216595613 CTMC 81260526 807782 2/9/1992 12:00:00 AM Discharge Summary Unsigned DIS Admission Date : 02/09/1992

Report Status:

Unsigned

Discharge Date :

02/22/1992

PRINCIPAL DIAGNOSIS :

STATUS POST MULTIPLE EMBOLISMS AND LEFT VENTRICULAR THROMBUS PROCEDURES :

LEFT VENTRICULAR THROMBECTOMY .

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS :

This is a 63 year old patient who had no significant medical history until 1987 , when he developed a left arm embolism which was treated with SVG from the left thigh .

The postop course was uncomplicated with an embolus occluding the graft and a CV

In 04-90 , the patient suffered an intestinal embolism requiring an ileostomy wh ich was closed in 09-90 .

In 09-90 , the patient developed a second CVA presenting with slurred speech whi ch resolved without residual .

The patient presents now with a 3 month history of dizziness and mood changes . He also complains of continued left arm paresthesias .

The patient also reports that he had a large silent MI in 01-89 , which was unco mplicated .

HOSPITAL COURSE :

After admission to the Medical Service , the patient underwent work up for embol ism source and source for his dizziness .

His search had previously been negative .

A recent echo showed 1+ MR , inferior apical and left ventricular akinesis and a $3 \times 2.5 \text{ cm}$ spherical mass in the inferior apical left ventricle .

This finding was in concurrence with findings of a cardiac cath performed on 2-1 2-92.

The patient was then transferred to the Cardiac Surgery Service for the removal of this left ventricular mass .

Coronary angiography during the cardiac cath had revealed normal coronaries with out coronary artery disease .

After the usual preparation , the patient was taken to the OR on 2-14-92 , and u nderwent left ventriculotomy and removal of the left ventricular thrombus .

The pathological examination of the removed material revealed a blood clot with thrombus .

The patient tolerated the procedure well .

During the early postop period , he was kept on IV Dextran and was restarted on Coumadin .

His further postop course was complicated by a recurrent episode of dizziness . His neurologic work up , however , was negative .

A repeat echo showed no recurrent intraventricular thrombus and a carotid Dopple r study was negative .

The patient suffered no further dizzy spells during the further postop days . He was discharged in good condition on 2-22-92 .

DISPOSITION :

MEDICATIONS ON DISCHARGE:

Synthroid .1 mg po q d , Metamucil one pack po q d , Persantine 50 mg po t.i.d. , Lopressor 25 mg po b.i.d. , Anusol cream at anal t.i.d. , Coumadin for PTT equ

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al 20 seconds as directed , Albuterol inhaler two puffs q 6 h prn . FOLLOW UP CARE :
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Since our Hematology consultant recommended to keep the patient 's PT in the range of 20-22 seconds, the patient will require close follow up of his PT's while on Coumadin.

This was discussed with the patient ' s local medical doctor , $\operatorname{Dr.}$ Royneo Wa lla .

The patient will receive further follow up including evoked potential studies by our Neurology Service .

He has an appointment with $Dr.\ O$ Kotea for his cardiac surgical follow up 4 week s post discharge .

RW629/4018 ER SPALDJESCSAPELKSGLOTZA , M.D. JS8 RW2

D:
04/04/92
Batch:
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Report:
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04/06/92
Dicatated By:
WIN AGNE, M.D.

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