

Winning Space Race with Data Science

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Outline

**Executive
Summary**

Introduction

Methodology

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Conclusion

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Executive Summary

- Summary of methodologies
- The commercial space age is here, companies are making space travel affordable for everyone. In this race perhaps the most successful is SpaceX. As Space Y would like to compete with SpaceX, I would like to determine the price of each launch. SpaceX's Falcon 9 rocket launches cost is much lower than other providers, much of the savings is because SpaceX can reuse the first stage. Therefore, if we can determine if the first stage will land, we can determine the cost of a launch. Also would like to determine if SpaceX will reuse the first stage. To determine if the first stage will land successfully, trained a machine learning model and used public information to predict if SpaceX will reuse the first stage.
- Summary of all results
- SpaceX has continued to return various reusable Falcon 9 rocket in both ground and sea landings. The landing success rate observed was 66%. There are several different cases where the booster did not land successfully. Sometimes a landing was attempted but failed due to an accident. The launch success rate may depend on many factors such as payload mass, orbit type, and etc. It may also depend on the location. Overall, the success rate since 2013 kept increasing till 2020. Also, different launch sites have different success rates. CCAFS LC-40, has a success rate of 60 %, while KSC LC-39A and VAFB SLC 4E has a success rate of 77%.

Introduction

- Project background and context
- SpaceX advertises Falcon 9 rocket launches on its website, with a cost of 62 million dollars; other providers cost upward of 165 million dollars each, much of the savings is because SpaceX can reuse the first stage.
- Problems you want to find answers
- If we can determine if the first stage will land, we can determine the cost of a launch. The launch success rate may depend on many mission parameters like payload mass, orbit type, and etc. This information can be used if SapceY wants to bid against SpaceX for a rocket launch.

Section 1

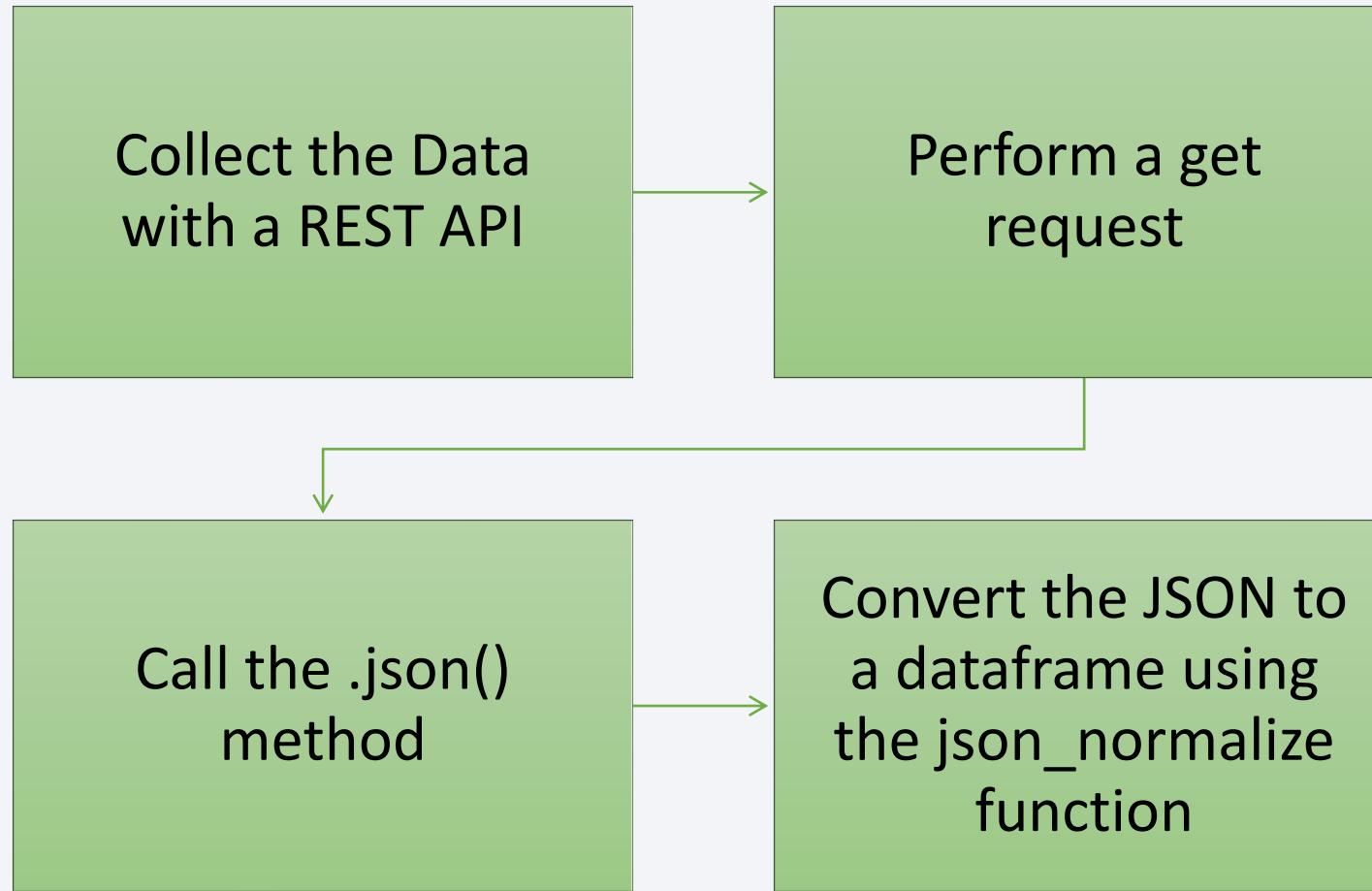
Methodology

Methodology

Executive Summary

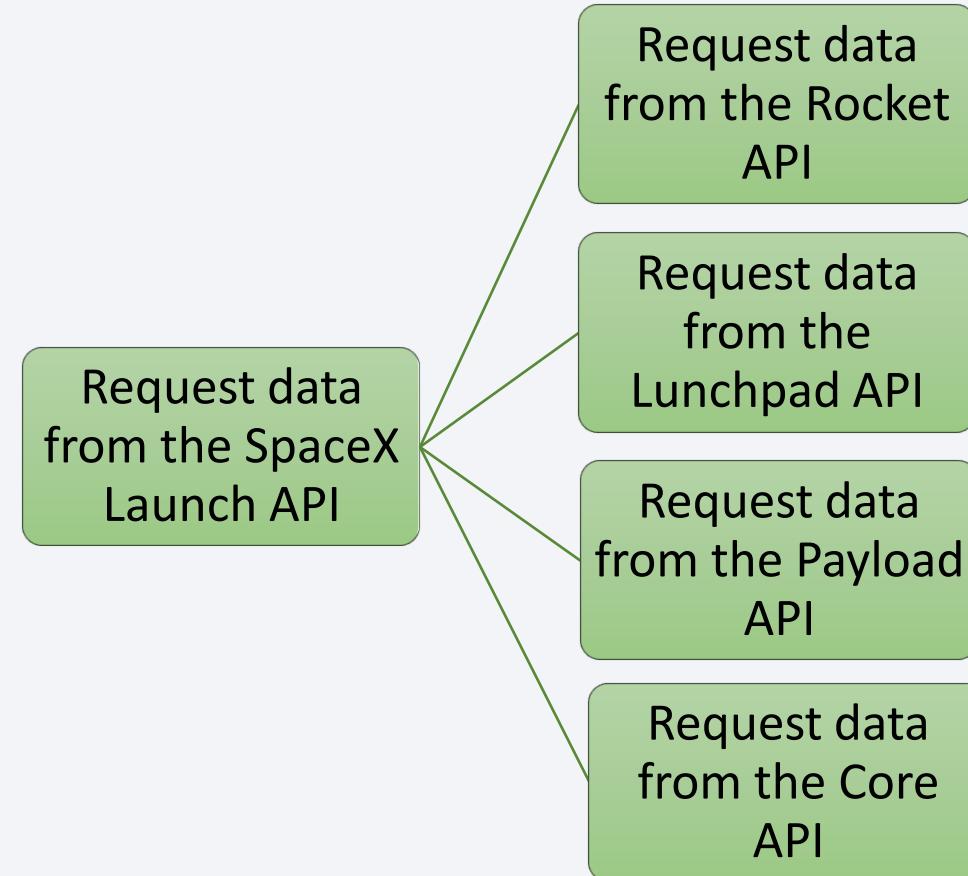
- Data collection methodology:
- Perform data wrangling
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models
 - How to build, tune, evaluate classification models

