

Pet Ownership Analysis

Python Dashboard Presentation



Introduction

Having a pet



Companionship



A pet provides constant, non-judgmental presence that alleviates feelings of loneliness and creates a profound emotional bond within home

Responsibility



Caring for a living creature establishes a consistent routine and fosters a sense of accountability through the daily demands of feeding, grooming, and safety

Health benefits



Interacting with animals is scientifically shown to lower stress levels, reduce blood pressure, and encourage physical activity through play or daily walks

Introduction



Popular pet names

Dogs

- Max
- Bella
- Luna
- Charlie
- Lucy
- Bailey
- Cooper
- Daisy
- Rocky

Cats

- Kitty
- Oliver
- Leo
- Luna
- Bella
- Simba
- Chloe
- Charlie
- Lucy

After you get a pet – the first thing you could do is to name him/her. We named our cat – Loki. He is on the picture below.



Introduction

What to do with your pet

- Play and cuddle daily
- Provide regular exercise
- Feed balanced meals
- Groom and clean
- Vet check-ups
- Positive training
- Ensure a safe environment
- Engage in fun activities
- Show love and care



Introduction

USA even has a National Pet Day	
Date	April 11th
Purpose	To celebrate and promote responsible pet ownership and appreciate the companionship of pets
Importance	Raising awareness about pet adoption, responsible pet ownership, and animal welfare. Encouraging people to provide love and care to their pets
Origin	Founded in 2006 by Colleen Paige, an animal welfare advocate and a lover of animals
Activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Adopt a pet from a shelter or rescue● Volunteer at animal shelters● Donate to animal-related charities● Educate about pet care and safety● Host pet-friendly events● Share photos of pets on social media



Our Python Presentation



Companionship

Identifies the regions with the largest pet communities, celebrating the millions of individual bonds that fulfill our universal need for companionship

Promotes
core benefits
of pet
ownership

Responsibility

By visualizing the high percentage of households that own pets across the country, we highlight the widespread commitment to the daily responsibility of nurturing and protecting animal life



Health Benefits

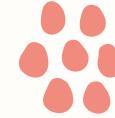
Comparing dog and cat ownership rates allows us to celebrate the diverse ways pets promote human health, whether through the active lifestyle encouraged by dogs or the stress-reducing presence of cats



