

PROMETHEUS - Used for Event monitoring and Alerting.

It records real-time metrics in a **TIME SERIES DATABASE** built using a HTTP pull model, with flexible queries and real-time alerting. Prometheus collects data and metrics from different services and stores them according to a unique identifier.

Prometheus collects and stores its metrics as time series data, i.e., metrics information is stored with the timestamp at which it was recorded, alongside optional key-value pairs called labels

<u>TSB - TIME SERIES DATABASE</u> - A time series database (TSDB) is a database optimized for time-stamped or time series data. Time series data are simply measurements or events that are tracked, monitored, down sampled, and aggregated over time. This could be server metrics, application performance monitoring, network data, sensor data, events, clicks, trades in a market, and many other types of analytics data.

<u>PROMQL</u> - A query language for Prometheus monitoring system. It is designed for building powerful yet simple queries for graphs, alerts, or derived time series.

EXPORTER – Software that gets existing metrics from a third-party system and export them to the metric format that the Prometheus server can understand.

NODE EXPORTER

Prometheus exporter for hardware and OS metrics exposed by UNIX kernels, written in Go with pluggable metric collectors. The node exporter listens on HTTP port 9100 by default

MYSQL EXPORTER

Supported versions: MySQL >= 5.6 & MariaDB >= 10.2

PROMETHEUS INSTALLATION

- 1. Login to **UBUNTU** Machine in AWS Console as ROOT user
- 2. Check for all updates using command "sudo apt update -y"

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-217:~$ sudo su - root root@ip-172-31-6-217:~# sudo apt update -y
```

3. Download PROMETHEUS package for LINUX OS from https://prometheus.io/download/

prometheus

The Prometheus monitoring system and time series database. 🗘 prometheus/prometheus

2.29.1 / 2021-08-11 Release notes						
File name	os	Arch	Size	SHA256 Checksum		
prometheus-2.29.1.darwin-amd64.tar.gz	darwin	amd64	69.89 MiB	ffa4710918f565ebc9c3c9abf834609c103cf9f6aaf0c5af5986b379baa9e74		
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64.tar.gz	linux	amd64	69.77 MiB	b85769c7e819ed27e7a09a7a15bdfea06e01484737011677d043b1b85a22f82		
prometheus-2.29.1.windows-amd64.zip	windows	amd64	71.17 MiB	d81c4cla3b424e71c42169e8e187c83ae1c4bb8aa32da5308513887c6251bcaf		

4. Using WGET command, Download to the respective server wget https://github.com/prometheus/prometheus/prometheus/releases/download/v2.29.1/prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64.tar.gz

 Extract PROMETHEUS DIRECTORY using TAR Command root@ip-172-31-6-217:~# tar -xvzf prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64.tar.gz

```
root@ip-172-31-6-217:~# tar -xvzf prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64.tar.gz
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/consoles/
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/consoles/index.html.example
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/consoles/node-cpu.html
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/consoles/node-disk.html
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/consoles/node-overview.html
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/consoles/node.html
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/consoles/prometheus-overview.html
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/consoles/prometheus.html
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/console libraries/
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/console libraries/menu.lib
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/console libraries/prom.lib
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/prometheus.yml
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/LICENSE
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/NOTICE
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/prometheus
prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/promtool
```

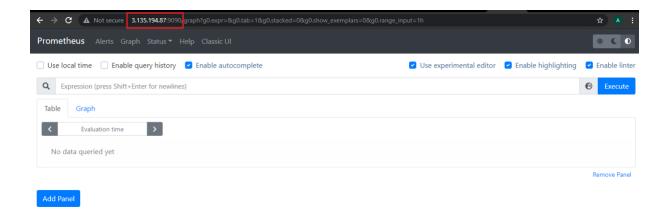
6. Navigate to prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64/ and copy "prometheus" & "promtool" to /usr/local/bin

