

Financial Modelling

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Introduction

In this case study various time series modelling methods are discussed along with R implementation for each of them. Main idea followed is to analyse the data, identify trend, separate stationary part of the data, build model on that residual data. In this case study we model closing price for all the stocks.

Data

In this case study 5 different pharmaceutical companies (on NSE India) were considered for analysis. Data obtained from yahoo finance starting from 6th November 2016 to 7th November 2018. Companies selected were:

- GlaxoSmithkline Pharmaceuticals Limited (GLAXO.NS)
- Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Limited (GLENMARK.NS)
- Aurobindo Pharma Limited (AUROPHARMA.NS)
- Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited (SUNPHARMA.NS)
- Alembic Pharmaceuticals Limited (APLLTD.NS)

Data Analysis

Load csv data and print summary

```
loadCSVData <- function(path){
  data = read.csv(path, header = TRUE)
  print(summary(data$Close))
  return(data$Close)
}
# example
data = NULL
data$raw = loadCSVData('../Data/APLLTD/APLLTD.NS_daily.csv')
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##    418.1   515.7   546.0   553.7   597.5   661.9
```

Standardize the data

let Y be the time-series data standardization involves converting the data to zero mean and unit standard deviation data:

$$Y = \frac{Y - \mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}$$

```
standardize <- function(data){
  data = (data - mean(data)) / sd(data)
  print(summary(data))
  return(data)
}
```

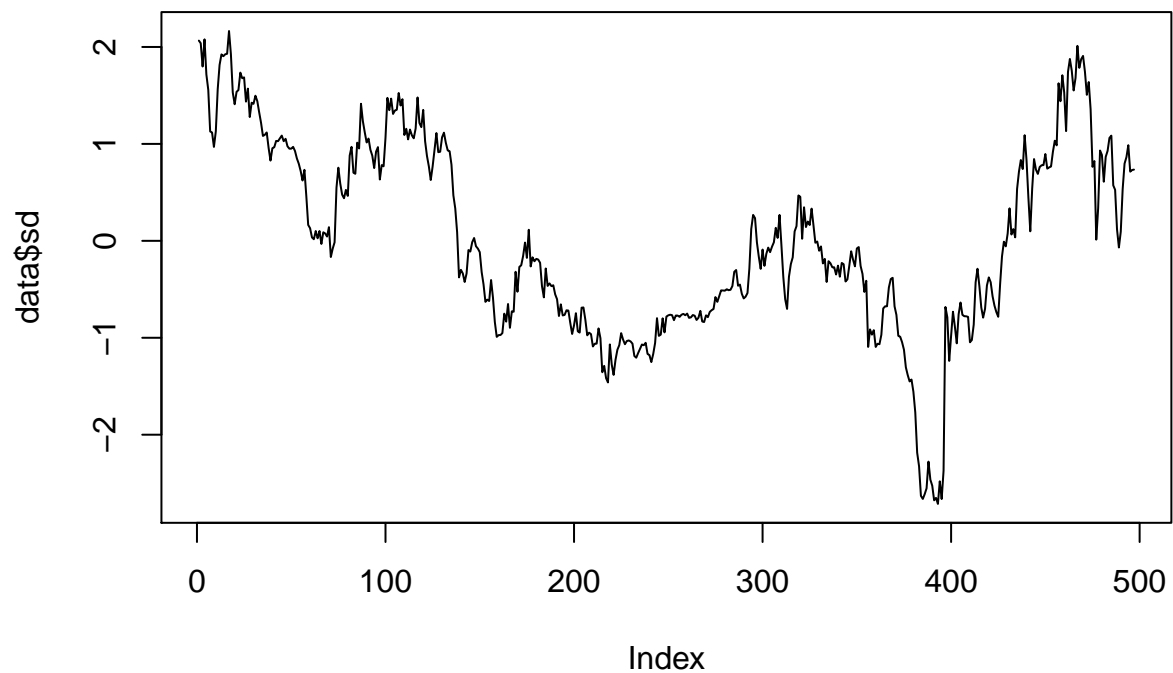
```
# example
data$sd = standardize(data$raw)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## -2.7140 -0.7624 -0.1560  0.0000  0.8758  2.1650
```

