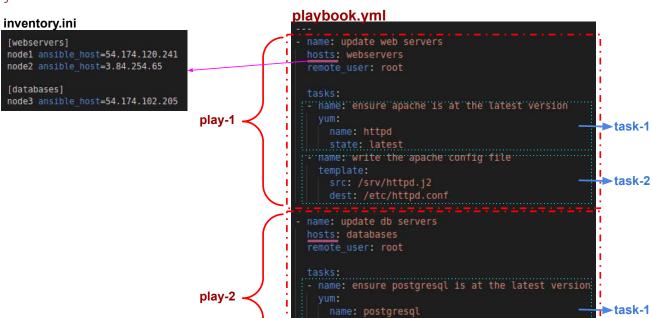
CLARUSWAY®
WAY TO REINVENT YOURSELF

```
playbook.yml
inventory.ini
                                                        name: update web servers
[webservers]
nodel ansible_host=54.174.120.241
node2 ansible host=3.84.254.65
                                                         remote user: root
[databases]
node3 ansible host=54.174.102.205
                                                         - name: ensure apache is at the latest version
                                    play-1
                                                          name: write the apache config file
                                                        name: update db servers
                                                         remote user: root
                                                        - name: ensure postgresql is at the latest version
                                    play-2
                                                            name: postgresql
                                                          state: latest name: ensure that postgresql is started
                                                            name: postgresql
```



→task-2

Playbooks



state: latest - name: ensure that postgresql is started

name: postgresql

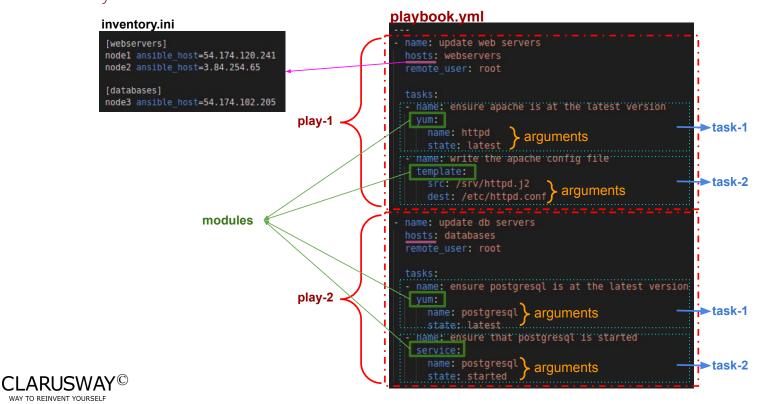
Playbooks

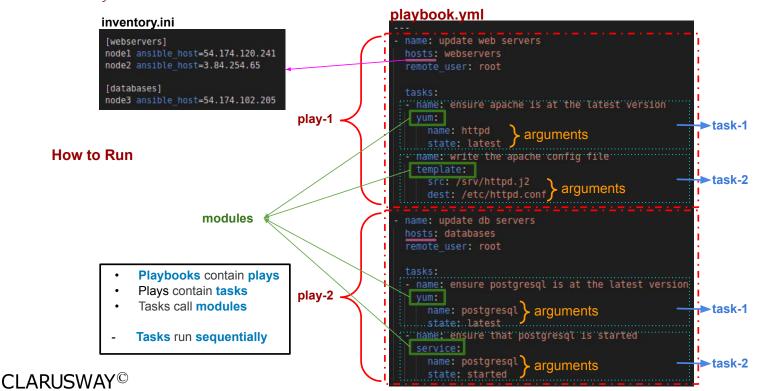
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WAY TO REINVENT YOURSELF



