Development of A Data Structure Definition Language for Materials Science

Kou Amano 1), Koichi Sakamoto 1)

1) National Institute for Materials Science

**Background:** Materials science is based on multiscale and multiphysical disciplines (scientific discipline); therefore, in this field, there are many types of data, models, and terms with various meanings. Although data-driven science has many prospects, it is difficult to operate data on unified discipline (data discipline). However, a well-defined uni-language that treats multimodal forms can help operations. Therefore, we are developing a language that can parse tree or graph structures, enabling the operation of several data formats, models, and dictionaries for materials science. The language is neither a solver nor an analyzer; it is a format converter and a dictionary (syntax) parser, which is connected to external solvers and analyzers. The developed language, named “tq”, should satisfy the following: parsing tree structure, parsing graph structure, searching dictionary, matching terms using dictionary, reforming unstructured data to structured data, and conversion to other well-known formats such as JSON. Its challenges are matching or searching tree or graph structures, rewriting of term or phrase (sub-tree) in tree or graph structures based on the similarity (Term Rewriting by Network Similarity (TRNS); pronounced “trans”), daemonizing dictionary system, and parallelizing.

**Methods:** tq is being developed in C language with POSIX thread and MPI libraries.

The language strucure is defined as following:

<T-form>::=<head>|<list>

<head>::=(<reference>|<label><operator><name>)<dim>

<list>::=<head>('('<T-form>(','<T-form>)\*')')+

<reference>::='$'<label>|<NULL>

<label>::='#'<number>|<NULL>

<operator>::='$'<string>'$'|<NULL>

<name>::=<string>|<NULL>

<dim>::=('['(<number>(','<number>)\*|<NULL>)']')\*

<number>:: sequence consisting of '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', '0'

<string>:: sequence consisting of any character except '[', ']', '(', ')', '#', '$', '\n', '\t', ','

<NULL>:: null string

**Results:** tq has realized the functions: tree parsing, graph parsing with term reference, JSON output, Wolfram Language output and converting unstructured data (e.g. CSV) to structured data (e.g. JSON) defined by the tq form. But currently multi-thread and multi-process function is not implemented.

**Conclusions:** We have realized a high-performance parser/converter for tree and graph structure, as the language "tq".