ΒΑΣΕΙΣ ΔΕΔΟΜΕΝΩΝ



Εξαμηνιαία Εργασία

Ακαδημαϊκό Έτος: 2022-2023

Ομάδα Project 114

Γεώργιος Κουρής ΑΜ: 03120116 Νικόλαος Λοβέρδος ΑΜ: 03120442

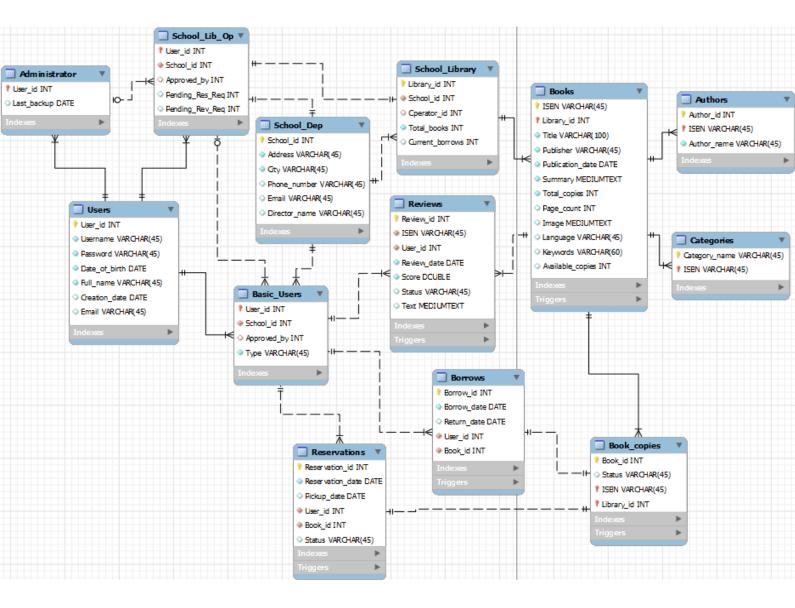
Αθανάσιος Αθανασόπουλος ΑΜ: 03120820

Σύστημα Διαχείρισης και Αποθήκευσης Πληροφοριών Σχολικής Βιβλιοθήκης

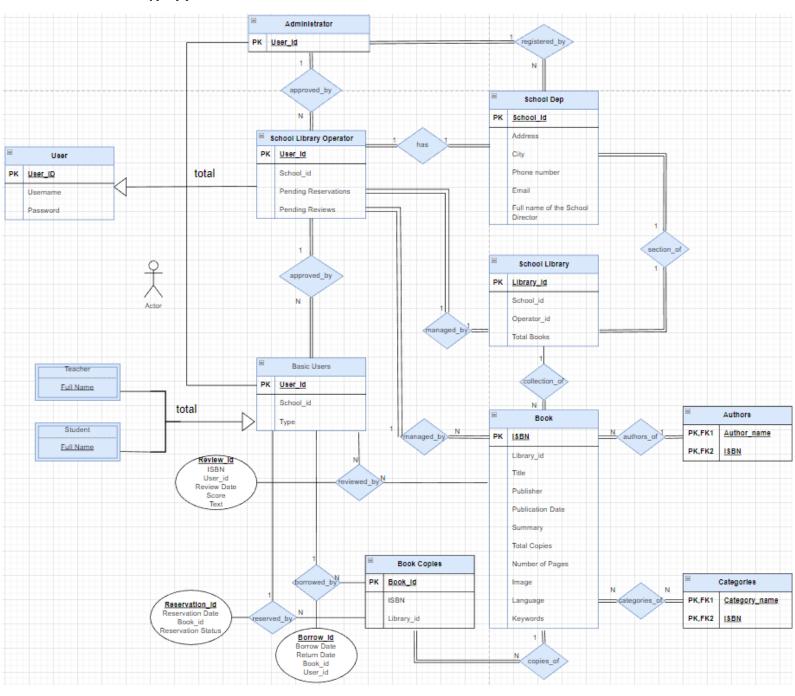
Σκοπός του συστήματος είναι η εύκολη διαχείριση των παρακάτω:

- Καταχώρηση στοιχείων κάθε σχολικής μονάδας (Ονομασία Σχολείου, Ταχυδρομική Δ/νση, Πόλη, Τηλέφωνο, email, Ονοματεπώνυμο Δ/ντη Σχολείου, Ονοματεπώνυμο Υπεύθυνου Χειριστή Σχολικής Βιβλιοθήκης).
- Καταχώρηση των βιβλίων που διαθέτει η κάθε σχολική μονάδα στη βιβλιοθήκη της και επεξεργασία των δεδομένων τους (τίτλος, εκδότης, ISBN, συγγραφείς, αριθμός σελίδων, περίληψη, διαθέσιμα αντίτυπα, εικόνα, θεματική κατηγορία, γλώσσα, λέξεις κλειδιά).
- Εξακρίβωση της ταυτότητας των χρηστών (μέσω username/password) και ανάθεση των ιδιοτήτων τους (με βάση τον ρόλο τους στο σύστημα).
- Δανεισμός βιβλίων.
- Κρατήσεις βιβλίων (πεπερασμένης διάρκειας) σε περίπτωση που κάποιο βιβλίο δεν είναι διαθέσιμο για δανεισμό..
- Αξιολογήσεις βιβλίων με βάση την κλίμακα Likert.

Σχεσιακό Διάγραμμα



ER Διάγραμμα



DDL και DML script

DDL script:

Στο DDL δηιουργούνται όλοι οι πίνακες που έχουμε ορίσει, οι primary key εξαρτήσεις, και τα triggers της βάσης. Link στο github:

https://github.com/kourisgeorgios/librarydb/blob/main/Database-Library/schema.sql

DML script:

Στο DML πραγματοποιείται η εισαγωγή των αρχικών δεδομένων στη βάση μας. Link στο github:

 $\underline{https://github.com/kourisgeorgios/librarydb/blob/main/Database-Library/insert_data.s} \underline{ql}$

Τα queries που ζητούνται έχουν υλοποιηθεί και βρίσκονται στο αρχείο routes.py

3.1.1 DEFAULT

SELECT S.School_id School, count(borrow_id) 'No_Borrows' FROM borrows B INNER JOIN Book_copies BC ON B.Book_id = BC.Book_id RIGHT JOIN School_Library S ON S.Library_id = BC.Library_id GROUP BY School_id;

3.1.1 YEAR

SELECT S.School_id School, count(borrow_id) 'No_Borrows' FROM borrows B INNER JOIN Book_copies BC ON B.Book_id = BC.Book_id RIGHT JOIN School_Library S ON S.Library_id = BC.Library_id WHERE year(borrow_date) = {year} GROUP BY School_id;

3.1.1 MONTH

SELECT S.School_id School, count(borrow_id) 'No_Borrows' FROM borrows B INNER JOIN Book_copies BC ON B.Book_id = BC.Book_id RIGHT JOIN School_Library S ON S.Library_id = BC.Library_id WHERE month(borrow_date) = {month} GROUP BY School_id ORDER BY School_id, year(borrow_date), month(borrow_date);

3.1.1 YEAR AND MONTH

SELECT S.School_id School, count(borrow_id) 'No_Borrows' FROM borrows B INNER JOIN Book_copies BC ON B.Book_id = BC.Book_id RIGHT JOIN School_Library S ON S.Library_id = BC.Library_id WHERE month(borrow_date) = {month} AND year(borrow_date) = {year} GROUP BY School_id ORDER BY School_id, year(borrow_date), month(borrow_date);

3.1.2a

SELECT A.Author_name

FROM Books B

INNER JOIN (SELECT ISBN,Category_name FROM Categories WHERE Category_name = 'Young Adult') as C ON B.isbn = C.isbn

INNER JOIN Authors A ON A.ISBN = B.ISBN

3.1.2b

SELECT U.User id, U.Full name

FROM Book copies BC

INNER JOIN (SELECT ISBN,Category_name FROM Categories WHERE Category_name = 'Self-Help') as C ON BC.isbn = C.isbn