Data Collection



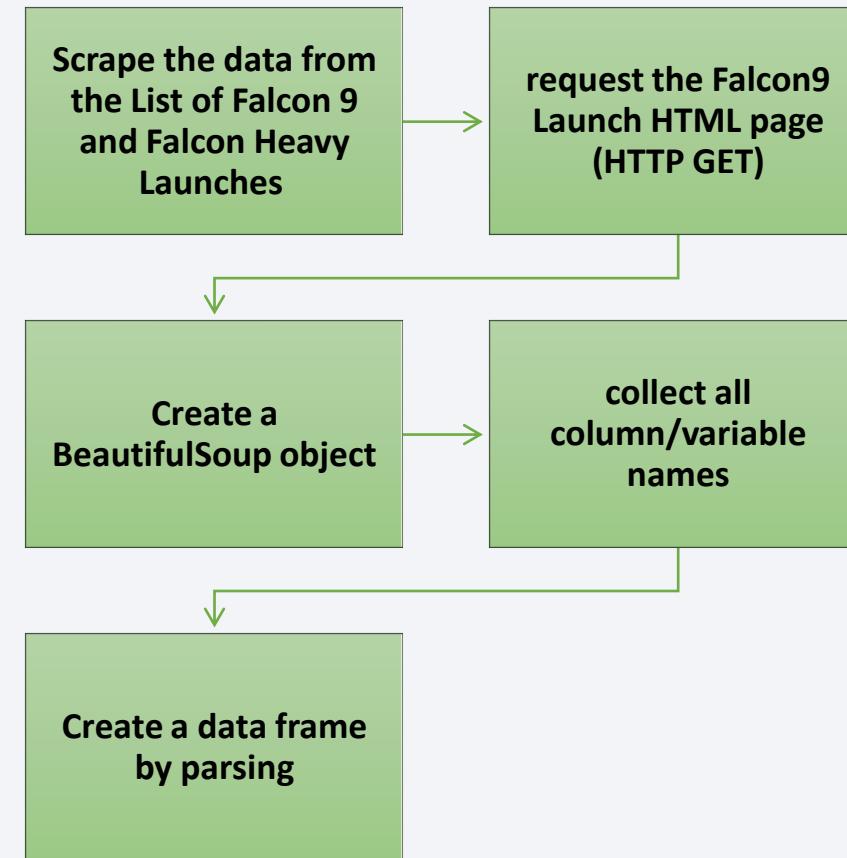
Data Collection – SpaceX API

- [https://github.com/kpatel3j/
SapceX-F9-Launch-Capstone-
Project/blob/master/FN1%2
0Data%20Collection%20REST
%20API.ipynb](https://github.com/kpatel3j/SapceX-F9-Launch-Capstone-Project/blob/master/FN1%20Data%20Collection%20REST%20API.ipynb)



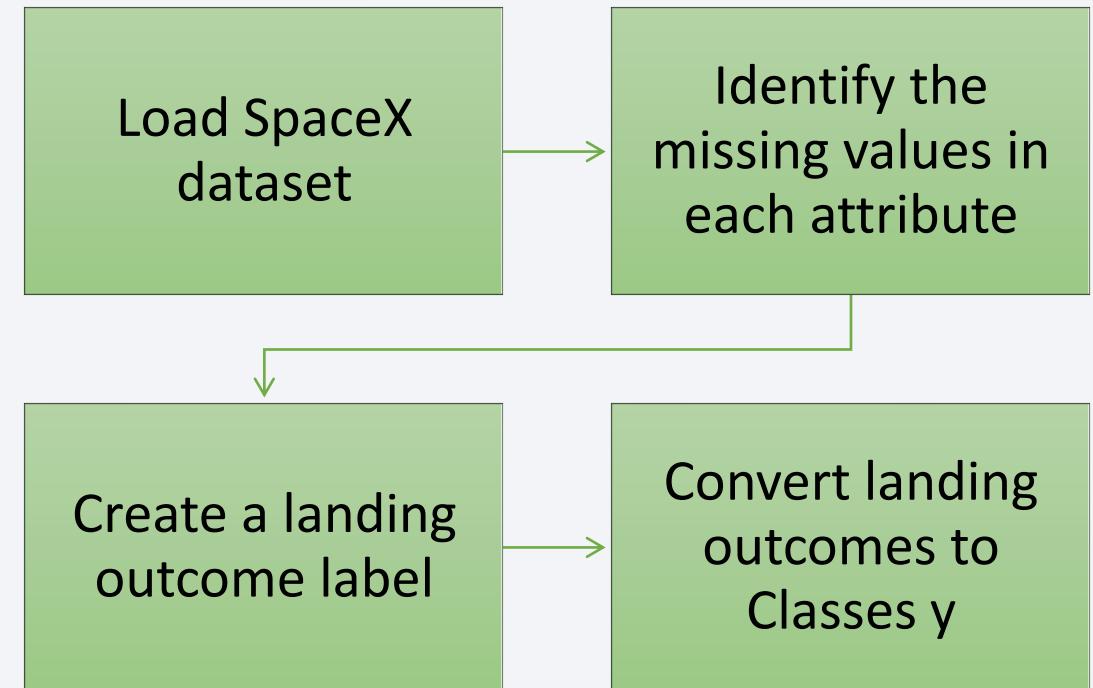
Data Collection - Scraping

- <https://github.com/kpatel3j/SapceX-F9-Launch-Capstone-Project/blob/master/FN2%20Data%20Collection%20Web%20Scraping.ipynb>



Data Wrangling

- <https://github.com/kpatel3j/SapceX-F9-Launch-Capstone-Project/blob/master/FN3%20The%20EDA.ipynb>



EDA with Data Visualization

- <https://github.com/kpatel3j/SapceX-F9-Launch-Capstone-Project/blob/master/FN5%20The%20EDA%20with%20Visualization.ipynb>

Plot a scatter point chart to visualize the relationship between Flight Number and Launch Site

Plot a scatter point chart to visualize the relationship between Payload and Launch Site

Plot a bar chart to visualize the relationship between success rate of each orbit type

Plot a scatter point chart to visualize the relationship between FlightNumber and Orbit type

Plot a scatter point chart to visualize the relationship between Payload and Orbit type

plot a line chart to visualize the launch success yearly trend

EDA with SQL

- <https://github.com/kpatel3j/SapceX-F9-Launch-Capstone-Project/blob/master/FN4%20EDA%20with%20SQL.ipynb>
 - load the SQL extension; establish a connection with the database
 - *Display the names of the unique launch sites in the space mission*
 - *Display 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'*
 - *Display the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)*
 - *Display average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1*
 - *List the date when the first successful landing outcome in ground pad was achieved.*
 - *List the names of the boosters which have success in drone ship and have payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000*
 - *List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes*
 - *List the names of the booster_versions which have carried the maximum payload mass.*
 - *List the failed landing_outcomes in drone ship, their booster versions, and launch site names for in year 2015*
 - *Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order*

Build an Interactive Map with Folium

Circle

- add a highlighted circle area with a text label on a specific coordinate

Marker

- for plotting markers on a map

MousePosition

- to get coordinate for a mouse over a point

PolyLine

- draw a line between two points

- <https://github.com/kpatel3j/SapceX-F9-Launch-Capstone-Project/blob/master/FN6%20Interactive%20Visual%20Analytics%20with%20Folium.ipynb>

Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

**Dropdown
list**

to enable Launch Site selection

Pie chart

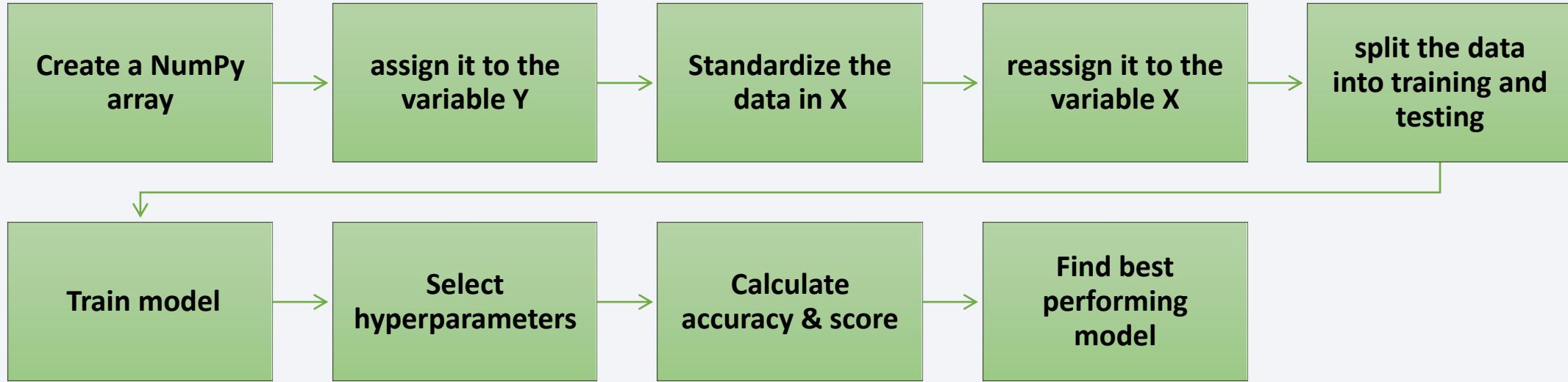
to show the total successful launches count for all sites

**Scatter
chart**

to show the correlation between payload and launch success

- <https://github.com/kpatel3j/SapceX-F9-Launch-Capstone-Project/blob/master/FN7%20Interactive%20Dashboard%20with%20Ploty%20Dash.py>

Predictive Analysis (Classification)

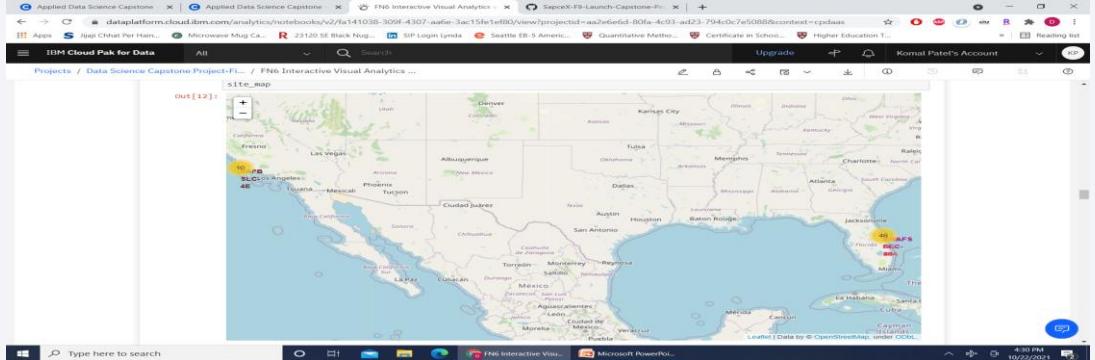
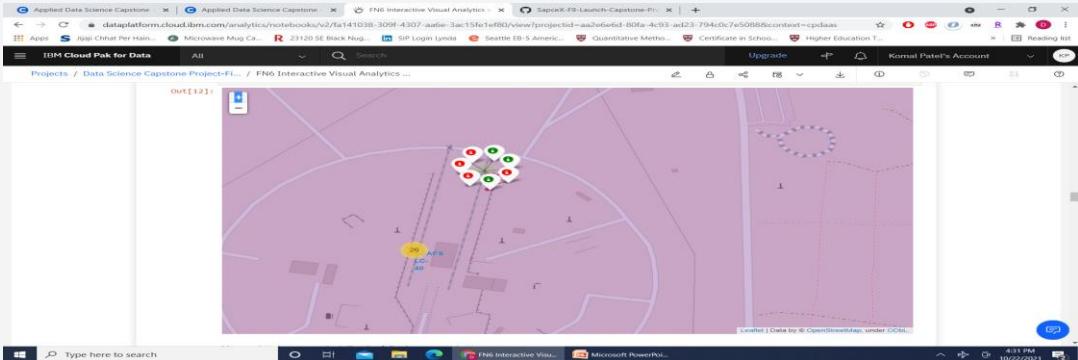


- <https://github.com/kpatel3j/SapceX-F9-Launch-Capstone-Project/blob/master/FN8%20the%20Machine%20Learning%20Prediction.ipynb>

