# GraphQL API Example

- Django graphene -

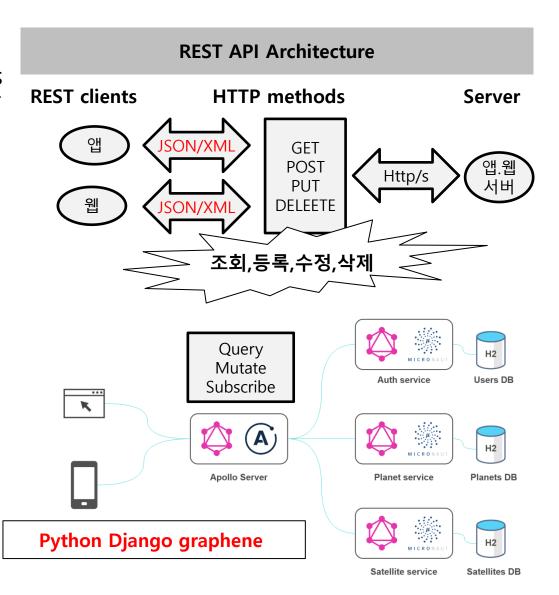
#### 빅데이터 시대, 21세기의 원유

## "데이터는 흐르는 것" DataOPS API기반 개발 Trend 빅데이터 개방과 개인정보 issue

**RESTful API**: An application program interface (**API**) that uses HTTP requests to GET, PUT, POST and DELETE data. An **API** for a website is code that allows two software programs to communicate with each other.

**GraphQL**: 오픈소스 data query and manipulation language. 페이스북에서 2012년 개발 2015년 공개.

Apollo - Javascript



#### **GraphQL** - **Django**

1

(2)

INSTALLED\_APPS = [

import graphene

pip install graphene-django

```
album
board
  migrations
   init .py
   admin.py
   apps.py
   amodels.py
   a schema.py
   tests.py
   arls.py
   wiews.py
chart
config
     __init__.py
   🛵 asgi.py
   a schema.py
   🦰 settings.py
   arls.py
   🛵 wsgi.py
static
templates
```

```
'graphene_django',
from graphene_django.views import GraphQLView
from .schema import schema
                                                         /graphql 로 접속하게 된다.
urlpatterns = [
  path('graphgl', GraphQLView.as view(
                                                         schema.py 를 사용
    graphigl = True,
                                                         graphiql = True
    schema schema
  )),
```

3 from board.schema import BoardQuery class Querv( BoardQuery, 대상을 설정한다 pass schema = draphene.Schema(query=Query)

import graphene from graphene django.types import DjangoObjectType Django 모델을 연결: from .models import Board Type과 Query를 정의 class BoardType(DjangoObjectType): class Meta: model € Board class BoardQuery(graphene.ObjectType): allBoard = graphene.List(BoardType) def resolve allBoard(self, info, \*\*kwarqs): return Board.objects.all()

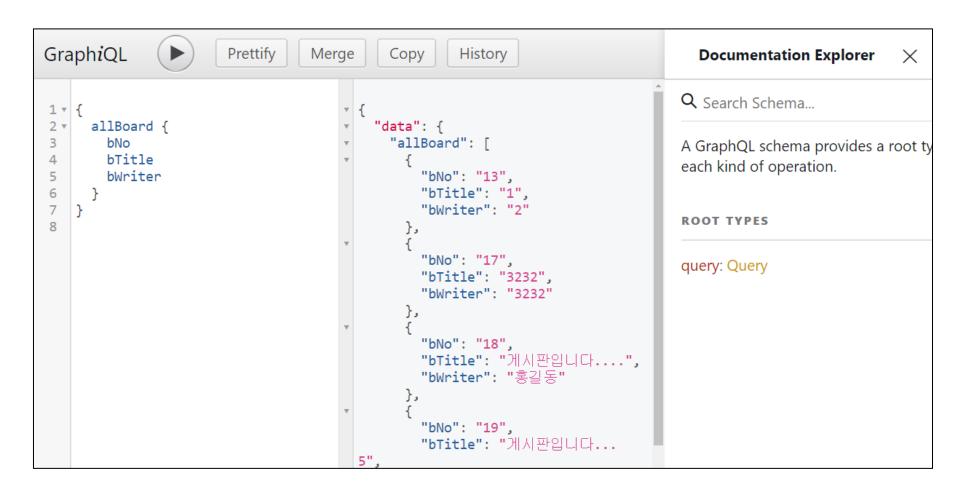
class Board(models.Model):

b no = models.AutoField(db column='b no', primary key=True) b title = models.CharField(db column='b title', max length=255)

(5)

4

### 화면 -graghiql



- MUTATE, SUBSCRIBE (Webhook, 사용자 정의 콜백)
- Use query from clients, JSON