Data Description

Problem Statement:

• The aim of the project is to classify the road side signs category using CNN (with different architectures).

About Dataset:

- The dataset contains 80,000 synthetic images of road signs.
- Each image has a *.png format and a size of 224 x 224 pixels.
- There are 8 classes in the data that correspond to the categories of signs in Russia.
- For the test 3000 images per category.

Found 11200 images belonging to 8 classes.

• For train 7000 images per category.

```
In [2]: # Import necessary libraries
            import numpy as np
            import pandas as pd
import warnings
            warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
            import random
            import os
            import tensorflow as tf
            from tensorflow import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
            from tensorflow.keras.layers import BatchNormalization
            import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
            from keras.models import Sequential, load_model from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator, img_to_array, array_to_img, load_img
            from keras.layers import Conv2D, Dense, Flatten, Rescaling, AveragePooling2D, Dropout from keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Dropout, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D from keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D, MaxPool2D, Flatten
In [3]: # Import data path
            data_dir = '/kaggle/input/russian-road-signs-categories-dataset'
train_path = '/kaggle/input/russian-road-signs-categories-dataset/train'
test_path = '/kaggle/input/russian-road-signs-categories-dataset/test'
In [4]: #Initialize height and weight
            height = 50
width = 50
In [5]: # Initialize seeds and batch size
batch_size = 150
            seed = 42
In [6]: # Image rescaling
            train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255
                                                               validation_split=0.2)
            train_dataset = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(train_path,
                                                                                     target size=(height, width),
                                                                                     batch_size=batch_size,
                                                                                     class mode='categorical',
                                                                                     shuffle=True,
                                                                                     seed=seed,
                                                                                     color_mode='rgb',
interpolation='hamming',
                                                                                     subset='training')
            test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,
            validation_split=0.2)
test_dataset = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(train_path,
                                                                                  target_size=(height, width),
batch_size=batch_size,
                                                                                  class_mode='categorical',
shuffle=True,
                                                                                  seed=seed,
                                                                                 color_mode='rgb',
interpolation='hamming',
subset='validation')
            Found 44800 images belonging to 8 classes.
```

We have 8 classes in training dataset in which 44800 images are there and 8 classes in testing dataset in which 11200 images are there

Basic CNN Model

```
In [7]: model = keras.models.Sequential([
                 keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=16, kernel_size=(5,5), activation='relu', input_shape=(height,width,3)),
                keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(5,5), activation='relu'),
keras.layers.MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),
                 keras.layers.BatchNormalization(axis=-1),
                 keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3,3), activation='relu'),
keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3,3), activation='relu'),
                 keras.layers.MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),
keras.layers.BatchNormalization(axis=-1),
                 keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.25),
                 keras.layers.Flatten(),
                 keras.layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'), keras.layers.BatchNormalization(),
                 keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.25),
                 keras.layers.Dense(8, activation='softmax')
           1)
           2022-12-27 13:03:40.660722: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS ha
           d negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero 2022-12-27 13:03:40.741883: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS ha
           d negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero 2022-12-27 13:03:40.742732: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS ha
           d negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero 2022-12-27 13:03:40.743870: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:142] This TensorFlow binary is optimized with oneAP
           I Deep Neural Network Library (oneDNN) to use the following CPU instructions in performance-critical operations: AVX2 AVX512F
           FMA
            To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
           2022-12-27 13:03:40.744157: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero 2022-12-27 13:03:40.744859: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS ha
            d negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
           2022-12-27 13:03:40.745523: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
           2022-12-27 13:03:42.556841: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS ha
            d negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
           2022-12-27 13:83:42.557787: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
           2022-12-27 13:83:42.558520: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
           2022-12-27 13:03:42.559100: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/gpu/gpu_device.cc:1510] Created device /job:localhost/replica:0/ta
           sk:0/device:GPU:0 with 15401 MB memory: -> device: 0, name: Tesla P100-PCIE-16GB, pci bus id: 0000:00:04.0, compute capabilit
           y: 6.0
In [8]: alpha=0.01
           epochs=15
           optim = keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.01)
```

model.compile(optimizer = optim, loss = 'categorical_crossentropy', metrics = ['accuracy'])