Results

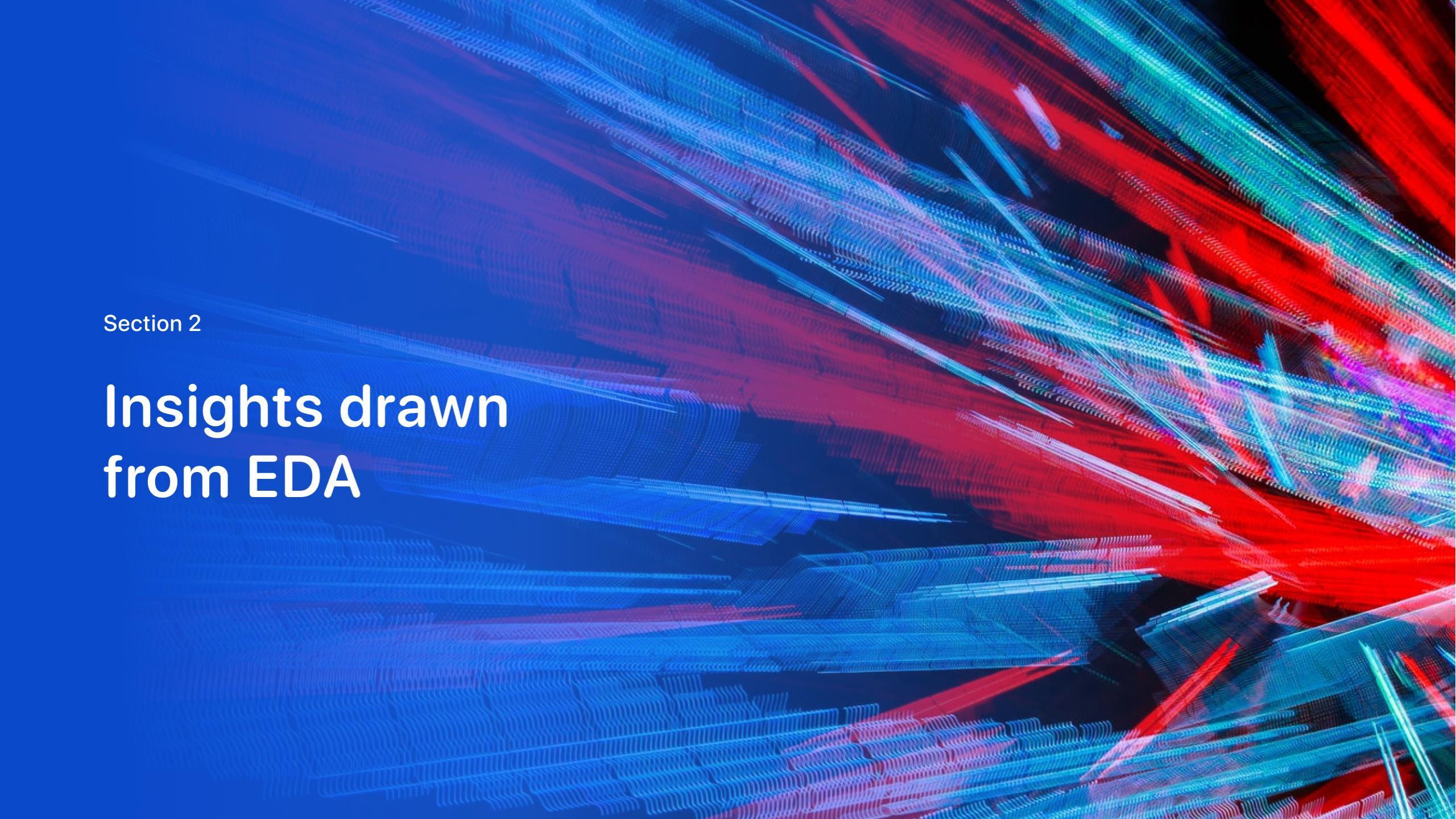
Exploratory data analysis

- the success rate is 66%



logistic regression, SVM, Decision Tree, KNN models

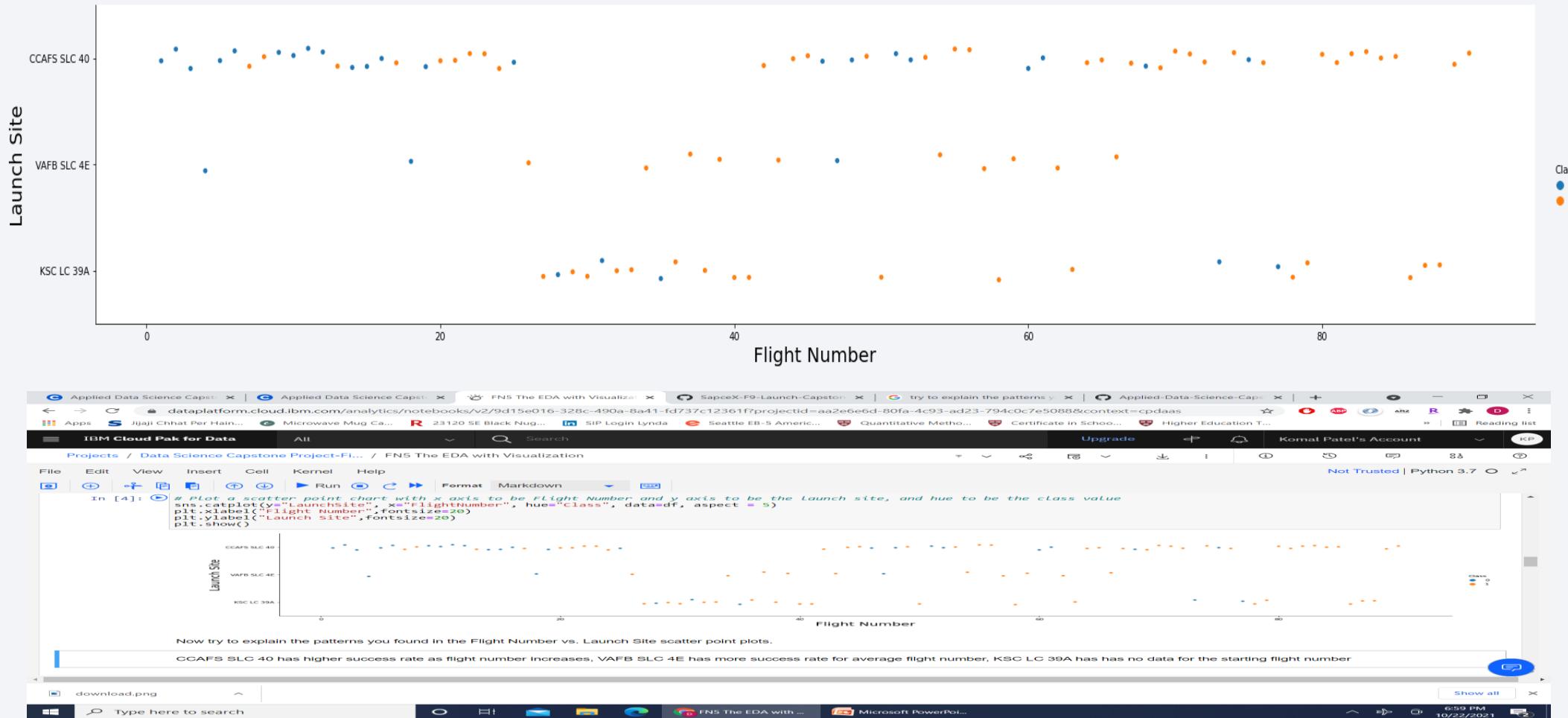
- accuracy score was 83% for all
- In Confusion Matrix major problem is false positives results

The background of the slide features a complex, abstract digital visualization. It consists of numerous thin, glowing lines that create a sense of depth and motion. The lines are primarily blue and red, with some green and white highlights. They form a grid-like structure that curves and twists across the frame, resembling a 3D space or a network of data points. The overall effect is futuristic and dynamic.

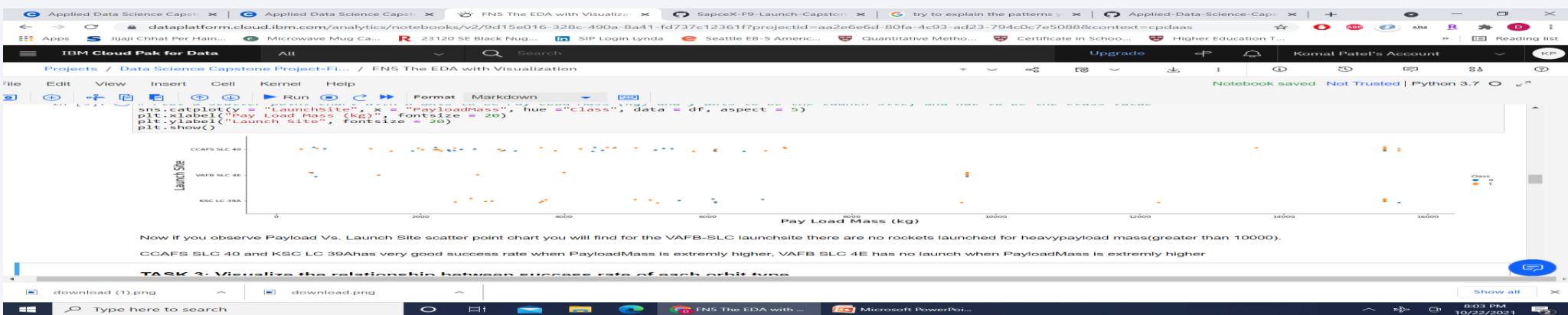
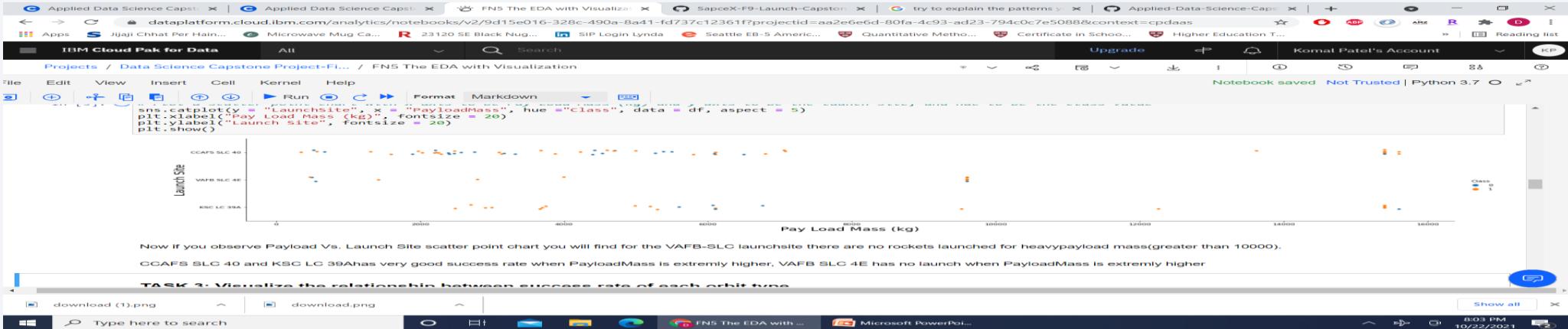
Section 2