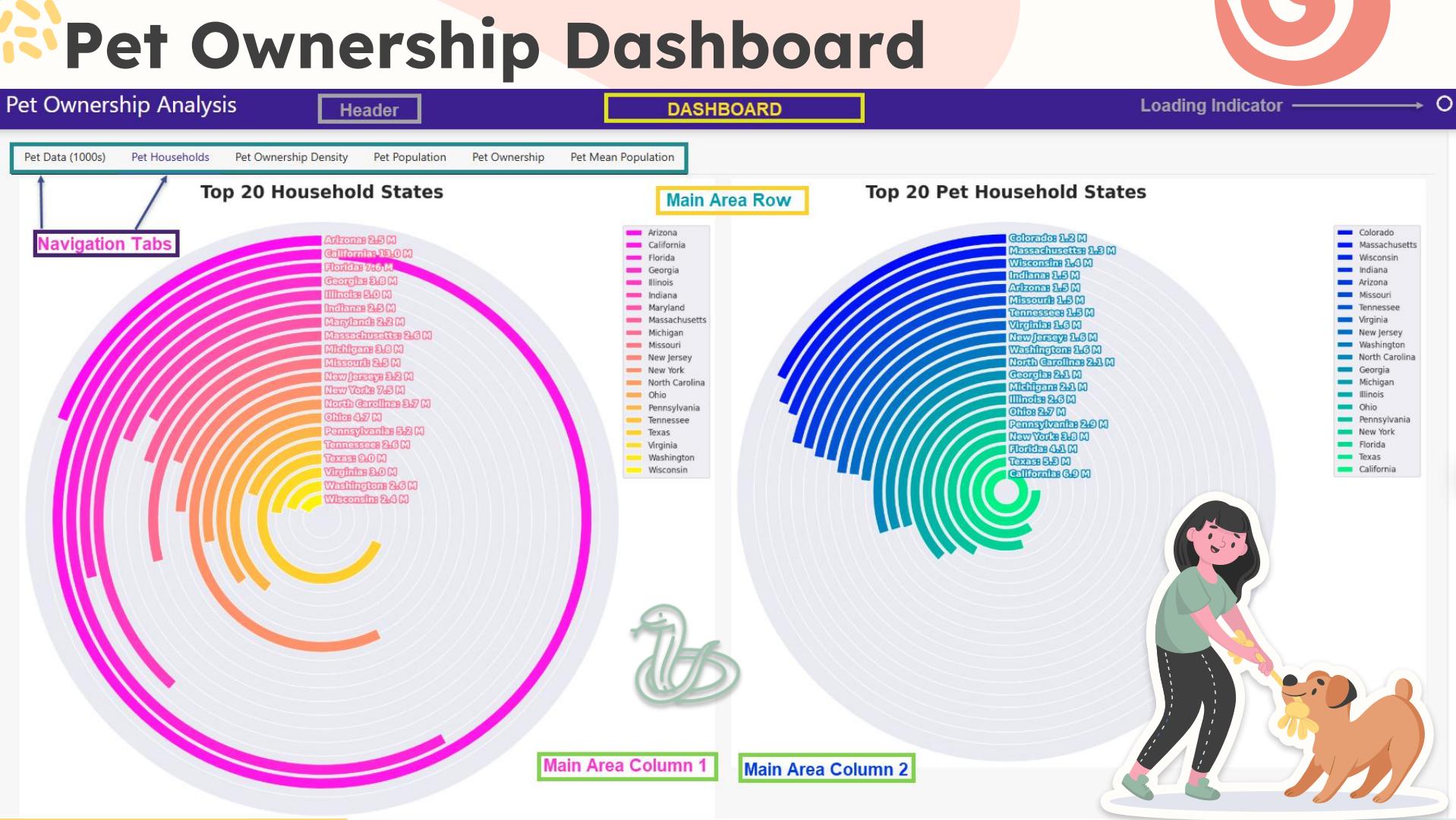
Presentation Dashboard Data



**Population and ownership of dogs and cats by household broken down by state.
Provided by: American Veterinary Medical Association**



location	total_households	pet_ownership_pct	total_pet_households	dog_ownership_pct	total_dog_households	dog_mean_number	dog_population	cat_ownership_pct	total_cat_households	cat_mean_number	cat_population	
Total / Avg	117,791.0	56.9	65,787.0	37.0	42,942.0	1.6	69,294.0	31.6	35,675.0	2.0	73,147.0	
Alabama	1,828.0	59.5	1,088.0	44.1	807.0	1.7	1,410.0	27.4	501.0	2.5	1,252.0	
Arizona	2,515.0	59.5	1,497.0	40.1	1,008.0	1.8	1,798.0	29.6	743.0	1.9	1,438.0	
Arkansas	1,148.0	62.4	716.0	47.9	550.0	2.0	1,097.0	30.6	351.0	2.3	810.0	
California	12,974.0	52.9	6,865.0	32.8	4,260.0	1.6	6,687.0	28.3	3,687.0	1.9	7,118.0	
Colorado	1,986.0	61.3	1,217.0	42.5	845.0	1.6	1,349.0	32.3	642.0	1.9	1,191.0	
Connecticut	1,337.0	54.4	728.0	28.3	379.0	1.3	507.0	31.9	427.0	1.9	796.0	
Delaware	334.0	56.6	189.0	33.7	113.0	Tabulator	1.4	163.0	33.7	113.0	1.7	187.0
District of Columbia	287.0	21.9	63.0	13.1	38.0	Widget	1.1	42.0	11.6	33.0	1.9	63.0
Florida	7,609.0	54.4	4,138.0	35.7	2,718.0	1.5	4,210.0	27.3	2,079.0	2.1	4,375.0	
Georgia	3,798.0	55.1	2,093.0	40.1	1,522.0	1.6	2,479.0	27.3	1,037.0	2.1	2,162.0	
Idaho	568.0	62.0	352.0	42.7	242.0	1.5	357.0	34.6	196.0	2.0	393.0	
Illinois	5,026.0	51.8	2,602.0	32.4	1,627.0	1.5	2,365.0	26.3	1,321.0	1.9	2,453.0	
Indiana	2,478.0	59.9	1,484.0	39.9	989.0	1.6	1,619.0	34.4	852.0	2.2	1,912.0	
Iowa	1,219.0	53.6	654.0	33.4	407.0	1.5	610.0	30.3	370.0	2.2	805.0	
Kansas	1,133.0	61.0	691.0	42.3	480.0	1.6	774.0	33.3	378.0	1.9	731.0	
Kentucky	1,777.0	61.6	1,094.0	45.9	816.0	1.9	1,531.0	36.8	654.0	2.1	1,349.0	
Louisiana	1,702.0	55.1	937.0	36.4	619.0	1.8	1,115.0	25.9	441.0	2.0	877.0	
Maine	548.0	62.9	345.0	34.6	190.0	1.6	300.0	46.4	254.0	1.9	498.0	
Maryland	2,169.0	52.3	1,134.0	30.8	667.0	1.4	915.0	29.8	645.0	2.6	1,677.0	
Massachusetts	2,618.0	50.4	1,318.0	23.6	618.0	1.4	850.0	34.1	892.0	1.8	1,593.0	
Michigan	3,804.0	55.4	2,108.0	34.6	1,318.0	1.5	2,036.0	31.3	1,192.0	2.0	2,420.0	





