VizPub: Visualizing the Performance of Overlay-Based Pub/Sub Systems

Nils Peder Korsveien, Vinay Setty, Roman Vitenberg

Objectives

- A tool for visualizing overlay-based pub/sub systems
- Gain insight into system performance

- Compare different pub/sub systems visually
- Visualize metrics such as node degree and hit-ratio

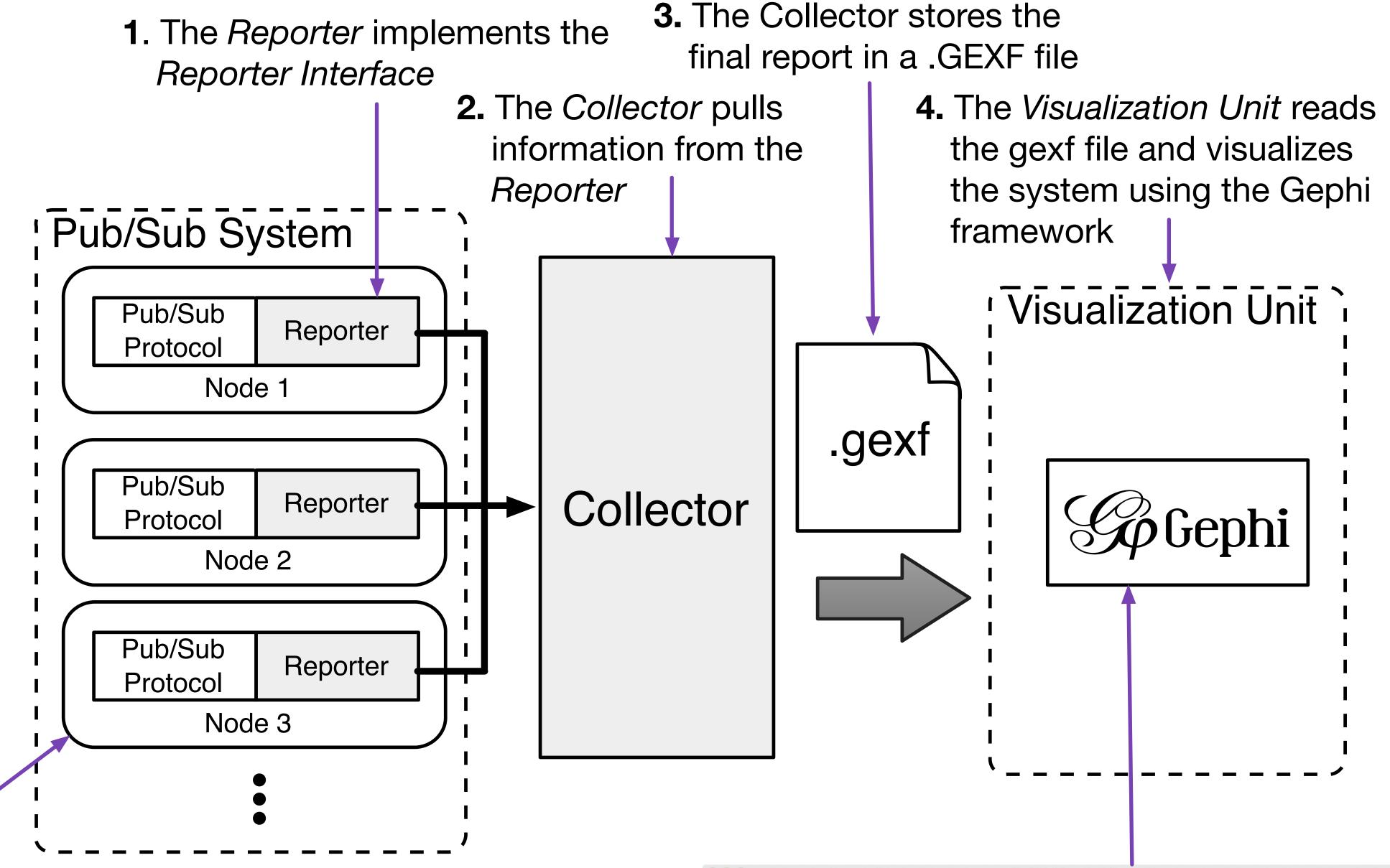
Architecture

Key Points

- Generic tool, apart from reporter interface implementation
- The amount of reportable data is configurable
- Metrics are derived and calculated based on the reported information
- Both aggregated and instantaneous metrics are supported
- Collection is done in online mode, but the computation and aggregation and derivation of various metrics can be done in offline mode

