

Looking at my dependency graph, my `app.py` serves as the main entry point that brings together all the components of my Flask application. I'm using Flask's core modules including `flask-app`, `flask-ctx`, `flask-globals`, `flask-wrappers`, `flask-helpers`, `flask-json`, `flask-templating`, and `flask-blueprints` to handle the web framework functionality. For database connectivity, I've integrated `psycopg` and `psycopg-sql` to work with PostgreSQL, which connect to a `psycopg_pool` system that manages connection pooling through various components like `pool`, `async`, `pool errors`, and `null pool`. My custom application logic is organized in the `module_5` package, specifically in `module_5.src` and `module_5.src.query_helpers`, which handles my database queries and business operations. I'm also using `flask-config` to manage my application settings and `flask-signals` for event handling. The architecture shows a clear separation between the web framework layer, database management, and my custom code, all of which come together in my `app.py` file.