INNER JOIN Borrows B ON B.Book_id = BC.Book_id

INNER JOIN Users U ON U.User_id = B.User_id

3.1.3

SELECT U.User_id,U.Full_name, COUNT(borrow_id) No_Borrows FROM borrows B INNER JOIN Users U ON U.User_id = B.User_id INNER JOIN Basic_Users BU ON BU.User_id =

U.User_id WHERE (YEAR(CURRENT_DATE)-YEAR(U.Date_of_birth)<40) AND Type = 'Teacher' GROUP BY User_id ORDER BY No_Borrows DESC LIMIT 3;

3.1.4

SELECT A.Author_name
FROM Book_copies BC
INNER JOIN Authors A ON A.ISBN = BC.ISBN
LEFT JOIN Borrows Bo ON Bo.Book_id = BC.Book_id
GROUP BY Author_name
HAVING Count(borrow id) = 0;

3.1.5

SELECT DISTINCT T.Operator_id Operator_1,T2.Operator_id Operator_2, T.C FROM (SELECT L.Operator_id, COUNT(Bo.borrow_id) AS C FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN (SELECT Borrow_id,Book_id FROM Borrows WHERE YEAR(CURRENT_DATE)-YEAR(Borrow_date)) Bo ON Bo.Book_id = BC.Book_id INNER JOIN School_Library L ON L.Library_id = BC.Library_id GROUP BY L.Operator_id HAVING C >= 20) AS T INNER JOIN (SELECT L.Operator_id,COUNT(Bo.borrow_id) AS C FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN (SELECT Borrow_id,Book_id FROM Borrows WHERE YEAR(CURRENT_DATE)-YEAR(Borrow_date)) Bo ON Bo.Book_id = BC.Book_id INNER JOIN School_Library L ON L.Library_id = BC.Library_id GROUP BY L.Operator_id HAVING C >= 20) AS T2 ON T.C = T2.C WHERE T.Operator_id != T2.Operator_id ORDER BY C;

3.1.6

SELECT Cat1, Cat2, COUNT(Borrow_id) No_borrows FROM (SELECT C1.Category_name Cat1, C2.Category_name Cat2, C1.ISBN FROM Categories C1 INNER JOIN Categories C2 ON C1.ISBN = C2.ISBN WHERE C1.Category_name != C2.Category_name) AS T INNER JOIN Book_copies BC ON BC.ISBN = T.ISBN INNER JOIN Borrows Bo ON Bo.Book_id = BC.Book_id GROUP BY Cat1, Cat2 ORDER BY No_borrows DESC LIMIT 3;

3.1.7a

SELECT Author_name, Count(ISBN) C FROM Authors GROUP BY Author_name HAVING C <= (SELECT Count(ISBN) C FROM Authors A GROUP BY Author_name ORDER BY C DESC LIMIT 1) - 5;

3.1.7b (συγγραφέας με τα περισσότερα βιβλία)

SELECT Author_name, Count(ISBN) C FROM Authors A GROUP BY Author_name ORDER BY C DESC LIMIT 1;

3.2.1 DEFAULT

SELECT BC.ISBN, B.Title, B.Publication_date, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Author_name) AS 'Authors', GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Category_name) AS 'Categories', (SELECT CAST(AVG(Score) AS DECIMAL(3,2)) FROM Reviews WHERE ISBN = BC.ISBN) AS Score, B.Total_copies, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Book_id) AS 'IDs', BC.Library_id AS Lib FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN Books B ON B.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Categories C ON C.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Authors A ON A.ISBN = C.ISBN GROUP BY ISBN, Lib;

