

CSEC 744 Network Security

Name : Shriram Karpoora Sundara Pandian Course

Title : Physical Security

Lab : 1

Chapter : 9

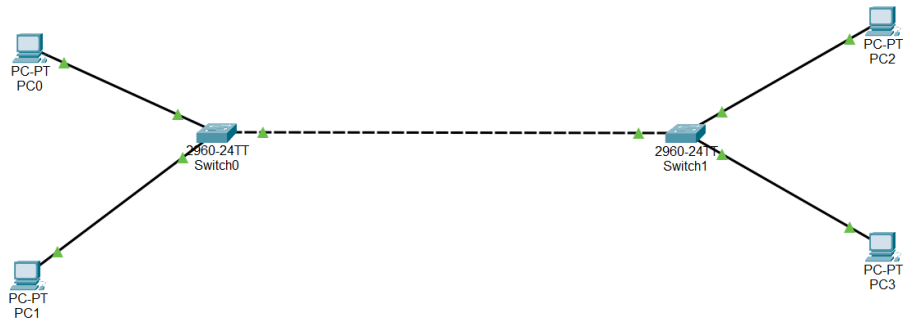
Exercise 9. 01 :

Step 1 : Setting up Cisco Packet Tracer

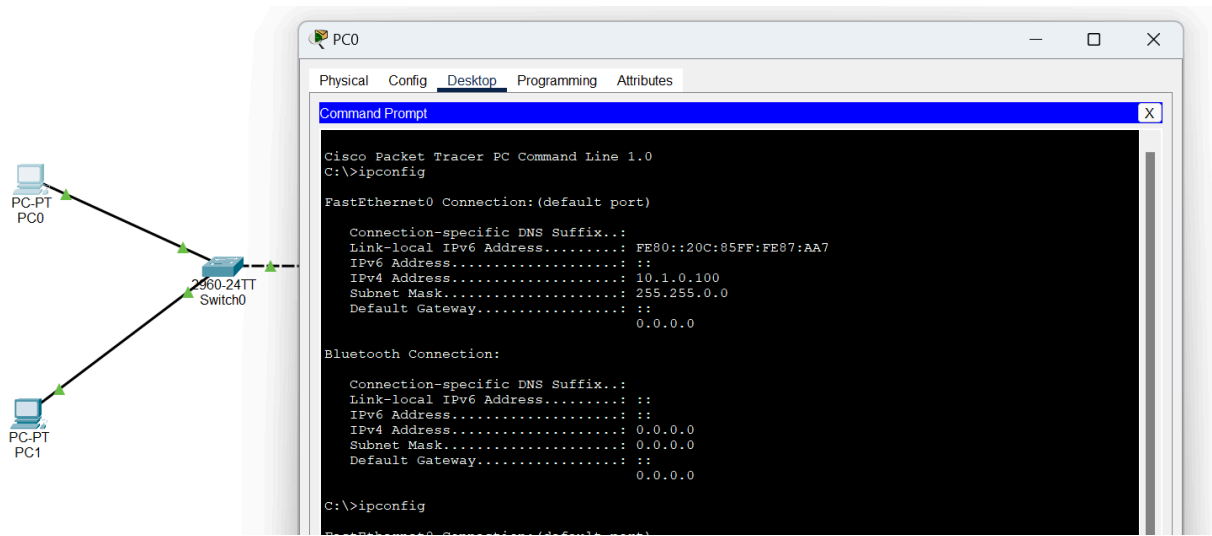
O.



Step 2 :
E.



Step 3 :
E.



F.

PC1

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

INTERFACE

FastEthernet0

Bluetooth

FastEthernet0

Port Status ☒ On

Bandwidth ☒ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mbps ☒ Auto

Duplex ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex ☒ Auto

MAC Address 0001.C7D0.5005

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP

☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.1.0.1

Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic

☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address: FE80::201:C7FF:FED0:5005