Insights drawn from EDA

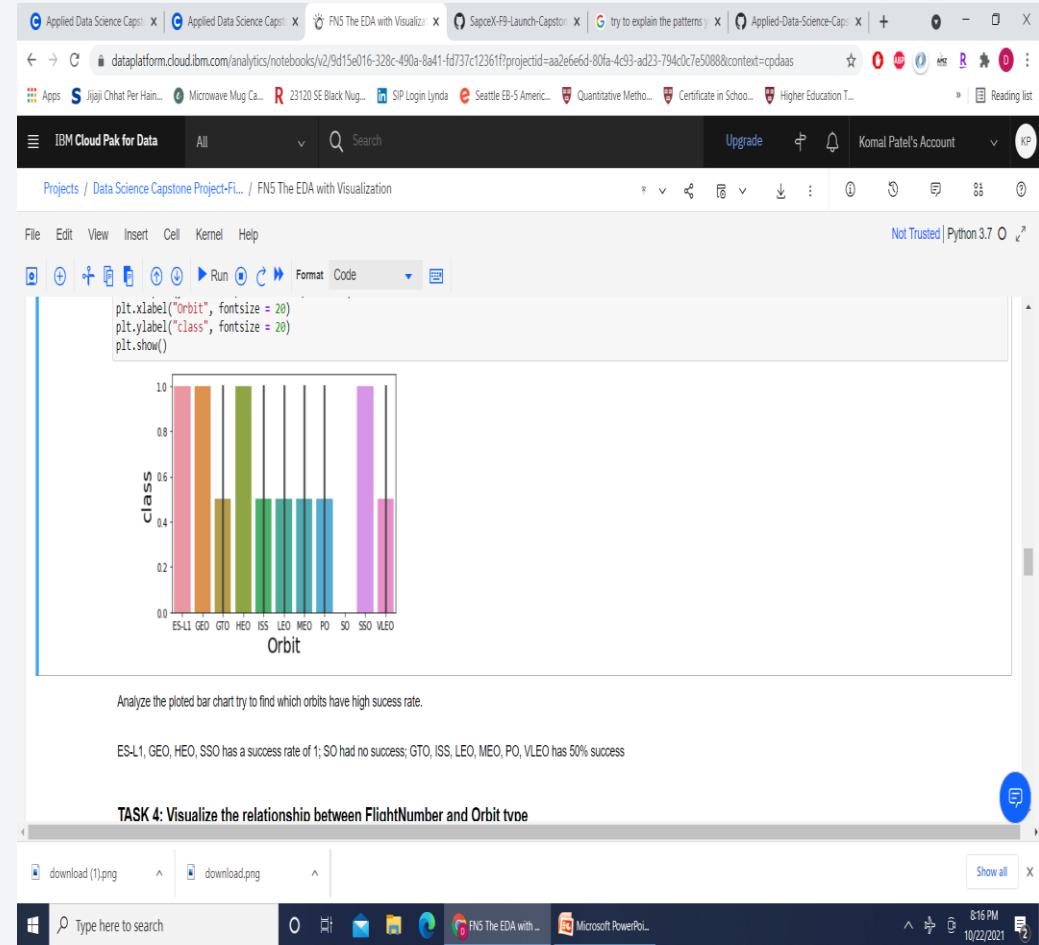
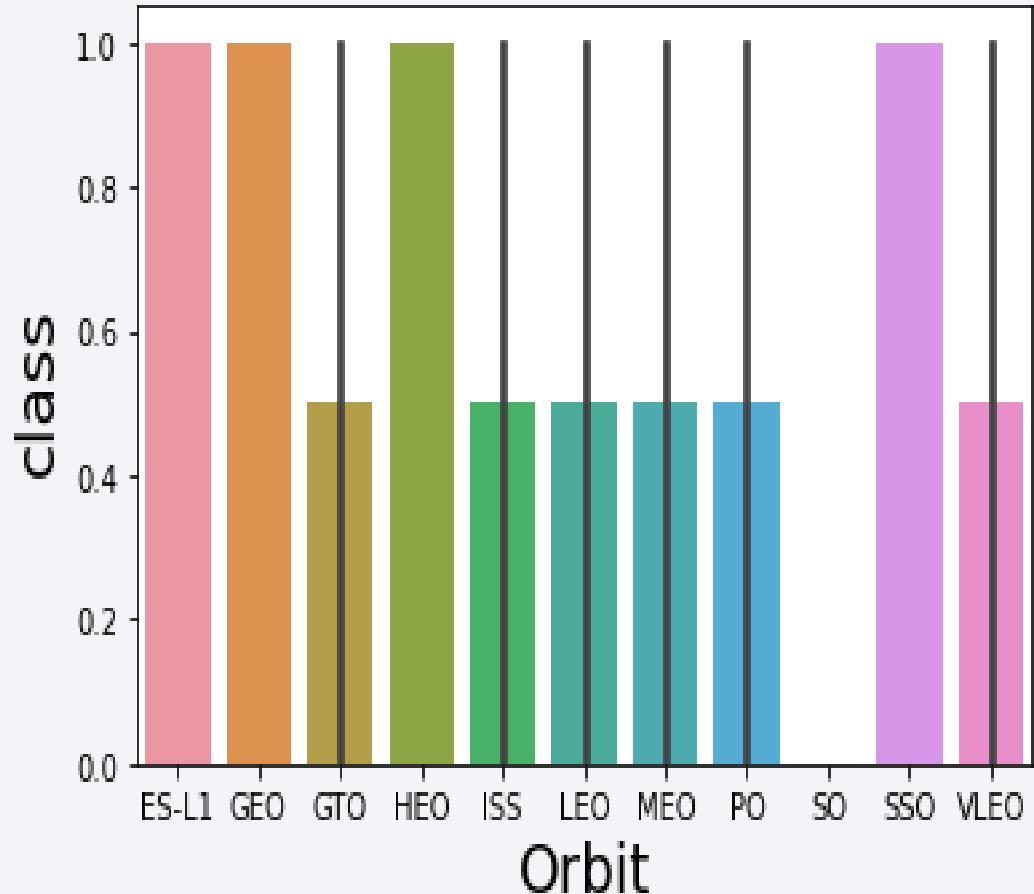
Flight Number vs. Launch Site



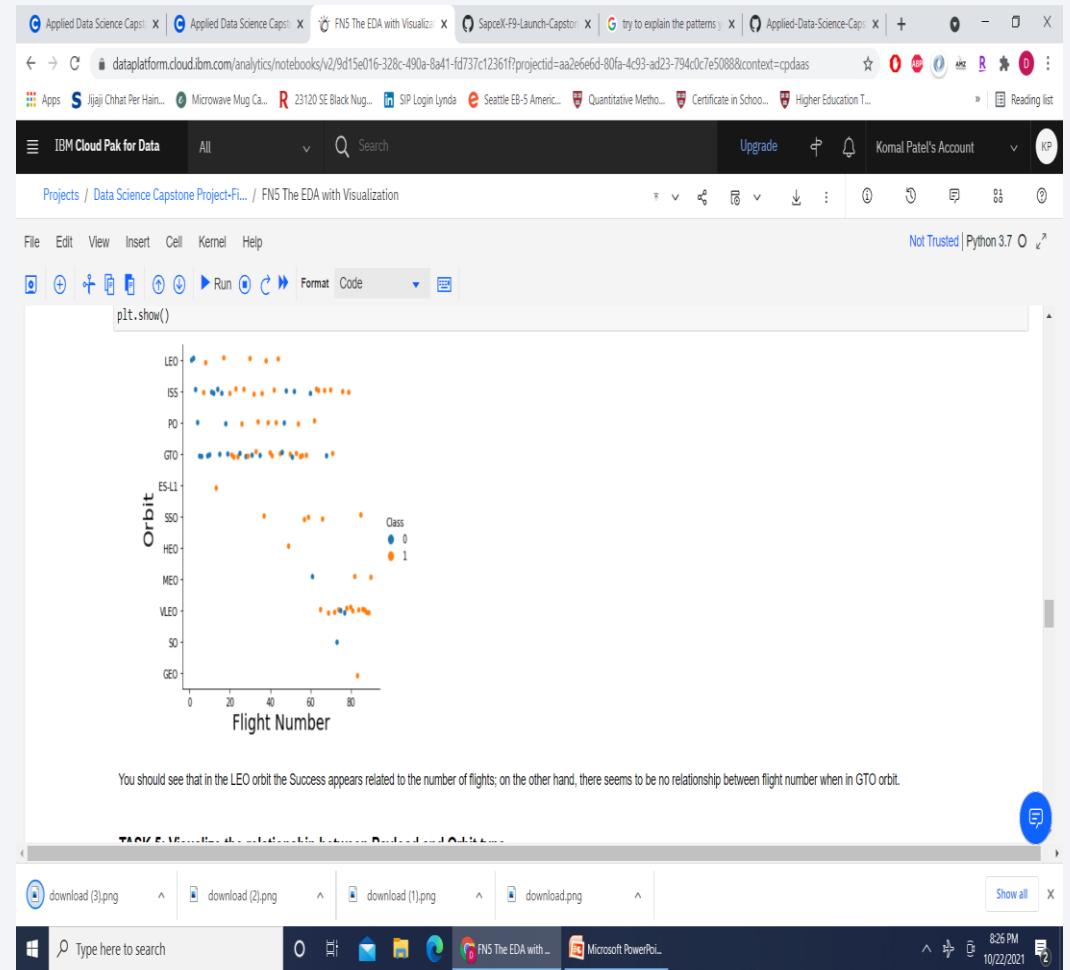
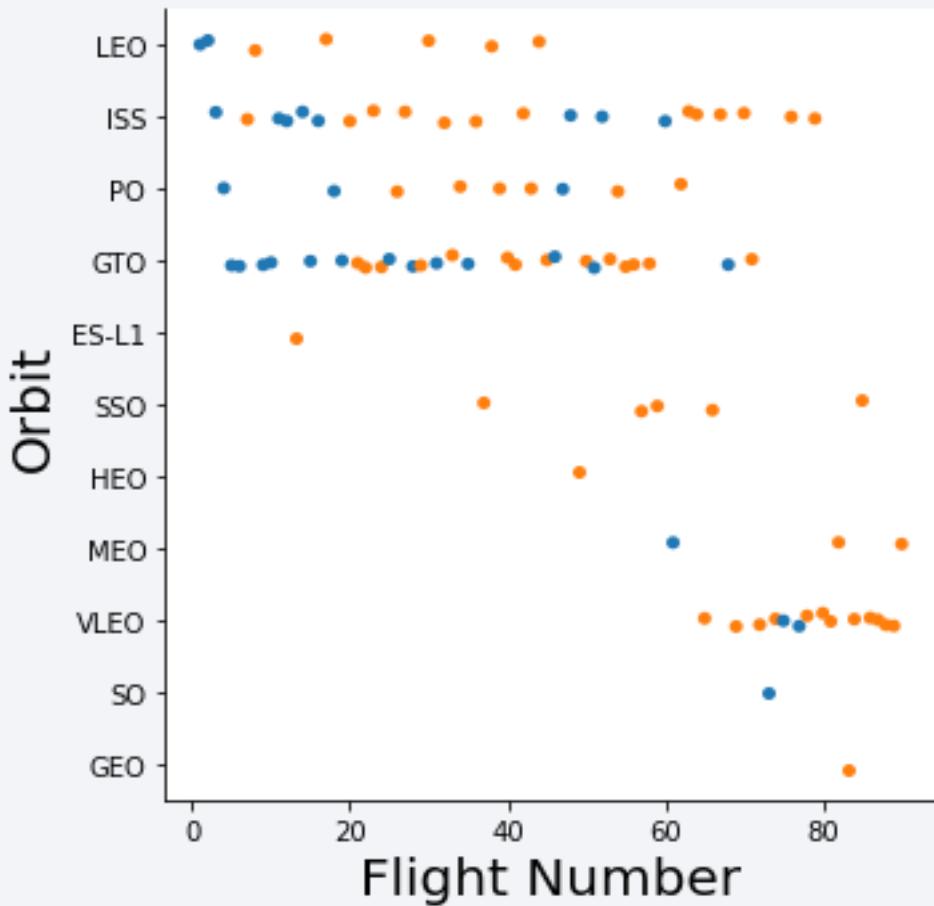
Payload vs. Launch Site



