

# Time series Forecasting for Stock Prices

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# Abstract

This project is based on the utility of CNN network over Time series data.

In this project I will be able to predict Stock Prices in near future using Time series forecasting while using a CNN model. I am building this project in JavaScript not in python as Tensorflow is available for JavaScript. JavaScript is better than python as it will help to implement deep learning on Web Based Framework and JavaScript is somewhat faster than python and model will be light for machine. Via JavaScript Api calling will be easy rather than making a Flask script for python GUI in Web.



# Technologies used

Tensorflow.js

JavaScript

Html and CSS





# Introduction

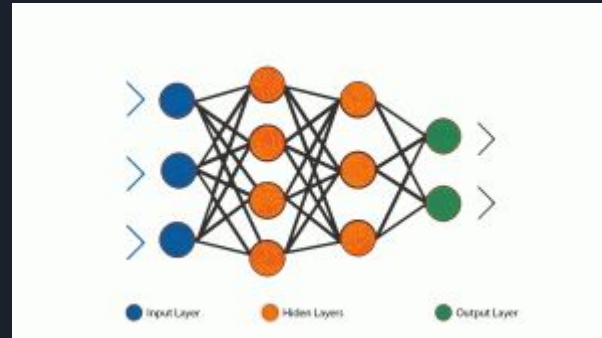
**Machine learning (ML)** is the study of computer algorithms that improve automatically through experience. It is seen as a subset of artificial intelligence. Machine learning algorithms build a mathematical model based on sample data, known as "training data", in order to make predictions or decisions without being explicitly programmed to do so.

A **neural network** is a series of algorithms that endeavors to recognize underlying relationships in a set of data through a process that mimics the way the human brain operates. In this sense, **neural networks** refer to systems of neurons, either organic or artificial in nature.

# Type of Neural Network

## ANN

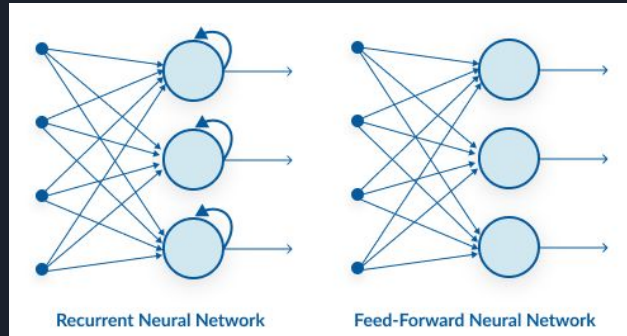
A single perceptron (or neuron) can be imagined as a Logistic Regression. Artificial Neural Network, or ANN, is a group of multiple perceptrons/ neurons at each layer. ANN is also known as a **Feed-Forward Neural network** because inputs are processed only in the forward direction:



# Type of Neural Network

## RNN

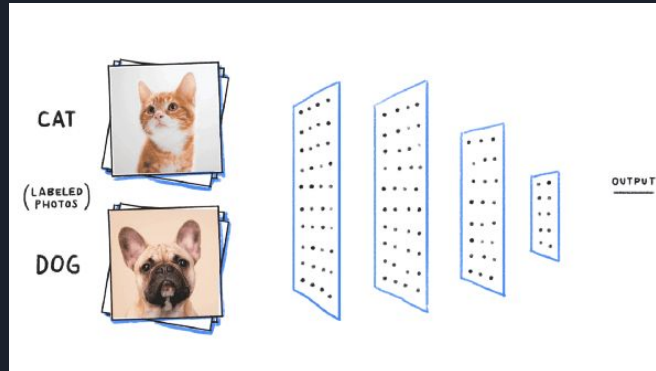
A **recurrent neural network (RNN)** is a class of artificial neural networks where connections between nodes form a directed graph along a temporal sequence. This allows it to exhibit temporal dynamic behavior. Derived from feedforward neural networks, RNNs can use their internal state (memory) to process variable length sequences of inputs. This makes them applicable to tasks such as unsegmented, connected handwriting recognition or speech recognition.