PC2

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

INTERFACE

FastEthernet0

Bluetooth

FastEthernet0

Port Status ☒ On

Bandwidth ☒ 100 Mbps ☐ 10 Mbps ☒ Auto

Duplex ☐ Half Duplex ☒ Full Duplex ☒ Auto

MAC Address 0006.2A8D.BAC0

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP

☒ Static

IPv4 Address 10.1.0.2

Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic

☒ Static

IPv6 Address /

Link Local Address: FE80::206:2AFF:FE8D:BAC0

PC3

Physical

Config

Desktop

Programming

Attributes

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

INTERFACE

FastEthernet0

Bluetooth

FastEthernet0

Port Status

Bandwidth

Duplex

MAC Address

☒ On

☒ 100 Mbps

☐ 10 Mbps

☒ Auto

☐ Half Duplex

☒ Full Duplex

☒ Auto

00D0.BCC2.4E9B

IP Configuration

☐ DHCP

☒ Static

IPv4 Address

Subnet Mask

10.1.0.3

255.255.0.0

IPv6 Configuration

☐ Automatic

☒ Static

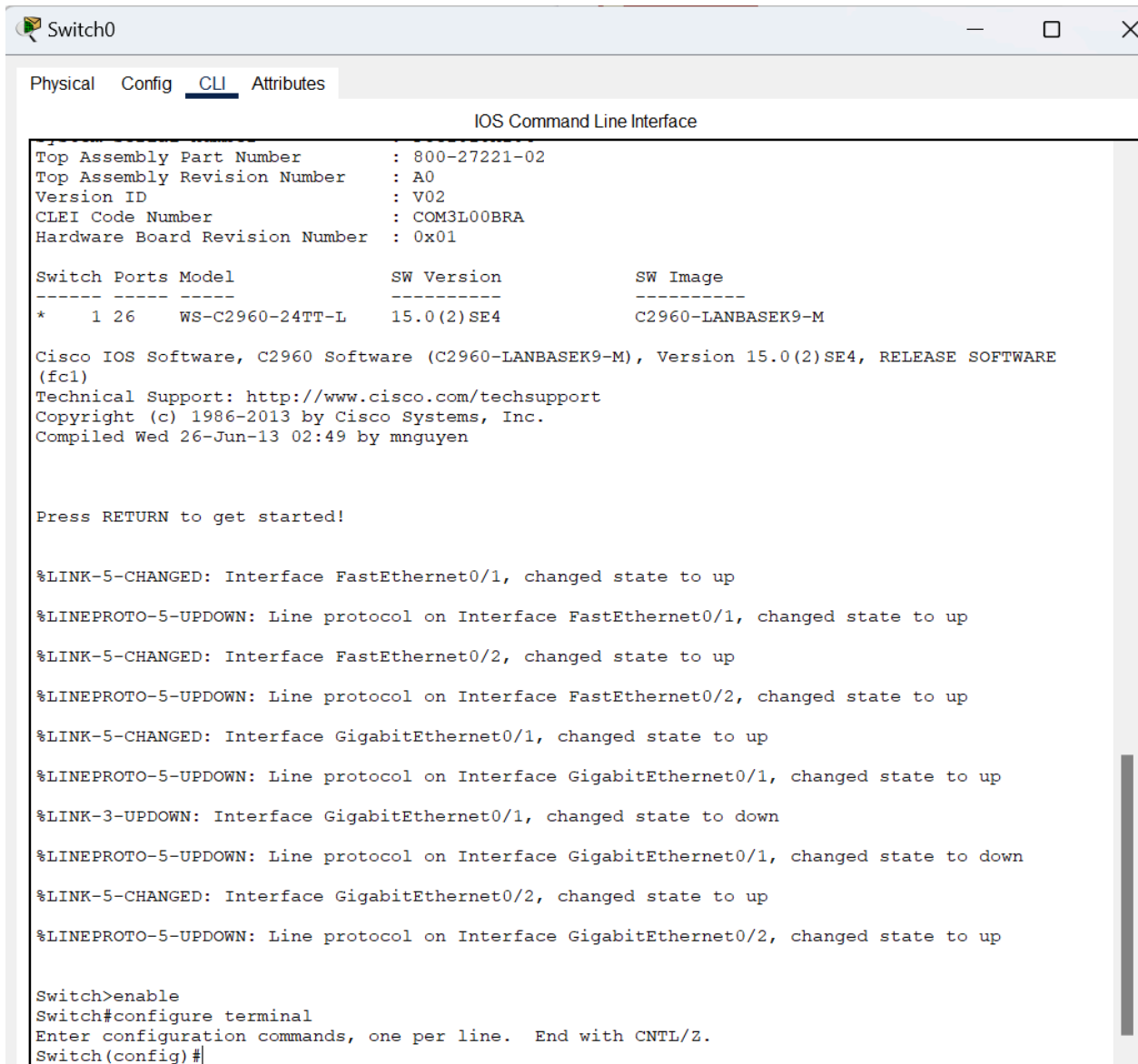
IPv6 Address

Link Local Address:

FE80::2D0:BCFF:FEC2:4E9B

Step 4 :

B.



```
Switch0
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface
Top Assembly Part Number      : 800-27221-02
Top Assembly Revision Number  : A0
Version ID                    : V02
CLEI Code Number              : COM3L00BRA
Hardware Board Revision Number : 0x01

Switch Ports Model          SW Version      SW Image
-----
* 1 26 WS-C2960-24TT-L 15.0(2)SE4 C2960-LANBASEK9-M

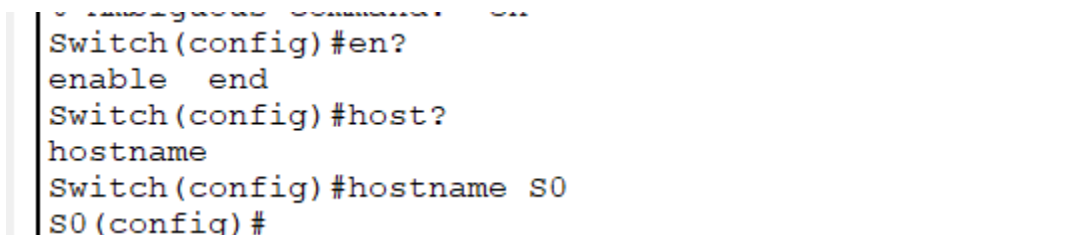
Cisco IOS Software, C2960 Software (C2960-LANBASEK9-M), Version 15.0(2)SE4, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fcl)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2013 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 26-Jun-13 02:49 by mnguyen

Press RETURN to get started!

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to down
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/2, changed state to up

Switch>enable
Switch#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#
```

C.



```
Switch(config)#en?
enable end
Switch(config)#host?
hostname
Switch(config)#hostname S0
S0(config)#
```

D.

```
S0#  
S0#exit
```

S0 con0 is now available

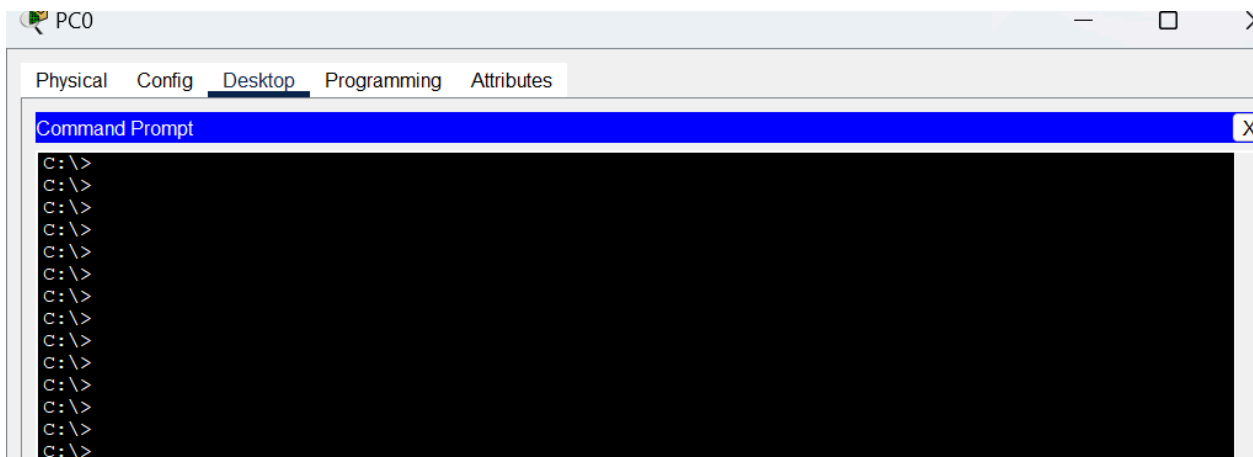
Press RETURN to get started.

```
S0>  
S0>  
S0>  
S0>  
S0>
```

