

# **Redirecting Input and Output**

## **Append Redirect shell command**

The >> shell command is used to redirect the standard output of the command on the left and append (add) it to the end of the file on the right.

# This command will append "Hello World!" to
greetings.txt
echo "Hello World!" >> greetings.txt

#### Pipe shell command

The | command is called a *pipe*. It is used to *pipe*, or transfer, the standard output from the command on its left into the standard input of the command on its right.

# First, echo "Hello World" will send Hello World to the standard output.

# Next, pipe | will transfer the standard output to the next command's standard input.

# Finally, wc -w will count the number of words from its standard input, which is 2.

echo "Hello World" | wc -w

#### **Redirecting Output**

The > symbol is used to redirect output by taking the output from the command on the left and passing as input to the file on the right.

echo "Hello" > hello.txt

### cat Display

The shell command cat displays the contents of one or more files to the terminal.

```
$ cat poem.txt
$ cat poem.txt kitties.txt
```



# grep Search

The shell command grep is used to search files for lines that match a pattern and returns the results. Various options can be specified along with the grep command to specify the search.

In the provided example, the lines in the file **names.txt** which contain "sonny" will be returned.

#### Case insensitive search

The shell grep command searches files for a particular pattern. The grep command with the -i option can be used to search files for lines that match a pattern, case insensitive, and returns the results.

#### grep -R shell command

The shell command grep has a -R option (grep -R) that searches all files in a directory, including its subdirectories, and outputs filenames and lines containing matched results.

#### **Command Line Redirection**

On a command line, redirection is the process of using the input/output of a file or command to use it as an input for another file. It is similar but different from pipes, as it allows reading/writing from files instead of only commands. Redirection can be done by using the operators > and >>.

grep 'sonny' names.txt

ls > directories\_list.txt
ls >> directories\_list.txt