

FORECASTING IN EXCEL

Forecasting can be performed using 3 ways:

1. Using a Formula (forecast.ets) ETS → Exponential Smoothing
2. Use Graph (Line charts)
3. Forecast Sheet

Chart using forecast sheet

Get Data ▾

From Text/CSV

From Web

From Table/Range

Recent Sources

Existing Connections

Refresh All ▾

Queries & Connections

Properties

Edit Links

Sort

Filter

Clear

Reapply

Advanced

Text to Columns

What-If Analysis ▾

Forecast Sheet

Group ▾

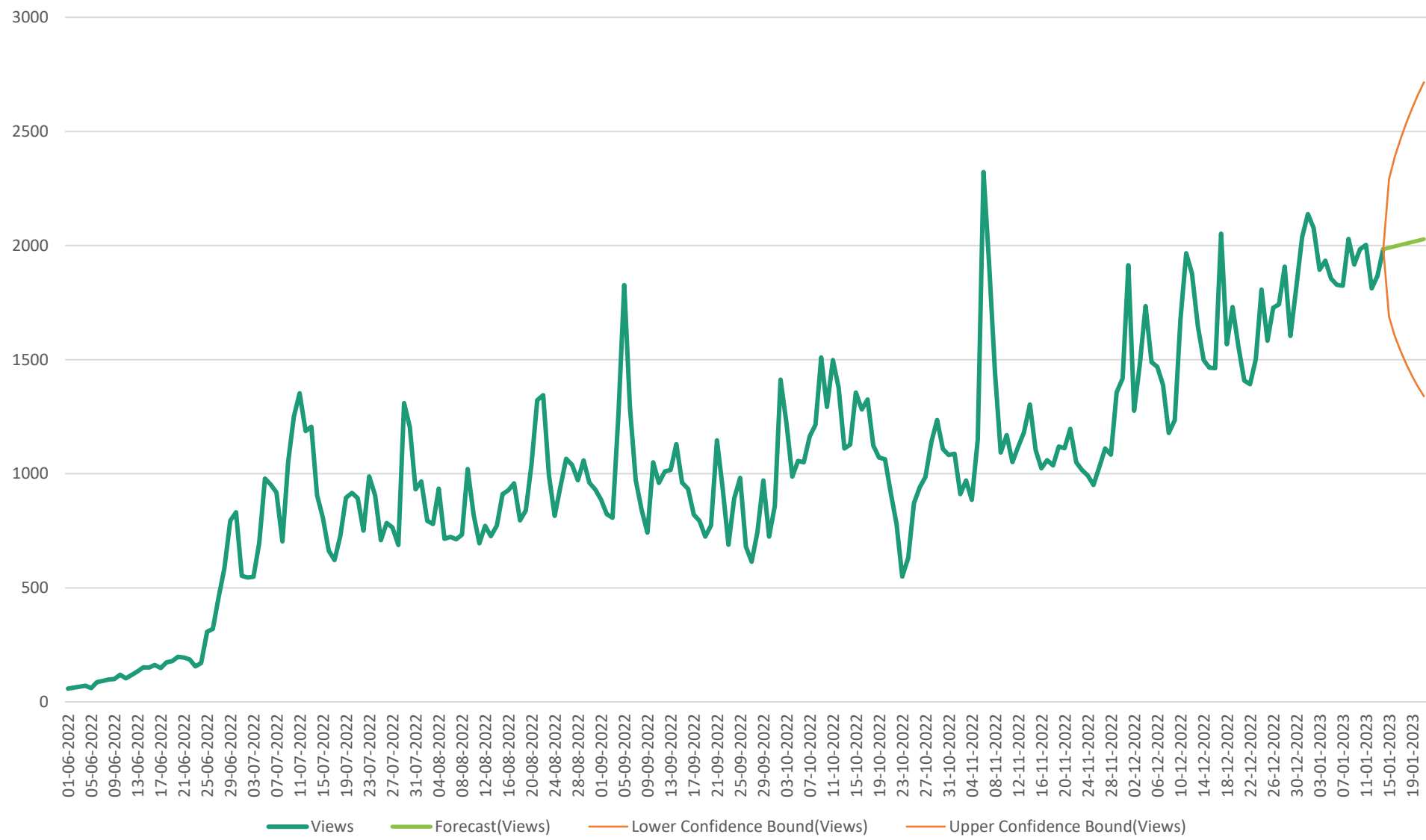
Ungroup ▾

Subtotal

Data Analysis

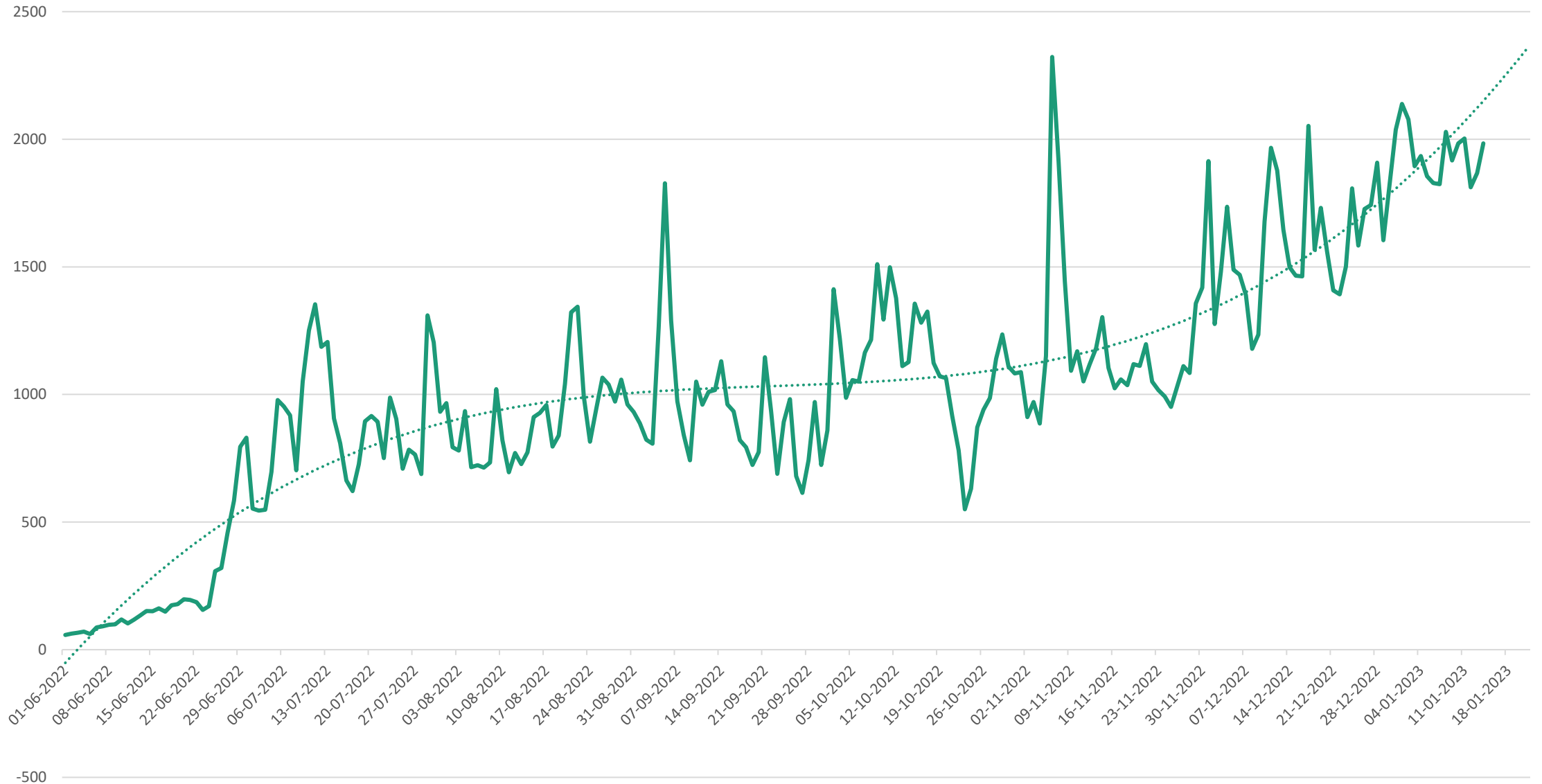
Solver

Forecast



Data Vs Views

$R^2 = 0.7827$



27-12-2024

Forecasting in excel is calculated using the equation $y = mx + c$

Where y = the outcome we want like
sales, views etc

x = the time

m = the slope of line

c = intercept

Importance of R-Squared: Coefficient of determination measures how well the fitted regression line fits the data.

R-Square is the proportion of variation that is explained by a linear model. It has value between 0 and 1, higher R-square means better model performance.

R^2 = coefficient of determination
RSS = Sum of Squares of residuals
TSS = Total sum of Squares

$$R^2 = 1 - \text{RSS}/\text{TSS}$$