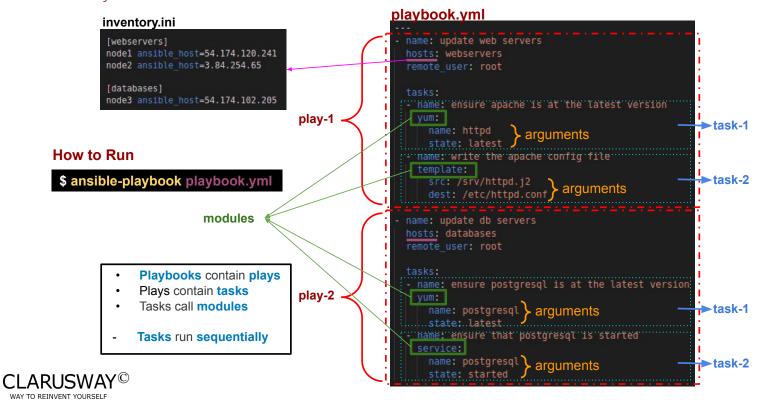














Hosts and Users



Hosts and Users

- For each play in a playbook, you get to choose which machines in your infrastructure to target and what remote user to complete the steps (called tasks) as.
- The host defined in the inventory file must match the host used in the playbook and all connection information for the host is retrieved from the inventory file.

```
Ansible
Management
Node

Inventory

[group A]
host 1
(group B)
host 1
(group B)
host 2
host N
```

```
---
- name: update web servers
hosts: webservers
remote_user: root

tasks:
- name: ensure apache is at the latest version
yum:
    name: httpd
    state: latest
- name: write the apache config file
template:
    src: /srv/httpd.j2
    dest: /etc/httpd.conf
```



Inventory File



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Inventory File

- Ansible works against multiple managed nodes or "hosts" in your infrastructure at the same time, using a list or group of lists know as inventory.
- The default location for inventory is a file called /etc/ansible/hosts.
- You can specify a different inventory file at the command line using the -i < path > option.

54.174.120.241 mail.example.com [webservers] nodel ansible_host=54.174.120.241 ansible_user=root ansible_ssh_pass=PQabc node2 ansible_host=3.84.254.65 ansible_user=ec2-user [databases] node3 ansible_host=54.174.102.205 ansible_user=root ansible_ssh_pass=PQabc [dev] node1 node3

inventory.ini

[newyork] node2

node3



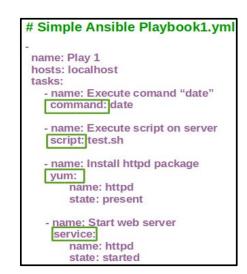


Tasks



Tasks

- Each play contains a list of tasks. Tasks are executed in order, one at a time, against all machines matched by the host pattern, before moving on to the next task.
- The goal of each task is to execute a module, with very specific arguments.
 Variables can be used in arguments to modules.







Modules



Modules

- Modules (also referred to as "task plugins" or "library plugins") are discrete units of code that can be used from the command line or in a playbook task.
- Ansible executes each module, usually on the remote target node, and collects return values.
- Modules should be idempotent, and should avoid making any changes if they detect that the current state matches the desired final state.







Handlers



Handlers



Handlers are lists of tasks, not really any different from regular tasks, that are referenced by a globally unique name, and are notified by notifiers. If nothing notifies a handler, it will not run.

```
- hosts: webservers1
user: root
tasks:
    name: test copy
    copy: src=/root/a.txt dest=/mnt
    notify: test handlers
handlers:
    name: test handlers
    shell: echo "abcd" >> /mnt/a.txt
```





7 Variables



27

Variables

Variables are used to store values that varies with different items.

```
[webservers]
web1 ansible_host=3.85.110.235 ansible_user=ec2-user ansible_shh_pass=P@abcd
web2 ansible_host=3.88.62.253 ansible_user=ec2-user ansible_shh_pass=P@1234
[dbservers]
db1 ansible_host=3.85.110.235 ansible_user=ec2-user ansible_shh_pass=P@Defne
```

Playbook.yml

```
name: Add DNS server to resolv.conf
hosts: webservers

vars:
    dns_server: 10.1.250.10

tasks:
    -lineinfile:
    path: /etc/resolv.conf
    line:'nameserver {{ dns_server }}'

# Sample variable file - webservers.yml

dns_server: 10.1.250.10
```





8 Conditionals



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- Handlers
- Conditionals and Loops







Playbooks

- Plain-text YAML files that defines a set of activities (tasks) to be run on hosts.
- Human and machine readable.
- Can be used to build and configure entire application environments.

```
- name: update web servers
hosts: webservers
remote_user: root

tasks:
- name: ensure apache is at the latest version
yum:
    name: httpd
    state: latest
- name: write the apache config file
template:
    src: /srv/httpd.j2
    dest: /etc/httpd.conf

- name: update db servers
hosts: databases
remote_user: root

tasks:
- name: ensure postgresql is at the latest version
yum:
    name: postgresql
    state: latest
- name: ensure that postgresql is started
service:
    name: postgresql
    state: started
```