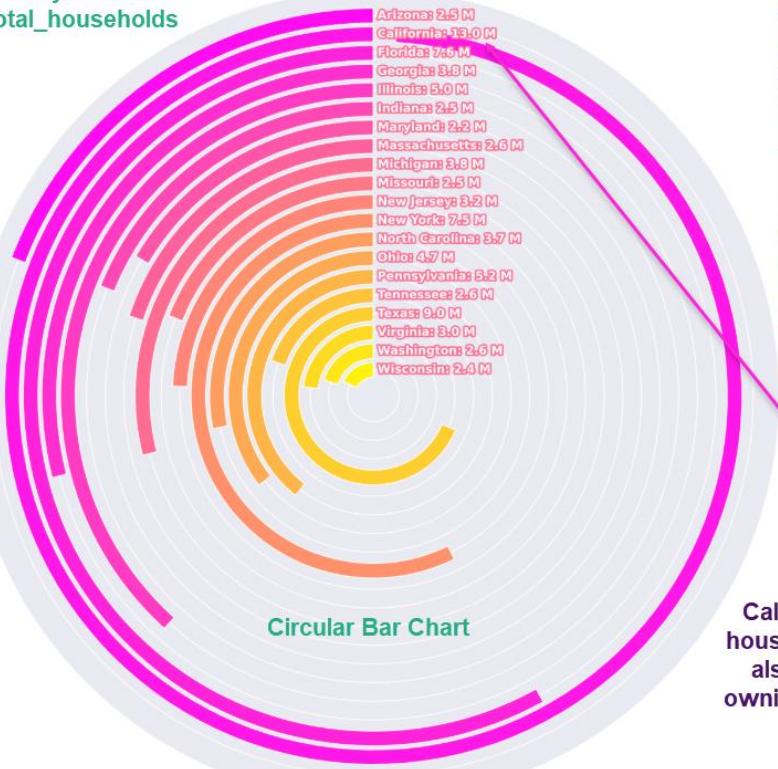
Top Pet Owning Households

Circular bar chart displays data as concentric bars radiating from a common starting point around a central axis, where the bar that extends furthest around the circle represents the highest value.