s are enabled (registered 2) Epoch 1/15 2022-12-27 13:03:46.319641: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_dnn.cc:369] Loaded cuDNN version 8005 299/299 [==========] - 306s 999ms/step - loss: 0.3349 - accuracy: 0.8943 - val loss: 0.1854 - val accuracy: 0.9393 Epoch 2/15 299/299 [= 0.9469 Epoch 3/15 299/299 [= 0.9881 Epoch 4/15 299/299 [== :==========] - 171s 572ms/step - loss: 0.0319 - accuracy: 0.9895 - val loss: 0.6708 - val accuracy: 0.8545 Epoch 5/15 299/299 [= ========] - 170s 568ms/step - loss: 0.0355 - accuracy: 0.9886 - val_loss: 0.2501 - val_accuracy: 0.9548 Epoch 6/15 299/299 [== 0.8149 Enoch 7/15 299/299 [= ==========] - 169s 566ms/step - loss: 0.0213 - accuracy: 0.9929 - val_loss: 0.1718 - val_accuracy: 0.9565 Epoch 8/15 299/299 [== 0.9827 Epoch 9/15 299/299 [== 0.9875 Epoch 10/15 299/299 [== 0.9327 Epoch 11/15 299/299 [=== Epoch 12/15 299/299 [== 0.8088 Epoch 13/15

===========] - 173s 579ms/step - loss: 0.0129 - accuracy: 0.9961 - val_loss: 1.0953 - val_accuracy:

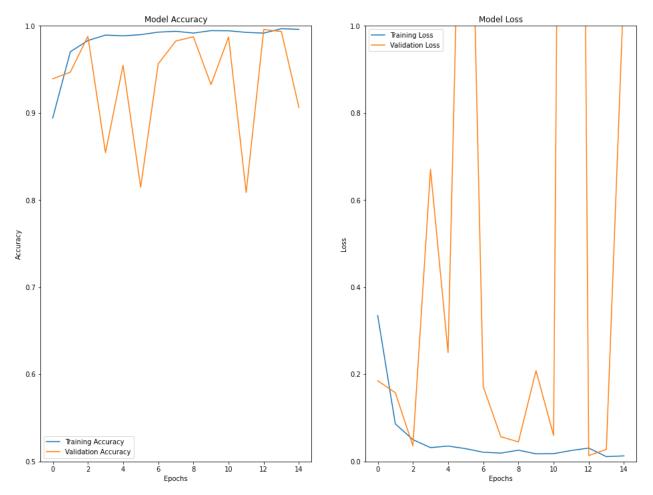
299/299 [===

0.9959 Epoch 14/15 299/299 [===

0.9936 Epoch 15/15 299/299 [==

0.9063

```
In [10]: # Graphical representation of Model accuracy and Loss
fig,ax=plt.subplots(1,2)
fig.set_size_inches(16,12)
performance = pd.DataFrame(cnn.history)
plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
ax[1].plot(performance[['loss','val_loss']])
ax[1].legend(['Training Loss', 'Validation Loss'])
ax[1].set_title('Model Loss')
ax[1].set_xlabel('Epochs')
ax[1].set_ylabel('Loss')
ax[1].set_ylabel('Loss')
ax[0].plot(performance[['accuracy','val_accuracy']])
ax[0].legend(['Training Accuracy', 'Validation Accuracy'])
ax[0].set_title('Model Accuracy')
ax[0].set_ylabel('Accuracy')
ax[0].set_ylabel('Accuracy')
ax[0].set_ylabel('CNN Performance')
plt.show()
```