Playbooks

playbook.yml

```
- name: update web servers
hosts: webservers
remote_user: root

tasks:
    name: ensure apache is at the latest version
    yum:
        name: httpd
        state: latest
        name: write the apache config file
        template:
        src: /srv/httpd.j2
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- name: update db servers
hosts: databases
remote_user: root

tasks:
    name: ensure postgresql is at the latest version
    yum:
        name: postgresql
        state: latest
        - name: ensure that postgresql is started
        service:
        name: postgresql
        state: started
```









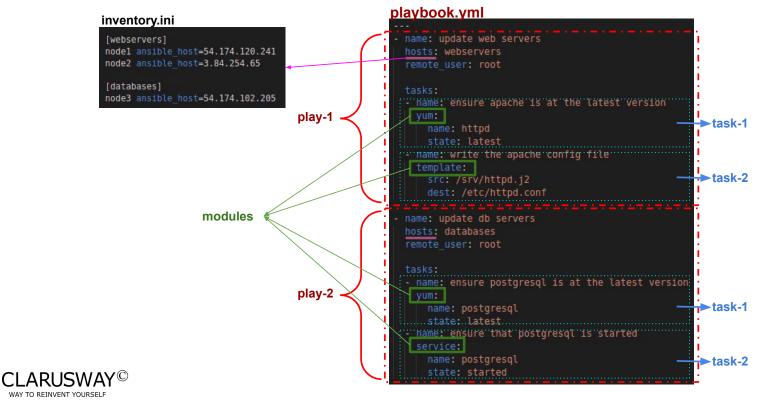




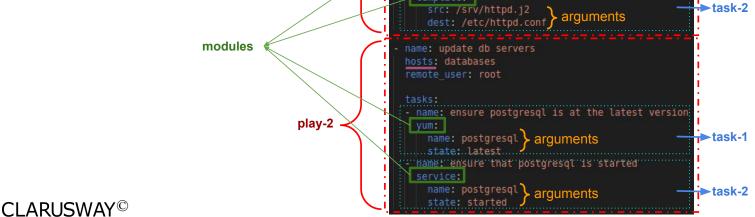




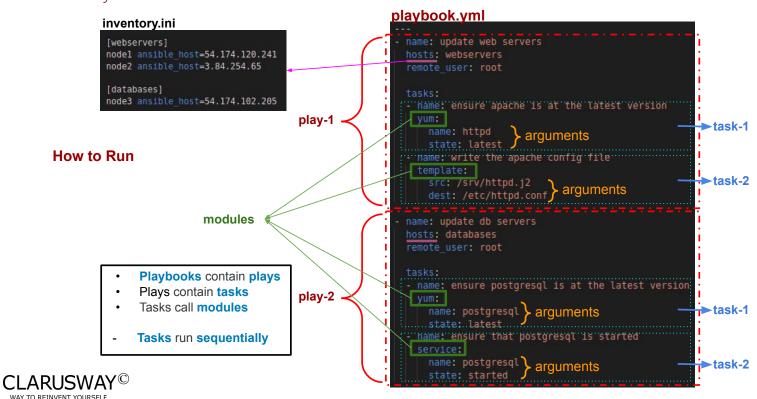


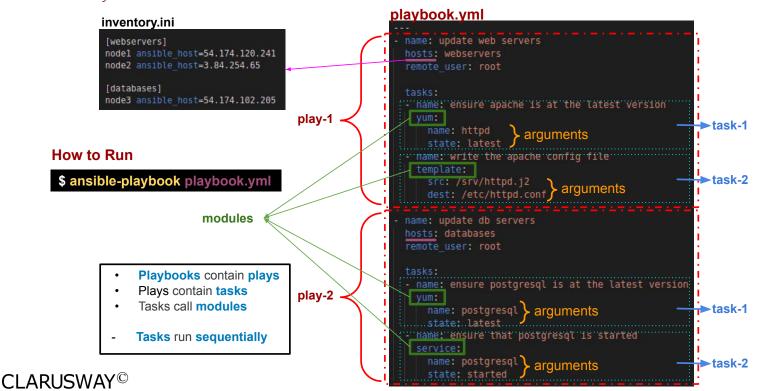














Hosts and Users



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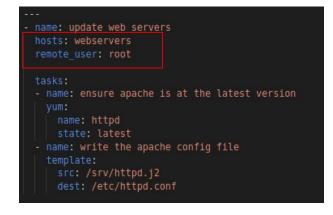
Hosts and Users

