Scatter Plots

```
# Recover default matplotlib settings
mpl.rcParams.update(mpl.rcParamsDefault)
%matplotlib inline

insurance = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/My Drive/Python DataScience/Visualization/Seabo
insurance.head(10)
```

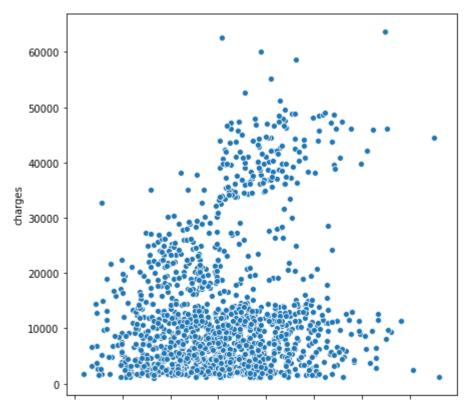
г,									
С→		age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges	
	0	19	female	27.900	0	yes	southwest	16884.92400	
	1	18	male	33.770	1	no	southeast	1725.55230	
	2 28 male 33.0		33.000	3	no	southeast	4449.46200		
	3	3 33 male 2		22.705	0	no	northwest	21984.47061	
	4	32	male	28.880	0	no	northwest	3866.85520	
	5	31 female 25.74		25.740	0	no	southeast		
	6	46	46 female 33.440 37 female 27.740		1	no	southeast		
	7	37			3	no	northwest		
	8	37	male	29.830	2	no	northeast	6406.41070	
	9	60	female	25 840	Λ	no	northwest	28923 13692	

#insurance.head(5)

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
0	19	female	27.900	0	yes	southwest	16884.92400
1	18	male	33.770	1	no	southeast	1725.55230
2	28	male	33.000	3	no	southeast	4449.46200
3	33	male	22.705	0	no	northwest	21984.47061
4	32	male	28.880	0	no	northwest	3866.85520

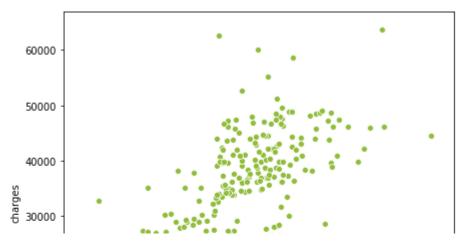
```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sns.scatterplot(x=insurance.bmi , y=insurance.charges )
plt.show()
```

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```
#Changing the color of data points using "color" parameter
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sns.scatterplot(x=insurance.bmi , y=insurance.charges , color='#91bd3a')
plt.show()
```

С

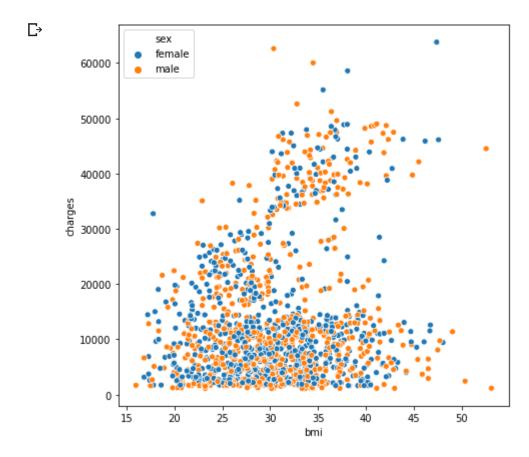


```
#Changing the shape of data points using "marker" parameter
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.scatterplot(x=insurance.bmi , y=insurance.charges , color='#339900' , marker = ">"
plt.show()
```

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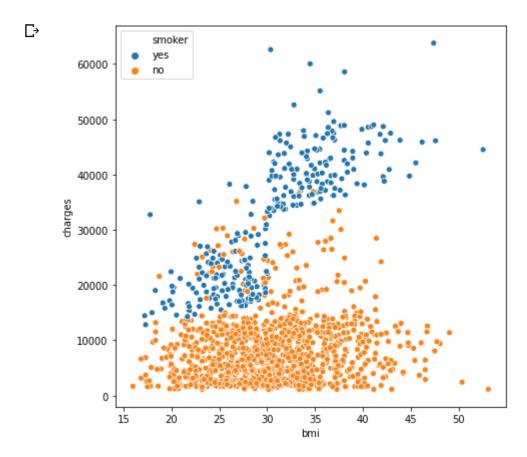
```
50000
```

Show groups with different colors using "hue"
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sns.scatterplot(x=insurance.bmi , y=insurance.charges , hue=insurance.sex)
plt.show()



Show groups with different colors using "hue"