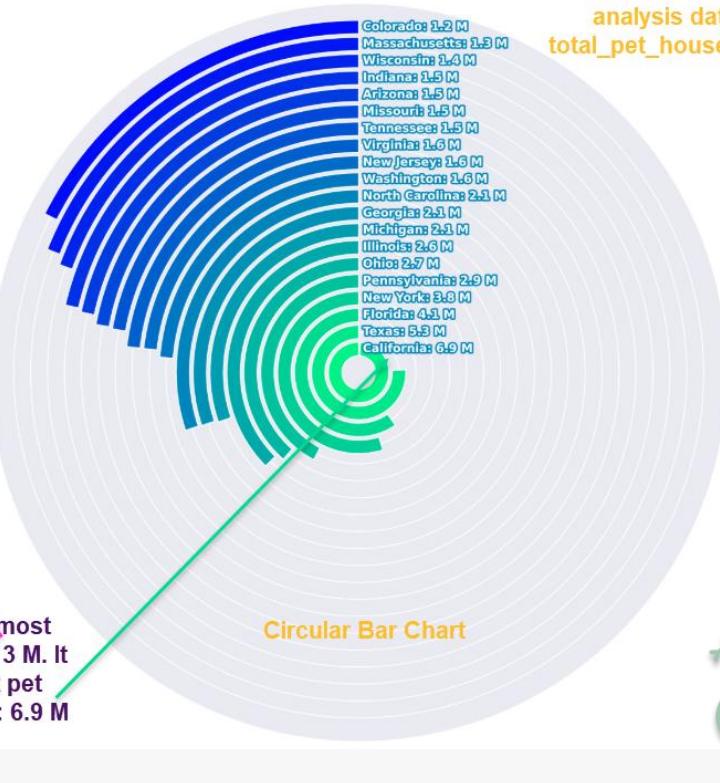
Top 20 Household States

analysis data:
total_households



Top 20 Pet Household States

analysis data:
total_pet_households



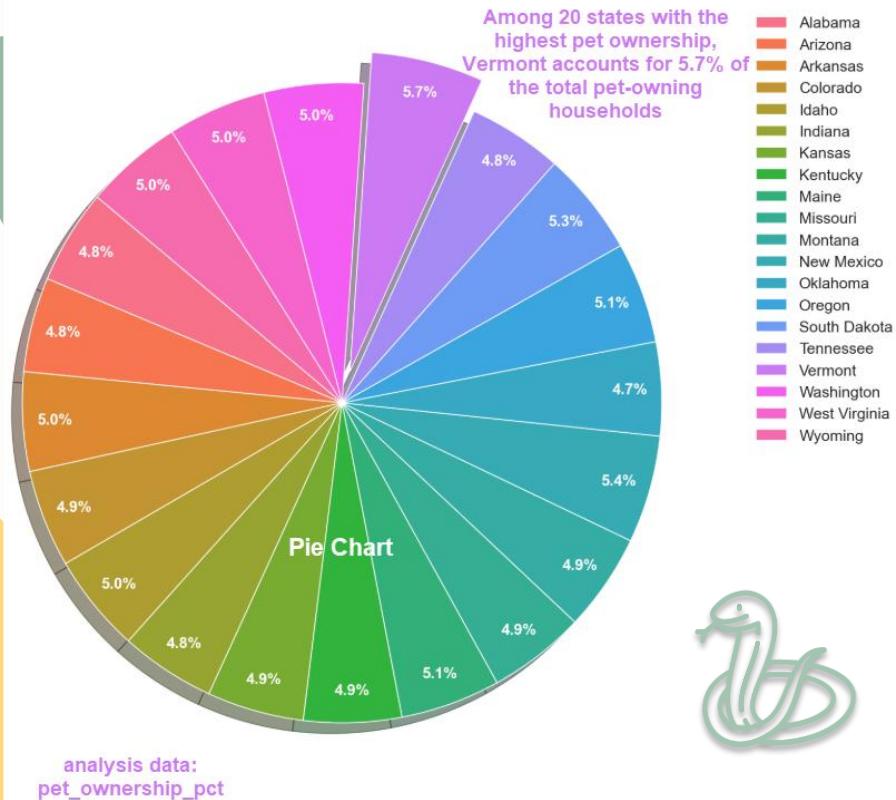
California has the most households in US: 13 M. It also has the most pet owning households: 6.9 M



Top Pet Density States

Pie chart is a circular graphic that represents categorical data by dividing a circle into slices, where the area of each slice reflects its proportional contribution to the whole based on a percentage of the total 360 degrees equal to 100%.