# Type of Neural Network

## CNN

In deep learning, a **convolutional neural network (CNN, or ConvNet)** is a class of deep neural networks, most commonly applied to analyzing visual imagery. They are also known as **shift invariant** or **space invariant artificial neural networks (SIANN)**, based on their shared-weights architecture and translation invariance characteristics. They have applications in image and video recognition, recommender systems, image classification, medical image analysis, natural language processing, and financial time series.





# Vanishing Of Gradient

In machine learning, the **vanishing gradient problem** is encountered when training artificial neural networks with gradient-based learning methods and backpropagation. In such methods, each of the neural network weights receive an update proportional to the partial derivative of the error function with respect to the current weight in each iteration of training. The problem is that in some cases, the gradient will be vanishingly small, effectively preventing the weight from changing its value. In the worst case, this may completely stop the neural network from further training. As one example of the problem cause, traditional activation functions such as the hyperbolic tangent function have gradients in the range  $(0, 1)$ , and backpropagation computes gradients by the chain rule. This has the effect of multiplying  $n$  of these small numbers to compute gradients of the "front" layers in an  $n$ -layer network, meaning that the gradient (error signal) decreases exponentially with  $n$  while the front layers train very slowly.





# Stop Vanishing gradient Problem in Different Neural Network

## RNN:

In case of RNN we can use LSTM (Long Short-term Memory). Unlike standard feedforward neural networks, LSTM has feedback connections. It can not only process single data points (such as images), but also entire sequences of data (such as speech or video).

## CNN:

In case of CNN we can use ReLU. The **rectified linear activation function** or **ReLU** for short is a piecewise linear function that will output the input directly if it is positive, otherwise, it will output zero. It has become the default activation function for many types of neural networks because a model that uses it is easier to train and often achieves better performance.

# What is time Series Data and Forecasting?

A **time series** is a series of data points indexed (or listed or graphed) in time order. Most commonly, a time series is a sequence taken at successive equally spaced points in time. Thus it is a sequence of discrete-time data. Examples of time series are heights of ocean tides, counts of sunspots, and the daily closing value of the Dow Jones Industrial Average.

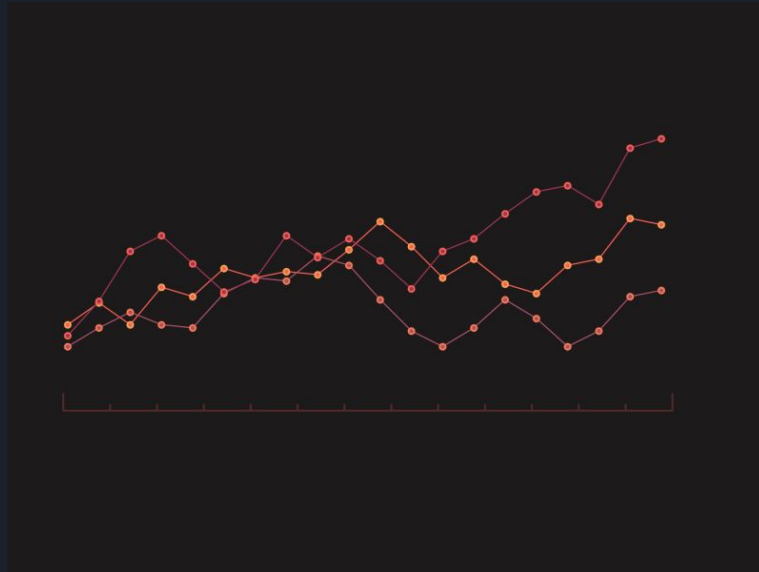
**Time series analysis** comprises methods for analyzing time series data in order to extract meaningful statistics and other characteristics of the data. **Time series forecasting** is the use of a model to predict future values based on previously observed values. While regression analysis is often employed in such a way as to test theories that the current values of one or more independent time series affect the current value of another time series, this type of analysis of time series is not called "time series analysis", which focuses on comparing values of a single time series or multiple dependent time series at different points in time. Interrupted time series analysis is the analysis of interventions on a single time series.



older

# Problem Statement

Forecast the Stock price of a given Stock using Convolutional Neural Network by method of Time series Forecasting where data are time dependent .