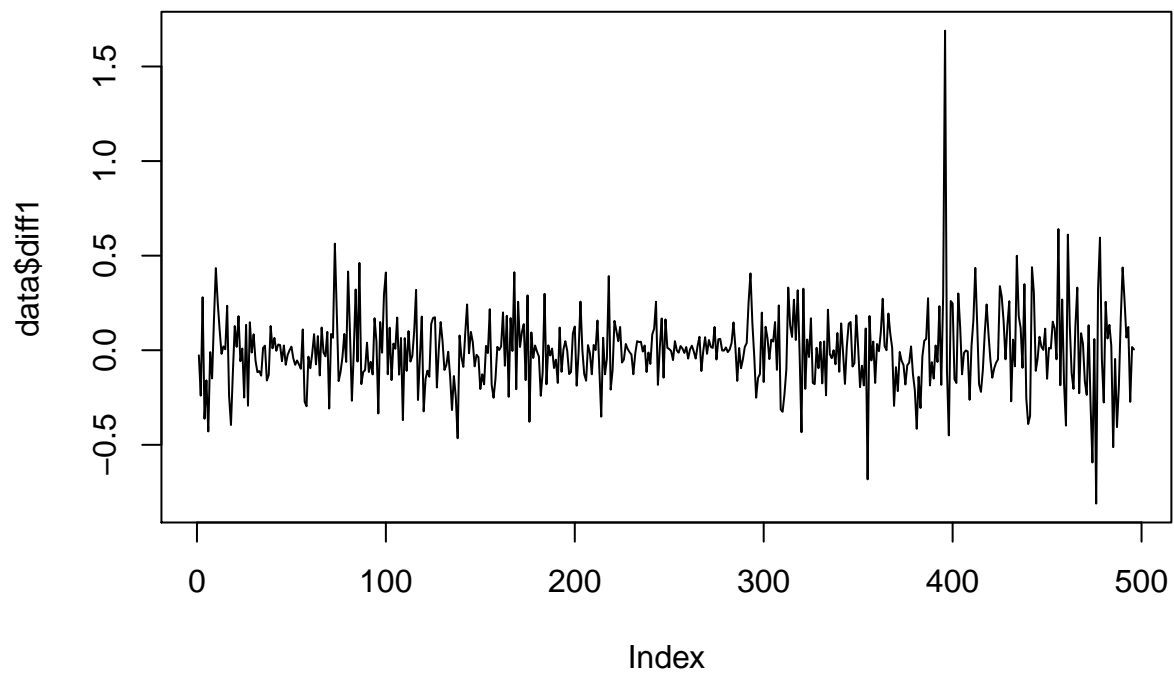
Analysis

```
boxcox <- function(y, lambda){
  if (lambda != 0){
    return((y^{lambda} - 1.0)/lambda)
  }
  else{
    return(log(y))
  }
}

# time series line plot
plot(data$sd, type='l')
```

