MyoMex Quickstart

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Before you begin, please read through README.txt and follow all steps for setting up the Myo Connect application, Myo SDK, and building the MEX function myo_mex.

Mark Tomaszewski, mark@mark-toma.com, marktoma@buffalo.edu

Before Using MyoMex

If you decided not to read through README.txt, let's at least show you the quickest possible way to get started.

```
install_myo_mex; % adds directories to MATLAB search path
% install_myo_mex save % additionally saves the path

sdk_path = 'C:\myo-sdk-win-0.9.0'; % root path to Myo SDK

build_myo_mex(sdk_path); % builds myo_mex

Evaluating mex command:
    'mex -O -I"C:\myo-sdk-win-0.9.0\include" -L"C:\myo-sdk-win-0.9.0\lib" -lm
```

MyoMex Usage

Before using MyoMex, you must decide how many Myos wou'd like to use in this session. The MyoMex constructor argument countMyos specifies this value. Make sure that exactly countMyos devices are connected in the Myo Connect application or else MyoMex construction will fail. The Myo device(s) should also be worn on a human arm to avoid unexpected disconnection of the device from Myo Connect. If Myo Connect loses a device at any time, MyoMex will terminate and invalidate itself.

```
countMyos = 1;
```

Instantiate MyoMex

After constructing a new MyoMex instance, we'll inspect its properties.

MEX-file 'myo_mex' built successfully!

```
mm = MyoMex(countMyos)
```

Warning: The class file for 'MyoData' has been changed, but the change can

applied because objects based on the old class file still exist. If you us those objects, you might get unexpected results. You can use the 'clear' c to remove those objects. See 'help clear' for information on how to remove objects.

```
mm =
  MyoMex with properties:
  myoData: [1x1 MyoData]
```

Notice that the only property of mm is a lxcountMyos MyoData object. There is no device data stored by mm. The data from each physical Myo device is passed through mm to each element of mm.myoData.

Inspect MyoData

Since MyoData objects inherit from handle, we can get handles to the MyoData objects representing each physical device and use them directly.

```
m1 = mm.myoData(1);
if countMyos == 2, m2 = mm.myoData(2); end
```

Now, we'll just continue this exercise with m1, but the exact same demonstration applies for m2 as well (if countMyos == 2.

The most recent data from Myo will be stored in the relevant properties of the MyoData object (i.e. quat, gyro, accel, emg, pose, etc.). The following is a list of all properties in MyoData.

```
pause(0.1); % wait briefly for the first data frame to come in
% data properties sampled on the IMU time base
m1.timeIMU
m1.quat
m1.rot
m1.gyro
ml.gyro fixed
m1.accel
m1.accel fixed
% data properties sampled on the EMG time base
m1.timeEMG
m1.emg
m1.pose
m1.pose_rest
ml.pose fist
m1.pose_wave_in
m1.pose wave out
ml.pose_fingers_spread
m1.pose_double_tap
m1.arm
ml.arm right
ml.arm left
m1.arm_unknown
```

```
m1.xDir
m1.xDir_wrist
m1.xDir_elbow
m1.xDir_unknown
       ans =
         0.1330
       ans =
         -0.7107 -0.4577 -0.3240 -0.4248
       ans =
          0.4290 -0.3072 0.8494
          0.9004 0.2201 -0.3752
         -0.0716 0.9258
                         0.3711
       ans =
         35.7500 14.1875 23.8125
       ans =
         31.2058 26.3787 19.4100
       ans =
         -0.0718 0.7300 0.3325
       ans =
          0.0274 -0.0288
                           0.8044
       ans =
          0.1730
       ans =
        Columns 1 through 7
         -0.0625 -0.1406 -0.2422 0 0.0156
                                                      0.2656 -0.1953
```

Column 8 -0.1641 ans = 65535 ans = 0 ans = 2 ans = 0 ans =

0

```
ans = 1
ans = 0
ans = 0
ans = 1
```

Using Logged Data

As MyoData receives data from MyoMex, it's automatically accumulated in so-called data_log properties, i.e. quat_log, accel_log, etc. We refer to this as the streaming mode of a MyoData object. This status is indicated by the isStreaming property.

```
m1.isStreaming
ans =
1
```

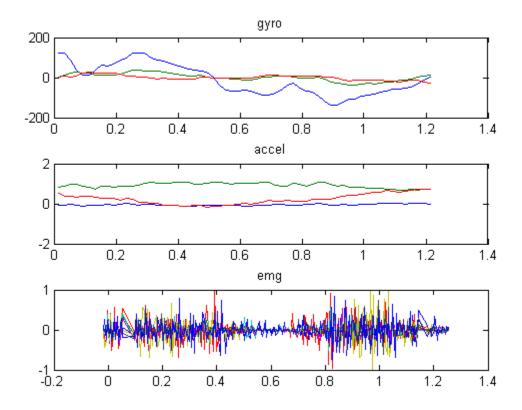
We can inspect the accumulation of the logs for example,

0.77	39
0.97	49

Although we can't stop the data from being passed to in MyoData, we can toggle streaming mode by using the methods stopStreaming() and startStreaming().

Now we can plot some data taking care to use the correct time vectors.

```
figure;
subplot(3,1,1); plot(m1.timeIMU_log,m1.gyro_log); title('gyro');
subplot(3,1,2); plot(m1.timeIMU_log,m1.accel_log); title('accel');
subplot(3,1,3); plot(m1.timeEMG_log,m1.emg_log); title('emg');
```



If you'd like to clear the <u>data</u>log properties to start a new logging trial, then you may use the clear-Logs() method,

```
% collect about T seconds of data
T = 5; % seconds
```

```
m1.clearLogs()
m1.startStreaming();
pause(T);
m1.stopStreaming();
fprintf('Logged data for %d seconds,\n\t',T);
fprintf('IMU samples: %10d\tApprox. IMU sample rate: %5.2f\n\t',...
  length(m1.timeIMU_log),length(m1.timeIMU_log)/T);
fprintf('EMG samples: %10d\tApprox. EMG sample rate: %5.2f\n\t',...
  length(m1.timeEMG_log),length(m1.timeEMG_log)/T);
        Logged data for 5 seconds,
         IMU samples:
                              251 Approx. IMU sample rate: 50.20
         EMG samples:
                             1000 Approx. EMG sample rate: 200.00
Finally, when you're done with MyoMex, don't forget to clean up!
mm.delete;
clear mm
```

Finally, take advantages of the following resources for additional information about MyoData!

```
% MyoMexGUI_Monitor
% properties MyoData
% methods MyoData
% help MyoData
```

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