

ECE 325 - <u>Iterative Methods</u>

Practical Assignment 11

```
000400000
0000400000
0000230000
 000035000
 000000420
 000000020
 000000020
 000000001
 000000003
0000000000
Menu:
1.Shortest path between any pair of nodes
2.Spanning Tree
3.All shortest paths:
#.Exit
Choose: 1
Start:
Finish:
Distance of node 9 = 9
Path = 9 <- 8 <- 4 <- 0
```

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ΗΜΕΡΟΜΗΝΙΑ ΠΑΡΑΔΟΣΗΣ ΑΣΚΗΣΗΣ: 25/11/2019

Πρόγραμμα 1:

```
//choice 1
pairdijkstra(n, startnode, finish)
      for i=0 to n step 1
             for j=0 to n step 1
                    if( G[i][j] equal to zero )
                          cost[i][j]=INFINITY; // constant
                    else
                          cost[i][j]=G[i][j];
      for i=0 to n step 1
             distance[i]=cost[startnode][i];
             pred[i]=startnode;
             visited[i]=0;
      distance[startnode]=0;
      visited[startnode]=1;
      count=1;
      while(count < n-1)
             mindistance=INFINITY;
             for i=0 to n step 1
                    if(distance[i]<mindistanceAND not visited[i])</pre>
                           mindistance=distance[i];
                          nextnode=i;
             visited[nextnode]=1;
             for i=0 to n step 1
                    if(not visited[i])
                           if(mindistance+cost[nextnode][i]<distance[i])
                           {
                                 distance[i]=mindistance+cost[nextnode][i];
                                 pred[i]=nextnode;
                          }
             count++;
      for i=0 to n step 1
```

```
{
             if (i is not equal to startnode)
             {
                    if (i == finish)
                           print "Distance of node " + i + " = " + distance[i];
                           print "Path = " + i;
                           j = i;
                           do
                           {
                                  j = pred[j];
                                  print " <- " + j;
                           } while (j != startnode);
                    }
             }
      }
}
//choice 2
Graph::kruskal_algorithm()
      sort(G.begin(), G.end());
      for i=0 to G.size() step 1
      {
             uSt = find_set(G[i].second.first);
             vEd = find_set(G[i].second.second);
             if (uSt is not equal vEd)
             {
                    push(G[i]) to T;
                    union_set(uSt, vEd);
             }
      }
}
//choice 3
dijkstra(n, startnode)
{
       for i=0 to n step 1
             for j=0 to n step 1
```

```
if(G[i][j] equal to zero)
                    cost[i][j]=INFINITY; // constant
              else
                    cost[i][j]=G[i][j];
for i=0 to n step 1
{
      distance[i]=cost[startnode][i];
      pred[i]=startnode;
      visited[i]=0;
distance[startnode]=0;
visited[startnode]=1;
count=1;
while(count < n-1)
{
      mindistance=INFINITY;
       for i=0 to n step 1
             if(distance[i]<mindistanceAND not visited[i])</pre>
                    mindistance=distance[i];
                    nextnode=i;
      visited[nextnode]=1;
      for i=0 to n step 1
             if(not visited[i])
                    if(mindistance+cost[nextnode][i]<distance[i])
                    {
                           distance[i]=mindistance+cost[nextnode][i];
                           pred[i]=nextnode;
                    }
      count++;
for i=0 to n step 1
      if (i is not equal to startnode)
      {
             print "Distance of node " + i + " = " + distance[i];
             print "Path = " + i;
             j = i;
```

Παραδείγματα εκτέλεσης:

```
0000400000
0000400000
0000230000
0000035000
0000000420
00000000020
00000000020
00000000001
00000000003
0000000000
Menu:
1.Shortest path between any pair of nodes
2.Spanning Tree
3.All shortest paths:
#.Exit
Choose: 1
Start:
0
Finish:
Distance of node 9 = 9
Path = 9 <- 8 <- 4 <- 0
```

```
0000400000
0000400000
0000230000
0000035000
0000000420
0000000020
0000000020
00000000001
00000000003
0000000000
Menu:
1.Shortest path between any pair of nodes
2.Spanning Tree
3.All shortest paths:
#.Exit
Choose: 2
The Minimum Spanning Tree according to Kruskal's Algorithm:
Edge : Weight
7 - 9 : 1
2 - 4 : 2
4 - 8 : 2
5 - 8 : 2
6 - 8 : 2
3 - 5 : 3
8 - 9 : 3
0 - 4 : 4
1 - 4 : 4
```

```
0000400000
0000400000
0000230000
0000035000
0000000420
00000000020
00000000020
00000000001
0000000003
0000000000
Menu:
1.Shortest path between any pair of nodes
2.Spanning Tree
3.All shortest paths:
#.Exit
Choose: 3
Distance of node 1 = 9999
Path = 1 <- 0
Distance of node 2 = 9999
Path = 2 <- 0
Distance of node 3 = 9999
Path = 3 <- 0
Distance of node 4 = 4
Path = 4 <- 0
Distance of node 5 = 9999
Path = 5 <- 0
Distance of node 6 = 9999
Path = 6 < -0
Distance of node 7 = 8
Path = 7 <- 4 <- 0
Distance of node 8 = 6
Path = 8 <- 4 <- 0
Distance of node 9 = 9
Path = 9 <- 8 <- 4 <- 0
Distance of node 0 = 9999
Path = 0 <- 1
Distance of node 2 = 9999
Path = 2 <- 1
Distance of node 3 = 9999
Path = 3 <- 1
Distance of node 4 = 4
Path = 4 <- 1
Distance of node 5 = 9999
```

```
Distance of node 5 = 9999
Path = 5 <- 6
Distance of node 7 = 9999
Path = 7 < -6
Distance of node 8 = 2
Path = 8 <- 6
Distance of node 9 = 5
Path = 9 <- 8 <- 6
Distance of node 0 = 9999
Path = 0 < -7
Distance of node 1 = 9999
Path = 1 <- 7
Distance of node 2 = 9999
Path = 2 <- 7
Distance of node 3 = 9999
Path = 3 <- 7
Distance of node 4 = 9999
Path = 4 < -7
Distance of node 5 = 9999
Path = 5 <- 7
Distance of node 6 = 9999
Path = 6 < -7
Distance of node 8 = 9999
Path = 8 < -7
Distance of node 9 = 1
Path = 9 < -7
Distance of node 0 = 9999
Path = 0 <- 8
Distance of node 1 = 9999
Path = 1 <- 8
Distance of node 2 = 9999
Path = 2 <- 8
Distance of node 3 = 9999
Path = 3 < -8
Distance of node 4 = 9999
Path = 4 <- 8
Distance of node 5 = 9999
Path = 5 <- 8
Distance of node 6 = 9999
Path = 6 <- 8
Distance of node 7 = 9999
Path = 7 <- 8
Distance of node 9 = 3
Path = 9 <- 8Node 9go nowhere
```