

Cucumber - Data Driven Testing

In Cucumber, Scenario Outline is used when you want to run the same scenario multiple times with different sets of input data. You define a template using placeholders, and then provide multiple data rows using the Examples keyword.

✓ Syntax of Scenario Outline and Examples

Explanation

- Scenario Outline: Defines a reusable test scenario.
- <username> and <password> are placeholders.
- Examples table provides actual values for the placeholders.
- The scenario will run **once per row** in the **Examples** table.

Step Definition in Java

If you're using Java with Cucumber:

```
@When("user enters username {string} and password {string}")
public void user_enters_username_and_password(String username, String password) {
    System.out.println("Username: " + username);
    System.out.println("Password: " + password);
    // Code to enter username and password in your app
}
```

**** Output

It will execute 2 test cases:

- 1. With username = user1 and password = pass123
- 2. With username = admin and password = admin123



Use Case Example

Would you like a **mini project or real-time test case** using **Scenario Outline** for Selenium or API testing?



In Cucumber, **Data Tables** are used to pass multiple rows of data to a step, usually when you want to handle **structured input** like lists or key-value pairs **within a single scenario** (not like **Scenario Outline**, which repeats scenarios).

Syntax: Data Table in Feature File

Example 1: Key-Value Data Table (Map)

```
gherkin

Feature: Login

Scenario: Login with valid credentials

Given the user logs in with the following credentials:

| username | admin |

| password | admin123 |
```

Java Step Definition (Using Map)

```
@Given("the user logs in with the following credentials:")
public void the_user_logs_in_with_the_following_credentials(io.cucumber.datatable.DataTable
dataTable) {
    Map<String, String> credentials = dataTable.asMap(String.class, String.class);
    String username = credentials.get("username");
    String password = credentials.get("password");

    System.out.println("Username: " + username);
    System.out.println("Password: " + password);

    // Use these credentials in your login function
}
```

Example 2: List of Data Rows (List of Lists)

```
Scenario: Add multiple products to cart
Given the user adds the following products to the cart:
| Product Name | Quantity |
| Laptop | 1 |
| Mouse | 2 |
| Keyboard | 1 |
```

Java Step Definition (List of Lists)

```
java

@Given("the user adds the following products to the cart:")
public void the_user_adds_the_following_products_to_the_cart(io.cucumber.datatable.DataTable
dataTable) {
   List<List<String>> rows = dataTable.asLists(String.class);

   for (int i = 1; i < rows.size(); i++) { // skip header row
        String product = rows.get(i).get(0);
        int quantity = Integer.parseInt(rows.get(i).get(1));
</pre>
```



```
System.out.println("Adding product: " + product + " with quantity: " + quantity);
    // call addToCart(product, quantity)
}
```

When to Use Data Tables

Use Case	Use Scenario Outline?	Use Data Table?
Multiple sets of test data	✓ Yes	○ No
Structured input for a single step	○ No	✓ Yes
Input like form fields (key-value pairs)	○ No	✓ Yes

Swould you like a real-time login page test using Data Tables in Selenium?

Using **Lists** and **Maps** in Java for test data is a great way to manage inputs dynamically and cleanly, especially in test automation with Cucumber, Selenium, or Rest Assured.

1. Using List in Java for Test Data

Use Case: List of usernames to test login

```
list<String> usernames = new ArrayList<>();
usernames.add("admin");
usernames.add("user1");
usernames.add("guest");

for (String username : usernames) {
    System.out.println("Testing login with: " + username);
    // login(username, defaultPassword);
}
```

2. Using Map in Java for Key-Value Test Data

Use Case: Single user credentials

```
Map<String, String> userCredentials = new HashMap<>();
userCredentials.put("username", "admin");
userCredentials.put("password", "admin123");

System.out.println("Username: " + userCredentials.get("username"));
System.out.println("Password: " + userCredentials.get("password"));

// login(userCredentials.get("username"), userCredentials.get("password"));
```

3. List of Maps (Table-Like Data)

Use Case: Multiple user login attempts

```
java

List<Map<String, String>> users = new ArrayList<>();

Map<String, String> user1 = new HashMap<>();
user1.put("username", "admin");
user1.put("password", "admin123");

Map<String, String> user2 = new HashMap<>();
user2.put("username", "guest");
user2.put("password", "guest123");

users.add(user1);
users.add(user2);

for (Map<String, String> user : users) {
    System.out.println("Testing login for: " + user.get("username"));
}
```



```
// login(user.get("username"), user.get("password"));
}
```

4. Data from Cucumber Data Table into List or Map

If you're using this in a **Cucumber Step Definition**, you can automatically convert a Gherkin table into:

List of Maps:

Step Definition:

```
@Given("the user tries to login with the following users:")
public void login_with_multiple_users(DataTable dataTable) {
    List<Map<String, String>> users = dataTable.asMaps(String.class, String.class);

    for (Map<String, String> user : users) {
        String username = user.get("username");
        String password = user.get("password");
        System.out.println("Logging in with: " + username + " / " + password);
        // login(username, password);
    }
}
```

When to Use What?

Scenario	Use	
One item with multiple values (e.g., users)	List <map<>></map<>	
Simple list of items (e.g., search terms)	List <string></string>	
Key-value pairs (e.g., form input)	Map<>	
Full data table from Cucumber	<pre>DataTable.asMaps() or asLists()</pre>	

Would you like to integrate this into a **Selenium or API test framework**, or need a **mini project** example with this approach?