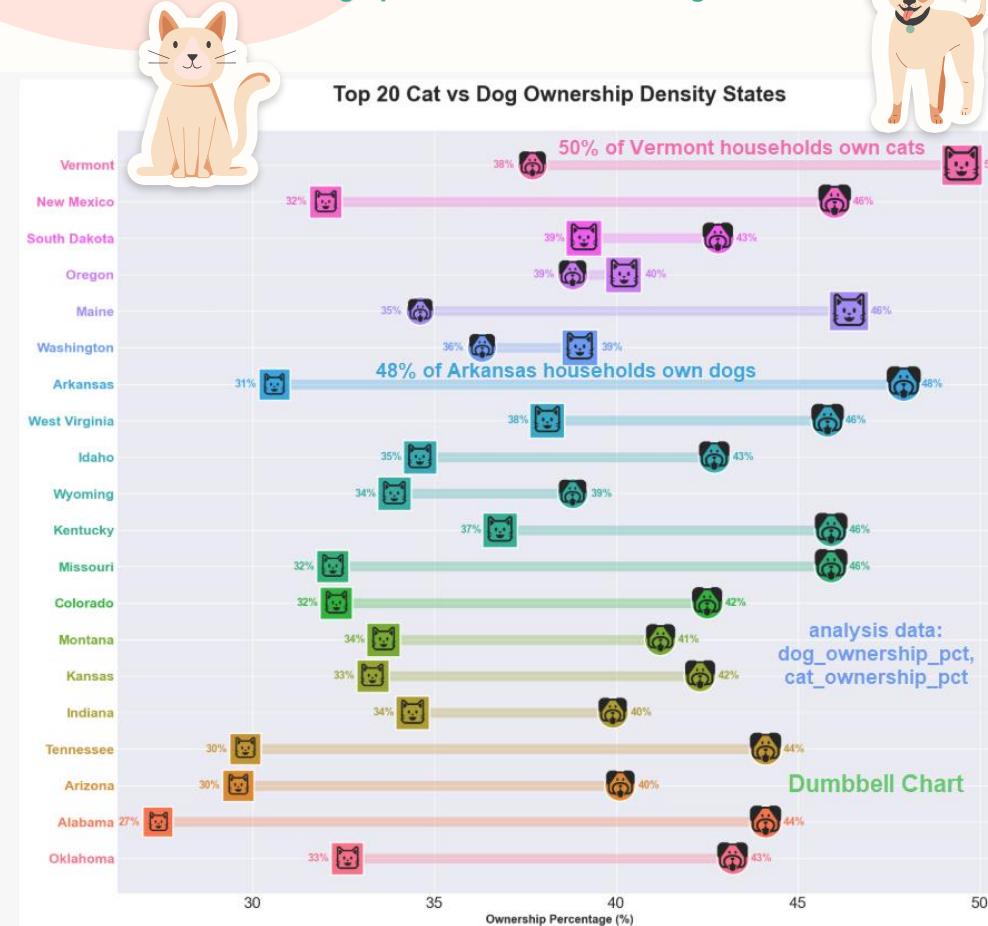
Top 20 Pet Density States



Dumbbell chart is a graph for comparing two data points. The chart consists of two graphics unified with a straight line.



Top 20 Cat vs Dog Ownership Density States

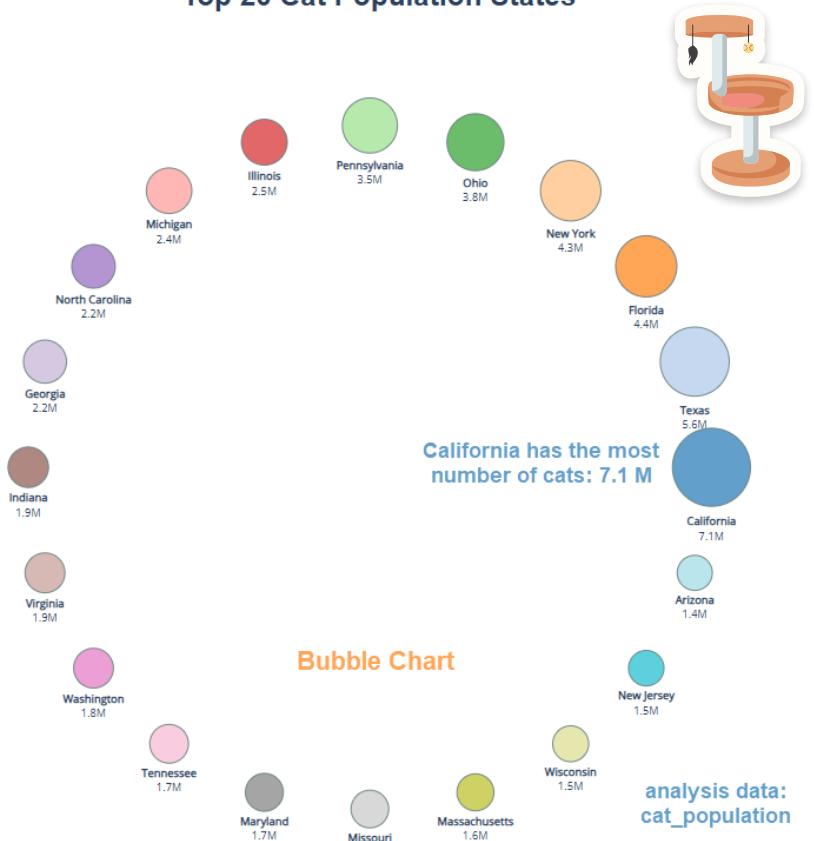




Top Pet Population States

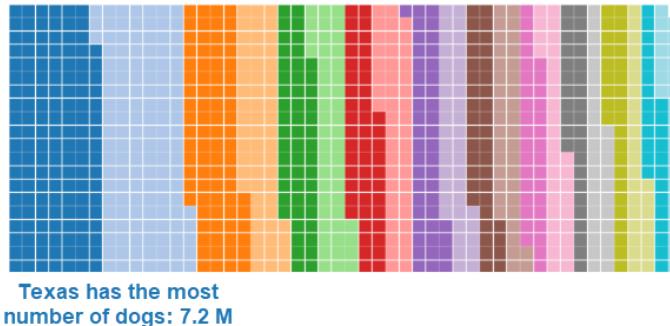
Bubble chart is a scatter plot with different sizes of data points. This is an ideal plot for displaying three-dimensional data, X value, Y value, and data size.

