U N	Goal	10. Reduce inequality within and among countries
	Target	10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality
	Indicator	10.4.2 Redistributive impact of fiscal policy

I. National indicator ⟨Type 1⟩

Indicator	Market income Gini coefficient
Definition	Difference between income Gini coefficient before tax and income Gini coefficient after tax
Calculation method	Market income Gini coefficient - disposable income Gini coefficient
Unit	-

II. National indicator's source

Data sources	▌Source: *Survey of Household Finances and Living Conditions* ▌Collection method: Income and consumption data collected from sample survey of approximately 20,000 households nationwide
Calendar	▌Frequency: Annually (survey done in Mar-Apr) - Reference time point: household composition, assets and debts (March 31 of the survey year), income, spending, principal repayment and interest payment (Jan 1-Dec 31 in the previous year) ▌Data release: December in the reference year
Organizations	Welfare Statistics Division(Tel. 042-481-6943), Statistics Korea
Related International Agency	OECD

III. Comparison with UN SDG indicator

① Indicator		② Definition		③ Data value	
Same	Different	**Same**	Different	Same	**Different**

Note	▌The UN global database include no data for Korea
Global indicator link	▌Metadata: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-10-04-02.pdf ▌Data: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS