

1. read from a terminal using scanf function and print using printf function

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main( )
{
    char word1[50], word2[50], word3[50], word4[50];

    printf("enter the text:");
    scanf("%s", word1);
    scanf("%s", word2);
    scanf("%s", word3);
    scanf("%s", word4);

    printf("\n");
    printf("word1 = %s\nword2 = %s\nword3 = %s\nword4 = %s\n", word1, word2
,word3, word4);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

enter the text:my name is koustav

word1 = my

word2 = name

word3 = is

word4 = koustav

2. read a lines of text from a terminal using fgets function and print using puts function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char arr[20];
    printf("Enter your name: ");
    fgets(arr,20,stdin);
    puts(arr);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

Enter your name: koustav

Koustav

### 3.convert

#### a. Upper case to Lower case

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    char arr[20];
    int i=0;
    printf("enter a string in uppercase: ");
    scanf("%s",arr);
    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        printf("%c",arr[i]+32);
        i++;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:-

enter a string in uppercase: KOUSTAV

koustav

#### b. Lower case to Upper case

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    char arr[20];
    int i=0;
    printf("enter a string in lowercase:");
    scanf("%s",arr);
    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        printf("%c",arr[i]-32);
        i++;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

enter a string in lowercase:koustav

KOUSTAV

c. Toggle case

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char arr[20];
    int i=0;
    printf("enter a string: ");
    scanf("%s",arr);
    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        if(arr[i] >= 65 && arr[i] <=90 )
        {
            printf("%c",arr[i]+32);
        }
        else
        {
            printf("%c",arr[i]-32);
        }
        i++;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

enter a string: hello

HELLO

d. Sentence case

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char arr[20];
    int i=0;
    printf("enter a string:");
    gets(arr);
    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        if(i==0 && arr[i] >= 97 && arr[i] <=122 )
        {
            printf("%c",arr[i]-32);
        }
        else if(i==0 && arr[i] >= 65 && arr[i] <=90 )
        {
            printf("%c",arr[i]);
        }
        if(arr[i]== ' ')
        {
            if(arr[i+1] >= 97 && arr[i+1] <=122 )
            {
                printf("%c",arr[i+1]-32);
            }
            else if(arr[i+1] >= 65 && arr[i+1] <=90 )
            {
                printf("%c",arr[i+1]);
            }
            i++;
        }
        i++;
        if(arr[i]>=65 && arr[i]<=90)
        {
            printf("%c",arr[i]+32);
        }
        else{
            printf("%c",arr[i]);
        }
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

enter a string:hello.how are you?

Hello.how Are You?

4. perform String Concatenation (With and Without String Handling Functions).

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char arr[30],arr2[30];
    int i=0,j=0,c=0;
    printf("enter first string:");
    scanf("%s",arr);
    printf("enter second string:");
    scanf("%s",arr2);
    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        c++;
        i++;
    }
    i=c;
    while(arr2[j] != '\0')
    {
        arr[i] = arr2[j];
        i++;
        j++;
    }
    arr[i] = '\0';
    printf("Concatination of the given strings are:-");
    i=0;
    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        printf("%c",arr[i]);
        i++;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

enter first string:good

enter second string:morning

Concatination of the given strings are:-goodmorning

5. perform String Reversal (With and Without String Handling Functions).

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char arr[30];
    int i=0,c=0;
    printf("enter a string : ");
    scanf("%s",arr);
    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        c++;
        i++;
    }
    i=0;
    printf("Actual string :: ");
    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        printf("%c",arr[i]);
        i++;
    }
    printf("\nreverse : ");
    i=c;
    while(arr[i] >= 0)
    {
        printf("%c",arr[i]);
        i--;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

enter a string : abcd

Actual string :: abcd

reverse : dcba

6. perform Substring Extraction (With and Without String Handling Functions).



7. copy one string into another and count the no of elements copied. (With and Without String Handling Functions).

