

	G o a l	10. Reduce inequality within and among countries
U	Target	10.b Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes
	Indicator	10.b.1 Total resource flows for development, by recipient and donor countries and type of flow (e.g. official development assistance, foreign direct investment and other flows)

I. Global indicator

Definition Total resource flows for development, including Official Development A (ODA), other official flows (OOF) and private flows. Official and private flows, both concessional and non-concessional to decountries. For official flows the major distinction is between official development assistance (ODA) and other official flows (OOF), while private flows are down into flows at market terms and charitable grants. Contributing multilateral development agencies are also included.	veloping lopment broken

II. Data description

[Data] Total resource flows for development from a donor

[Butta] Total resource flows for development from a donor		
Calculation method	Official and private flows, both concessional and non-concessional, to developing countries from a donor country.	
Unit	Million\$(USD)	
Data sources	The OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) collects data from donor countries' reporters (ministries of foreign affairs or finance). (http://www.oecd.org/dac/stats/methodology.htm)	
Calendar	■ Time series: 2000-2018(Data for Korea included in 2005-2018) ■ Data release: Annually	
Organizations	OECD(Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development)	
Global indicator link	Metadata: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-10-0b-01.pdfData: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/	