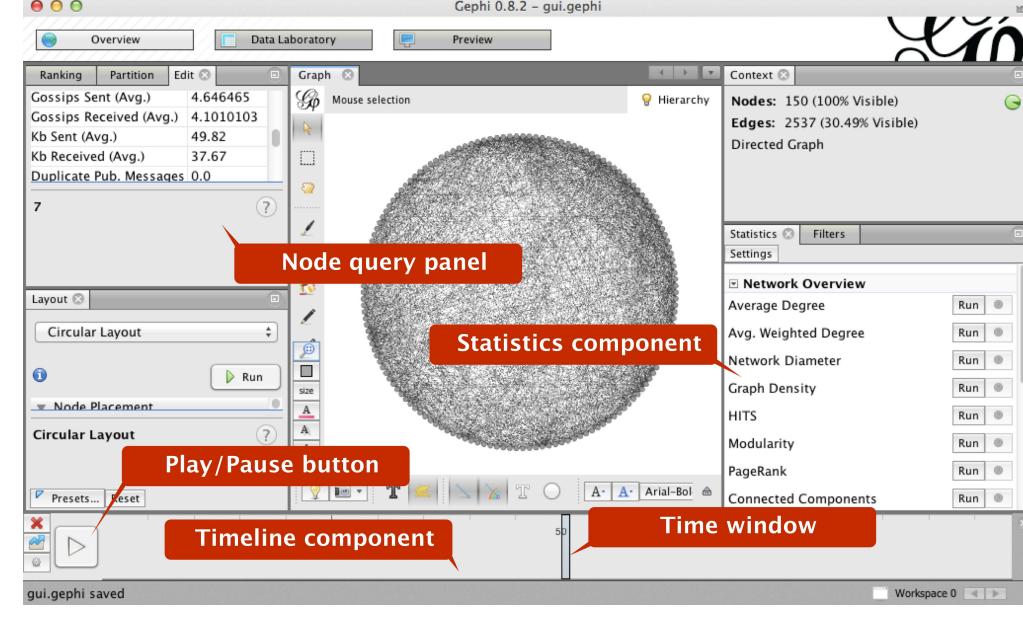
Each node reports:

- The node id
- List of neighbor ids
- List of topic ids the node subscribes to
- Number of overlay control messages sent and received
- Number of overlay control message bytes sent and received
- List of publication messages sent and received



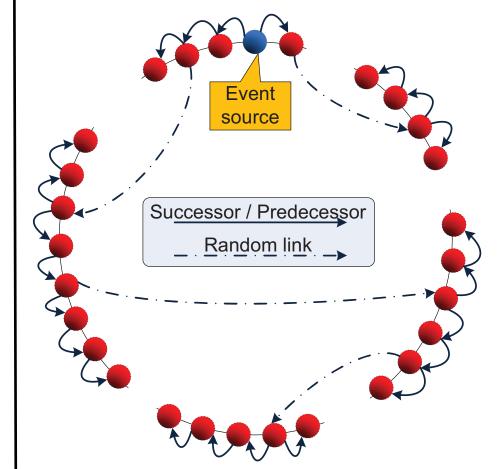
Gephi Framework [1]

- Playback system execution
- Calculate topology metrics such as degree
- Export data to .csv using the Data Laboratory



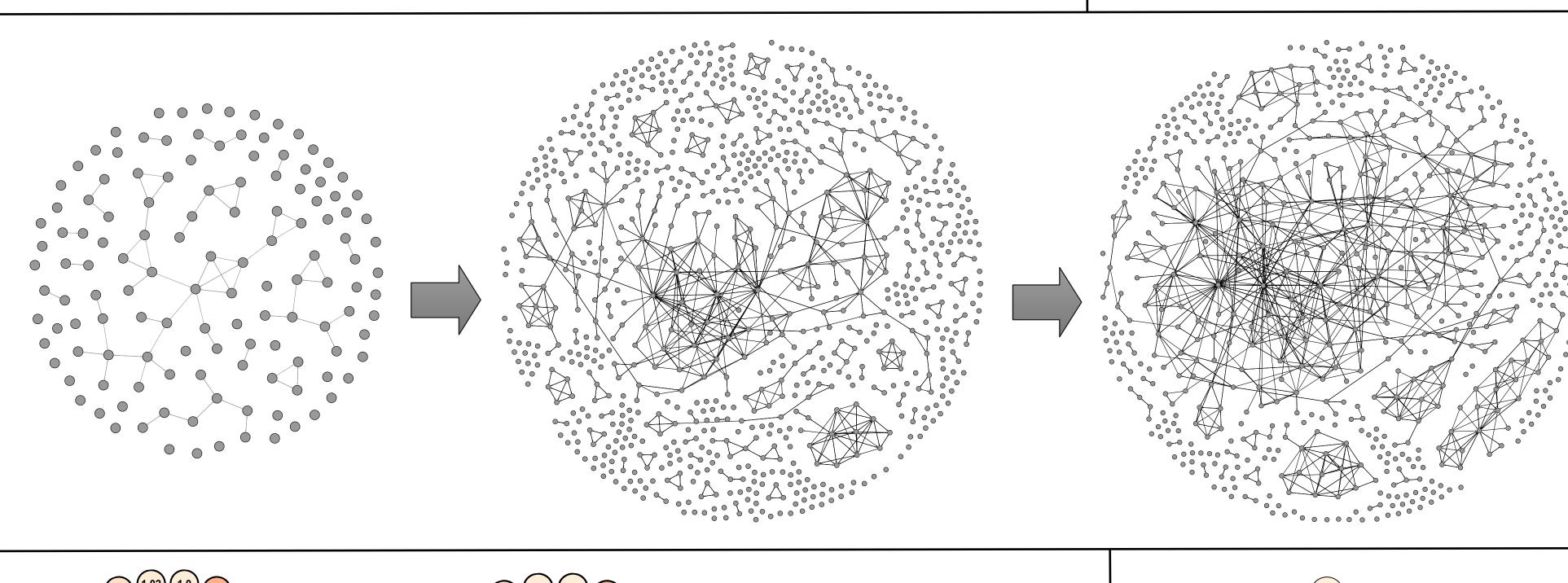
Examples of Visualization for a specific system