# Proposed Solution

This solution use a 1D Convolutional Neural Network as the problem is single variant problem. Here I use slide window technique where the last window define the feature for the next prediction.

Than build a 1D CNN using tensorflow.js . This CNN consist of 7 layer (inputLayer,2 covn1d layer,2 average pooling layer,flatten,dense.



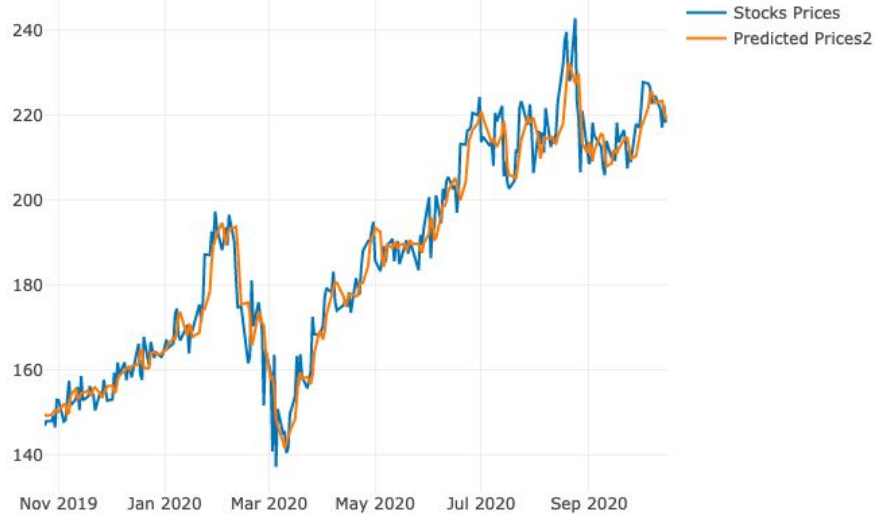
# Result

The project was success as the 1D Convolutional Neural Network was able to predict the stock prices for the next stock day with average of loss (prediction error) = 0.003101 on 1 year data.

Source code: [https://github.com/kosac-achyut/StockPredictor\\_js](https://github.com/kosac-achyut/StockPredictor_js)

Application Link: [https://kosac-achyut.github.io/StockPredictor\\_js/](https://kosac-achyut.github.io/StockPredictor_js/)

Epoch	Date	Size(total Object in Data)	MeanSquaredError
100		247	0.0028
100		247	0.0034
100		247	0.00307
100		247	0.00307
100		247	0.0032
100		247	0.00307
Average			0.003101666667



Getting Data for Stock : msft

Optimization Algorithm : adam

Generating Features.....

Building CNN Model.....

Model Training and Testing.....