```
\label{linux-amd64} $$ $\operatorname{root@ip-172-31-6-217:$} \sim \operatorname{prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64\#} $$ $\operatorname{cp} $$ $\operatorname{prometheus} /\operatorname{usr/local/bin/root@ip-172-31-6-217:$} \sim \operatorname{prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64\#} $$ $\operatorname{cp} $$ $\operatorname{promtool} /\operatorname{usr/local/bin/root@ip-172-31-6-217:$} \sim \operatorname{promtool} /\operatorname{usr/local/bin/root@ip-172-31-6-217:$} \sim \operatorname{pr
```

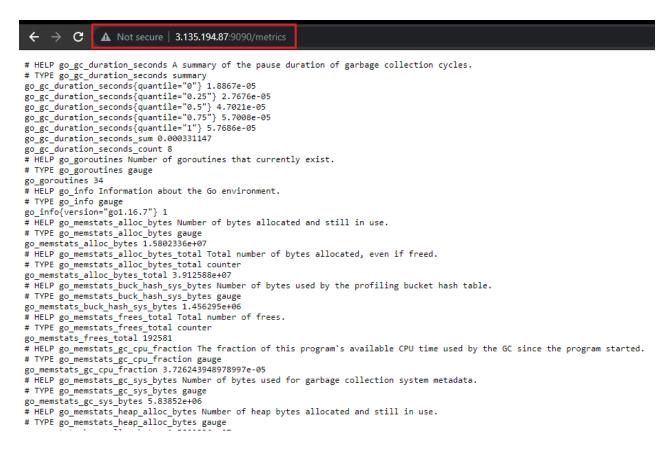
7. Start **PROMETHEUS** process using "./prometheus --config.file=prometheus.yml"

```
root@ip-172-31-6-217:~/prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64# ./prometheus --config.file=prometheus.yml
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.482Z caller=main.go:390 msg="No time or size retention was set so using the default time retention"
duration=15d
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.482Z caller=main.go:428 msg="Starting Prometheus" version=" (version=2.29.1, branch=HEAD, revision=dc
b07e8eac34b5ea37cd229545000b857f1c1637) "
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.482Z caller=main.go:433 build context="(go=go1.16.7, user=root@364730518a4e, date=20210811-14:48:27)
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.482Z caller=main.go:434 host details="(Linux 5.4.0-1045-aws #47-Ubuntu SMP Tue Apr 13 07:02:25 UTC 2
021 x86 64 ip-172-31-6-217 (none))"
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.482Z caller=main.go:435 fd_limits="(soft=1024, hard=1048576)"
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.483Z caller=main.go:436 vm limits="(soft=unlimited, hard=unlimited)"
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.487Z caller=web.go:541 component=web msg="Start listening for connections" address=0.0.0.0:9090
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.492Z caller=main.go:812 msg="Starting TSDB ..."
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.504Z caller=head.go:815 component=tsdb msg="Replaying on-disk memory mappable chunks if any"
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.505Z caller=head.go:829 component=tsdb msq="On-disk memory mappable chunks replay completed" duratio
n=4.59us
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.505Z caller=head.go:835 component=tsdb msg="Replaying WAL, this may take a while"
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.509Z caller=tls_config.go:191 component=web msg="TLS is disabled." http2=false level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.511Z caller=head.go:892 component=tsdb msg="WAL segment loaded" segment=0 maxSegment=0
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.511Z caller=head.go:898 component=tsdb msg="WAL replay completed" checkpoint_replay_duration=48.094μ
s wal_replay_duration=5.661506ms total_replay_duration=5.823958ms
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.512Z caller=main.go:839 fs type=EXT4 SUPER MAGIC
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.513Z caller=main.go:842 msg="TSDB started" level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.513Z caller=main.go:969 msg="Loading contiguration file" filename=prometheus.yml
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17:46:11.539Z caller=main.go:1006 msg="Completed loading of configuration file" filename=prometheus.yml total
Duration=26.472933ms db storage=1.192µs remote storage=1.778µs web handler=850ns query engine=1.253µs scrape=25.251159ms scrape sd=26.
565µs notify=25.11µs notify sd=37.57µs rules=2.292µs
level=info ts=2021-08-11T17.46:11.539Z caller=main.go:784 msg="Server is ready to receive web requests."
```

8. Verify by entering <IP ADDRESS:9090> in the Browser as below:



9. Change <IP_ADDRESS:9090>/metrics to check the available metrics of the host



10. Check for some of metrics as below

