KOUTILYA PNVR

4^{th} year Ph.D. | Computer Vision | University of Maryland, College Park

Attps://koutilya-pnvr.github.io

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I am a 4^{th} year Ph.D. student, advised by **Prof. David Jacobs** at the University of Maryland, College Park. I am broadly interested in computer vision. Some of the areas I am currently working on are: **Domain adaptation, in particular between synthetic and real datasets; GANs; Depth, and Normal estimation**; Inverse Rendering; Video classification; and Inpainting. I am looking to further explore new research areas in computer vision.

EDUCATION

Current	3.93	Ph.D. Computer Vision, University of Maryland, College Park
2017	-	Deep Learning Nanodegree Foundation, Udacity
2017	3.9	M.S. Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Maryland, College Park
2015	8.22	B.Tech. Electrical Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi, India

PUBLICATIONS

- > Koutilya PNVR, Hao Zhou, and David Jacobs. "SharinGAN: Combining Synthetic and Real data for Unsupervised Geometry Estimation." In Proceedings of the IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, 2020.
- > Hanson Alex, Koutilya Pnvr, Sanjukta Krishnagopal, and Larry Davis. "Bidirectional Convolutional LSTM for the Detection of Violence in Videos." The European Conference on Computer Vision (ECCV) Workshops, 2018.

INTERNSHIP EXPERIENCE

Present May 2020

Project NEON, STAR LABS, Campbell, CA

- > Worked with team of researchers and engineers on various audio-visual and self-supervised learning techniques.
- > Prototyped novel learning algorithms in large scale production system for various audio and video synthesis approaches.
- > Integrated solutions in cross language technology stack consisting of Python, C++ and CUDA.

 Audio-visual Computer Vision | Self-supervision for Audio-Video modalities | Deep Learning | Pytorch |

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Present Aug. 2017

4^{th} year Ph.D. | Computer Vision, UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND, College Park

- > Domain Adaptation between synthetic and real datasets for applications such as Monocular Depth Estimation of outdoor scenes and Face Normal Estimation.
- > Violence detection in videos using a Bidirectional ConvLSTM network.
- > Guided Inpainting using Generative Adversarial Networks that can enable the use of different car images as guides to edit cars in street view scenes.

Computer Vision Deep Learning Domain Adaptation Depth and Normal Estimation GANs Inverse Rendering Video classification Guided Inpainting

Dec. 2017 Aug. 2016

Graduate Research Assistant | Geographical Sciences, University of Maryland, College Park

- > Crop yield prediction using EPIC model that utilizes data from the soil, site, remote sensing, daily and monthly weather for different regions in the US.
- > Cropland data layer prediction based on history of crops using a Bidirectional ConvLSTM network.
- > Development of a crop phenology algorithm that accurately predicts the timings of different stages of crop growth ranging from Greenup to Senescence.

Satellite Imagery | Remote Sensing | Crop Modeling | High Performance Computing | Crop Phenology

SKILLS

Programming Languages Python, MATLAB, R, C

Deep Learning frameworks Pytorch, TensorFlow, TFLearn, Keras

Image Libraries OpenCV, PIL, Scikit-Image, Matplotlib, Numpy, Lycon

Other technical skills Tensorboard, OpenMPI, OpenMP, LaTeX, Linux, Visual Studio Code, Git

DOMAIN ADAPTATION BETWEEN SYNTHETIC AND REAL DATASETS FOR GEOMETRY ESTIMATION

MAY 2019 - DEC 2019

- > Implemented a novel way of utilizing GANs to train deep networks that can minimize the domain gap between synthetic and real images for performance improvement in geometry estimation tasks.
- > Demonstrated the performance gain for Monocular Depth Estimation and Face Normal Estimation tasks.
- > Reduced the absolute error in testsets of KITTI by 23.77% and Make3D by 6.45% over the state-of-the-art.
- > Improved the face normal prediction by 4.3% for Acc < 20 deg metric for the Photoface dataset over the state-of-the-art. Domain Adaptation Monocular Depth Estimation Face Normal Estimation GANs Synthetic and Real datasets Pytorch Tensorboard

VIOLENCE DETECTION IN VIDEOS USING BIDIRECTIONAL CONVLSTM

APRIL 2018 - JUNE 2018

- > Developed a novel Bidirectional Convolutional LSTM network followed by an elementwise max-pooling layer to obtain better Spatio-temporal representations for detecting violence in videos.
- > Demonstrated the superiority of our method on the Hockey fights, Movies and Violent-Flows datasets over previous state-of-the-art methods.
- > Signified the importance of all our modules: BiConvLSTM, elementwise maxpool, temporal encoding via ablation studies.

 [Violence Detection] [Bidirectional ConvLSTM] [Elementwise Max Pool] [Spatio-temporal encoding] [Pytorch]

POSE CLASSIFICATION FOR HUMAN FACES USING CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORKS (CNNs)

May 2017 - May 2017

- > Implemented a CNN similar to LeNet-5 in TensorFlow aimed for pose classification in human faces.
- > The architecture includes Convolutions, Max pooling and Fully connected layers with the ReLU activation function.
- > Adopted and studied the Dropout technique in the network to prevent overfitting and to generalize well to the testset.
- > Initially validated the architecture on CIFAR-10 with a test accuracy of 74% and finally obtained a pose classification accuracy of 95.96% for CMU faces dataset.

CNNs Classification Deep Learning TensorFlow CIFAR CMU Faces LeNet-5

MNIST Data classification using CNNs and SVMs

MAY. 2017 - MAY. 2017

- > Implemented a CNN similar to LeNet-5 in TensorFlow for classifying MNIST with a test accuracy close to 99%.
- > Chosen the best model via performance on the validation set by tweaking learning rate and batch size hyperparameters.
- > Studied the same by training various kernel SVMs and achieved a best performance of 94.39% using RBF kernel.

CNNs Classification Deep Learning TensorFlow MNIST LeNet-5 SVMs RBF kernel

PARALLEL IMPLEMENTATION OF SMO AND MODEL SELECTION ALGORITHMS FOR SVMS

MAR 2017 - MAY 2017

- > Efficiently parallelized the Sequential Minimal Optimization (SMO) and Model Selection (MS) algorithms that define an optimal SVM classifier using OpenMPI, OpenMP and Hybrid frameworks in C++ on deepthought2 cluster.
- > Studied the parallel version on several cluster configurations such as nodes and threads/core and over several datasets, such as MNIST, not-MNIST, Cordrna, A9a, Splice, etc.
- > Model selection is performed on 900 models and the best one is chosen that gives the least validation error.
- > A huge speedup of 173 is observed for the Hybrid implementation of MS-SMO on not-MNIST for 16 node configuration.

OpenMP OpenMPI Sequential Minimal Optimization (SMO) Support Vector Machines (SVM) High Performance Computing

66 References

David Jacobs

Professor

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Hao Zhou

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Varaprasad Bandaru

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