## (test n1)

$$c = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}, l_x = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, u_x = \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & 10 \end{pmatrix}, l_A = \begin{pmatrix} -10 \\ -\infty \end{pmatrix}, u_A = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -12 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$min(c^T x_{min}) = -11, \quad x_{min} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

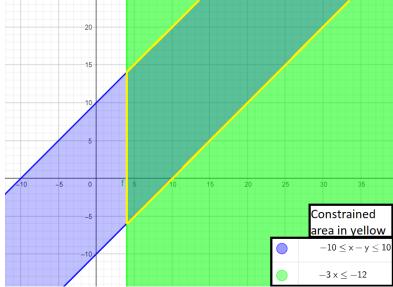


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## (test n2)

$$c = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\4\\7 \end{pmatrix}, l_x = \begin{pmatrix} -3\\-5\\0 \end{pmatrix}, u_x = \begin{pmatrix} 6\\5\\+\infty \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1\\3 & 2 & 1\\0 & -4 & 7 \end{pmatrix}, l_A = \begin{pmatrix} -12\\-\infty\\-25 \end{pmatrix}, u_A = \begin{pmatrix} +\infty\\0\\10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$min(c^T x_{min}) = -\frac{80}{3}, \quad x_{min} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{10}{3}\\-5\\0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Depiction is hardly possible for  $\mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$  functions

(test n3)  $c = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, l_x = \begin{pmatrix} -50 \\ -45 \end{pmatrix}, u_x = \begin{pmatrix} 100 \\ 80 \end{pmatrix}$   $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \\ -7 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, l_A = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -95 \\ 0 \\ -20 \end{pmatrix}, u_A = \begin{pmatrix} 45 \\ 15 \\ 28 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$   $min(c^T x_{min}) = -11.44, \quad x_{min} = \begin{pmatrix} -2.76 \\ 8.68 \end{pmatrix}$ 10 20 25 -15 Constrained region in yellow a:  $-4 \le x + 2 y \le 45$ 

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 $b: \, -95 \leq 4\,x + 3\;y \leq 15$ 

 $c: 0 \le -7 x + y \le 28$ 

e04kf

$$l_{x} = \begin{pmatrix} -10 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}, u_{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 3.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$min(f(x_{min})) = 0, \quad x_{min} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7.5$$

$$5.0$$

$$2.5$$

$$y$$

$$0.0$$

$$-2.5$$

$$-5.0$$

$$-7.5$$

$$-5.0$$

$$-7.5$$

$$-5.0$$

$$-7.5$$

$$-10.0$$

$$-10.0$$

$$-10$$

$$-5$$

$$0$$

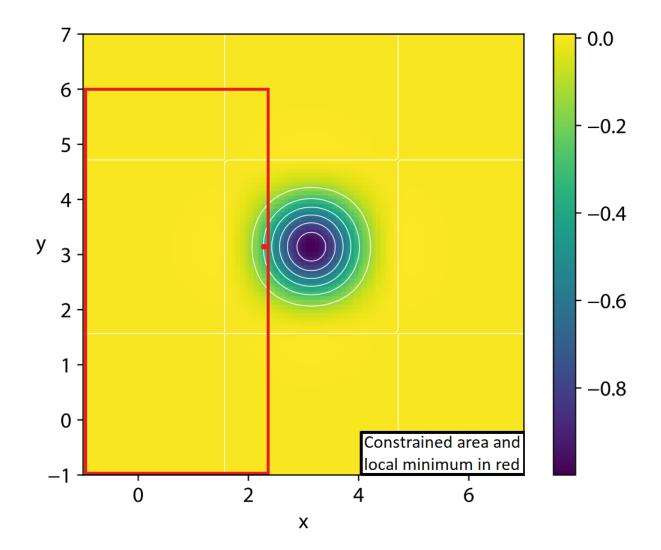
$$5$$

$$10$$

Χ

 $image\ source:\ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Test\_functions\_for\_optimization$ 

Easom function 
$$\mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$$
,  
 $f(x) = -\cos(x_1)\cos(x_2)\exp(-((x_1 - \pi)^2 + (x_2 - \pi)^2))$   
 $l_x = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, u_x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4}\pi \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $min(f(x_{min})) = -0.3815841540302878366, x_{min} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4}\pi \\ \pi \end{pmatrix}$ 



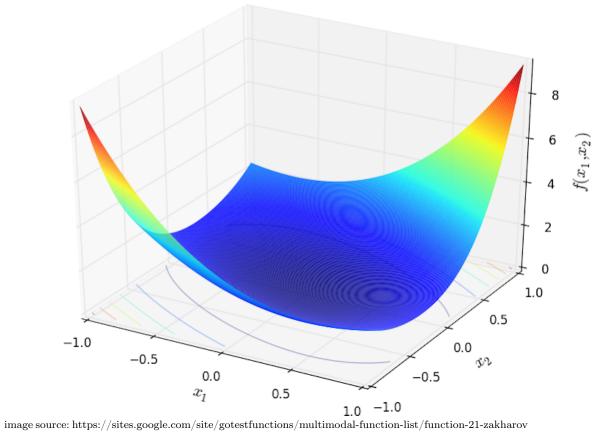
 $image\ source:\ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Test\_functions\_for\_optimization$ 

