

10) Implement navigation with named routes using Dart Language.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

void main() {
  runApp(MyApp());
}

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      title: 'Named Routes Example',

      // Define the named routes here
      routes: {
        '/': (context) => HomeScreen(),
        '/second': (context) => SecondScreen(),
      },

      // The first screen that loads
      initialRoute: '/',
    );
  }
}

class HomeScreen extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(title: Text('Home Screen')),
    );
  }
}
```

```

body: Center(
  child: ElevatedButton(
    child: Text('Go to Second Screen'),
    onPressed: () {
      // Navigate using the route name
      Navigator.pushNamed(context, '/second');
    },
  ),
),
);
}
}

```

```

class SecondScreen extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(title: Text('Second Screen')),
      body: Center(
        child: ElevatedButton(
          child: Text('Back to Home'),
          onPressed: () {
            // Go back to previous screen
            Navigator.pop(context);
          },
        ),
      ),
    );
  }
}

```

13) Write a Dart Program to implement different types of animations like fade, slide.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

void main() => runApp(EasyAnimation());

class EasyAnimation extends StatefulWidget {
  @override
  State<EasyAnimation> createState() => _EasyAnimationState();
}

class _EasyAnimationState extends State<EasyAnimation> {
  bool show = true;

  @override
  void initState() {
    super.initState();
    Future.delayed(Duration(seconds: 1), toggle);
  }

  void toggle() {
    setState(() => show = !show);
    Future.delayed(Duration(seconds: 1), toggle);
  }

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp( // 📁 added here
      home: Scaffold(
        appBar: AppBar(title: Text("Auto Fade & Slide Animation")),
```

```

body: Center(
  child: AnimatedSlide(
    offset: show ? Offset(0, 0) : Offset(0, -1),
    duration: Duration(seconds: 1),
    child: AnimatedOpacity(
      opacity: show ? 1 : 0,
      duration: Duration(seconds: 1),
      child: Container(
        width: 120,
        height: 120,
        color: Colors.purple,
        alignment: Alignment.center,
        child: Text("Hello",
          style: TextStyle(color: Colors.white, fontSize: 22)),
        ),
      ),
    ),
  ),
);
}
}

```

14) Implements media queries and breakpoints for responsiveness of different Screens using Dart Language.

```

import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

void main() => runApp(MaterialApp(home: MyApp()));

```

```

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    double width = MediaQuery.of(context).size.width;
    String screenType = "";

    if (width < 600) {
      screenType = '📱 Mobile Screen';
    } else if (width < 1200) {
      screenType = '📺 Tablet Screen';
    } else {
      screenType = '💻 Desktop Screen';
    }
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(title: Text("Responsive Layout")),
      body: Center(
        child: Container(
          width: width * 0.8,
          height: 150,
          color: Colors.blue,
          alignment: Alignment.center,
          child: Text(
            screenType,
            style: TextStyle(fontSize: 22, color: Colors.white),
          ),
        ),
      ),
    );
  }
}

```

12) Implement Form Validation and error handling using Dart Language.

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

void main() => runApp(MyApp());

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(home: SimpleForm());
  }
}

class SimpleForm extends StatefulWidget {
  @override
  State<SimpleForm> createState() => _SimpleFormState();
}

class _SimpleFormState extends State<SimpleForm> {
  final name = TextEditingController();
  final email = TextEditingController();
  final password = TextEditingController();

  bool validate = true; // is form valid or not
  bool submitted = false; // has user pressed the button

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(title: Text("Simple Form Validation")),

```

```

body: Padding(
  padding: EdgeInsets.all(16),
  child: Column(
    children: [
      TextField(controller: name, decoration: InputDecoration(labelText: "Name")),
      TextField(controller: email, decoration: InputDecoration(labelText: "Email")),
      TextField(controller: password, decoration: InputDecoration(labelText: "Password"),
        obscureText: true),
      SizedBox(height: 20),
      ElevatedButton(
        child: Text("Submit"),
        onPressed: () {
          setState(() {
            submitted = true;
            if (name.text.isEmpty ||
              !email.text.contains('@') ||
              password.text.length < 6) {
              validate = false;
            } else {
              validate = true;
            }
          });
        },
      ),
      SizedBox(height: 20),

      // show message only after button pressed
      if (submitted)
        Text(
          validate
            ? "✅ Form Submitted Successfully!"

```

```

        : "✖ Please fill all fields correctly!",
        style: TextStyle(
          color: validate ? Colors.green : Colors.red,
          fontSize: 16,
        ),
      ),
    ],
  ),
),
);
}
}

```

9) Write a Dart program to implement different layout structures using Row, Column and Stack Widgets.

```

import 'package:flutter/material.dart';

void main() {
  runApp(MyApp());
}

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      title: 'Layout Example',
      home: Scaffold(
        appBar: AppBar(
          title: Text('Row, Column, and Stack Example'),

```



```

        centerTitle: true,
    ),
    body: LayoutDemo(),
),
);
}
}

```

```

class LayoutDemo extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return SingleChildScrollView( // allows scrolling if content overflows
      child: Padding(
        padding: const EdgeInsets.all(16.0),
        child: Column( // main column holding all layout demos
          crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,
          children: [
            // ----- ROW WIDGET -----
            Text('Row Widget Example', style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold)),
            SizedBox(height: 10),
            Row(
              mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.spaceAround,
              children: [
                Container(width: 60, height: 60, color: Colors.red),
                Container(width: 60, height: 60, color: Colors.green),
                Container(width: 60, height: 60, color: Colors.blue),
              ],
            ),
            SizedBox(height: 30),

```

```

// ----- COLUMN WIDGET -----

Text('Column Widget Example', style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold)),
    SizedBox(height: 10),
    Column(
      crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.center,
      children: [
        Container(width: 100, height: 40, color: Colors.orange),
        Container(width: 100, height: 40, color: Colors.purple),
        Container(width: 100, height: 40, color: Colors.teal),
      ],
    ),

    SizedBox(height: 30),

// ----- STACK WIDGET -----

Text('Stack Widget Example', style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18, fontWeight: FontWeight.bold)),
    SizedBox(height: 10),
    Center(
      child: Stack(
        alignment: Alignment.center,
        children: [
          Container(width: 150, height: 150, color: Colors.yellow),
          Container(width: 100, height: 100, color: Colors.orange),
          Container(width: 50, height: 50, color: Colors.red),
        ],
      ),
    ),
  );

```

}

}