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LeNet_5 Model

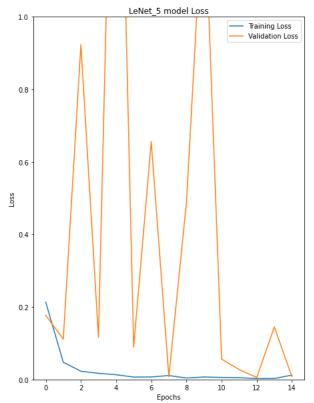
https://analyticsindiamag.com/complete-tutorial-on-lenet-5-guide-to-begin-with-cnns/ (https://analyticsindiamag.com/complete-tutorial-on-lenet-5-guide-to-begin-with-cnns/)

```
In [13]: alpha=0.01
    epochs=15
    optim = keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.01)
    LeNet_5.compile(optimizer = optim, loss = 'categorical_crossentropy', metrics = ['accuracy'])
```

```
Epoch 1/15
0 9485
Epoch 2/15
0.9717
Epoch 3/15
299/299 [=============] - 171s 571ms/step - loss: 0.0228 - accuracy: 0.9945 - val loss: 0.9231 - val accuracy:
0.7461
Epoch 4/15
0.9569
Epoch 5/15
299/299 [=========] - 172s 577ms/step - loss: 0.0132 - accuracy: 0.9966 - val loss: 2.1497 - val accuracy:
0.5200
Enoch 6/15
299/299 [==
      0.9633
Epoch 7/15
0.8163
Epoch 8/15
299/299 [=============] - 200s 670ms/step - loss: 0.0110 - accuracy: 0.9971 - val_loss: 0.0076 - val_accuracy:
0.9979
Epoch 9/15
0.8538
Epoch 10/15
299/299 [=============] - 171s 573ms/step - loss: 0.0069 - accuracy: 0.9981 - val loss: 1.3677 - val accuracy:
Epoch 11/15
299/299 [===
      0.9784
Epoch 12/15
299/299 [============] - 170s 570ms/step - loss: 0.0050 - accuracy: 0.9986 - val_loss: 0.0274 - val_accuracy:
0.9920
Epoch 13/15
0.9984
Epoch 14/15
299/299 [=============] - 170s 568ms/step - loss: 0.0028 - accuracy: 0.9992 - val_loss: 0.1450 - val_accuracy:
0.9613
Epoch 15/15
299/299 [=========== ] - 172s 576ms/step - loss: 0.0121 - accuracy: 0.9962 - val loss: 0.0076 - val accuracy:
```

```
In [16]: fig,ax=plt.subplots(1,2)
    fig.set_size_inches(16,10)
    performance = pd.DataFrame(cnn2.history)
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
    ax[1].plot(performance[['loss','val_loss']])
    ax[1].legend(['Training Loss', 'Validation Loss'])
    ax[1].set_title('LeNet_5 model Loss')
    ax[1].set_xlabel('Epochs')
    ax[1].set_ylabel('Loss')
    ax[1].set_ylim(0,1)
    ax[0].plot(performance[['accuracy','val_accuracy']])
    ax[0].legend(['Training Accuracy', 'Validation Accuracy'])
    ax[0].set_xlabel('Epochs')
    ax[0].set_xlabel('Epochs')
    ax[0].set_ylabel('Accuracy')
    ax[0].set_ylabel('Accuracy')
    index[0].set_ylabel('Accuracy')
    index[0].set_ylabel('CNN Performance')
    plt.show()
```





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AlexNet Model

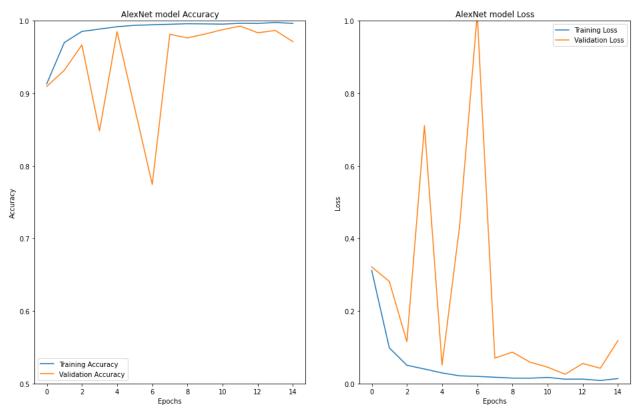
```
In [17]: AlexNet = Sequential()
             AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=16, input_shape=(50,50,3), kernel_size=(11,11), strides=(4,4), padding='same'))
             AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
AlexNet.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2), padding='same'))
AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(5, 5), strides=(1,1), padding='same'))
             AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
             AlexNet.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2), padding='same'))
AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=48, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='same'))
             AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='same'))
AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
             AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='same'))
             AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
             AlexNet.add(Activation('relu')) AlexNet.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2), padding='same'))
             AlexNet.add(Flatten())
              AlexNet.add(Dense(4096, input_shape=(32,32,3,)))
             AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
             AlexNet.add(Dropout(0.4))
              AlexNet.add(Dense(4096))
             AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
             AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
              AlexNet.add(Dropout(0.4))
             AlexNet.add(Dense(1000))
             AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
             AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
             {\tt AlexNet.add(Dropout(0.4))}
             AlexNet.add(Dense(8))
             AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
AlexNet.add(Activation('softmax'))
```