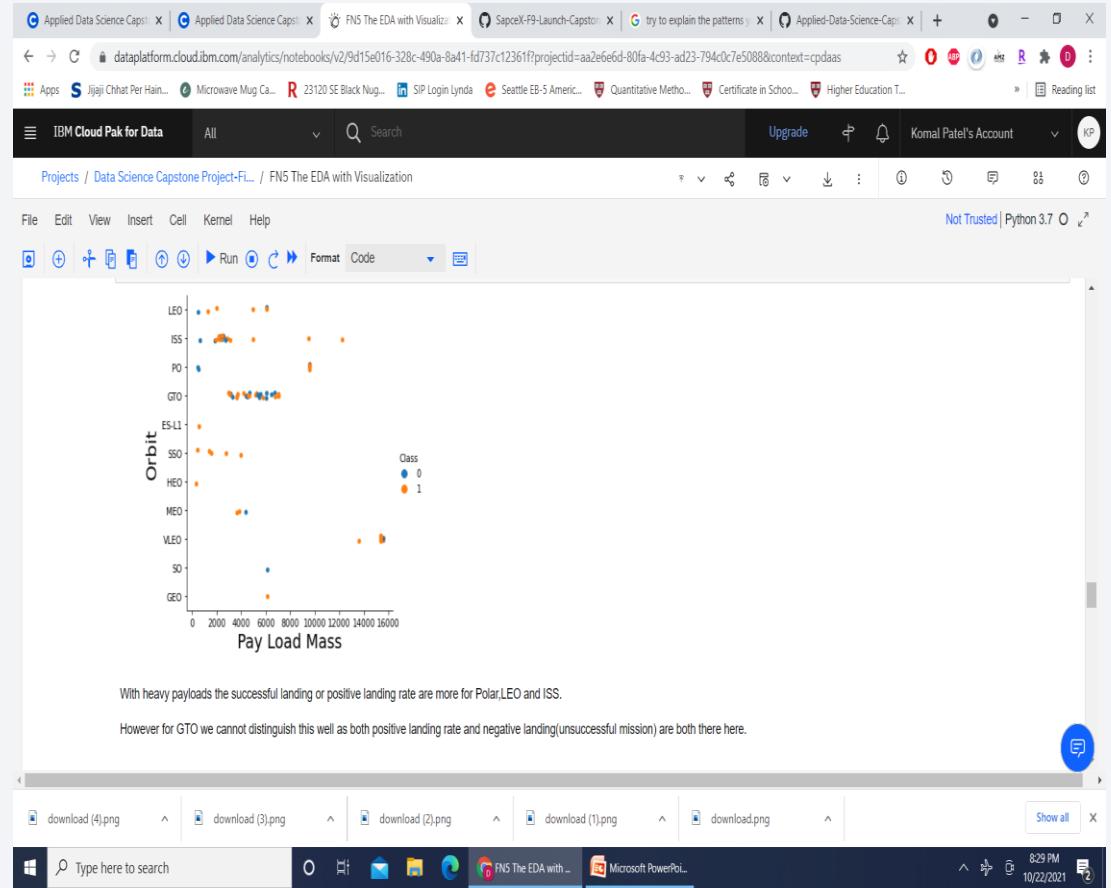
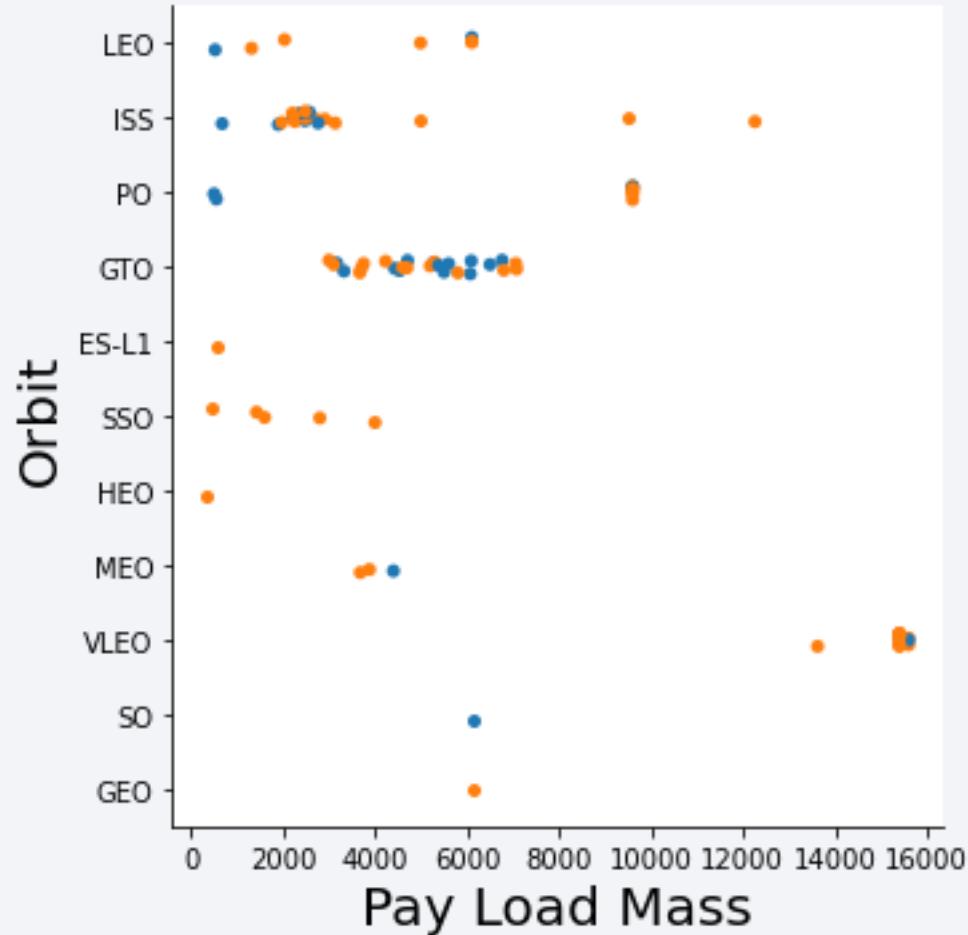
Success Rate vs. Orbit Type