Top 20 Cat Population States



Waffle chart combines multiple small rectangles into a large rectangular graphic. We can use it to show the totals of categorical data.

Top 20 Dog Population States



Waffle Chart



analysis data:
dog_population

Texas: 7.2M
California: 6.7M
Florida: 4.2M
New York: 3.1M
Ohio: 2.7M
North Carolina: 2.5M
Pennsylvania: 2.5M
Georgia: 2.5M
Illinois: 2.4M
Tennessee: 2.2M
Michigan: 2.0M
Missouri: 2.0M
Arizona: 1.8M
Virginia: 1.7M
Indiana: 1.6M
Washington: 1.6M
Kentucky: 1.5M
Alabama: 1.4M
Colorado: 1.3M
New Jersey: 1.3M

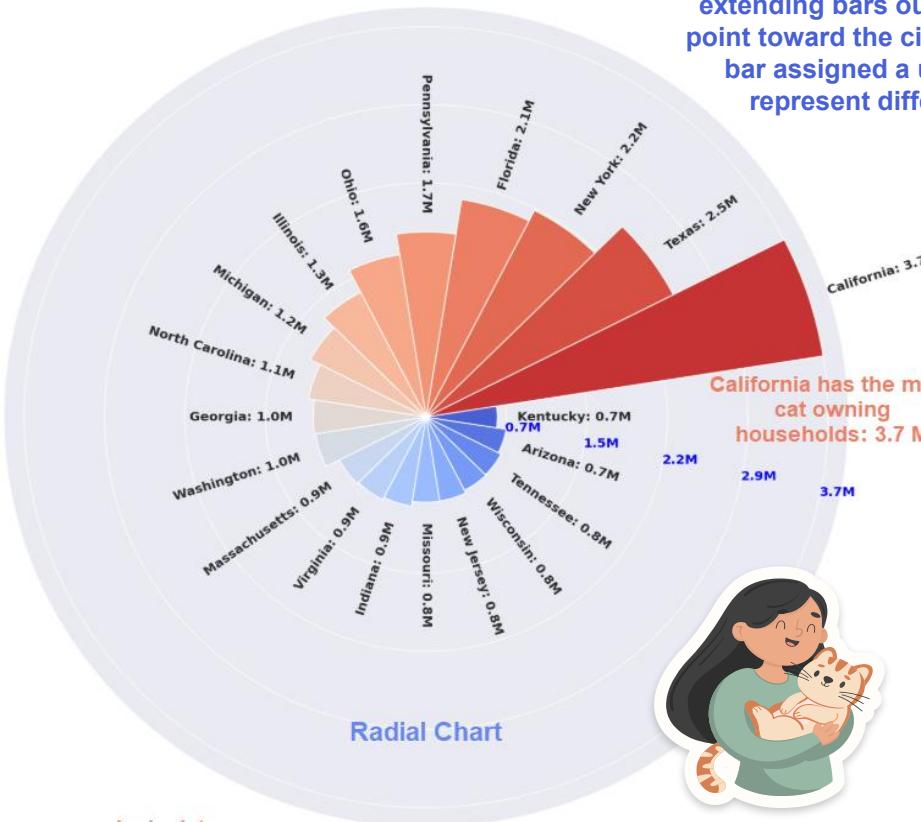


A yellow capsule-shaped icon with a black rectangular tab on the right side.