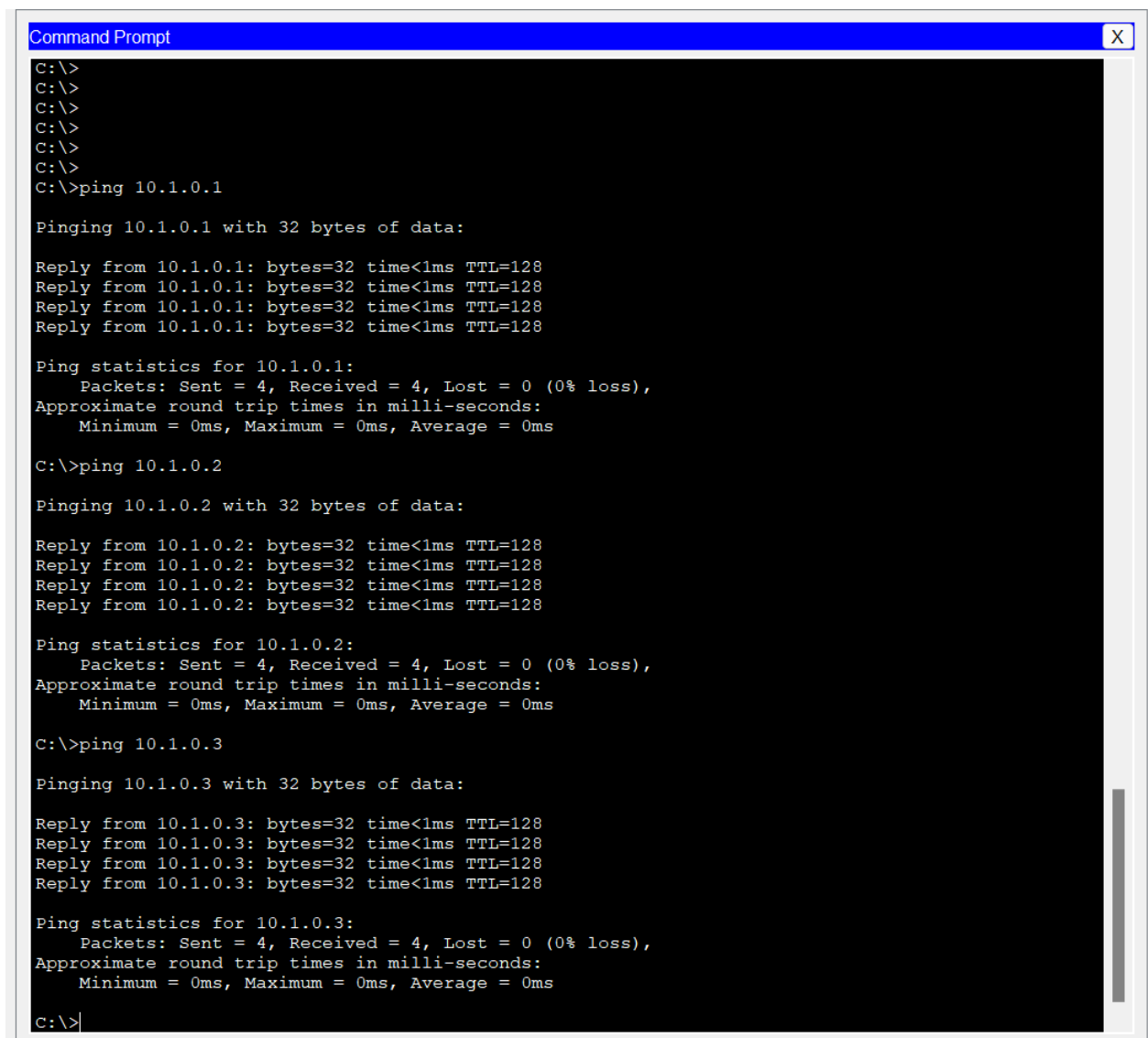
E.

```
Switch>  
Switch>enable  
Switch#host?  
% Unrecognized command  
Switch#confi?  
configure  
Switch#configure ?  
    terminal  Configure from the terminal  
    <cr>  
Switch#configure terminal  
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.  
Switch(config)#hostname?  
hostname  
Switch(config)#hostname S1  
S1(config)#END  
S1#  
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console  
S1#
```

F.



G.



H.

```
S0>enable
S0#show mac-address-table
      Mac Address Table
-----
Vlan    Mac Address      Type    Ports
----    -
1       0001.c7d0.5005    DYNAMIC Fa0/2
1       0002.4a77.d31a    DYNAMIC Gig0/2
1       0006.2a8d.bac0    DYNAMIC Gig0/2
1       000c.8587.0aa7    DYNAMIC Fa0/1
1       00d0.bcc2.4e9b    DYNAMIC Gig0/2
S0#
```

From Pc 0

```
Invalid Command.

C:\>ipconfig /all

FastEthernet0 Connection:(default port)

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix...:
    Physical Address.....: 000C.8587.0AA7
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: FE80::20C:85FF:FE87:AA7
    IPv6 Address.....: ::
    IPv4 Address.....: 10.1.0.100
    Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.0.0
    Default Gateway.....:
```

```
Vlan    Mac Address      Type    Ports
----    -
1       0001.c7d0.5005    DYNAMIC Fa0/2
1       0002.4a77.d31a    DYNAMIC Gig0/2
1       0006.2a8d.bac0    DYNAMIC Gig0/2
1       000c.8587.0aa7    DYNAMIC Fa0/1
1       00d0.bcc2.4e9b    DYNAMIC Gig0/2
S0#
```


Switch 1 (Mac Address)

```
S1>enable
S1#show interface g0/2
GigabitEthernet0/2 is up, line protocol is up (connected)
  Hardware is Lance, address is 0002.4a77.d31a (bia 0002.4a77.d31a)
  BW 1000000 Kbit, DLY 1000 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
  Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
  Keepalive set (10 sec)
  Full-duplex, 1000Mb/s
  input flow-control is off, output flow-control is off
```

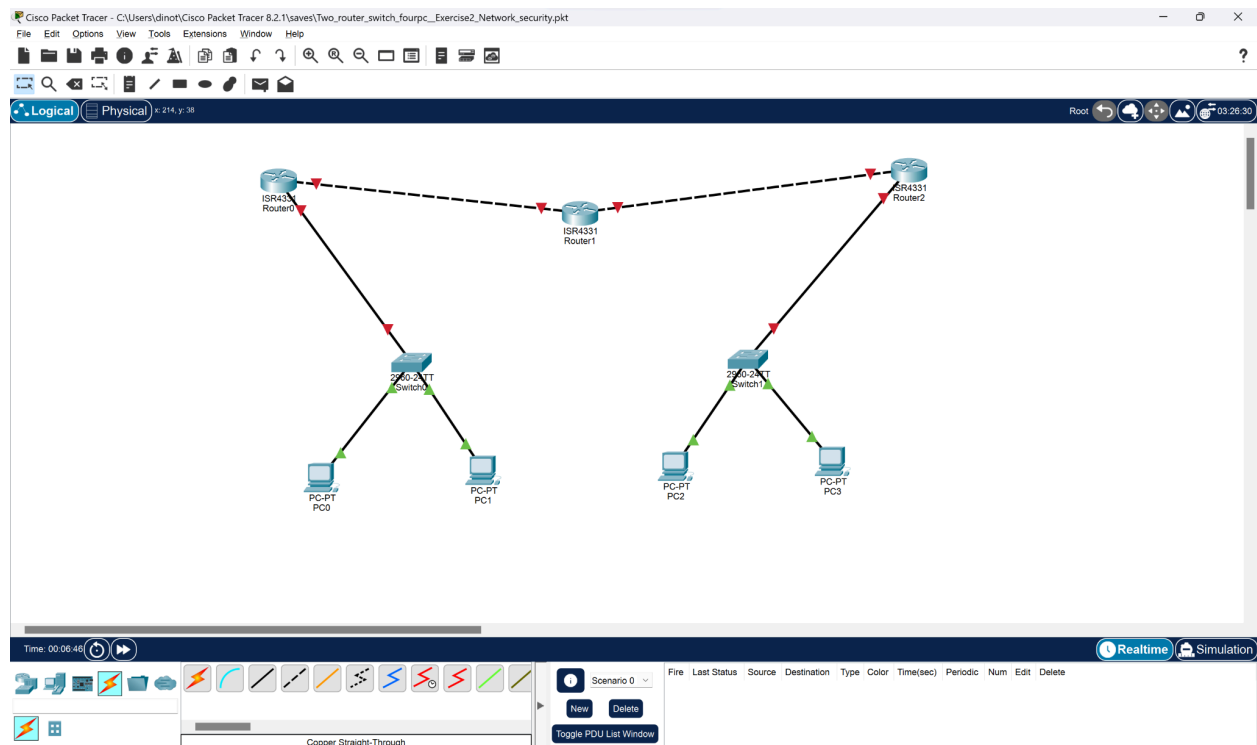
SAT of Switch 0 :

```
-----
Vlan      Mac Address      Type      Ports
----      -
1         0001.c7d0.5005    DYNAMIC   Fa0/2
1         0002.4a77.d31a    DYNAMIC   Gig0/2
1         0006.2a8d.bac0    DYNAMIC   Gig0/2
1         000c.8587.0aa7    DYNAMIC   Fa0/1
1         00d0.bcc2.4e9b    DYNAMIC   Gig0/2
S0#show interface g0/2
GigabitEthernet0/2 is up, line protocol is up (connected)
  Hardware is Lance, address is 0060.5c0d.dd1a (bia 0060.5
```

Exercise 9. 02 :

Step 1 :

F.