```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sns.scatterplot(x=insurance.bmi , y=insurance.charges , hue=insurance.smoker)
plt.show()
```



```
#Setting X limit using "plt.xlim"

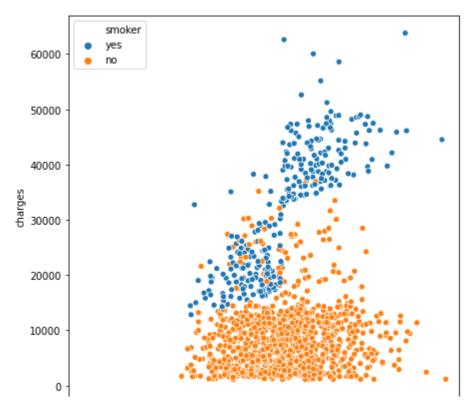
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))

plt.xlim([0,55])

sns.scatterplot(x=insurance.bmi , y=insurance.charges , hue=insurance.smoker)

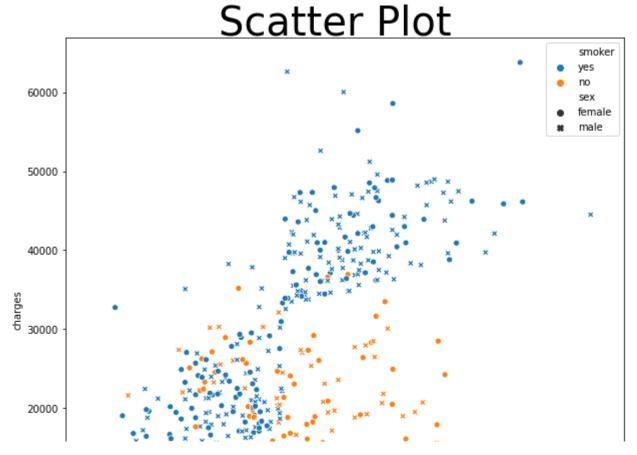
plt.show()

□
```



Showing two different grouping variables using "hue" amd "style" parameter
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.gcf().text(.5, .9, "Scatter Plot", fontsize = 40, color='Black', ha='center', va='c
sns.scatterplot(x=insurance.bmi , y=insurance.charges , hue=insurance.smoker, style=insu
plt.show()

С→



stdperf = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/My Drive/Python DataScience/Visualization/Seaborn stdperf.head(10)

₽

```
parental
                                                      test
                                                            math reading writing
                             level of
       gender race/ethnicity
                                                preparation
                                          lunch
                                                           score
                                                                   score
                                                                          score
                            education
                             bachelor's
                                        standard
        female
                     group B
                                                      none
                                                             72
                                                                     72
                                                                             74
                               degree
                                some
     4 f .... - 1 -
                                        ^^
#stdperf.head()
     2 female
                     group B
                                                                     95
                                                                             93
                                        standard
                                                             90
                                                      none
plt.figure(figsize=(9,9))
sns.scatterplot(x= stdperf['reading score'] , y= stdperf['writing score'] ,
                   hue=stdperf['test preparation course'], size = stdperf['math score'] , s
plt.show()
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```



pokemon = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/My Drive/Python DataScience/Visualization/Seaborn
pokemon.head(10)

₽		#	Name	Type 1	Type 2	НР	Attack	Defense	Sp. Atk		Speed	Generation	Legendary	Total
1	0	1	Bulbasaur	Grass	Poison	45	49	49	65	65	45	1	False	318
	1	2	lvysaur	Grass	Poison	60	62	63	80	80	60	1	False	405
	2	3	Venusaur	Grass	Poison	80	82	83	100	100	80	1	False	525
	3	3	VenusaurMega Venusaur	Grass	Poison	80	100	123	122	120	80	1	False	625
	4 45 56 6	4	Charmander	Fire	NaN	39	52	43	60	50	65	1	False	309
		Charmeleon	Fire	NaN	58	64	58	80	65	80	1	False	405	
		6	Charizard	Fire	Flying	78	84	78	109	85	100	1	False	534
	7	6	CharizardMega Charizard X	Fire	Dragon	78	130	111	130	85	100	1	False	634

#pokemon.head()

Varying the size of the points for a quantitative variable using "size" parameter plt.figure(figsize=(9,9))

plt.show()