- For each play in a playbook, you get to choose which machines in your infrastructure to target and what remote user to complete the steps (called tasks) as.
- The host defined in the inventory file must match the host used in the playbook and all connection information for the host is retrieved from the inventory file.

```
Ansible
Management
Node

Inventory

Igroup A]
Igroup B]
Inost 1
Igroup B]
Inost 2
Inost 2
Inost 3
Inost 4
Inost 4
Inost 5
Inost 6
Inost 7
Inost 7
Inost 7
Inost 8
Inost 9
In
```





Inventory File



Inventory File

- Ansible works against multiple managed nodes or "hosts" in your infrastructure at the same time, using a list or group of lists know as inventory.
- The default location for inventory is a file called /etc/ansible/hosts.
- You can specify a different inventory file at the command line using the -i < path > option.

inventory.ini

```
54.174.120.241

mail.example.com

[webservers]
node1 ansible_host=54.174.120.241 ansible_user=root ansible_ssh_pass=PQabc
node2 ansible_host=3.84.254.65 ansible_user=ec2-user

[databases]
node3 ansible_host=54.174.102.205 ansible_user=root ansible_ssh_pass=PQabc
[dev]
node1
node3

[newyork]
node2
node3
```





4 Tasks



Tasks

- Each play contains a list of tasks. Tasks are executed in order, one at a time, against all machines matched by the host pattern, before moving on to the next task.
- The goal of each task is to execute a module, with very specific arguments.
 Variables can be used in arguments to modules.

```
# Simple Ansible Playbook1.yml
name: Play 1
hosts: localhost
tasks:
   name: Execute comand "date"
   command: date
   - name: Execute script on server
   script: test.sh
   name: Install httpd package
  yum:
       name: httpd
       state: present
    name: Start web server
    service:
       name: httpd
       state: started
```







5 Modules



Modules

- Modules (also referred to as "task plugins" or "library plugins") are discrete units of code that can be used from the command line or in a playbook task.
- Ansible executes each module, usually on the remote target node, and collects return values.
- Modules should be idempotent, and should avoid making any changes if they detect that the current state matches the desired final state.







6 Handlers



Handlers

Handlers are lists of tasks, not really any different from regular tasks, that are referenced by a globally unique name, and are notified by notifiers. If nothing notifies a handler, it will not run.

```
- hosts: webservers1
user: root
tasks:
- name: test copy
   copy: src=/root/a.txt dest=/mnt
   notify: test handlers
handlers:
- name: test handlers
   shell: echo "abcd" >> /mnt/a.txt
```





Variables



Variables

Variables are used to store values that varies with different items.

```
[webservers]
web1 ansible_host=3.85.110.235 ansible_user=ec2-user ansible_shh_pass=P@abcd
web2 ansible_host=3.88.62.253 ansible_user=ec2-user ansible_shh_pass=P@1234

[dbservers]
db1 ansible_host=3.85.110.235 ansible_user=ec2-user ansible_shh_pass=P@Defne
```

```
Playbook.yml
```

```
name: Add DNS server to resolv.conf
hosts: webservers

vars:
    dns_server: 10.1.250.10

tasks:
    -lineinfile:
    path: /etc/resolv.conf
    line:'nameserver {{ dns_server }}'
# Sample variable file - webservers.yml

dns_server: 10.1.250.10
```





Conditionals



Conditionals

```
- name: Install NGNIX
hosts: webservers
tasks:
- name: Install NGNIX on Redhat
yum:
    name: ngnix
    state: present
when: ansible_os_family == "RedHat"

- name: Install NGINIX on Debian
apt:
    name: nginx
    state: present
when: ansible_os_family == "Debian" and ansible_distribution_version == "16.04"
```



Conditionals

```
- name: Install NGNIX
hosts: webservers
tasks:
    name: Install NGNIX on Redhat
    yum:
        name: ngnix
        state: present
    when: ansible_os_family == "RedHat"

- name: Install NGINIX on Debian
    apt:
        name: nginx
        state: present

when: ansible_os_family == "Debian" and ansible_distribution_version == "16.04"
```







Loops

```
name: 'Install required packages'
hosts: webservers
tasks:

yum:
    name: '{{ item }}'
    state: present

loop:
    httpd
    binutils
    glibc
    sysstat
    unixODBC
    mongodb
    nodejs
    grunt
```



THANKSI

Any questions?

You can find me at:

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- oliver@clarusway.com
- walter@clarusway.com



