

	G o a l	14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development			
N	Target	14.1 By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution			
	Indicator	14.1.1 (a) Index of coastal eutrophication; and (b) floating plastic debris density			

I. National indicator <a href="Type 3"><a href="Type 3"><

Indicator	Marine debris collected				
Definition	Mainly through the central government and local governments, The amount of marine debris collected is measured based on the results of various collection projects, and is largely classifided as coastal debris, floating debris and deposited debris				
Calculation	_				
method					
Unit	1,000 ton				

## II. National indicator's source

Data sources	■ Source: Marine Environment Information Portal ■ Collection method: The amount of marine debris collected is estimated on the basis of a variety of marine debris collection projects of the central and local governments		
Calendar	■ Frequency: Annually ■ Data release: -		
Organizations	Korea Marine Environment Management Corporation (02-3498-7103)		
Related International Agency	UNEP		





III. Comparison with UN SDG indicator

① Ind		② Definition	③ Data value		
Same	Different		ame Different		
	The indicator includes 14.1.1a Index of coastal eutrophication (ICEP) and 14.1.1b Plastic debris density. SDG 14.1.1a and SDG 14.1.1b will described as two indicators. Across the 14.1.1a and 14.1.1b, two levels are proposed:  Level 1: Globally available data from earth observations and modelling Level 2: National data which will be collected from countries (through the relevant Regional Seas Programme, where applicable (i.e. for countries that are a member of a Regional Seas Programme)  Level 3: Additional indicators which are suggested that countries might consider collecting (these are not discussed in this document)  Marine debris collected is included in level 2(Beach litter, Floating plastics, Seafloor litter) of monitoring parameters for the SDG Indicator 14.1.1b.				
Note	Level	Monitoring parameters    Monitoring parameters   Monitoring parameters	Reporting Frequency		
Note		ding)	Five years		
		lorophyll-a deviations (remote sensing)	Annual		
	Pot	tional modelling of indicator for Coastal Eutrophicatio tential (ICEP)	n		
	2 Tot 2 Tot	lorophyll-a concentration (remote sensing and in situ) tal Nitrogen of DIN (dissolved inorganic nitrogen) tal Phosphorus or DIP (dissolved inorganic phosphorus) tal silica	4 years (aligned with Regional Seas)		
	Monitoring p	t SDG Indicator 14.1.1b.			
	Level	Monitoring parameters	Reporting Frequency		
		stic patches greater than 10 meters*	Five years		
		ach litter originating from national land-based sources	Annual		
		ach litter (beach surveys)	_		
		ating plastics (visual observation, manta trawls)	4 years (aligned		
		eter column plastics (demersal trawls)	with Regional Seas)		
		afloor litter (benthic trawls (e.g. fish survey trawls), divers, eo/camera tows, submersibles, remotely operated vehicles)			
Global indicator link		a: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Met tps://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/	adata-14-01-01.pdf		