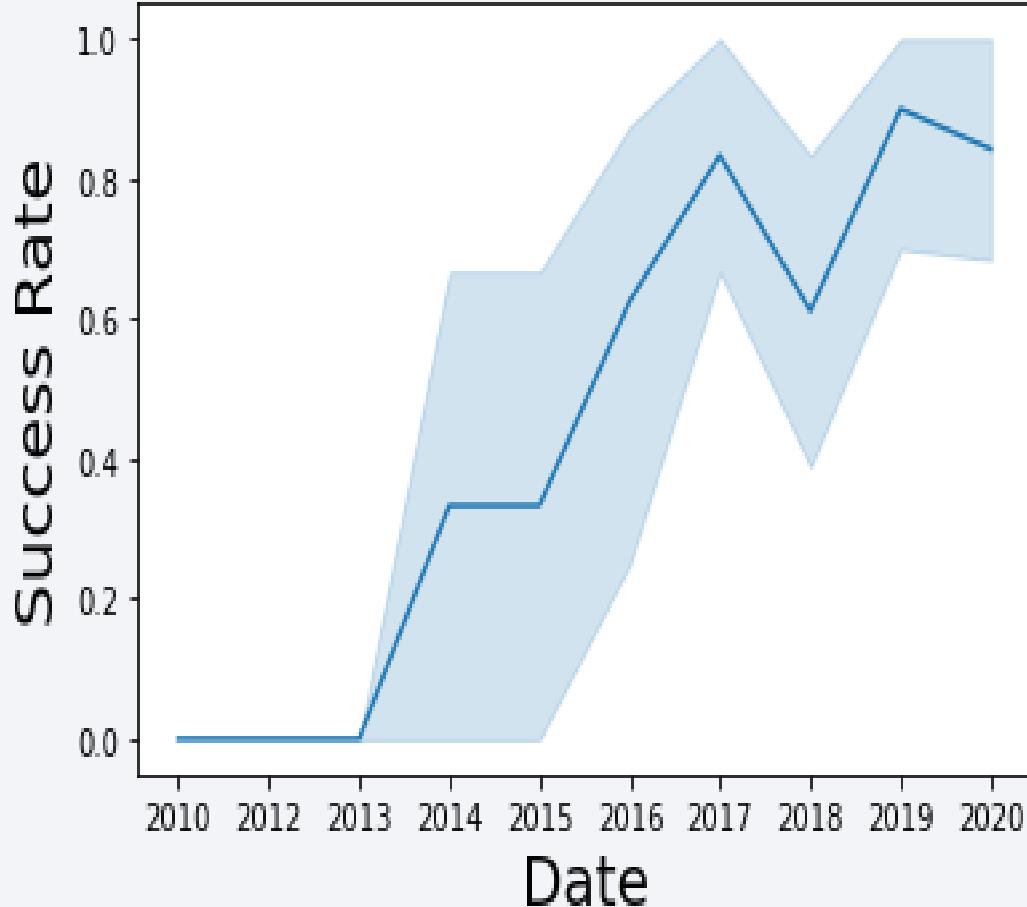
Flight Number vs. Orbit Type



Payload vs. Orbit Type



Launch Success Yearly Trend



Screenshot of an IBM Cloud Pak for Data Jupyter notebook titled "FNS The EDA with Visualization". The code cell contains:

```
df1["Date"] = year  
In [23]: # Plot a line chart with x axis to be the extracted year and y axis to be the success rate  
sns.lineplot(data=df1, x="Date", y="Class")  
plt.xlabel("Date", fontsize=20)  
plt.ylabel("Success Rate", fontsize=20)  
plt.show()
```

The resulting line plot is identical to the one shown in the figure above, with the success rate starting at 0.0 in 2010, rising to a peak of about 0.95 in 2017, and ending at approximately 0.85 in 2020. The plot has "Date" on the x-axis and "Success Rate" on the y-axis, both with a font size of 20.

All Launch Site Names

Launch Site

CCAFS LC-40

CCAFS SLC-40

KSC LC-39A

VAFB SLC-4E

Used the distinct statement to find unique launch sites names in the space mission dataset

Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

DATE	time_utc_	booster_version	launch_site	payload	payload_mass_kg_	orbit	customer	mission_outcome	landing_outcome
2010-06-04	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	0	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute)
2010-12-08	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese	0	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failure (parachute)
2012-05-22	07:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attempt
2012-10-08	00:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
2013-03-01	15:10:00	F9 v1.0 B0007	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-2	677	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt

Used the where and like statement to find launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'

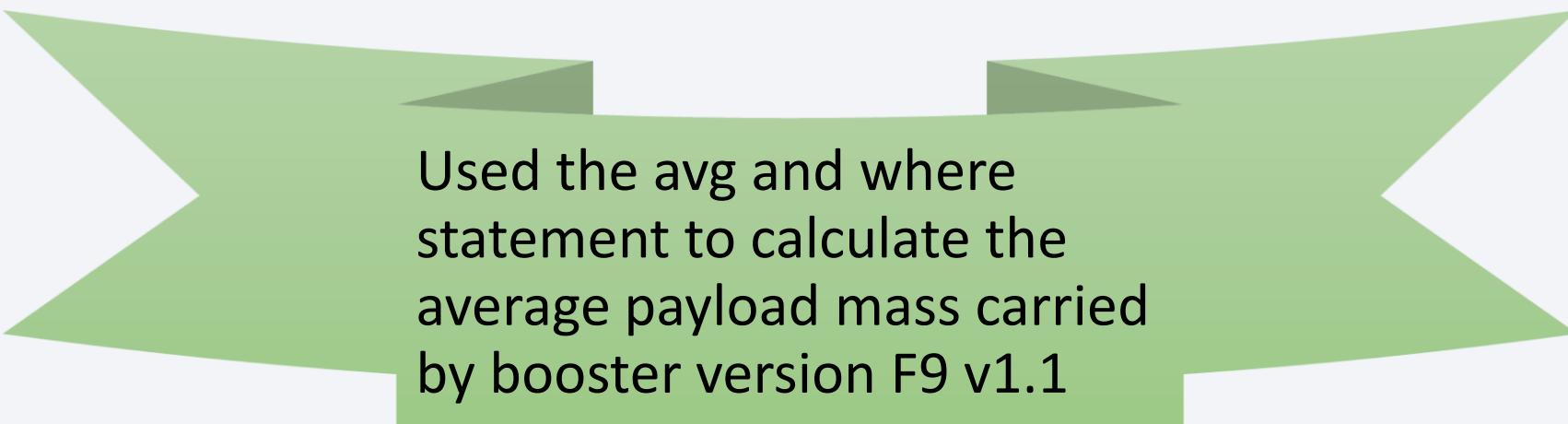
Total Payload Mass

1
45596

Used the sum and where statement to calculate the total payload carried by boosters from NASA

Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

1
2928



Used the avg and where statement to calculate the average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1

First Successful Ground Landing Date

1

2015-12-22

Used the min and where statement to find the dates of the first successful landing outcome on ground pad

Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

booster_version
F9 FT B1022
F9 FT B1026
F9 FT B1021.2
F9 FT B1031.2

Used the ‘and’ and where statement to find the names of boosters which have successfully landed on drone ship and had payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000