Step 2 :

G.

```
R0(config-if)#ip address 10.1.0.99 255.255.0.0
R0(config-if)#no shutdown

R0(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up
```

I.

```
R0(config-if)#interface g0/0/0
R0(config-if)#ip address 10.2.0.98 255.255.0.0
R0(config-if)#no shutdown

R0(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up
```

Step 3 :

A.

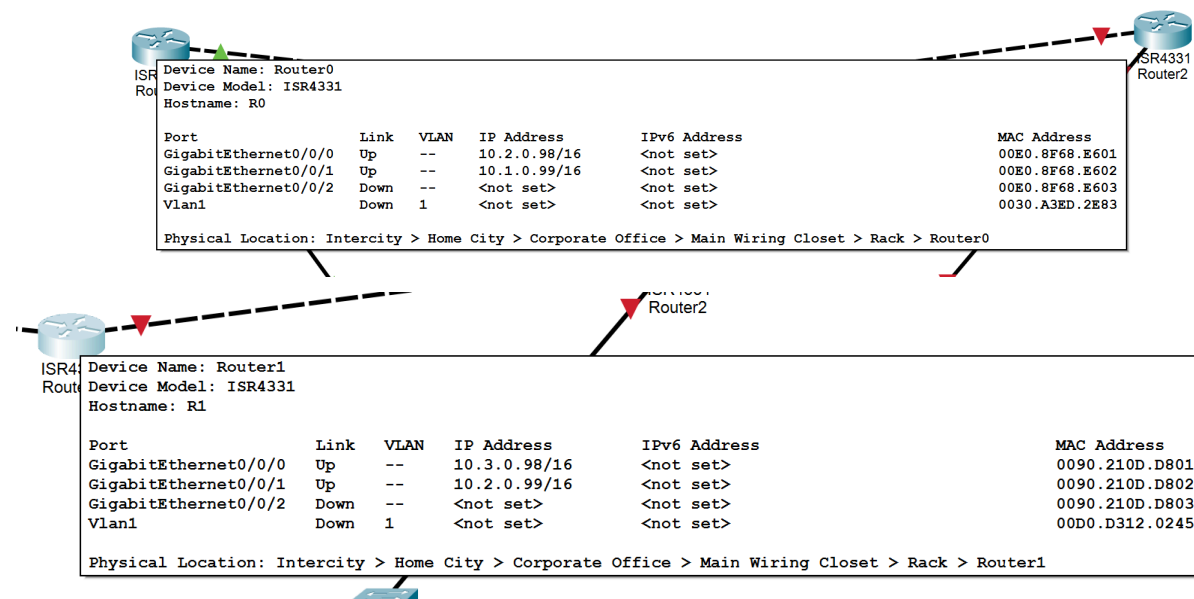
```
Router>enable
Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#hostname R1
R1(config)#interface g0/0/1
R1(config-if)#ip address 10.2.0.99 255.255.0.0
R1(config-if)#no shutdown

R1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up

R1(config-if)#interface g0/0/0
R1(config-if)#ip address 10.3.0.98 255.255.0.0
R1(config-if)#no shut

R1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up
.
```



B.

```
Router>enable
Router#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#hostname R2
R2(config)#interface g0/0/1
R2(config-if)#ip address 10.3.0.99 255.255.0.0
R2(config-if)#no shut

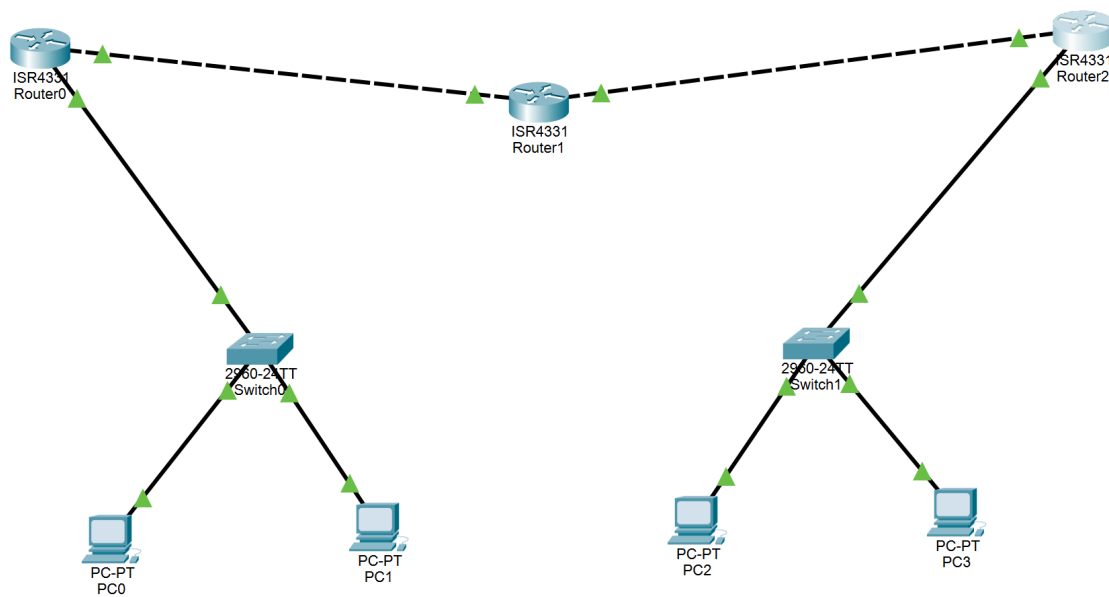
R2(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1, changed state to up

R2(config-if)#interface g0/0/0
R2(config-if)#ip address 10.4.0.99 255.255.0.0
R2(config-if)#no shut

R2(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0, changed state to up
```



C.

