

U N	G o a l	12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns
	T a r g e t	12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment
	Indicator	12.4.2 (a) Hazardous waste generated per capita and (b) proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment

I. National indicator

<Type 3>

Indicator	Hazardous waste generation and treatment
Definition	1) Hazardous waste generation 2) Hazardous waste treatment, by type such as landfill, incineration, recycling, and offshore dumping Under Article 2 of the Waste Control Act, hazardous waste is defined as industrial waste that may pollute surrounding environments such as waste oils and waste acids and that may harm humans such as medical waste, as designated by a Presidential Decree(23 types including medical waste)
Calculation method	-
Unit	ton/day

II. National indicator's source

Data sources	■ Source: National Waste Generation and Treatment Status ■ Collection method: Waste treatment services reports through the Allbaro System or in writing to municipalities; cities and provinces compile the data (reported statistics).
Calendar	■ Frequency: Annually(Report done between March and December as of Jan 1 - Dec 31 of the following year) ■ Data release: December in the following year
Organizations	Resource Cycling Policy Division(Tel. 044-201-7350), Ministry of Environment
Related International Agency	OECD

III. Comparison with UN SDG indicator

① Indicator		② Definition		③ Data value	
Same	Different	Same	Different	Same	Different
Global indicator link		■ Metadata: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-12-04-02.pdf ■ Data: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/			