Mention data traces here?



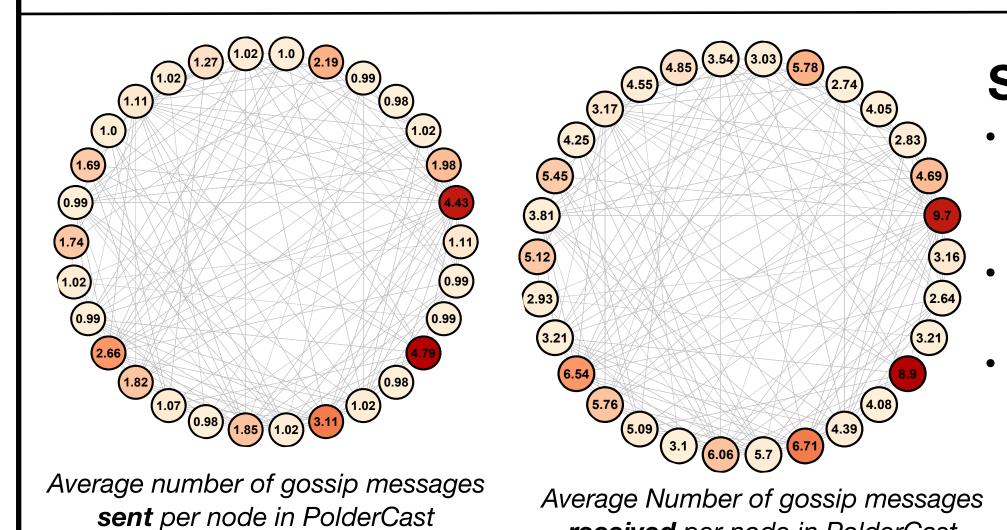
Background for the visualized system (PolderCast) [2]

- Topic-based P2P pub/sub system
- Organizes nodes in a ring structure
- Gossip-based overlay maintenance under churn
- Hybrid dissemination using ring and random links



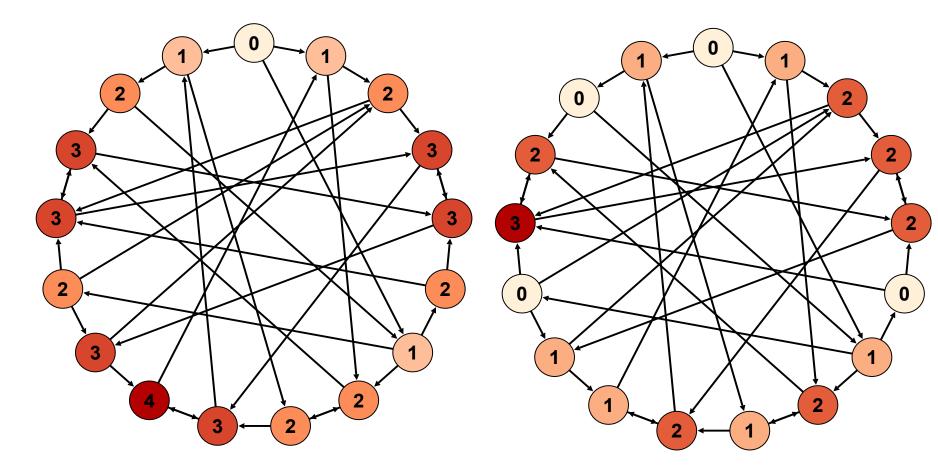
Visualization of overlay topology evolution during churn

- Playback system execution during churn
- Observe the evolution of the overlay topology incrementally
- Nodes appear and disappear due to churn



Structural Metrics

- Visualize structural properties of the overlay
- Use color to highlight overloaded nodes
- Labels update during playback of system execution



Path lengths in PolderCast

Dissemination Metrics

- Visualize dissemination of publications step-by-step
- Metrics represented as node labels
- Directed edges represent message paths
- Duplicate message count calculated by in-degree

Duplicate message count for

PolderCast

received per node in PolderCast