PC0

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

INTERFACE

FastEthernet0

Bluetooth

Global Settings

Display Name PC0

Interfaces FastEthernet0

Gateway/DNS IPv4

☐ DHCP

☒ Static

Default Gateway 10.1.0.99

DNS Server

PC1

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

INTERFACE

FastEthernet0

Bluetooth

Global Settings

Display Name PC1

Interfaces FastEthernet0

Gateway/DNS IPv4

☐ DHCP

☒ Static

Default Gateway 10.1.0.99

DNS Server

PC2

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

INTERFACE

FastEthernet0

Bluetooth

Global Settings

Display Name PC2

Interfaces FastEthernet0

Gateway/DNS IPv4

☐ DHCP

☒ Static

Default Gateway 10.4.0.99

DNS Server

PC3

Physical Config Desktop Programming Attributes

GLOBAL

Settings

Algorithm Settings

INTERFACE

FastEthernet0

Bluetooth

Global Settings

Display Name PC3

Interfaces FastEthernet0

Gateway/DNS IPv4

☐ DHCP

☒ Static

Default Gateway 10.4.0.99

D.

```
C:\>ping 10.1.0.99

Pinging 10.1.0.99 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.1.0.99: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.1.0.99: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.1.0.99: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.1.0.99: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 10.1.0.99:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

```
C:\>ping 10.4.0.99

Pinging 10.4.0.99 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.4.0.99: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.4.0.99: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.4.0.99: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.4.0.99: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 10.4.0.99:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

E.

```
R0#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

    10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C       10.1.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L       10.1.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C       10.2.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L       10.2.0.98/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

```

R1>
R1>enable
R1#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
        D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
        N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
        E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
        i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
        P - periodic downloaded static route

```

Gateway of last resort is not set

```

        10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C       10.2.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L       10.2.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C       10.3.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L       10.3.0.98/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0

```

```

R2>enable
R2#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
        D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
        N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
        E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
        i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
        P - periodic downloaded static route

```

Gateway of last resort is not set

```

        10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C       10.3.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L       10.3.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C       10.4.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L       10.4.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0

```

F.

```
C:\>ping 10.4.0.3
```

```
Pinging 10.4.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:
```

```
Reply from 10.1.0.99: Destination host unreachable.
```



```

R0>enable
R0#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R0(config)#ip route 10.3.0.0 255.255.0.0 10.2.0.99
R0(config)#ip route 10.4.0.0 255.255.0.0 10.2.0.99
R0(config)#exit
R0#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

R0#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

    10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 2 masks
C       10.1.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L       10.1.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C       10.2.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L       10.2.0.98/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
S       10.3.0.0/16 [1/0] via 10.2.0.99
S       10.4.0.0/16 [1/0] via 10.2.0.99

R0#

```

G.

```

C:\>tracert 10.4.0.3

Tracing route to 10.4.0.3 over a maximum of 30 hops:

  1  0 ms      1 ms      0 ms      10.1.0.99
  2  *          *          *          Request timed out.
  3  *          *          *          Request timed out.
  4  *          *          *          Request timed out.
  5  *          *          *          Request timed out.
  6  *          *          *          Request timed out.
  7  *          *          *          Request timed out.
  8  *          *          *          Request timed out.
  9  *          *          *          Request timed out.
 10  *          *          *          Request timed out.
 11  *          0 ms     *          Request timed out.
 12  0 ms      *          0 ms      10.2.0.99

```

```

R1>enable
R1#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#ip route 10.1.0.0 255.255.0.0 10.2.0.98
R1(config)#ip route 10.4.0.0 255.255.0.0 10.3.0.99
R1(config)#exit
R1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

R1#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

    10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 2 masks
S       10.1.0.0/16 [1/0] via 10.2.0.98
C       10.2.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L       10.2.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C       10.3.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L       10.3.0.98/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
S       10.4.0.0/16 [1/0] via 10.3.0.99

```

H.

```

C:\>ping 10.4.0.3

Pinging 10.4.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 10.4.0.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

```

I.

```
R2>enable
R2#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R2(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.3.0.98
R2(config)#show ip route
      ^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R2(config)#exit
R2#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

R2#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 10.3.0.98 to network 0.0.0.0

    10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C       10.3.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L       10.3.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C       10.4.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L       10.4.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
S*     0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 10.3.0.98
```

J.

```
C:\>ping 10.4.0.3

Pinging 10.4.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 10.4.0.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

K

```
C:\>tracert 10.4.0.3
```

```
Tracing route to 10.4.0.3 over a maximum of 30 hops:
```

1	0 ms	0 ms	0 ms	10.1.0.99
2	0 ms	0 ms	0 ms	10.2.0.99
3	1 ms	0 ms	0 ms	10.3.0.99
4	0 ms	1 ms	1 ms	10.4.0.3

```
Trace complete.
```

Step 4 :

A.

```
R0#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
R0(config)#no ip route 10.3.0.0 255.255.0.0
R0(config)#no ip route 10.4.0.0 255.255.0.0
R0(config)#exit
R0#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

R0#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

    10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C       10.1.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L       10.1.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C       10.2.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L       10.2.0.98/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

B.

```
R1#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#no ip route 10.1.0.0 255.255.0.0
R1(config)#no ip route 10.4.0.0 255.255.0.0
R1(config)#exit
R1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
w
Building configuration...
[OK]
R1#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

    10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C       10.2.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L       10.2.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C       10.3.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L       10.3.0.98/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

C.

```
R2#config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R2(config)#no ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
R2(config)#exit
R2#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

R2#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

    10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C       10.3.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L       10.3.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C       10.4.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L       10.4.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

D, E:

```
ENTER CONFIGURATION COMMANDS, ONE PER LINE. END WITH CTRL/Z.
R2(config)#router ospf 1
R2(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0.255.255.255 area 0
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R2(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
R2(config-router)#end
R2#
```

F.

```
R1(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
R1(config-router)#
01:18:29: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 10.2.0.98 on GigabitEthernet0/0/1 from LOADING to
FULL, Loading Done

01:18:32: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 10.4.0.99 on GigabitEthernet0/0/0 from LOADING to
FULL, Loading Done
|
```

In all routers

```
Gateway of last resort is not set

10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 2 masks
C    10.1.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L    10.1.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C    10.2.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L    10.2.0.98/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
O    10.3.0.0/16 [110/2] via 10.2.0.99, 00:00:53, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
O    10.4.0.0/16 [110/3] via 10.2.0.99, 00:00:43, GigabitEthernet0/0/0

10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 6 subnets, 2 masks
O    10.1.0.0/16 [110/2] via 10.2.0.98, 00:02:39, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C    10.2.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
L    10.2.0.99/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/1
C    10.3.0.0/16 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
L    10.3.0.98/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
O    10.4.0.0/16 [110/2] via 10.3.0.99, 00:02:39, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
```

G.

```
Ping statistics for 10.1.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping 10.4.0.2

Pinging 10.4.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 10.4.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping 10.4.0.3

Pinging 10.4.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 10.4.0.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

```
Pinging 10.1.0.100 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.1.0.100:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping 10.4.0.2

Pinging 10.4.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 10.4.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping 10.4.0.3

Pinging 10.4.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 10.4.0.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```



```
Pinging 10.1.0.100 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 10.1.0.100:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping 10.1.0.1

Pinging 10.1.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.1.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 10.1.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping 10.4.0.3

Pinging 10.4.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time=7ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.4.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.4.0.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 7ms, Average = 1ms
```

```

Pinging 10.1.0.100 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 10.1.0.100:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>png 10.1.0.1
Invalid Command.

C:\>ping 10.4.0.2

Pinging 10.4.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 10.4.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 10.4.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping 10.1.0.1

Pinging 10.1.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.1.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 10.1.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 10.1.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

```

H.

```

C:\>tracert 10.4.0.3

Tracing route to 10.4.0.3 over a maximum of 30 hops:

  1    0 ms      0 ms      1 ms      10.1.0.99
  2    0 ms      0 ms      0 ms      10.2.0.99
  3    0 ms      0 ms      1 ms      10.3.0.99
  4    0 ms      0 ms      0 ms      10.4.0.3

Trace complete.

```

Exercise 9. 03 :

Step 1 :

A.