https://www.mygreatlearning.com/blog/alexnet-the-first-cnn-to-win-image-net/ (https://www.mygreatlearning.com/blog/alexnet-the-first-cnn-to-win-image-net/)

```
In [18]: alpha=0.01
    epochs=15
    optim = keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.01)
    AlexNet.compile(optimizer = optim, loss = 'categorical_crossentropy', metrics = ['accuracy'])
```

```
Epoch 1/15
0 9094
Epoch 2/15
0.9317
Epoch 3/15
299/299 [============] - 171s 573ms/step - loss: 0.0503 - accuracy: 0.9852 - val loss: 0.1151 - val accuracy:
0.9666
Epoch 4/15
0.8480
Epoch 5/15
299/299 [==========] - 170s 571ms/step - loss: 0.0292 - accuracy: 0.9917 - val loss: 0.0509 - val accuracy:
0.9849
Epoch 6/15
299/299 [==
     0.8799
Epoch 7/15
0.7744
Epoch 8/15
299/299 [=============] - 170s 571ms/step - loss: 0.0173 - accuracy: 0.9951 - val_loss: 0.0700 - val_accuracy:
0.9813
Epoch 9/15
0.9762
Epoch 10/15
Epoch 11/15
299/299 [===
     0.9877
Epoch 12/15
299/299 [============] - 207s 693ms/step - loss: 0.0119 - accuracy: 0.9965 - val_loss: 0.0255 - val_accuracy:
0.9926
Epoch 13/15
0.9834
Epoch 14/15
0.9865
Epoch 15/15
299/299 [============ ] - 168s 561ms/step - loss: 0.0136 - accuracy: 0.9962 - val loss: 0.1183 - val accuracy:
0.9712
```

```
In [20]: fig.ax=plt.subplots(1,2)
    fig.set_size_inches(16,10)
    performance = pd.DataFrame(cnn3.history)
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
    ax[1].plot(performance[['loss', 'val_loss']])
    ax[1].legend(['Training Loss', 'Validation Loss'])
    ax[1].set_title('AlexNet model Loss')
    ax[1].set_xlabel('Epochs')
    ax[1].set_ylabel('Loss')
    ax[1].set_ylim(0,1)
    ax[0].plot(performance[['accuracy','val_accuracy']])
    ax[0].legend(['Training Accuracy', 'Validation Accuracy'])
    ax[0].set_xlabel('Epochs')
    ax[0].set_xlabel('Epochs')
    ax[0].set_ylabel('Accuracy')
    ax[0].set_ylabel('Accuracy')
    ax[0].set_ylim(0.5,1)
    fig.suptitle('CNN Performance')
    plt.show()
```



<Figure size 720x504 with 0 Axes>

VGG Model

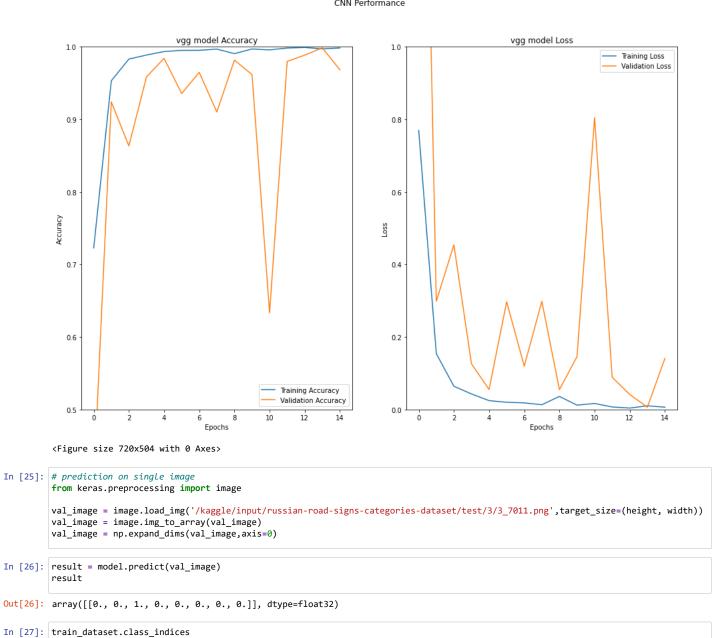
```
In [21]: vgg = Sequential()
                 vgg.add(Conv2D(input_shape=(50,50,3),filters=16,kernel_size=(5,5),padding="same"))
                 vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=32,kernel_size=(5,5),padding="same", activation="relu"))
vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
                 vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
vgg.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(2,2)))
vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same"))
vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
                 vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same"))
                 vgg.add(Conv2D(Tilters=32, kernel_size=(5,5), padding= same ),
vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
vgg.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(2,2)))
vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=48, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same"))
                 vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
                 vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=48, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same", activation="relu"))
vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=48, kernel_size=(3,3), padding="same", activation="relu"))
vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=48, kernel_size=(3,3), padding="same", activation="relu"))
                 vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
                 vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
vgg.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(2,2)))
                 vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same"))
vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same"))
                 vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
                 vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same"))
vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
                 vgg.add(BatthNormalization())
vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
vgg.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(2,2)))
vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=80, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same", activation="relu"))
vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=80, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same", activation="relu"))
                 vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
                 vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
vgg.add(Conv2D(filters=80, kernel_size=(5,5), padding="same"))
                 vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
                 vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
vgg.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2),strides=(2,2)))
                 vgg.add(Flatten())
                 vgg.add(Dense(units=4096))
vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
                 vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
vgg.add(Dense(units=1700,activation="relu"))
                 vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
vgg.add(Activation('relu'))
                 vgg.add(Dense(units=8))
vgg.add(BatchNormalization())
                 vgg.add(Activation('softmax'))
```

