知能システム論第3回課題

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1 宿題 1

$$\overline{X} - \overline{Y} \sim N\left(\mu_X - \mu_Y, \frac{\sigma^2}{n_X} + \frac{\sigma^2}{n_Y}\right)$$
 (1.1)

を示す。

$$E[\overline{X} - \overline{Y}] = E\left[\frac{1}{n_X} \sum_{i=1}^{n_X} X_i - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_{i=1}^{n_Y} Y_i\right]$$
(1.2)

$$= \frac{1}{n_X} \sum_{i=1}^{n_X} E[X_i] - \frac{1}{n_Y} \sum_{i=1}^{n_Y} E[Y_i]$$
 (1.3)

$$=\mu_X - \mu_Y \tag{1.4}$$

$$V(\overline{X} - \overline{Y}) = E\left[\left(\overline{X} - \overline{Y}\right)^{2}\right] - \left\{E\left[\overline{X} - \overline{Y}\right]\right\}^{2}$$
(1.5)

$$= E\left[\overline{X}^{2}\right] + E\left[\overline{Y}^{2}\right] - 2E\left[\overline{X}\overline{Y}\right] - \left\{E\left[\overline{X}\right]\right\}^{2} - \left\{E\left[\overline{Y}\right]\right\}^{2} + 2E\left[\overline{X}\right]E\left[\overline{Y}\right]$$
(1.6)

$$= E\left[\overline{X}^{2}\right] - \left\{E\left[\overline{X}\right]\right\}^{2} + E\left[\overline{Y}^{2}\right] - \left\{E\left[\overline{Y}\right]\right\}^{2} \tag{1.7}$$

$$=V(\overline{X})+V(\overline{Y}) \tag{1.8}$$

$$=\frac{\sigma^2}{n_X} + \frac{\sigma^2}{n_Y} \tag{1.9}$$

正規分布の再生性から \overline{X} – \overline{Y} も正規分布に従うため、題意を得る。

2 宿題 2

2.1 A

6 が出る確率の上界は

$$P(|X - 2.2| > 2.8) < \frac{0.7}{2.8^2} = 0.08928$$
 (2.1)

である。

2.2 B

1,2,3のいずれかが出る確率の下界は、4,5,6がでる確率の上界を1から引けば良い。

$$1 - P(|X - 2.2| > 1.2) > 1 - \frac{0.7}{1.2^2} = 0.5139$$
 (2.2)

である。

3 宿題3

```
import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
5
   def calc_chi_square(size):
6
       X1 = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
7
       X2 = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
8
       return X1**2 + X2**2
9
10
11
   def calc_avg(y):
12
       avgs = []
13
       for i in range(y.size):
14
           if i == 0:
15
                avgs.append(y[i])
16
           else:
17
                avgs.append((avgs[i - 1] + y[i]) / (i + 1))
18
       return np.array(avgs)
19
20
21
   if __name__ == "__main__":
22
       y = calc_chi_square(10000)
23
       avgs = calc_avg(y)
24
       x = np.arange(1, 10001)
25
26
       plt.plot(x, avgs)
       plt.xlabel("$n$")
27
       plt.ylabel("$\overline{X}_{n}$")
28
29
       plt.grid(True)
       plt.savefig("chi_square_strong_row.eps")
```

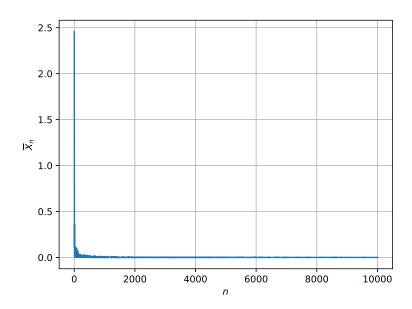


図 3.1: カイ二乗分布と大数の強法則

```
1
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
   import seaborn as sns
4
5
   def chi_square(size):
6
7
       X1 = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
8
       X2 = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
9
       return X1**2 + X2**2
10
11
12
   def chi_avg(chi):
13
       return chi.mean()
14
15
   if __name__ == "__main__":
16
       color = ["r", "g", "b", "y", "k", "orange"]
17
18
       plt.figure()
       plt.ylabel("frequency")
19
20
       for i, c in enumerate(color):
21
           avg = [chi_avg(chi_square(i + 1)) for _ in range(10000)]
           sns.distplot(avg, color=c, label=f"n={i+1}")
22
23
       plt.legend()
       plt.savefig("chi_square_ultimate.eps")
24
```