3d Zakharov function 
$$\mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$$
,  $f(x) = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 + (0.5 * x_1 + x_2 + 1.5 * x_3)^2 + (0.5 * x_1 + x_2 + 1.5 * x_3)^4$ 

$$l_x = \begin{pmatrix} -5\\ -5\\ -5 \end{pmatrix}, u_x = \begin{pmatrix} 10\\ 10\\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

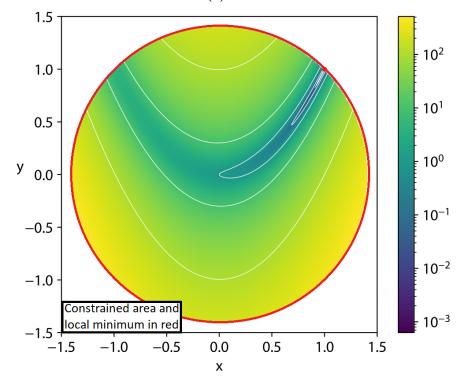
$$min(f(x_{min})) = 0, \quad x_{min} = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\0\\0 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Depiction of $\mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ Zakharov



## e04st

Rosenbrock on disk 
$$f(x) = (1 - x_1)^2 + 100 * (x_2 - x_1^2)^2$$
  
 $g(x) = x_1^2 + x_2^2, l_g = -\infty, u_g = 2$   
 $B = 0, l_B = 0, u_B = 0$   
 $l_x = \begin{pmatrix} -1.5 \\ -1.5 \end{pmatrix}, u_x = \begin{pmatrix} 1.5 \\ 1.5 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $min(f(x_{min})) = 0, \quad x_{min} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ 

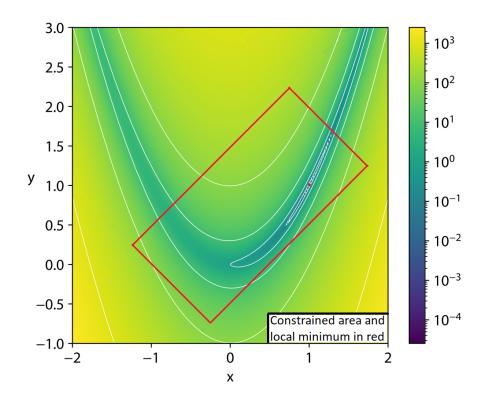


 $image\ source:\ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Test\_functions\_for\_optimization$ 

**Rosenbrock constrained** 
$$f(x) = (1 - x_1)^2 + 100 * (y - x^2)^2$$
  $g(x) = 0, l_g = 0, u_g = 0$ 

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, l_B = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -0.5 \end{pmatrix}, u_B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1.5 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$l_x = \begin{pmatrix} -1.5 \\ -1.5 \end{pmatrix}, u_x = \begin{pmatrix} 2.5 \\ 2.5 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$min(f(x_x)) = 0, \quad x_x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$min(f(x_{min})) = 0, \quad x_{min} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\1 \end{pmatrix}$$



 $image\ source:\ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Test\_functions\_for\_optimization$ 

2d Zakharov (modified) 
$$f(x) = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + (0.5 * x_1 + x_2)^2 + (0.5 * x_1 + x_2)^4$$
  
 $g(x) = x_1^2 + x_2^2 - (1 + 0.2 * cos(8 * arctan(\frac{x}{y})))^2$   
 $l_g = -\infty, u_g = 0$   
 $B = 0, l_B = 0, u_B = 0$   
 $l_x = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}, u_x = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $min(f(x_{min})) = 0, \quad x_{min} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ 

Constrained area for two-dimensional Zakharov in white

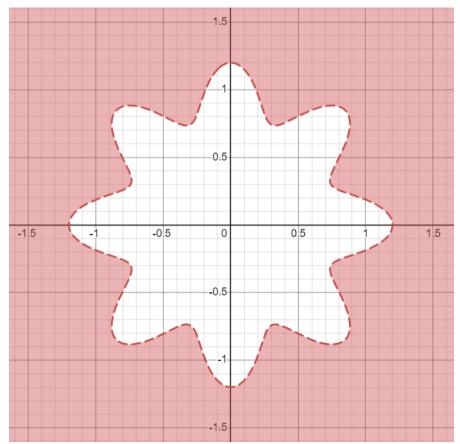


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