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vgg-16-cnn-model/ (https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/vgg-16-cnn-model/)

```
In [22]: alpha=0.01
    epochs=15
    optim = keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.01)
    vgg.compile(optimizer = optim, loss = 'categorical_crossentropy', metrics = ['accuracy'])
```

```
Epoch 1/15
0.3986
Epoch 2/15
0.9239
Epoch 3/15
0.8632
Epoch 4/15
0.9584
Epoch 5/15
299/299 [==========] - 172s 575ms/step - loss: 0.0245 - accuracy: 0.9933 - val loss: 0.0552 - val accuracy:
0.9839
Epoch 6/15
299/299 [==
    0.9354
Epoch 7/15
0.9646
Epoch 8/15
299/299 [=============] - 170s 568ms/step - loss: 0.0131 - accuracy: 0.9967 - val_loss: 0.2982 - val_accuracy:
0.9100
Epoch 9/15
0.9815
Epoch 10/15
0.9616
Epoch 11/15
299/299 [===
    0.6332
Epoch 12/15
299/299 [=============] - 169s 566ms/step - loss: 0.0070 - accuracy: 0.9982 - val_loss: 0.0889 - val_accuracy:
0.9797
Epoch 13/15
0.9884
Epoch 14/15
0.9984
Epoch 15/15
299/299 [=========== ] - 170s 568ms/step - loss: 0.0064 - accuracy: 0.9983 - val loss: 0.1410 - val accuracy:
0.9681
```

```
In [24]: # Graphical representation of acuuracy and loss
                                                                                                fig,ax=plt.subplots(1,2)
                                                                                                fig.set_size_inches(16,10)
performance = pd.DataFrame(cnn4.history)
plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
                                                                                              ax[1].plot(performance[['loss', 'val_loss']])
ax[1].legend(['Training Loss', 'Validation Loss'])
ax[1].set_title('vgg model Loss')
ax[1].set_xlabel('Epochs')
ax[1].set_ylabel('Loss')
ax[1].set_ylim(0,1)
ax[0].nlot(performance[['accuracy', 'val_accuracy', 'val_accur
                                                                                            ax[1].set_ylim(0,1)
ax[0].plot(performance[['accuracy','val_accuracy']])
ax[0].legend(['Training Accuracy', 'Validation Accuracy'])
ax[0].set_title('vgg model Accuracy')
ax[0].set_xlabel('Epochs')
ax[0].set_ylabel('Accuracy')
ax[0].set_ylim(0.5,1)
fig.suptitle('CNN Performance')
nlt.show()
                                                                                                plt.show()
```



Conclusion:

Out[27]: {'1': 0, '2': 1, '3': 2, '4': 3, '5': 4, '6': 5, '7': 6, '8': 7}

· Here we use four types of cnn architecture, among all Lenet_5 cnn architecture gives better accuracy with minimun loss.

Note - This dataset has 8 directories for train and test and some images are present in every directory so, The prediction may be wrong sometimes.