bead: Reproducible Computational Research Made Simple

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The Editor Says You Have One Week

- Journal editor: "substantial revision invited"
- Reviewers liked Figure 1 (life expectancy vs GDP per capita)
- Concern about health data source
- You need to:
 - Address reviewer concerns
 - Redo analysis with new data
 - Recreate Figure 1
 - Submit within one week

But Your Submission is Months Old

- Research submitted months ago
- Team has been improving data cleaning since then
- Different statistical methods now
- First question: How did I actually produce Figure 1?

Research Results are Functions

Figure
$$1 = f(\mathsf{code}, \mathsf{data})$$

- Results depend on both algorithms and data
- Code under version control (Git) -> Yes
- Tagged commit at submission -> Yes
- But what about the data?

Data is Also a Function

$$\mathsf{data}_1 = f(\mathsf{code}_2, \mathsf{data}_2)$$

- Data produced by wrangling/cleaning steps
- Which countries dropped?
- What transformations applied?
- Feature engineering details?
- Chain of data provenance

Real-World Data Pipelines

- Multiple datasets merged
- Many cleaning steps
- Different versions coexisting
- Green = using latest version
- Red/yellow = outdated dependencies
- Complex dependency graph

The Data Provenance Problem

Why it's complex:

- **I** Frequent changes: Code and data both evolve
- 2 Complex pipelines: Many steps, multiple datasets
- 3 Tool heterogeneity: Python, R, SQL, DuckDB all in one project

Team Dynamics Make it Worse

- Master/PhD students graduate and leave
- Different team members use different tools
- Every meeting starts with:
 - "Who knows how to reproduce this?"
 - "Who has the data?"
 - "That person already left..."

Existing Solutions

Version Control (Git)

- Great for code
- Not suitable for large binary data

Data Version Control (DVC)

- Similar spirit to bead
- More complex than needed
- dvc.org

Orchestration Tools

- Apache Airflow (Python) airflow.apache.org
- dbt (SQL) getdbt.com
- KNIME (no-code) knime.com
- Too complex for heterogeneous teams

Enter bead

A command-line tool that ensures your output is a function of your input

- Much simpler than alternatives
- Language agnostic
- Works with heterogeneous teams
- Different experience levels
- Different operating systems

What bead Does NOT Do

Not a code runner

- You run your own code
- Python, R, Stata, SQL doesn't matter

Not a file delivery system

- File system stores your files
- You copy/move files yourself

Only requirement:

- Works with flat files on file system
- Files not too big (20GB works fine)

What bead Enforces

Input data is immutable

- Cannot modify raw data
- Forces good practices
- Preserves data lineage

Core bead Concepts

The bead

- Self-contained computational unit
- Contains code, data, results
- Packaged as ZIP file
- Remembers exact provenance

Simple Commands

bead new my-analysis
bead input add source-data
bead save results

Demo Time

Let's see bead in action with a real example...

Demo Part 1: Create Analysis with Two Data Sources

```
$ bead new figure1
Created "figure1"

$ cd figure1
$ bead input add life-expectancy
Loading new data to life-expectancy ... Done
$ bead input add gdp-per-capita
Loading new data to gdp-per-capita ... Done
```

Demo Part 2: Workspace Structure

```
$ ls -la
drwxr-xr-x .bead-meta  # Metadata and provenance
dr-xr-xr-x input/  # Read-only input data
drwxr-xr-x output/  # Your results go here
drwxr-xr-x temp/  # Temporary files
```

Input folder is **read-only** - can't accidentally modify source data!

Demo Part 3: Process Data with SQL

```
$ cat > analyze.sql << 'EOF'</pre>
-- Join GDP and life expectancy data
WITH joined data AS (
    SELECT 1. Country, 1. Year, 1. Life expectancy,
           g.GDP per capita USD
    FROM read csv auto('input/life-expectancy/life expectancy.csv') 1
    JOIN read csv auto('input/gdp-per-capita/gdp per capita.csv') g
    ON 1.Country = g.Country AND 1.Year = g.Year
    WHERE 1. Year = 2021
SELECT Country, GDP_per_capita_USD, Life_expectancy,
       bar(Life expectancy, 65, 85, 30) as Chart
FROM joined data ORDER BY GDP per capita USD DESC;
EOF
```

Demo Part 4: Run Analysis

```
duckdb < analyze.sql
                  GDP/capita | Life Exp | Life Expectancy (65-85 years) |
   Country
United States
                      69288
                                 76.3
                                            ###################
Germany
                      50802
                                 81.3
                                            ###########################
                                 81.3
United Kingdom
                      47334
                                            ###########################
China
                      12556
                                 77.1
                                            ####################
World
                      12237
                                 71.0
                                            ########
India
                       2257
                                 69.7
                                            #######
```

Demo Part 5: Save as bead

```
$ duckdb < analyze.sql > output/figure1.txt
$ bead save
Successfully stored bead at figure1_20250825T184236645231+0200.zip
```

Every bead has: - Unique timestamp - Complete provenance - All code and results

Demo Part 6: Data Update Scenario

Editor asks: "Please update with 2022-2023 data"

```
$ cd ../life-expectancy
$ echo "World,2022,71.3" >> output/life_expectancy.csv
$ echo "World,2023,71.5" >> output/life_expectancy.csv
$ bead save
Successfully stored bead at life-expectancy 20250825T184416025424+0200.zip
```

Demo Part 7: Clean Up Workspace

```
$ bead zap
Deleted workspace life-expectancy

$ ls
figure1/ gdp-per-capita/ bead-box/
Workspace gone but bead preserved!
```

Demo Part 8: Update Analysis

```
$ cd figure1
$ bead input update life-expectancy
Removing current data from life-expectancy
Loading new data to life-expectancy ... Done
$ duckdb < analyze.sql > output/figure1.txt
$ bead save
Successfully stored bead at figure1_20250825T184443082049+0200.zip
Analysis automatically uses latest data version!
```

How bead Solves Our Problems

| bead Solution |
|---|
| Every bead remembers exact version Exact same setup for everyone |
| Work stays reproducible |
| Language agnostic |
| Chain beads together |
| |

Real Research Example

- Multiple datasets connected
- Many cleaning steps
- Green = using latest data version
- Some steps outdated
- bead tracks entire dependency graph

bead in Practice

Step 1: Create workspace bead new health-analysis

Step 2: Load inputs

bead input add wdi-data bead input add health-metrics

Step 3: Run analysis

python clean_data.py
R --file=analyze R

R --file=analyze.R

Step 4: Save snapshot

bead save figure1-v2

Why bead is Different

■ Simple: 4 commands to learn

■ Universal: Any language, any tool

■ Portable: Just ZIP files

■ Secure: Data stays on your servers

■ Transparent: Open source, no vendor lock-in

For Research Software Engineers

- Minimal learning curve for researchers
- No infrastructure requirements
- Works with existing workflows
- Complements version control
- Enables true reproducibility

Get Started

Installation

pip install bead

Documentation

bead.zip

Source Code

 ${\sf github.com/e3krisztian/bead}$

Key Takeaways

- Data provenance is hard especially with changing teams
- **Existing tools too complex** for heterogeneous research teams
- 3 bead keeps it simple focuses on one thing well
- 4 Reproducibility becomes automatic not an afterthought

Thank You!

Questions?

Contact

- Web: bead.zip
- GitHub: github.com/e3krisztian/bead





References

- World Development Indicators: data.worldbank.org/indicator
- DVC (Data Version Control): dvc.org
- Apache Airflow: airflow.apache.org
- **dbt**: getdbt.com
- KNIME: knime.com