Finished ΔΔΔΔ

Loss after last Epoch (100) is: 0.003070899285376072

Predicted Stock Price of msft for date 27-10-2020 is: 219.695\$

Model Excuton time: 217.4 seconds

```

script.js:11
▼ Object
  max: 242.91
  min: 137.18
  ▶ originalData: (254) [140.7, 143.06, 148.07, 147.6, 148.01, 148.03, 146.9, 146.85, 147.97, 148.01, 149.23, ...]
  size: 247
  timePortion: 7
  ▶ trainX: (1729) [0.03329234843469197, 0.05561335477158797, 0.10299820296982869, 0.0985529178095147, 0.1024...
  ▶ trainY: (247) [0.09145937766007745, 0.10205239761657045, 0.10243071975787368, 0.11396954506762494, 0.0877...
  ▶ __proto__: Object

MODEL SUMMARY:
script.js:65
layer utils.ts:62
Layer (type)      Output shape      Param #           layer utils.ts:152
=====
input1 (InputLayer) [null,7,1]        0                 layer utils.ts:64
layer utils.ts:152
conv1d_Conv1D1 (Conv1D) [null,6,128]      384               layer utils.ts:74
layer utils.ts:152
average_pooling1d_AveragePool [null,5,128]      0                 layer utils.ts:74
layer utils.ts:152
conv1d_Conv1D2 (Conv1D) [null,4,64]       16448             layer utils.ts:152
layer utils.ts:74
average_pooling1d_AveragePool [null,3,64]       0                 layer utils.ts:152
layer utils.ts:74
flatten_Flatten1 (Flatten) [null,192]        0                 layer utils.ts:152
layer utils.ts:74
dense_Dense1 (Dense) [null,1]          193               layer utils.ts:152
=====
layer utils.ts:74
Total params: 17025
layer utils.ts:83
Trainable params: 17025
layer utils.ts:84
Non-trainable params: 0
layer utils.ts:85
layer utils.ts:86

```

# StockPrice Predictor

## V1.2

Using the power of Convolutional Neural Network now we can predict the Stock Prices from the given Time Series Data. By using 1d Convolutional Neural Network we are able to feed sequential data to Convolutional Network and are able to use the power and speed CNN model to predict Value to given Stock on that Day.

Chose stock to predict the value of:

Microsoft

Chose Chart time:

6 month

Optimization Algorithm for Model:

Default (Adam)

Enter Epoch Value:

100

Predict



Getting Data for Stock- msft  
Optimization Algorithm- adam  
Generating Features...  
Building CNN Model...  
Model Training and Testing...  
Finished data  
Loss after last Epoch 1000 is: 0.0080466123935832  
Predicted Stock Price of msft for date 27-10-2020 is: 219.4275  
Model Execution time: 20.38 seconds

Elements

Console

Sources

Network

Performance

Memory

Application

Security

Lighthouse

top

Filter

Default levels

Total params: 17825

Trainable params: 17825

Non-trainable params: 0

layer\_0:1s:74

layer\_1:1s:183

layer\_2:1s:184

layer\_3:1s:82

layer\_4:1s:86

performance warning: READ-usage buffer was read back without waiting on a fence. This caused a graphics pipeline stall.

## Stock Predictor using 1D Convolutional Nueral Network.

Convolutional neural networks, also called ConvNets, were first introduced in the 1980s by Yann LeCun, a postdoctoral computer science researcher. Till then Machine Learning has come a long way. In 2019 while reading a article on 1D CNN I came across 1D CNN and it's usage in Time Series Data Manipulation. This caught my attention since CNN is specifically designed to process pixel data and used in image recognition and processing and it looked like a interesting challenge.

This application is frontend only so there is no need for backend server And by using Tensorflow.js it is easy to implement the 1D CNN. For code click on the [Github](#) link in nav.

All the work that need to be done can be set up in 6 steps:

1. Get the Data
2. Generate Features
3. Generate ML Model
4. Train the ML Model
5. Test the ML Model
6. Predict with ML Model

### Get the Data

Here I have used API from IEX. In this application I'm are using the chart endpoint which has predefined historical period. You can chose chart form 6 month to 5 year.

```
url = "https://cloud.exapis.com/stable/stock/~symbol~/chart/~chart_time~?token=~token";
```

The result from this API is json array with historical data for the requested company. Below is some example from the response data.

```
{
  "date": "2018-02-20",
  "open": 169.4564,
  "high": 171.6463,
  "low": 168.8469,
  "close": 169.2724,
  "volume": 33939540,
  "unadjustedVolume": 33939540,
  "change": -0.0713,
  "changePercent": -0.336,
  "vwap": 170.366,
  "label": "Feb 20, 18",
  "changeOverTime": 0
}
```

### Generate Features

After the data is retrieved we need to process it and prepare the feature set and label set. While I was reading research paper, mostly I found paper where they were using date field as feature. So I ended up using 7 feature for my test set and each one of them is labelled with the stock price for the next day. The reason was Firstly, the date is all ways increasing. Secondly, date are independent of stock price.

