Eyes Diseases classifiction using MobileNetV3

```
In [1]: #import data by kaggle
        !mkdir -p ~/.kaggle
        !cp kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/
In [2]: |#kaggle api
        !kaggle datasets download -d gunavenkatdoddi/eye-diseases-classific
        Warning: Your Kaggle API key is readable by other users on this sy
        stem! To fix this, you can run 'chmod 600 /root/.kaggle/kaggle.jso
        n'
        Downloading eye-diseases-classification.zip to /content
        100% 734M/736M [00:23<00:00, 40.1MB/s]
        100% 736M/736M [00:23<00:00, 32.6MB/s]
In [3]: #file unzip
        import zipfile
        zip_ref = zipfile.ZipFile('/content/eye-diseases-classification.zip
        zip ref.extractall('/content/Data')
        zip_ref.close()
In [4]: |#importing the libery
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        from tensorflow import keras
```

```
In [5]: #dataset path
path = "/content/Data/dataset"
```

from keras.layers import Conv2D,MaxPool2D,Dropout,Dense,Flatten,Max

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from keras.models import Sequential

from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping

import tensorflow as tf

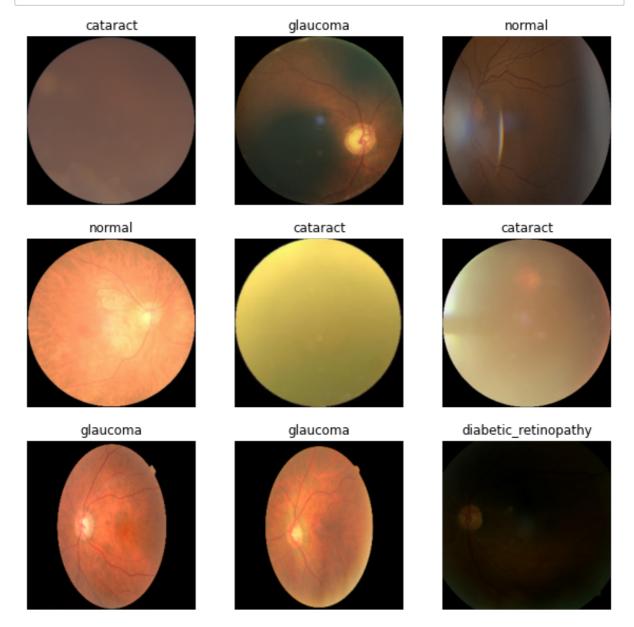
Found 4217 files belonging to 4 classes. Using 3374 files for training. Found 4217 files belonging to 4 classes. Using 843 files for validation.

```
In [7]: #check class
    class_names = train_data.class_names
    class_names
```

Out[7]: ['cataract', 'diabetic_retinopathy', 'glaucoma', 'normal']

Eyes_diseases - Jupyter Notebook 16/12/22, 7:51 PM

```
In [8]: #dataset plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for images, labels in train_data.take(1):
    for i in range(9):
        ax = plt.subplot(3, 3, i+1)
        plt.imshow(images[i].numpy().astype('uint8'))
        plt.title(class_names[labels[i]])
        plt.axis('off')
```



```
In [9]: # Criando o modelo base em cima do modelo MobileNetV3
         base_model = keras.applications.MobileNetV3Small(input_shape=(224,
                                                   classes=400,
                                                   include_top=False,
                                                   weights='imagenet')
         Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/ke
         ras-applications/mobilenet_v3/weights_mobilenet_v3_small_224_1.0_f
         loat_no_top_v2.h5
         (https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/mobi
         lenet v3/weights mobilenet v3 small 224 1.0 float no top v2.h5)
         In [10]: # Freeze convolutional base
         base_model.trainable = False
         base_model.summary()
         expanded_conv/depthwise/BatchN (None, 56, 56, 16)
                                                            64
         'expanded_conv/depthwise[0][0]']
         orm (BatchNormalization)
          re lu 1 (ReLU)
                                        (None, 56, 56, 16)
                                                                        Γ
         'expanded conv/depthwise/BatchNo
         m[0][0]']
         expanded_conv/squeeze_excite/A (None, 1, 1, 16)
         're lu 1[0][0]']
         vgPool (GlobalAveragePooling2D
         expanded_conv/squeeze_excite/C (None, 1, 1, 8)
                                                            136
                                                                        'expanded_conv/squeeze_excite/Av
         onv (Conv2D)
                                                                       g
         Pool[0][0]']
In [11]: #data augmentation
         data_augmentation = keras.models.Sequential([
           keras.layers.RandomFlip('horizontal'),
           keras.layers.RandomRotation(0.2)
         ])
```

```
In [12]: num_classes = len(class_names)# 7
    inputs = keras.Input(shape=(224, 224, 3))
    #x = data_augmentation(inputs)
    x = keras.applications.mobilenet_v3.preprocess_input(inputs)
    x = base_model(x, training=False)
    x = keras.layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)
    x = keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(x)

outputs = keras.layers.Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')(x)
    model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
```


Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 224, 224, 3)]	0
MobilenetV3small (Functional)	(None, 7, 7, 576)	939120
<pre>global_average_pooling2d (G lobalAveragePooling2D)</pre>	(None, 576)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 576)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 4)	2308

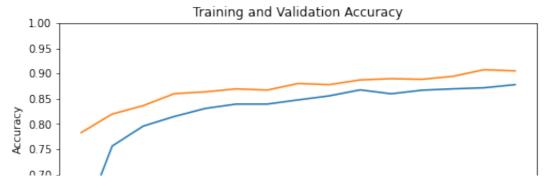
Total params: 941,428 Trainable params: 2,308

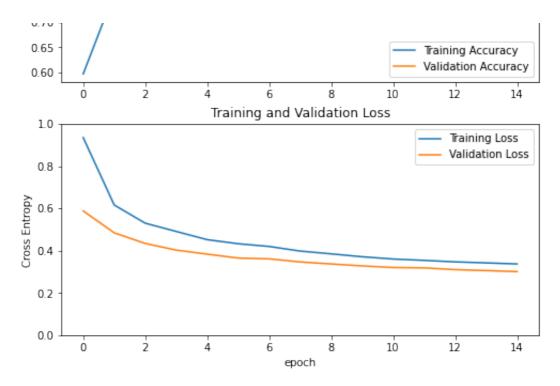
Non-trainable params: 939,120

In [14]:

```
Epoch 1/15
106/106 [============== ] - 33s 211ms/step - loss:
0.9354 - accuracy: 0.5972 - val_loss: 0.5884 - val_accuracy: 0.782
Epoch 2/15
0.6164 - accuracy: 0.7564 - val_loss: 0.4845 - val_accuracy: 0.819
Epoch 3/15
0.5302 - accuracy: 0.7958 - val_loss: 0.4343 - val_accuracy: 0.836
3
Epoch 4/15
0.4911 - accuracy: 0.8148 - val loss: 0.4029 - val accuracy: 0.860
Epoch 5/15
0.4522 - accuracy: 0.8308 - val loss: 0.3836 - val accuracy: 0.863
6
Epoch 6/15
0.4329 - accuracy: 0.8394 - val_loss: 0.3650 - val_accuracy: 0.869
5
Epoch 7/15
0.4200 - accuracy: 0.8394 - val_loss: 0.3613 - val_accuracy: 0.867
1
Epoch 8/15
106/106 [=============== ] - 22s 194ms/step - loss:
0.3982 - accuracy: 0.8477 - val_loss: 0.3467 - val_accuracy: 0.880
2
Epoch 9/15
0.3849 - accuracy: 0.8557 - val_loss: 0.3372 - val_accuracy: 0.877
Epoch 10/15
0.3713 - accuracy: 0.8675 - val_loss: 0.3280 - val_accuracy: 0.887
3
Epoch 11/15
0.3605 - accuracy: 0.8598 - val_loss: 0.3204 - val_accuracy: 0.889
```

```
In [15]: #check accurry score and loss
         acc = history.history['accuracy']
         val acc = history.history['val accuracy']
         loss = history.history['loss']
         val_loss = history.history['val_loss']
         plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
         plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
         plt.plot(acc, label='Training Accuracy')
         plt.plot(val_acc, label='Validation Accuracy')
         plt.legend(loc='lower right')
         plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
         plt.ylim([min(plt.ylim()),1])
         plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
         plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
         plt.plot(loss, label='Training Loss')
         plt.plot(val_loss, label='Validation Loss')
         plt.legend(loc='upper right')
         plt.ylabel('Cross Entropy')
         plt.ylim([0,1.0])
         plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
         plt.xlabel('epoch')
         plt.show()
```





```
In [16]: #check over model
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 100))
for images, labels in test_data.take(1):
    prediction = model.predict(images,batch_size=32)
    for i in range(9):
        ax = plt.subplot(9, 1, i+1)
        pred = np.argmax(prediction[i])
        plt.imshow(images[i].numpy().astype('uint8'))
        plt.title(f'Predito: {class_names[pred]} - Real: {class_names('off')}
```





```
In [18]: #Visualize the result
    results = model.evaluate(test_data, verbose=0)

In [19]: print("Test Loss: {:.5f}".format(results[0]))
    print("Accuracy on the test set: {:.2f}%".format(results[1] * 100))

    Test Loss: 0.30095
    Accuracy on the test set: 90.51%

In [27]: #model save
    model.save('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Eyes_diease.h5')
```