3.2.1 SEARCH BY TITLE

SELECT BC.ISBN, B.Title, B.Publication_date, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Author_name) AS 'Authors', GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Category_name) AS 'Categories', (SELECT CAST(AVG(Score) AS DECIMAL(3,2)) FROM Reviews WHERE ISBN = BC.ISBN) AS Score, B.Total_copies, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Book_id) AS 'IDs', BC.Library_id AS Lib FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN Books B ON B.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Categories C ON C.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Authors A ON A.ISBN = C.ISBN WHERE B.Title = 'Animal, The' GROUP BY ISBN, Lib;

3.2.1 SEARCH BY CATEGORY

SELECT BC.ISBN, B.Title, B.Publication_date, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Author_name) AS 'Authors', CASE WHEN Cat2 IS NULL THEN Cat1 ELSE CONCAT(Cat1, ', ', Cat2) END AS 'Categories', (SELECT CAST(AVG(Score) AS DECIMAL(3,2)) FROM Reviews WHERE ISBN = BC.ISBN) AS Score, B.Total_copies, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Book_id) AS 'IDs', BC.Library_id AS 'Library' FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN Books B ON B.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN (SELECT ISBN, Category_name AS Cat1 FROM Categories WHERE Category_name = 'Travel') C1 ON C1.ISBN = BC.ISBN LEFT JOIN (SELECT ISBN, Category_name AS Cat2 FROM Categories WHERE Category_name != 'Travel') C2 ON C2.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Authors A ON A.ISBN = BC.ISBN GROUP BY ISBN, Library;

3.2.1 SEARCH BY AUTHOR

SELECT BC.ISBN, B.Title, B.Publication_date, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Category_name) AS 'Categories', CASE WHEN Au2 IS NULL THEN Au1 ELSE CONCAT(Au1, ', ', Au2) END AS 'Authors', (SELECT CAST(AVG(Score) AS DECIMAL(3,2)) FROM Reviews WHERE ISBN = BC.ISBN) AS Score, B.Total_copies, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Book_id) AS 'IDs', BC.Library_id AS 'Library' FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN Books B ON B.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN (SELECT ISBN, Author_name AS Au1 FROM Authors WHERE Author_name = 'Liam Ward') C1 ON C1.ISBN = BC.ISBN LEFT JOIN (SELECT ISBN, Author_name AS Au2 FROM Authors WHERE Author_name != 'Liam Ward') C2 ON C2.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Categories A ON A.ISBN = BC.ISBN GROUP BY ISBN, Library;

3.2.1 SEARCH BY TOTAL COPIES

SELECT BC.ISBN, B.Title, B.Publication_date, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Author_name) AS 'Authors', GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Category_name) AS 'Categories', (SELECT CAST(AVG(Score) AS DECIMAL(3,2)) FROM Reviews WHERE ISBN = BC.ISBN) AS Score, B.Total_copies, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Book_id) AS 'IDs', BC.Library_id AS Lib FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN Books B ON B.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Categories C ON C.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Authors A ON A.ISBN = C.ISBN WHERE Total_copies = 5 GROUP BY ISBN, Lib;

3.2.2 DEFAULT

SELECT B.User_id, U.Full_name, B.Borrow_id, B.Book_id FROM Borrows B INNER JOIN Users U ON U.User_id = B.User_id WHERE

Datediff(CURRENT_DATE,BORROW_DATE)>7 AND Return_date IS NULL;

3.2.2 SEARCH BY FULL NAME

SELECT B.User_id, U.Full_name, B.Borrow_id, B.Book_id FROM Borrows B INNER JOIN Users U ON U.User_id = B.User_id WHERE

Datediff(CURRENT_DATE,BORROW_DATE)>7 AND U.Full_name = 'Monica Stilliard'AND Return date IS NULL;

3.2.2 SEARCH BY DAYS LATE

SELECT B.User_id, U.Full_name, B.Borrow_id, B.Book_id FROM Borrows B INNER JOIN Users U ON U.User_id = B.User_id WHERE

Datediff(CURRENT_DATE,BORROW_DATE)>7 + CHANGE-->2 AND Return_date IS NULL;

3.2.3 DEFAULT USER/SCORE

SELECT U.Username,R.User_id,CAST(AVG(Score) AS DECIMAL(3,2)) AS Average_Score,Count(Score) No_reviews FROM Reviews R INNER JOIN Users U ON U.User_id = R.User_id GROUP BY User_id

