Project Report*

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Abstract—

I. INTRODUCTION

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A. Background and Motivation

Arrowhead is an initiative from Luleå University of Technology to create a unifying framework which can enable embedded devices to intergrate and interoperate services in an open-network environment. This framework and its approach will strongly conribute to the reduction of design and engineering efforts in the industry.

As part of the Engineering Project course for Master's students in Computer Science, Control and Electrical Engineering at Luleå University of Technology the goal is to implement and demonstrate how the Arrowhead Framework can be used in a factory setting using autonomous ground robots. This project report aims to give an overview of the thought process, workflows and results of the project.

The proposed solution is a robot which by implementing machine vision algorithms can navigate the factory floor while also being able to pick up object using it's arm and gripper. It utilizes the Arrowhead framework to integrate with the other parts of the model factory.

B. Contributions

Our proposed solution is an example of how the Arrowhead framework is utilized in a scaled factory setting together with a ground robot. The design is small and modular making it easy for future imrovements and easy evaluation of the Arrowhead framework alongside third-party open-source solutions. Secondly we propose a solution consisting of lines and QR-codes and how the robot can fllow a path using a RGB-camera instead of the conventional sensors. With this camera solution the possibilities of navigating the factory floor increase compared to the basic conventional following solutions.

C. Structure

This report in divided into...

CONCEPTUAL DESIGN

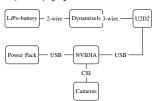
D. Mechanical structure

The design of the robot is influenced by LEGO®Mindstorms®EV3 set. While the original has a movable base it was too small and without an arm with a manipulator. It also does not incorporate the Dynamixel AX-12A Smart Servos used in the final design so the decision to redesign the robot while taking design inspiration from the LEGO®EV3 design. By developing and designing a new platform it gives the possibility to adapt the dimensions and fastenings for manufacturing methods such as 3D-printing and Laser cutting. Consisting of seven Dynamixel®AX-12A Smart Servos for actuation, two on the base for locomotion and four on the arm and one for the gripping tool the robot has seven degrees of freedom. The main advantage of using the AX-12As is the possibility of connecting them in series which enables pararell control of all the joints. Additionaly with the built in sensors the motors return feedback of the joint angles, angular speed, current draw, teperature to name

ADD PICTURE OF CONCEPT; WRITE ABOUT THE TOP SPEED AND TURN RADIUS. ALSO HOW LONG IS THE ARM.

E. Electrical components

While the mechanical components are those visible it's the underlying electrical components that play the biggest role. The internals in the AX-12As give feedback on the state of the motors, the 1000mAh LiPo battery supplies power to the motors and surrounding electronics. For the computanions the NVIDIA®Jetson Nano is used as it runs Ubuntu natively which makes the implementation of the underlying Robotic Operating System (ROS) [1] faster.



REFERENCES

[1] Stanford Artificial Intelligence Laboratory et al., "Robotic operating system." [Online]. Available: https://www.ros.org