```
S1#  
S1>enable
```

B.

```
S1>enable  
S1#configure terminal  
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.  
S1(config)#enable secret bob  
S1(config)#exit
```

C.

After typing the password bob, i got into the privilege mode.

```
S1>enable|  
Password:  
S1#
```

Step 2 :

A, B, C :

```
S1#  
S1#configure terminal  
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.  
S1(config)#line con 0  
S1(config-line)#password alice  
S1(config-line)#login  
S1(config-line)#exit  
S1(config)#exit  
S1#  
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console  
  
S1#configure terminal  
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.  
S1(config)#exit  
S1#  
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console  
  
S1#exit
```

D.

Press RETURN to get started.

User Access Verification

Password:

S1>

Step 3 :

A, B :

```
S1>enable
Password:
S1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
S1(config)#username shriram password kp
S1(config)#line con 0
S1(config-line)#login local
S1(config-line)#no password
S1(config-line)#exit
S1(config)#exit
S1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

S1#exit
```

C.

Press RETURN to get started!

User Access Verification

Username: shriram

Password:

S1>

After giving password KP i got access to the router.

Step 4 :

A.

```
S1#
S1>enable
Password:
S1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S1(config)#interface vlan 1
S1(config-if)#ip address 10.1.0.52 255.255.0.0
S1(config-if)#no shutdown

S1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

S1(config-if)#exit
S1(config)#exit
S1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

S1#ip default gateway 10.1.0.99
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

S1#
S1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S1(config)#exit
S1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

S1#ip default-gateway 10.1.0.99
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

S1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
S1(config)#ip default-gateway 10.1.0.99
```

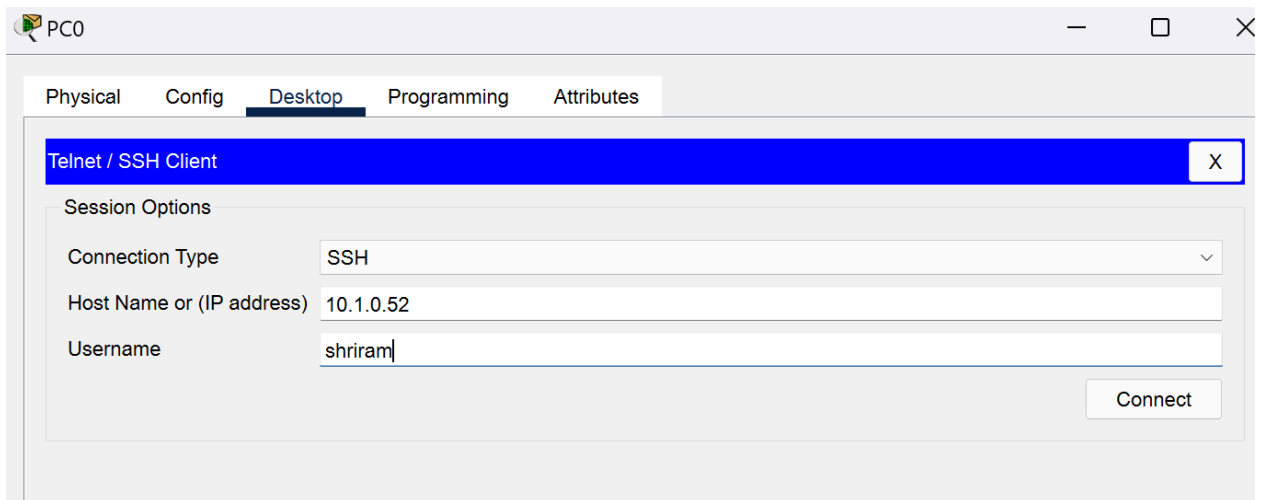
B.

```
S1(config)#hostname S0
S0(config)#ip domain-name weissman.edu
S0(config)#crypto key generate rsa
The name for the keys will be: S0.weissman.edu
Choose the size of the key modulus in the range of 360 to 4096 for your
  General Purpose Keys. Choosing a key modulus greater than 512 may take
  a few minutes.

How many bits in the modulus [512]: 2048
% Generating 2048 bit RSA keys, keys will be non-exportable...[OK]