3.2.3 DEFAULT CATEGORY/SCORE

SELECT Category_name ,CAST(AVG(R.Score) AS DECIMAL(3,2)) AS Average_Score, Count(Score) No_reviews FROM Reviews AS R INNER JOIN Categories C ON C.ISBN = R.ISBN Group BY Category name

3.2.3 SCORE/CATEGORY

SELECT Category_name ,CAST(AVG(R.Score) AS DECIMAL(3,2)) AS Average_Score, Count(Score) No_reviews FROM Reviews AS R INNER JOIN Categories C ON C.ISBN = R.ISBN WHERE Category_name = 'Young Adult'

3.2.3 SCORE/USER ID

SELECT U.Username,R.User_id,CAST(AVG(Score) AS DECIMAL(3,2)) AS Average_Score,Count(Score) No_reviews FROM Reviews R INNER JOIN Users U ON U.User_id = R.User_id WHERE R.User_id = 5

3.3.1 DEFAULT

SELECT BC.ISBN, B.Title, B.Publication_date, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Author_name) as 'Authors', GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Category_name) as 'Categories', (SELECT CAST(AVG(Score)AS DECIMAL (3,2))FROM Reviews WHERE ISBN = BC.ISBN) AS Score, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Book_id) as 'IDs', BC.Library_id Lib FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN Books B ON B.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Categories C ON C.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Authors A ON A.ISBN = C.ISBN Group by ISBN,Lib;

3.3.1 SEARCH BY TITLE

SELECT BC.ISBN, B.Title, B.Publication_date, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Author_name) as 'Authors', GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Category_name) as 'Categories', (SELECT CAST(AVG(Score)AS DECIMAL (3,2))FROM Reviews WHERE ISBN = BC.ISBN) AS Score, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Book_id) as 'IDs', BC.Library_id Lib FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN Books B ON B.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Categories C ON C.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Authors A ON A.ISBN = C.ISBN WHERE B.Title = '{data}' Group by ISBN,Lib;

3.3.1 SEARCH BY CATEGORY

SELECT BC.ISBN, B.Title, B.Publication_date, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Author_name) as 'Authors', CASE WHEN Cat2 IS NULL THEN Cat1 ELSE CONCAT(CAT1,', ',CAT2) END AS 'Categories', (SELECT CAST(AVG(Score)AS DECIMAL (3,2))FROM Reviews WHERE ISBN = BC.ISBN) AS Score, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Book_id) as 'IDs', BC.Library_id as 'Library' FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN Books B ON B.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN (SELECT ISBN,Category_name Cat1 FROM Categories WHERE Category_name = '{data}') C1 ON C1.ISBN = BC.ISBN LEFT JOIN (SELECT ISBN,Category_name Cat2 FROM Categories WHERE Category_name != '{data}') C2 ON C2.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Authors A ON A.ISBN = BC.ISBN GROUP BY ISBN,Library;

3.3.1 SEARCH BY AUTHOR

SELECT BC.ISBN, B.Title, B.Publication_date, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Category_name) as 'Categories', CASE WHEN Au2 IS NULL THEN Au1 ELSE CONCAT(Au1,', ',Au2) END AS 'Authors', (SELECT CAST(AVG(Score)AS DECIMAL (3,2))FROM Reviews WHERE ISBN = BC.ISBN) AS Score, GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT Book_id) as 'IDs', BC.Library_id as 'Library' FROM Book_copies BC INNER JOIN Books B ON B.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN (SELECT ISBN,Author_name Au1 FROM Authors WHERE Author_name = '{data}') C1 ON C1.ISBN = BC.ISBN LEFT JOIN (SELECT ISBN,Author_name Au2 FROM Authors WHERE Author_name != '{data}') C2 ON C2.ISBN = BC.ISBN INNER JOIN Categories A ON A.ISBN = BC.ISBN GROUP BY ISBN,Library;

3.3.2

SELECT B.* FROM BORROWS B INNER JOIN USERS U ON U.User_id = B.User_id WHERE U.Username = '{Username}';

Ανάπτυξη της Εφαρμογής

Για την υλοποίηση της ΒΔ χρησιμοποιήθηκαν η MySQL (MariaDB) και το MySQL Workbench. Για τον web server χρησιμοποιήθηκε Flask (Python) για το server side και HTML για το client side της εφαρμογής.