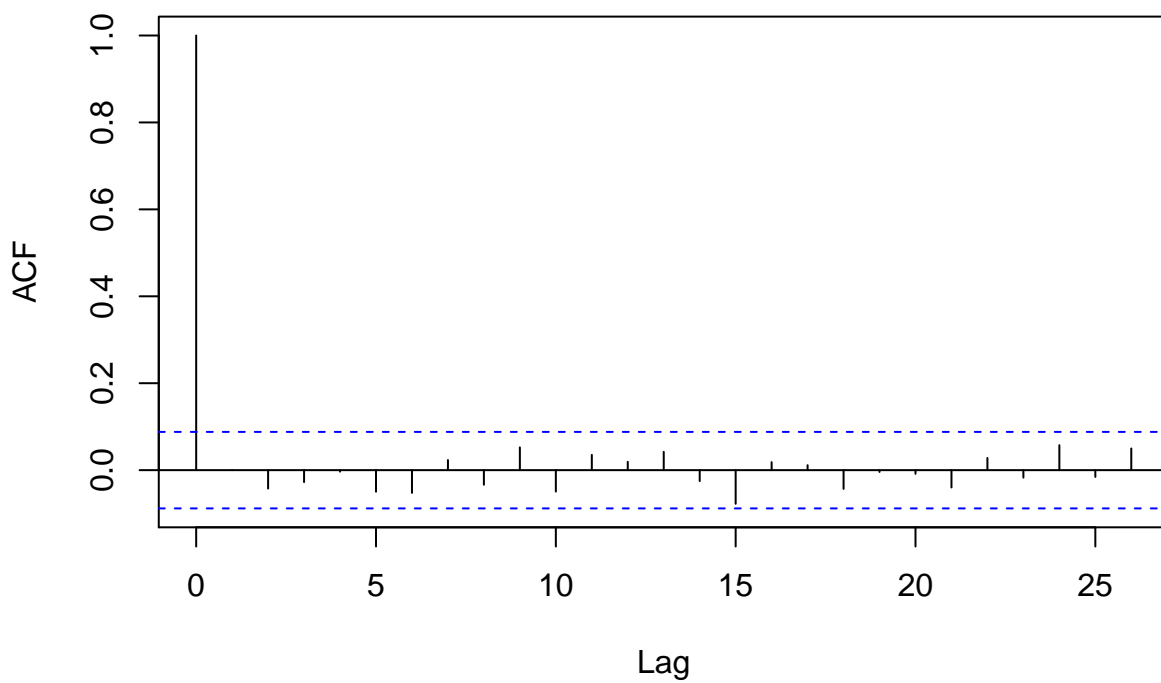


```
# 1st order difference plot
data$diff1 = diff(data$sd)
plot(data$diff1, type='l')
```



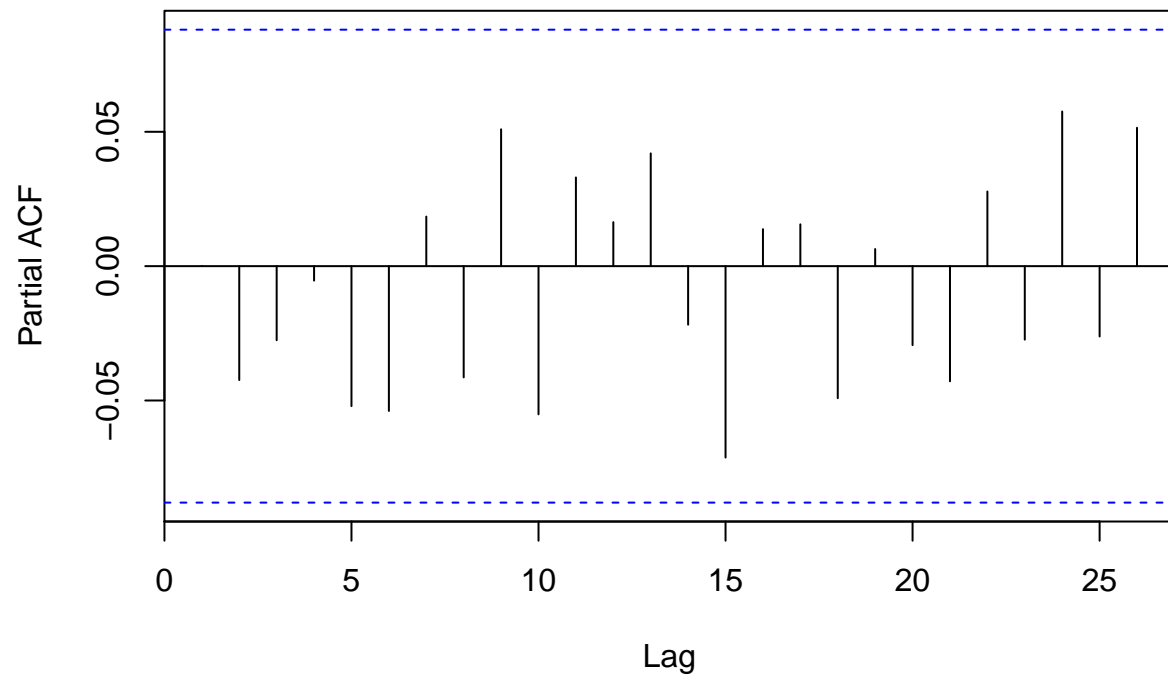
```
# ACF and PACF analysis of diff1 data  
acf(data$diff1)
```

Series data\$diff1



```
pacf(data$diff1)
```

Series data\$diff1



Modelling