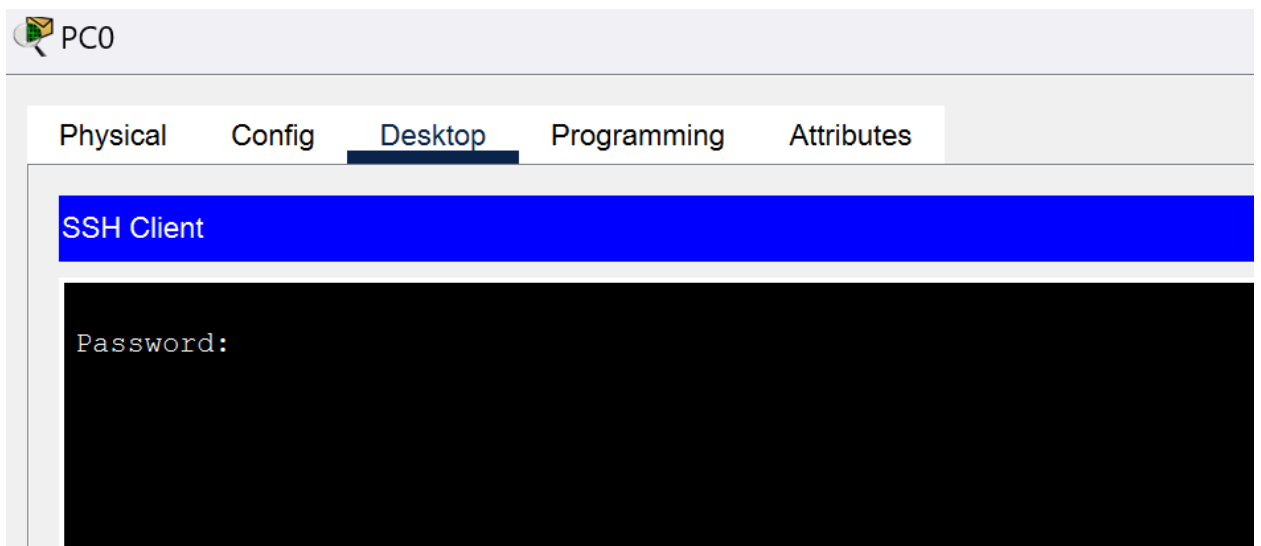
S0(config)#ip ssh version 2
*Mar 1 4:12:59.38: %SSH-5-ENABLED: SSH 1.99 has been enabled
S0(config)#line vty 0 15
S0(config-line)#login local
S0(config-line)#transport input ssh
```

C.



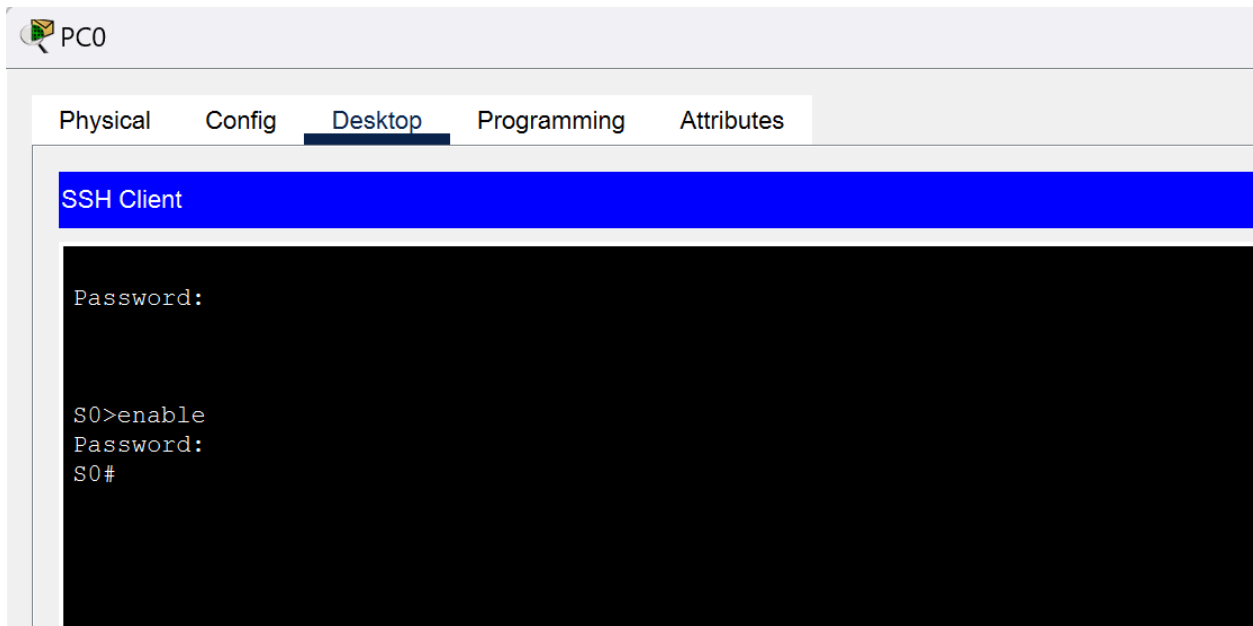
The screenshot shows a window titled "PC0" with a standard Windows-style title bar (minimize, maximize, close buttons). Below the title bar is a tabbed interface with four tabs: "Physical", "Config", "Desktop" (which is selected and highlighted with a dark blue underline), and "Attributes". The "Desktop" tab contains a sub-window titled "Telnet / SSH Client" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside this sub-window, there is a section labeled "Session Options" containing three input fields: "Connection Type" (a dropdown menu set to "SSH"), "Host Name or (IP address)" (a text box containing "10.1.0.52"), and "Username" (a text box containing "shriram"). A "Connect" button is located at the bottom right of the "Session Options" section.

D.

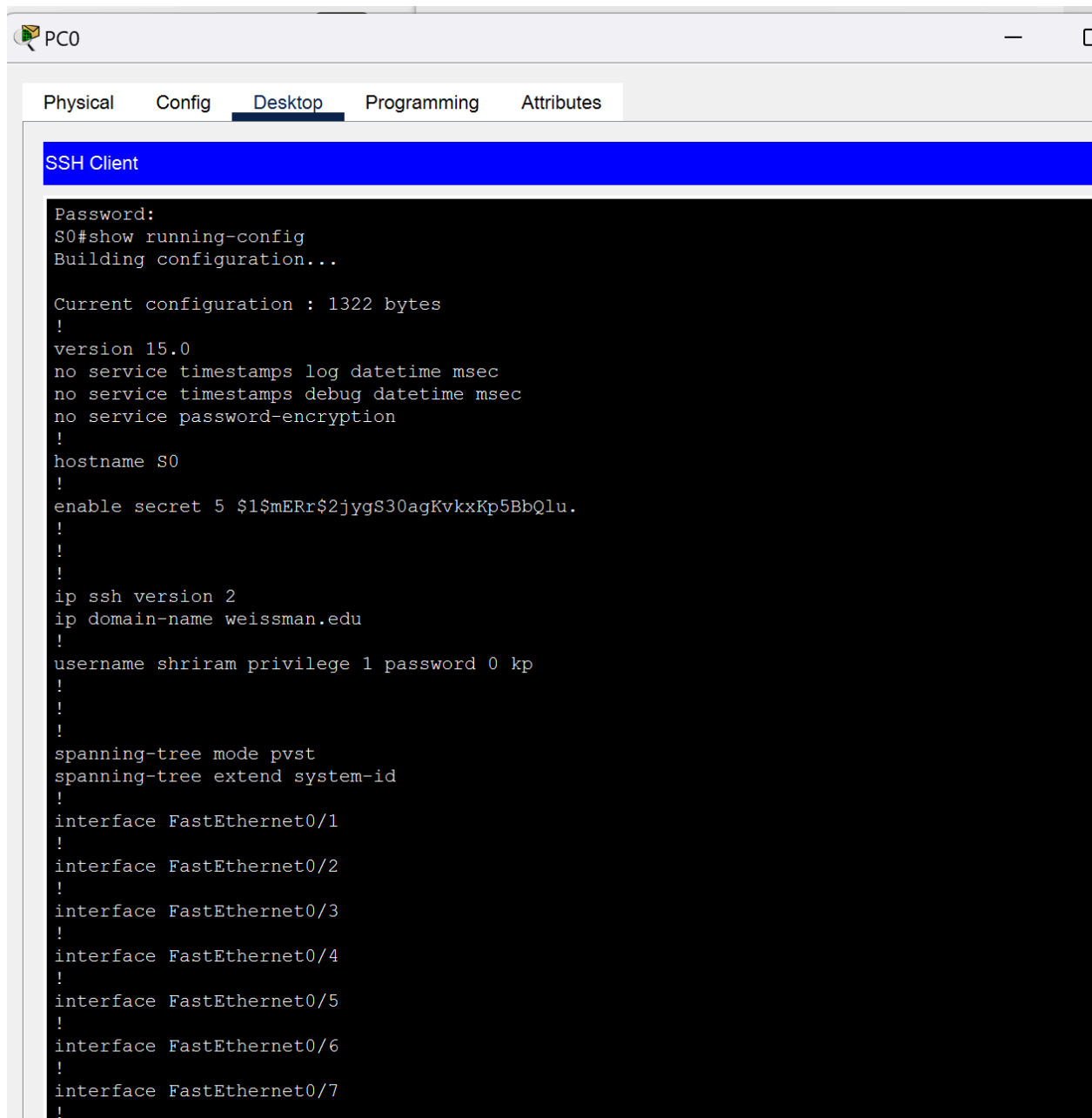


The screenshot shows the same "PC0" window with the "Desktop" tab selected. The "Telnet / SSH Client" sub-window is no longer visible. Instead, a new sub-window titled "SSH Client" is displayed, which has a solid blue header bar. The main area of this window is black, and the text "Password:" is visible in the top left corner of the black area, indicating a password prompt.

E.



F.



The screenshot shows a window titled "PC0" with a tabbed interface. The "Desktop" tab is active, displaying an "SSH Client" window. The terminal output shows a password prompt, a command to show the running configuration, and the resulting configuration for a Cisco IOS device named S0.