// timePortion = 7



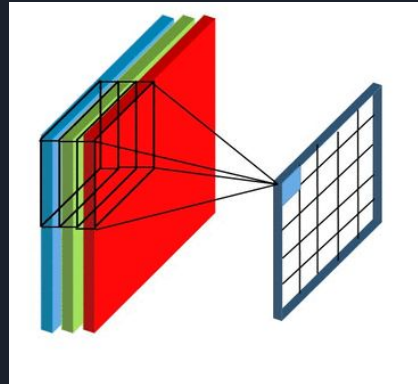
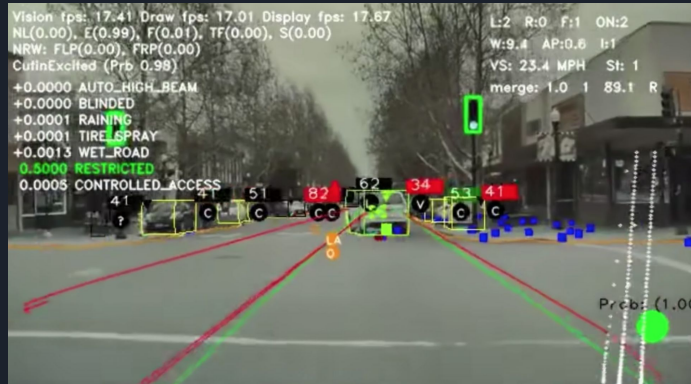
# Motivation For Project

The main Motivation for the project is usage of CNN . Most of the forecasting Method for stock are RNN with LSTM based and most of the industrial model like Arima (AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average) uses linear Regression and RNN. As more and more paper are coming out on usage of CNN in forecasting it's proved that we can use CNN in forecasting and avail better result than RNN. As all model of neural network are prone vanishing gradient problem CNN is most least to Prone and if there is we can somewhat eliminate it by ReLu ( Rectified linear activation function). The other motivation is JavaScript. Most of the people think than JavaScript is used only in Web Development but as language compiler has advance it can be also used in Machine learning which can be directly applied to Web App with or without any FrameWork. I believe in future javascript will surpass python in Machine learning application use.



# Contribution and Future Scope

This project is implementation on the ongoing research on Convolutional Neural Network and how to exploit their power in different field. One of the field is about Time Series Data where data change with respect of time. Some company like Tesla use Convolutional Neural Network to Auto drive there car and data come inform of Data Images or Data Points. Most of the Stock Predictor and Bot uses RNN network as RNN is less Complicated than CNN but Library are become stronger is easier to implement to use CNN so why not Exploit the power of CNN in that structure also.





# Reference

## Article:

1. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Time\\_series](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Time_series)
2. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Long\\_short-term\\_memory](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Long_short-term_memory)
3. <https://machinelearningmastery.com/rectified-linear-activation-function-for-deep-learning-neural-networks/>
4. <https://www.tensorflow.org/js>
5. <https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2020/02/cnn-vs-rnn-vs-mlp-analyzing-3-types-of-neural-networks-in-deep-learning/>
6. <https://towardsdatascience.com/stock-market-action-prediction-with-convnet-8689238feae3/>

## Research Papers:

Stock Price Prediction Using Convolutional Neural Networks on a Multivariate Time Series by Sidra Mehtab and Jaydip Sen (<https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.09769>)

Deep learning for time series classification: a review  
(<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1809.04356.pdf>)

## Books

Hands on Machine Learning with Scikit-learn and TensorFlow by *Aurélien Géron*