Top Pet Household States



Top 20 Cat Owning States

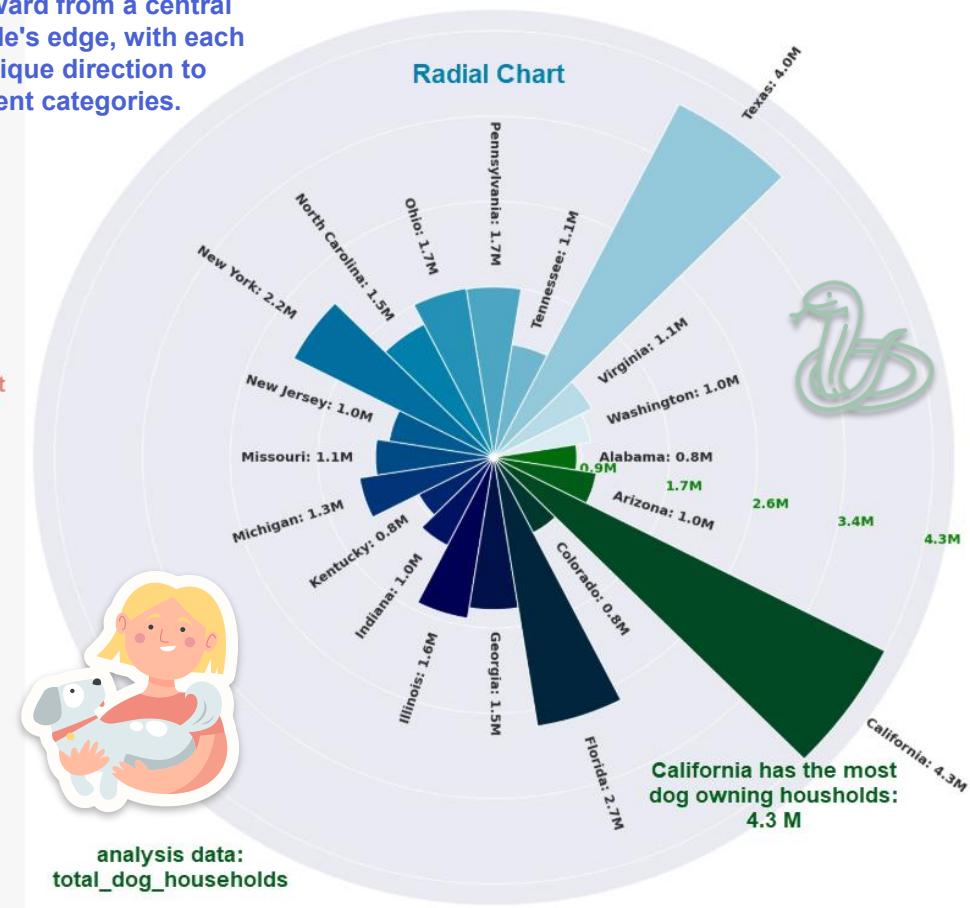


analysis data:
total cat households

A cartoon illustration of a woman with long dark hair, wearing a green t-shirt, holding a small orange and white cat. The cat is looking up at her. The background is plain white.

Radial bar chart displays data by extending bars outward from a central point toward the circle's edge, with each bar assigned a unique direction to represent different categories.

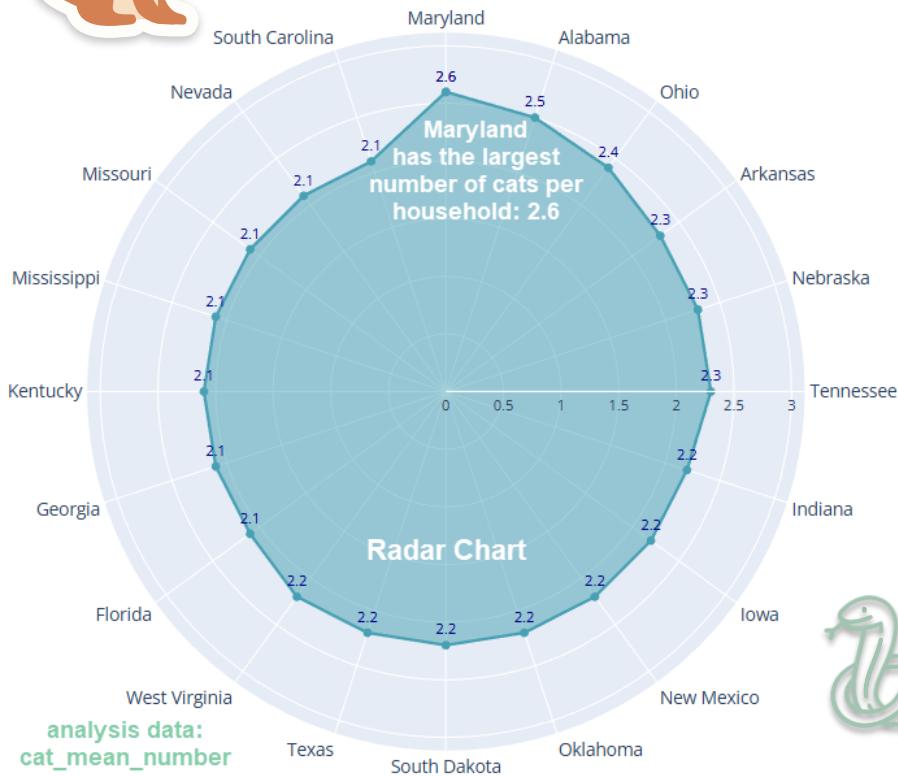
Top 20 Dog Owning States



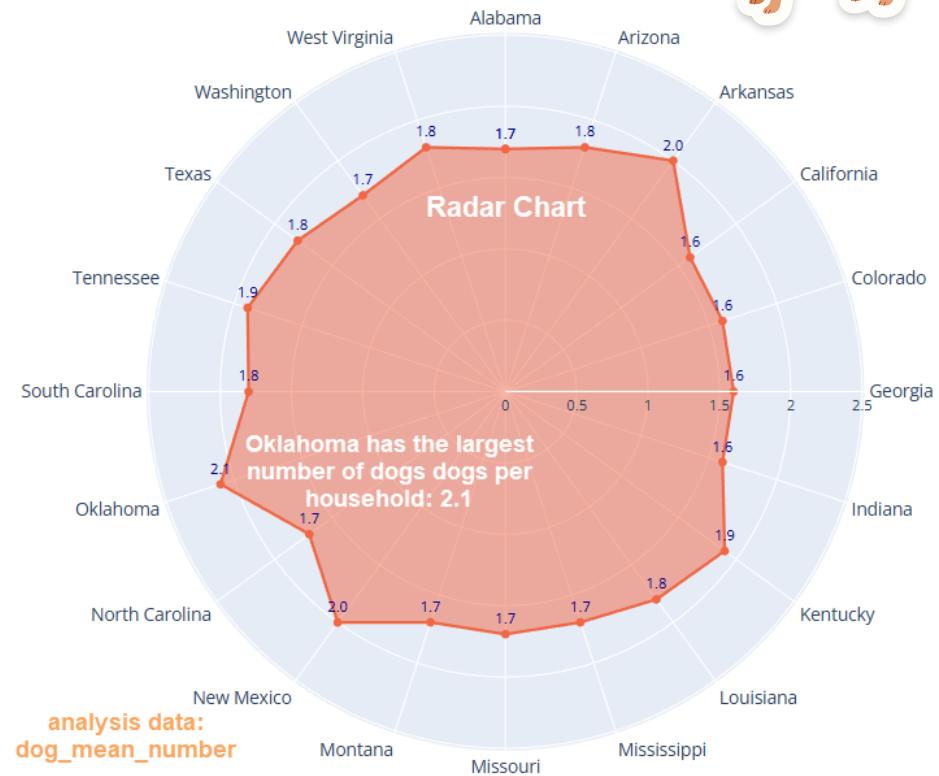
analysis data: total dog households

Top Pet Mean Number States

Top 20 Cat Mean Population by State



Top 20 Dog Mean Population by State



Technology and Tools



Jupiter Notebook

Python language libraries in Jupiter Notebook environment



Numpy

Used for chart rotation angles, bar length and width, grid ticks calculations



Pandas

Reads pet data from excel file, creates Tabulator widget total row, converts data to numeric format



Matplotlib

Implements radial, dumbbell, pie, and circular bar charts



Pywaffle

Used to create a waffle chart



Plotly

Gives a hand in designing radar and bubble charts



Seaborn

Used for color palette, setting a chart grid style, removing plot lines



Panel

Helps develop a Tabulator and a Dashboard Template



Jupiter Code Class Diagram



Dashboard Manager

Creates a dashboard with all visuals organized in tabs

```
© pet_ownership_analysis.DashboardManager
(f df
(f _chart_manager
(m __init__(self, df)
(m cache_data(self, df)
(m create_dashboard_tabs(self)
(m show_dashboard(self, inline=True)
```



```
© pet_ownership_analysis.ChartManager
(f _df
(f fp
(m __init__(self, df)
(m setup_fonts(self)
(m get_color(self, name, number)
(m create_cat_mean_radar_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_dog_mean_radar_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_cat_population_bubble_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_dog_population_waffle_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_cat_owning_radial_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_dog_owning_radial_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_pet_ownership_dumbbell_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_pet_ownership_density_pie_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_pet_households_circular_bar_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_households_circular_bar_chart(self, show=False)
(m create_data_tabulator_table(self)
```

```
#Run dashboard
data_manager = DataManager()
dashboard_manager = DashboardManager(data_manager.data_frame)
dashboard_manager.show_dashboard(inline=False)
```



Chart Manager

Creates plotly and matplotlib charts, and a panel tabulator widget



Data Manager

Loads data from pets excel file and renames columns

```
© pet_ownership_analysis.DataManager
(f data_frame
(m __init__(self)
(m load_data(self)
(m organize_data(self)
```



Thank You!

Vlad Koval



Email vkoval@gmail.com
Website <https://koval-vlad-portfolio.vercel.app/>
Projects <https://github.com/koval-vlad>
Profile <https://www.linkedin.com/in/vlad-koval-614976a4/>