```
PC0
Physical  Config  Desktop  Programming  Attributes

SSH Client

Password:
S0#show running-config
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1322 bytes
!
version 15.0
no service timestamps log datetime msec
no service timestamps debug datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname S0
!
enable secret 5 $1$mERr$2jyg$30agKvkxKp5BbQlu.
!
!
!
ip ssh version 2
ip domain-name weissman.edu
!
username shriram privilege 1 password 0 kp
!
!
!
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
!
interface FastEthernet0/1
!
interface FastEthernet0/2
!
interface FastEthernet0/3
!
interface FastEthernet0/4
!
interface FastEthernet0/5
!
interface FastEthernet0/6
!
interface FastEthernet0/7
!
```

```

!
interface Vlan1
 ip address 10.1.0.52 255.255.0.0
!
ip default-gateway 10.1.0.99
!
!
!
!
line con 0
 login local
!
line vty 0 4
 login local
 transport input ssh
line vty 5 15
 login local
 transport input ssh
!
!
!
!
end

```

G.

```

S0#
S0#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration...
[OK]
S0#

```

H.

```

[OK]
S0#show ip ssh
SSH Enabled - version 2.0
Authentication timeout: 120 secs; Authentication retries: 3

```

I.

```

S0#show ssh

```

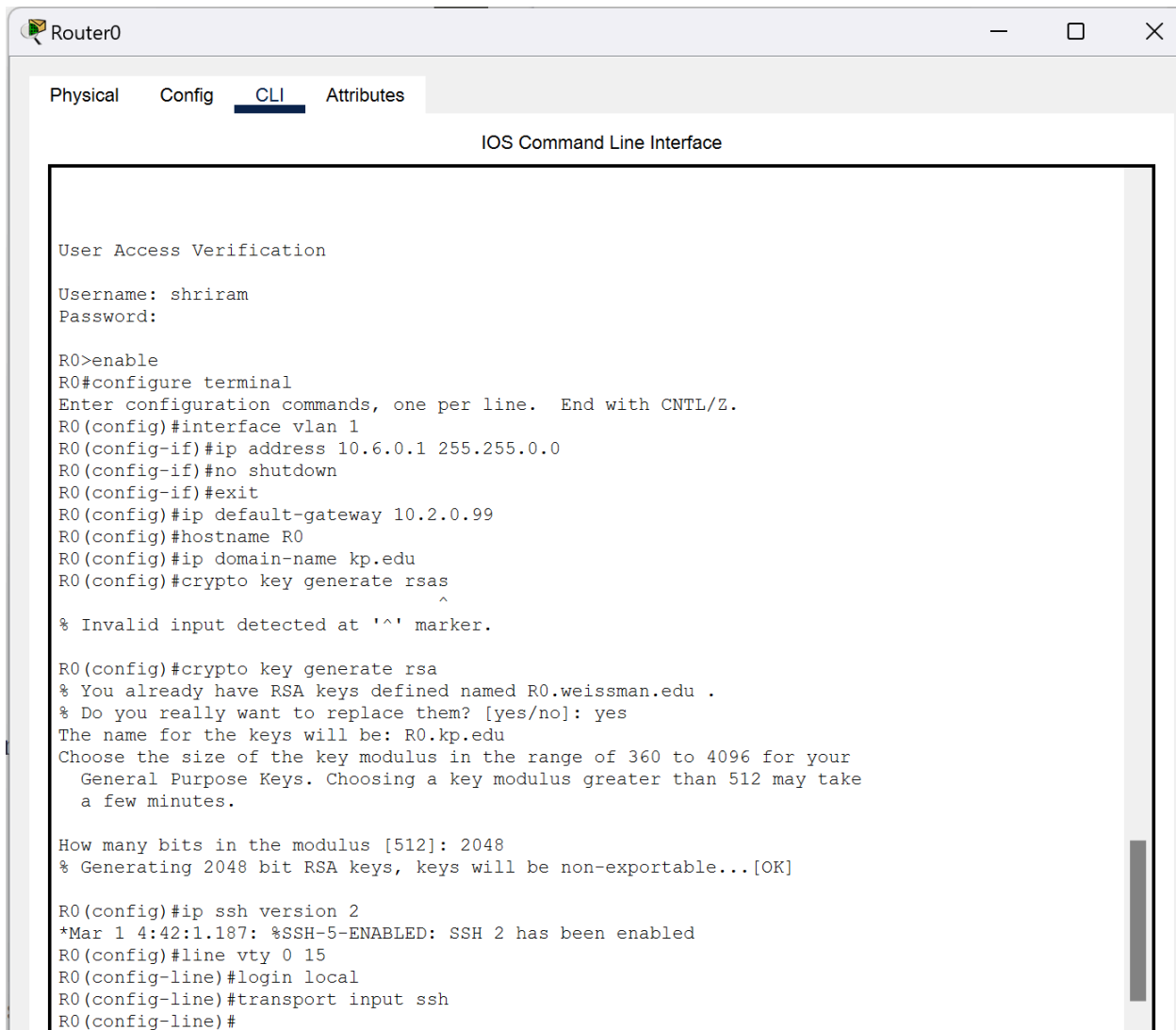
Connection	Version	Mode	Encryption	Hmac	State	
Username						
0	1.99	IN	aes128-cbc	hmac-sha1	Session Started	shriram
0	1.99	OUT	aes128-cbc	hmac-sha1	Session Started	shriram

```

%No SSHv1 server connections running.

```

J.



```
Router0

Physical  Config  CLI  Attributes

IOS Command Line Interface

User Access Verification

Username: shriram
Password:

R0>enable
R0#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R0(config)#interface vlan 1
R0(config-if)#ip address 10.6.0.1 255.255.0.0
R0(config-if)#no shutdown
R0(config-if)#exit
R0(config)#ip default-gateway 10.2.0.99
R0(config)#hostname R0
R0(config)#ip domain-name kp.edu
R0(config)#crypto key generate rsas
      ^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

R0(config)#crypto key generate rsa
% You already have RSA keys defined named R0.weissman.edu .
% Do you really want to replace them? [yes/no]: yes
The name for the keys will be: R0.kp.edu
Choose the size of the key modulus in the range of 360 to 4096 for your
General Purpose Keys. Choosing a key modulus greater than 512 may take
a few minutes.

How many bits in the modulus [512]: 2048
% Generating 2048 bit RSA keys, keys will be non-exportable...[OK]

R0(config)#ip ssh version 2
*Mar 1 4:42:1.187: %SSH-5-ENABLED: SSH 2 has been enabled
R0(config)#line vty 0 15
R0(config-line)#login local
R0(config-line)#transport input ssh
R0(config-line)#
```

Lab Analysis :

1. Yes, a switch has a MAC address for all its interface helps to organize and use them accordingly for the connections.
2. No, a switch is layer 2 device, so it can't have a IP address technically, but using ssh or vlan configuration we can remotely access the switch using IP address.
3. Static routing is good for local network and having 2 or 3 routers connected makes it easy and there is no metrics involved as metrics are 0 for static routing. Dynamic routing makes it complex for simple network if it is involved in small network.
4. Dynamic routing are good for big networks with lot of routers and mechanisms like load balancing happens based on the metrics for calculating the best path for reaching the end device in a network.
5. We can configure different types of password to enter into the global configuration mode, or privilege escalation mode or to setup ssh connection etc.

Quiz :

1. SAT
2. Next hop
3. SSH
4. Hashed
5. Routing table.