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char arr[30],copy[30];
    int i=0,c=0,space=0;
    printf("enter a string:");
    fgets(arr,30,stdin);

    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        copy[i] = arr[i];
        if(arr[i] == ' ')
        {
            space++;
        }
        c++;
        i++;
    }

    printf("Copy string :");
    i=0;
    while(copy[i] != 0)
    {
        printf("%c",copy[i]);
        i++;
    }

    printf("\ntotal elements copy with spaces and NULL character :: %d\n",c);
    printf("\ntotal elements copy with out spaces and NULL character :: %d\n",c-
(space+1));

    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

enter a string:my name is koustav

Copy string :my name is koustav

total elements copy with spaces and NULL character :: 19

total elements copy with out spaces and NULL character :: 15

8. read a string and prints if it is a palindrome or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char arr[30],rev[30];
    int i=0,j=0,c=0,s=0;
    printf("enter a string :");
    fgets(arr,30,stdin);

    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        c++;
        i++;
    }
    i=0;
    j=c-2;
    while(i<c-1)
    {
        if(arr[i] != arr[j])
        {
            s++;
            break;
        }
        j--;
        i++;
    }
    if(s==1)
    {
        printf("%s is not a palindrom string.",arr);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("%s is a palindrom string.",arr);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

enter a string :lenovo

lenovo

is not a palindrom string.

enter a string :wow

wow

is a palindrom string.

9. read a line of text and count all occurrences of particular word.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

int main()
{
    char s[1000],w[1000];
    int n,a[1000],i,j,k=0,l,found=0,t=0;
    printf("Enter the string : ");
    gets(s);
    printf("Enter word to be searched: ");
    gets(w);
    for(i=0;s[i];i++)
    {
        if(s[i]==' ')
        {
            a[k++]=i;
        }
    }
    a[k++]=i;
    j=0;
    for(i=0;i<k;i++)
    {
        n=a[i]-j;
        if(n==strlen(w))
        {
            t=0;
            for(l=0;w[l];l++)
            {
                if(s[l+j]==w[l])
                {
                    t++;
                }
            }
            if(t==strlen(w))
            {
                found++;
            }
        }

        j=a[i]+1;
    }
    printf("word '%s' is occurred count=%d ",w,found);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

Enter the string : where there is a will there is a way

Enter word to be searched: is

word 'is' is occurred count=2

10. read a string and rewrite it in the alphabetical order.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int arr[30],i=0,j=0,c=0,temp=0;
    char arr2[30];
    printf("Enter a string either upper case or lower case: ");
    fgets(arr2,30,stdin);
    while(arr2[i] != '\0')
    {
        arr[i] = arr2[i];
        c++;
        i++;
    }
    for(i=0;i<c-1;i++){
        for(j=0;j<c-1;j++){
            if(arr[i] < arr[j])
            {
                temp = arr[i];
                arr[i] = arr[j];
                arr[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("String in alphabetical order : ");
    for(i=0;i<c-1;i++){
        printf("%c",arr[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:-

Enter a string either upper case or lower case: lenovo

String in alphabetical order : elnoov

## 11. Print the Words Ending with Letter S

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i=0,j=0,c=0,k=0;
    char arr[30],store[30];
    printf("Enter a string :");
    fgets(arr,30,stdin);
    printf("\nwords ending with letter 's:");
    while(arr[i] != '\0')
    {
        if(arr[i] == ' ')
        {
            c = i;
            if(arr[i-1] == 's')
            ){

                for(;k<c;k++)
                {
                    printf("%c",arr[k]);
                }
                k=c;
            }
            i++;
        }
        if(arr[i]=='\0')
        {
            if(arr[i-2]=='s')
            {
                i=c;
                while(arr[i] != '\0')
                {
                    printf("%c",arr[i]);
                    i++;
                }
            }
            else{
                printf("\nhere no words ending with letter 's'");
            }
        }
        return 0;
    }
}
```

Output:-

Enter a string :koustav

words ending with letter 's':

here no words ending with letter 's

Enter a string :students

words ending with letter 's':students

12. Delete All Repeated Words in the line of text.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    char string[100], text[100], words[100][100];
    int i, j, k, n;
    i = j = k = n = 0;
    printf("enter the strings:");
    fgets(string, 256, stdin);
    string[strlen(string) - 1] = '\0';
    while (string[i] != '\0')
    {
        if (string[i] == ' ')
        {
            words[j][k] = '\0';
            k = 0;
            j++;
        }
        else
        {
            words[j][k++] = string[i];
        }
        i++;
    }
    words[j][k] = '\0';
    n = j;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (j = i + 1; j <= n; j++)
        {
            if (strcmp(words[i], words[j]) == 0)
            {
                for (k = j; k < n; k++)
                {
                    strcpy(words[k], words[k + 1]);
                }
                n--, j--;
            }
        }
    }

    for (i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
        printf("%s ", words[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
```



```
    return 0;  
}
```

Output:-

enter the strings:my name is my name is koustav

my name is koustav