Εκδόσεις:

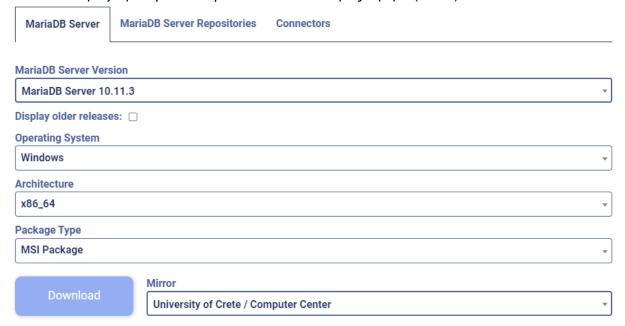
- MariaDB 10.11
- MySQL Workbench 8.0 CE
- Flask 2.1.1
- Python 3.11

Εγκατάσταση Απαραίτητου Λογισμικού

Windows 11

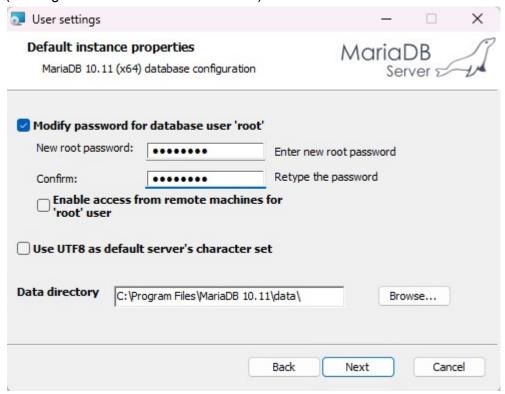
Για την εγκατάσταση της MariaDB:

1. Ακολουθούμε τον σύνδεσμο <u>Download MariaDB Server - MariaDB.org</u> και κατεβάζουμε την έκδοση του MariaDB που μας αφορά (10.11).



- 2. Τρέχουμε το αρχείο που κατεβάσαμε (mariadb-10.11.3-winx64.msi).
- 3. Διαβάζουμε προσεκτικά το License Agreement και αποδεχόμαστε τους όρους αν θέλουμε να συνεχίσουμε με την εγκατάσταση.
- 4. Επιλέγουμε την τοποθεσία εγκατάστασης του MariaDB (C:\Program Files\MariaDB 10.11\).

5. Θέτουμε password για τον χρήστη root και ορίζουμε το data directory (C:\Program Files\MariaDB 10.11\data\).



- 6. Πατάμε εγκατάσταση.
- Ανοίγουμε το cmd prompt και πληκτρολογούμε: cd "C:\Program Files\MariaDB 10.11\bin"

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.1702]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Windows\System32>cd "C:\Program Files\MariaDB 10.11\bin"
```

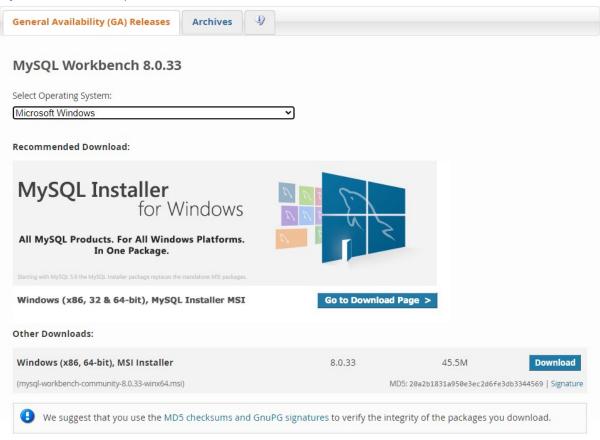
8. Πληκτρολογούμε: mysql -u root -p

```
C:\Program Files\MariaDB 10.11\bin>mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
```

9. Χρησιμοποιούμε τον κωδικό που ορίσαμε στο βήμα 5.

Για το MySQL Workbench:

1. Κατεβάζουμε το MySQL Workbench μέσω του συνδέσμου (MySQL :: Download MySQL Workbench).

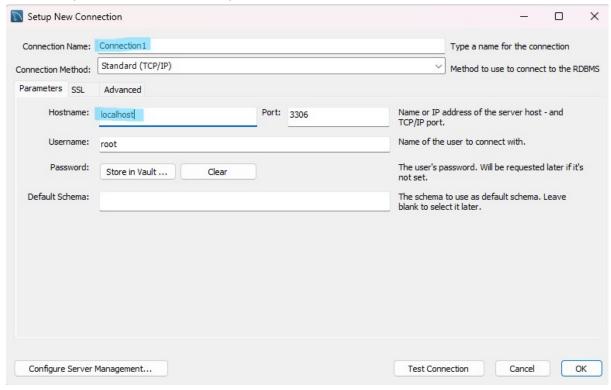


- 2. Τρέχουμε το αρχείο που κατεβάσαμε (mysql-workbench-community-8.0.33-winx64.msi) και εγκαθιστούμε το MySQL Workbench.
- 3. Ανοίγουμε το MySQL Workbench και δημιουργούμε μία σύνδεση με τον server (Πατάμε το "+").

MySQL Connections ⊕®



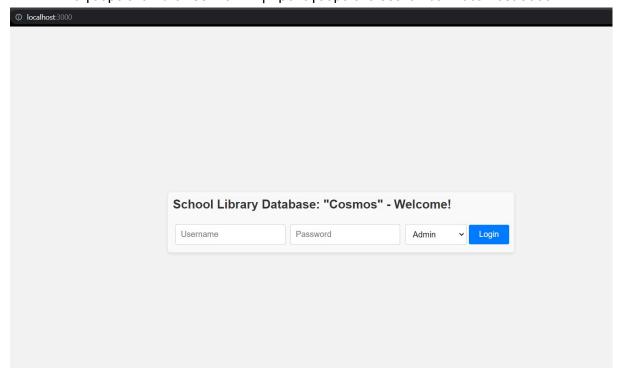
4. Ονομάζουμε την σύνδεσή μας και ορίζουμε ως Hostname το localhost και χρησιμοποιούμε το κατάλληλο username και password.



- 5. Ελέγχουμε την σύνδεσή μας και πατάμε ΟΚ.
- 6. Τρέχουμε τα αρχεία schema.sql και insert_data.sql με αυτή την σειρά.

Για την Εφαρμογή:

- 1. Εγκαθιστούμε την έκδοση της Python που μας ενδιαφέρει (Python 3.11) μέσω του συνδέσμου <u>Download Python | Python.org</u>.
- 2. Εγκαθιστούμε τις απαραίτητες βιβλιοθήκες για την σωστή λειτουργία της εφαρμογής μέσω της εντολής "pip install -r requirements.txt".
- 3. Έτσι μπορούμε να τρέξουμε την εφαρμογή μέσω του run.py.
- 4. Ανοίγουμε έναν browser και πληκτρολογούμε στο search bar "localhost:3000".



Σύνδεσμος για το git repo της εφαρμογής

https://github.com/kourisgeorgios/librarydb.git

Σημείωση:

Για τη σύνδεση στην ιστοσελίδα ζητώνται credentials. Έχουμε ορίσει και τους ακόλουθους χρήστες, για τη διευκόλυνση της εξέτασης:

Administrator με:

username: admin password: admin type: Administrator

School Library Operator με:

username: operator password: operator type: Operator

Teacher με:

username: teacher password: teacher

type: User

Student με:

username: student password: student

type: User