```
For CPU -
```

process_cpu_seconds_total

HTTP status code -

```
promhttp_metric_handler_requests_total{code="200"} promhttp_metric_handler_requests_total{code="500"} promhttp_metric_handler_requests_total{code="503"}
```



INSTALLATION OF NODE EXPORTER

- 1. Login to UBUNTU machine (Depending upon your requirement create the number of servers) For better understanding, create more than 2 servers for Assessment.
- 2. Follow same steps Login as ROOT user and check for updates.
- 3. Navigate to NODE EXPORTER in https://prometheus.io/download/

node_exporter

Exporter for machine metrics Oprometheus/node_exporter

1.2.2 / 2021-08-06 Release notes						
File name	os	Arch	Size	SHA256 Checksum		
node_exporter-1.2.2.darwin-amd64.tar.gz	darwin	amd64	4.28 MiB	0deda6a75e7dcc45e666e39f457e160f20e9bd3df6b1e45af90e7168d4336b01		
node_exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64.tar.gz	linux	amd64	8.49 MiB	344bd4c0bbd66ff78f14486ec48b89c248139cdd485e992583ea30e89e0e5390		

4. Using **WGET** command – Extract Node Exporter file to the respective servers

wget https://github.com/prometheus/node exporter/releases/download/v1.2.2/node exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64.tar.gz

5. Extract using TAR command: root@ip-172-31-27-223:~# tar -xvzf node exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64.tar.gz

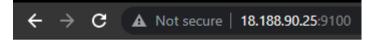
```
root@ip-172-31-27-223:~# tar -xvzf node_exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64.tar.gz
node_exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64/
node_exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64/LICENSE
node_exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64/NOTICE
node_exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64/node_exporter
```

6. Navigate to node_exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64/ and start NODE EXPORTER PROCESS by below command root@ip-172-31-27-223:~/node_exporter-1.2.2.linux-amd64# ./node_exporter &

```
level=info ts=2021-08-11T18:30:09.565Z caller=node_exporter.go:115 collector=uname
level=info ts=2021-08-11T18:30:09.565Z caller=node_exporter.go:115 collector=vmstat
level=info ts=2021-08-11T18:30:09.565Z caller=node_exporter.go:115 collector=xfs
level=info ts=2021-08-11T18:30:09.565Z caller=node_exporter.go:115 collector=zfs
level=info ts=2021-08-11T18:30:09.565Z caller=node_exporter.go
level=info ts=2021-08-11T18:30:09.565Z caller=node_exporter.go
level=info ts=2021-08-11T18:30:09.567Z caller=node_exporter.go:191 msg="TLS is disabled." http2=false
```

7. Verify using <IP_ADDRESS:9100> - By default Node Exporter uses PORT 9100

```
# HELP go_gc_duration_seconds A summary of the pause duration of garbage collection cycles.
# TYPE go_gc_duration_seconds summary
go_gc_duration_seconds{quantile="0"} 0
go_gc_duration_seconds{quantile="0.25"} 0
go_gc_duration_seconds{quantile="0.5"} 0
go_gc_duration_seconds{quantile="0.75"} 0
go_gc_duration_seconds{quantile="1"} 0
go_gc_duration_seconds_sum 0
go_gc_duration_seconds_count 0
```



Node Exporter

Metrics

Now we need to map **NODE EXPORTER** server to our **PROMETHEUS** server to fetch metrics under **PROMETHEUS** UI – (Refer **STEP 8** in **PROMETHEUS INSTALLATION** - **3.135.194.87:9090**)

- 1. Login PROMETHEUS SERVER and navigate to /root/prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64
- 2. Open prometheus.yml file and add below details

```
- job_name: "Node_Exporter"
 # metrics path defaults to '/metrics'
 # scheme defaults to 'http'.
 static_configs:
 - targets: ["18.188.90.25:9100"] ---- → IP_ADDRESS:9100
```

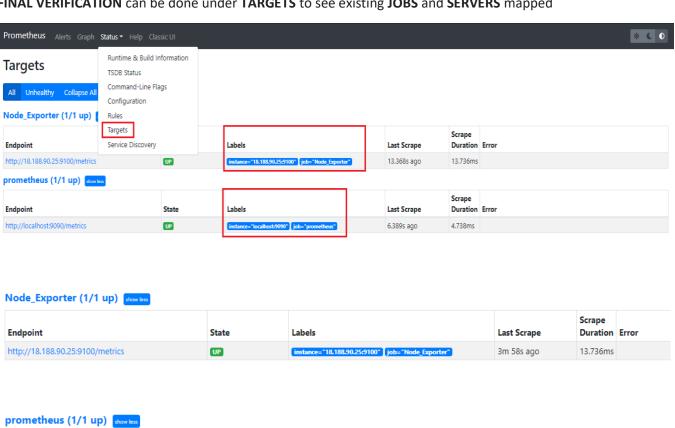
3. Stop PROMETHEUS PROCESS by Killing it ps -ef | grep prometheus kill -9 <PID>

```
00:00:01 ./prometheus --config.file=prometheus.yml 00:00:00 grep --color=auto prometheus
                            1255 0 17:59 pts/0
root
                            2143 0 18:43 pts/2
                 2192
root@ip-172-31-6-217:~/prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64# kill -9 1794
root@ip-172-31-6-217:~/prometheus-2.29.1.linux-amd64# ps -ef | grep prometheus root 2199 2143 0 18:44 pts/2 00:00:00 grep --color=auto prometheus
```

- 4. You will be able to see Metrics from your **NODE EXPORTER SERVER**.
 - a. Check the JOB NAME Here it is as "NODE EXPORTER"

