

U N	Goal	14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development
	Target	14.7 By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island Developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism
	Indicator	14.7.1 Sustainable fisheries as a proportion of GDP in small island developing States, least developed countries and all countries

I. Global indicator

〈Type 4〉

Indicator	Sustainable fisheries as a proportion of GDP in small island developing States, least developed countries and all countries
Definition	<p>This indicator expresses the value added of sustainable marine capture fisheries as a proportion of Gross Domestic Product (the sum of the value added (VA) from all sectors in an economy). Although target 14.7 encompasses fisheries, aquaculture and tourism, this indicator focuses only on the sustainable use of marine resources by fisheries. The methodology hereby proposed by FAO thus measures sustainable fisheries as a percentage of GDP, in accordance to the agreed indicator formulation.</p> <p>The share of value added from an industry in GDP is commonly used as an indication of its economic importance. Accordingly, the value added of marine capture fisheries indicates the prominence of marine fish related activities in the country's economy and its importance for livelihoods. Both GDP and the VA are measured in constant prices and domestic currency. Stocks that are fished at sustainable levels are able to support the communities and industries which rely on them, without compromising reproduction and long-term sustainability. By contrast, a stock that is exploited to a point where it cannot replenish itself will ultimately provide sub-optimal long-term economic returns for stakeholders. The status of a fish stock is evaluated through a various processes of assessment that commonly combines biological and statistical information to assess changes in its abundance in response to fishing, which also enables forecasting of future trends.</p>
Global indicator link	<p>■ Metadata: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-14-07-01.pdf</p> <p>■ Data: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/</p>