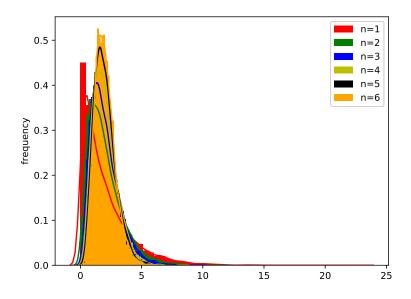


図 3.2: カイ二乗分布と中心極限定理

```
1
   import numpy as np
2
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
4
5
   def chi_square(size):
       X1 = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
6
7
       X2 = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
8
       return X1**2 + X2**2
9
10
   def t_dist(size):
11
12
       X = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
13
       Y = chi_square(size)
14
       return np.divide(X, np.sqrt(Y / 2 + 1e-7))
15
16
17
   def avg(t):
18
       avgs = []
       for i in range(t.size):
19
20
           if i == 0:
21
                avgs.append(t[i])
22
           else:
23
                avgs.append((avgs[i - 1] + t[i]) / (i + 1))
24
       return np.array(avgs)
25
26
   if __name__ == "__main__":
27
28
       t = t_dist(10000)
29
       avgs = avg(t)
30
       x = np.arange(1, 10001)
31
       plt.plot(x, avgs)
32
       plt.xlabel("$n$")
33
       plt.ylabel("\$\operatorname{Verline}\{X\}_{n}\")
34
       plt.grid(True)
35
       plt.savefig("t_dist_strong_law.eps")
```

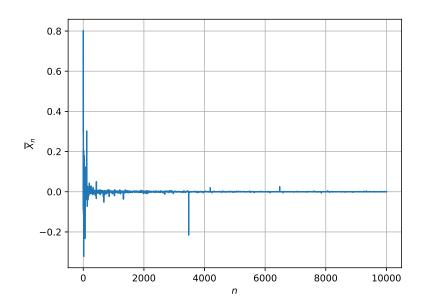


図 3.3: t 分布と大数の強法則

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3
   import seaborn as sns
4
5
   def chi_square(size):
6
7
       X1 = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
8
       X2 = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
9
       return X1**2 + X2**2
10
11
   def t_dist(size):
12
13
       X = np.random.normal(0.0, 1.0, (size, ))
14
       Y = chi_square(size)
15
       return np.divide(X, np.sqrt(Y / 2 + 1e-7))
16
17
18
   def avg(t):
19
       return t.mean()
20
21
22
   if __name__ == "__main__":
       color = ["r", "g", "b", "y", "k", "orange"]
23
24
       plt.figure()
25
       plt.ylabel("frequency")
26
       for i, c in enumerate(color):
           avgs = np.array([avg(t_dist(i + 1)) for _ in range(10000)])
27
28
           mean = avgs.mean()
29
           normalized = ((avgs - mean) / (1.0 / np.sqrt(i + 1)))
30
           sns.distplot(normalized, color=c, label=f"n={i+1}")
31
       plt.legend()
       plt.xlim(-10, 10)
32
33
       plt.savefig("t_dist_ultimate.eps")
```

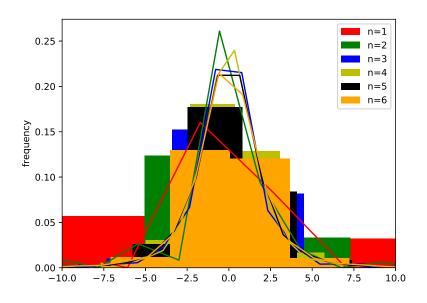


図 3.4: t 分布と中心極限定理