```
node_memory_Active_file_bytes{instance="18.188.90.25:9100", job="Node_Exporter"}
```

FINAL VERIFICATION can be done under TARGETS to see existing JOBS and SERVERS mapped



prometneus (1/1 up) showless					
Endpoint	State	Labels	Last Scrape	Scrape Duration	Error
http://localhost:9090/metrics	UP	instance="localhost:9090" [job="prometheus"]	3m 51s ago	4.738ms	

WHY WE NEED GRAFANA?

PROMETHEUS can store data, but it can't be so effective in visualisations like running multiple queries and Dashboards aren't very attractive. Where **GRAFANA** acts as the interface for Analysis and Visualization.



Grafana is open-source visualization and analytics software. It allows you to query, visualize, alert on, and explore your metrics no matter where they are stored. It provides to turn Time-series database (TSDB) data into beautiful graphs and Visualizations.

POINTS TO REMEMBER:

DATA SOURCES - Grafana supports many different storage backends for your time series data (data source). Each data source has a specific Query Editor that is customized for the features and capabilities that the data source exposes.

EXAMPLE OF DATA SOURCES – Prometheus, AWS CloudWatch, MYSQL, Azure Monitor

HISTOGRAM - A histogram is a graphical representation of the distribution of numerical data. It groups values into buckets (sometimes also called bins) and then counts how many values fall into each bucket.

HEATMAPS - A heatmap is like a histogram, but over time where each time slice represents its own histogram. Instead of using bar height as a representation of frequency, it uses cells and colours the cell proportional to the number of values in the bucket.

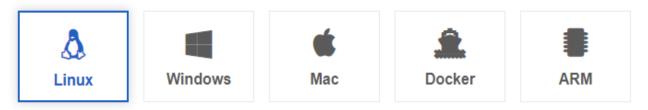
INSTALLATION OF GRAFANA

- 1. Login to PROMETHEUS server (or create a new server to avoid confusion)
- 2. Download latest version of Grafana from https://grafana.com/grafana/download

Download Grafana

Version:	8.1.1
Edition:	Open Source 🕶
License:	AGPLv3
Release Date:	August 9, 2021
Release Info:	What's New In Grafana 8.1.1 Release Notes

3. Select the version (8.1.1) and Edition as OPEN SOURCE and LINUX OS



4. Under Standalone Linux Binaries, you can find the commands to directly install in your Machine

```
Standalone Linux Binaries (64 Bit) SHA256: 9091d998ffa8b3eaa6a5d2b66e6e4563badd4f4cb25eb0d80029fe538c7252bf

wget https://dl.grafana.com/oss/release/grafana-8.1.1.linux-amd64.tar.gz

tar -zxvf grafana-8.1.1.linux-amd64.tar.gz
```

5. Navigate to grafana-8.1.1/ and BIN directory and execute below command:

root@ip-172-31-6-217:~/grafana-8.1.1/bin# ./grafana-server &

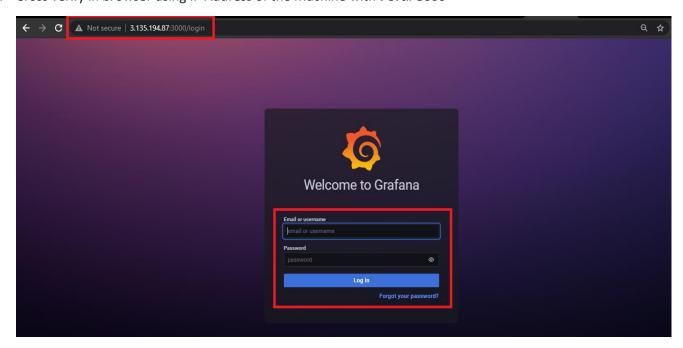
```
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Aug 9 13:44 ./
drwxr-xr-x 7 root root 4096 Aug 12 17:55 ../
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 32613392 Aug 9 13:44 grafana-cli*
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 33 Aug 9 13:44 grafana-cli.md5
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 80201152 Aug 9 13:44 grafana-server*
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 33 Aug 9 13:44 grafana-server.md5
root@ip-172-31-6-217:~/grafana-8.1.1/bin# ./grafana-server &
```

6. Check if process is started properly by verifying output as below:

```
INFO[08-12|17:57:35] Executing migration

INFO[08-12|17:57:35] Image and interval in the properties of the properties of
```

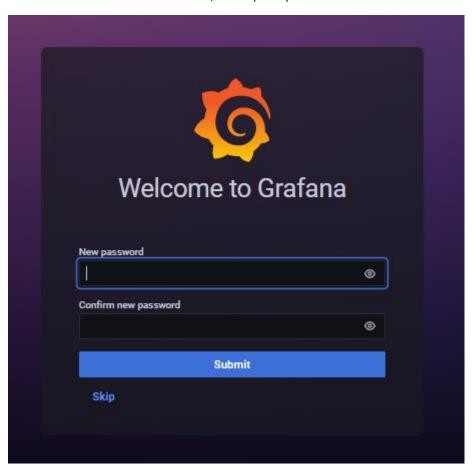
7. Cross verify in browser using IP Address of the Machine with Port# 3000



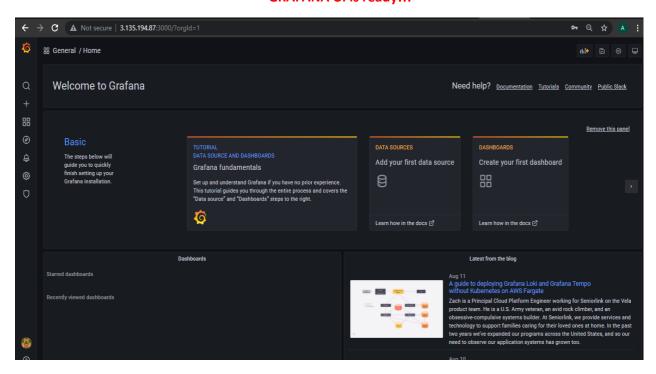
8. When you're trying to login GRAFANA UI for the FIRST time – Enter Username and Password as ADMIN

USERNAME: admin **PASSWORD:** admin

Once above credentials is entered, it will prompt for a **NEW** Password:

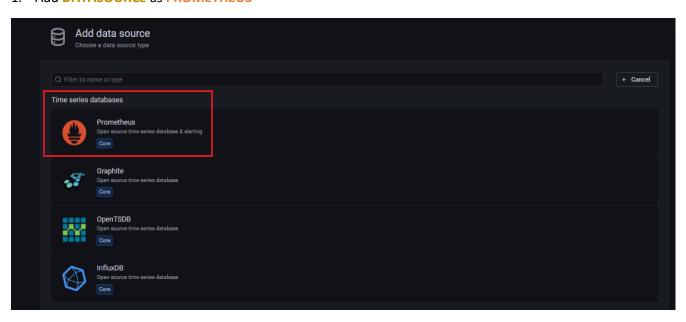


GRAFANA UI is ready!!!

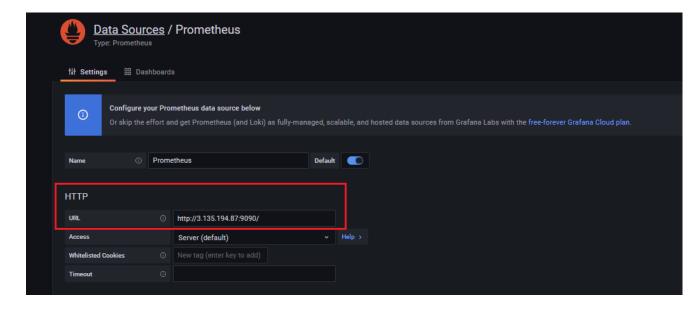


ADDING PROMETHEUS TO GRAFANA

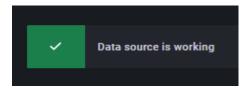
1. Add DATASOURCE as PROMETHEUS



2. Add PROMETHEUS server with PORT# 9090 as http://3.135.194.87:9090/



3. Save and TEST the connection – It should display as below



4. Import DASHBOARD to Visualise the METRICS from https://grafana.com/grafana/dashboards



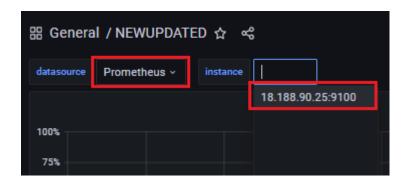
Node Exporter Quickstart and Dashboard by Grafana Labs

DASHBOARD

A quickstart to setup Prometheus Node Exporter with preconfigured dashboards, alerting rules, and recording rules.

Last updated: 5 months ago

5. Once Dashboard is IMPORTED, check if the exact IP ADDRESS of NODE EXPORTER is popping up in the Dashboard DROP DOWN as below



DASHBOARD IS CREATED:



