#### AIM:

To implement a linear regression model for forecasting time series data.

#### **Procedure and Code:**

### **Step 1: Import necessary Libraries**

import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split from sklearn.linear\_model import LinearRegression from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error

### **Step 2 : Read the Dataset**

file\_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/TimeSereisDatasets/Ex-5/Copy of daily-website-visitors.csv" df = pd.read\_csv(file\_path)

```
print("First 5 rows of the dataset:")
print(df.head())
```

print("\nColumn names in dataset:", df.columns)

df.columns = df.columns.str.strip()

### **Step 3: Describe and Process the Data**

expected\_columns = ["Date", "Unique.Visits"]
for col in expected\_columns:
 if col not in df.columns:

```
raise ValueError(f"Error: Expected column '{col}' not found. Available columns: {df.columns}")

df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])

df.sort_values('Date', inplace=True)

df['Unique.Visits'] = df['Unique.Visits'].str.replace(',', ").astype(int)

df['Days'] = (df['Date'] - df['Date'].min()).dt.days

X = df[['Days']]

y = df['Unique.Visits']
```

### Step 4: Linear Regression Model

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42, shuffle=False)

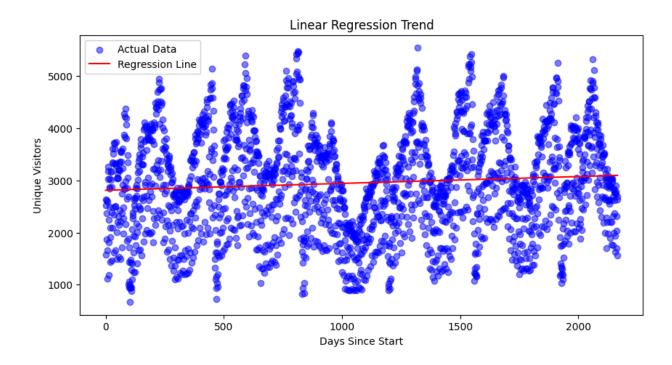
model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)

y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
print(f"\nMean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae:.2f}")

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.scatter(df['Days'], df['Unique.Visits'], color='blue', label="Actual Data", alpha=0.5)
plt.plot(X, model.predict(X), color='red', label="Regression Line")
plt.xlabel("Days Since Start")
```

plt.ylabel("Unique Visitors")
plt.title("Linear Regression Trend")
plt.legend()
plt.show()

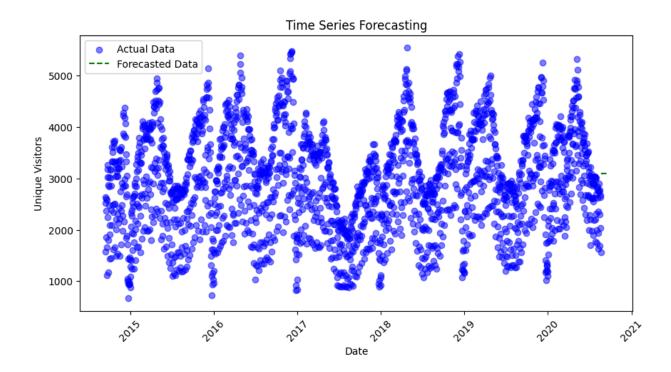


### **Step 5: Scattered Plot Visualization**

```
print("\nForecasted Visitor Counts for Next 5 Days:")
print(forecast_df.head())
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.scatter(df['Date'], df['Unique.Visits'], color='blue', label="Actual Data", alpha=0.5)
plt.plot(future_dates, future_predictions, color='green', linestyle='dashed', label="Forecasted Data")
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Unique Visitors")
plt.title("Time Series Forecasting")
plt.legend()
```

plt.xticks(rotation=45) plt.show()



### Conclusion:

Thus the Linear Regression on Time series data has been executed successfully.