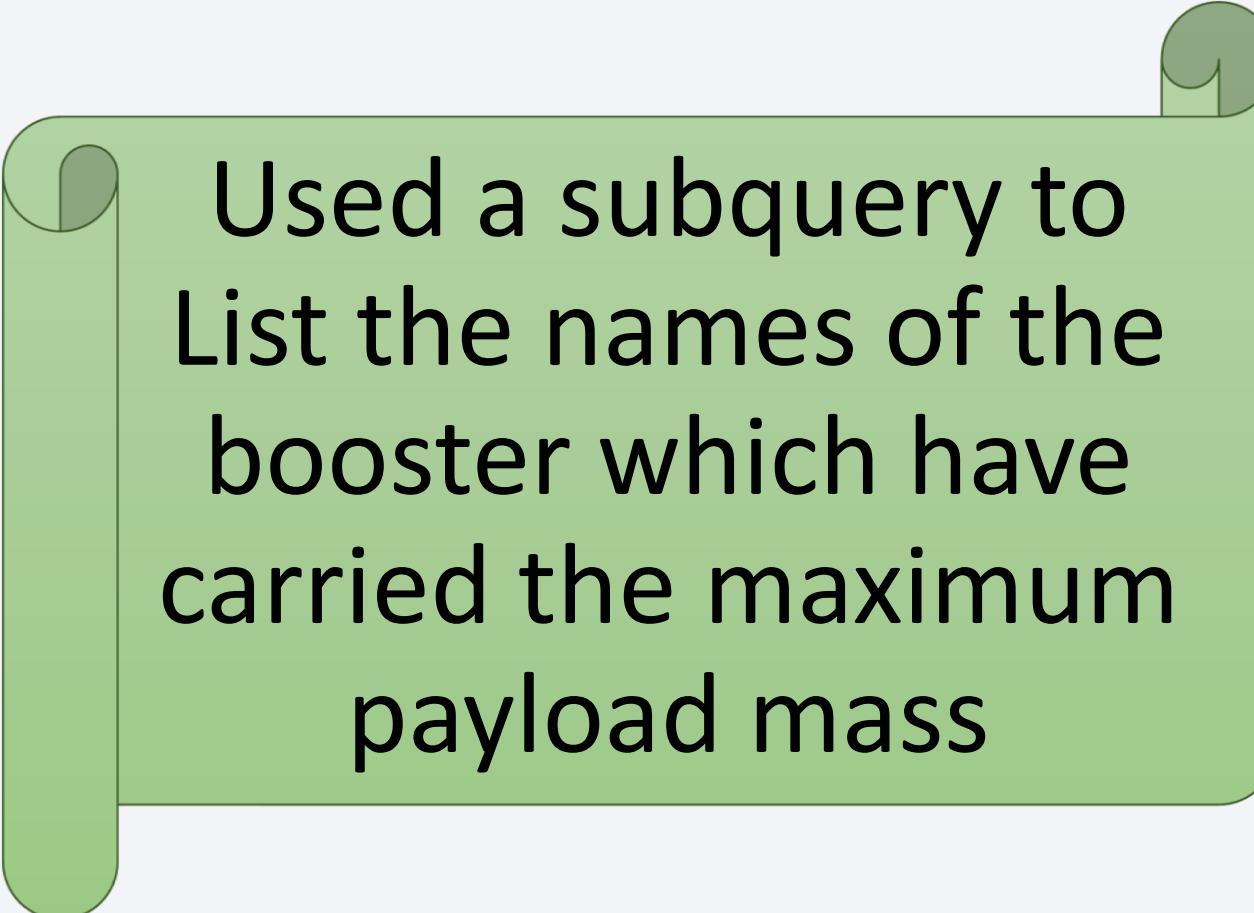
Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

1
100

Used count to Calculate the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes

Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

booster_version
F9 B5 B1048.4
F9 B5 B1049.4
F9 B5 B1051.3
F9 B5 B1056.4
F9 B5 B1048.5
F9 B5 B1051.4
F9 B5 B1049.5
F9 B5 B1060.2
F9 B5 B1058.3
F9 B5 B1051.6
F9 B5 B1060.3
F9 B5 B1049.7



Used a subquery to
List the names of the
booster which have
carried the maximum
payload mass

2015 Launch Records

Booster_Version	Launch_Site	Date
F9 v1.1 B1012	CCAFS LC-40	10-01-2015
F9 v1.1 B1015	CCAFS LC-40	14-04-2015
F9 v1.1 B1018	CCAFS LC-40	28-06-2015

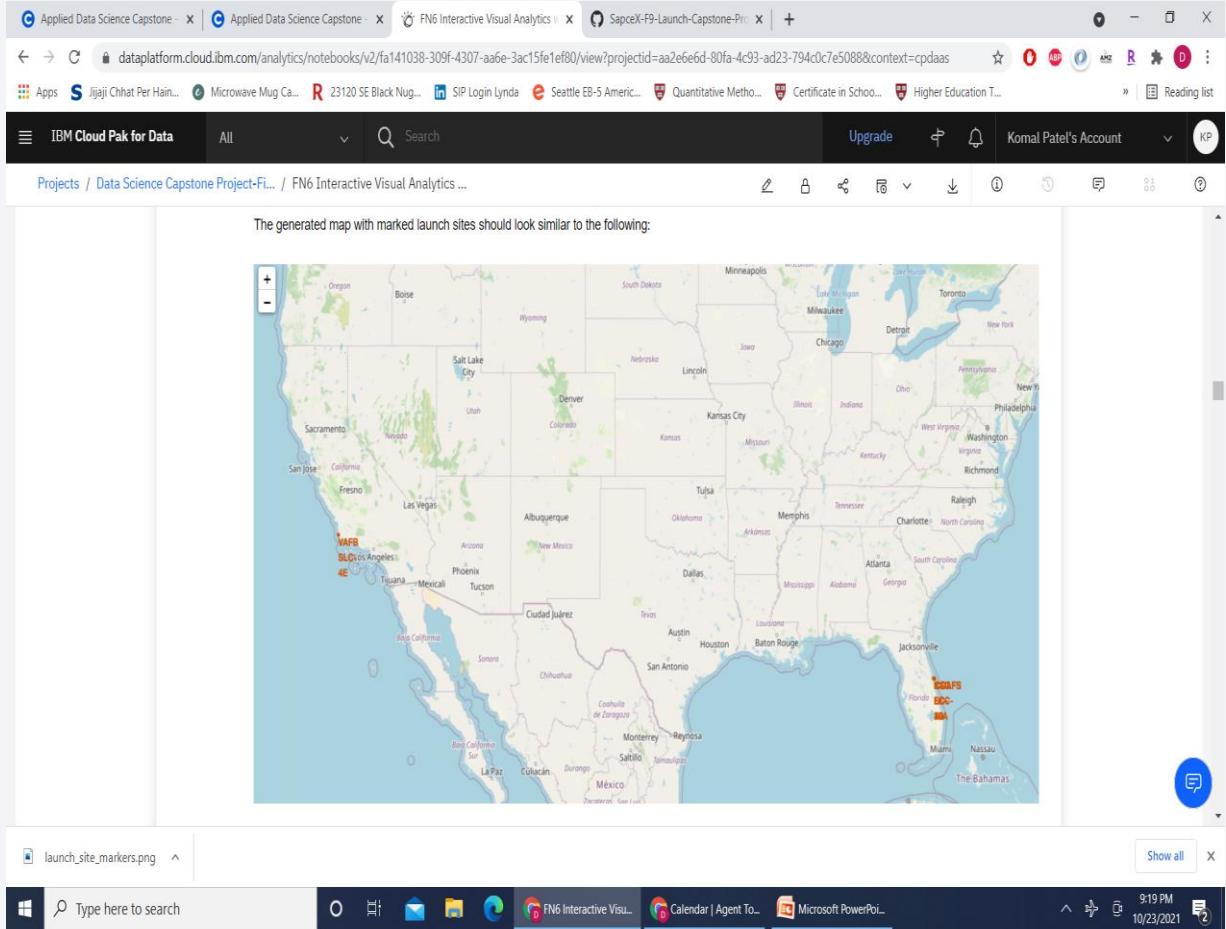
Used the like, 'and' and where statement to list the failed landing_outcomes in drone ship, their booster versions, and launch site names for in year 2015

Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

DATE	time_utc_	booster_version	launch_site	payload	payload_mass_kg	orbit	customer	mission_outcome	landing_outcome
2017-02-19	14:39:00	F9 FT B1031.1	KSC LC-39A	SpaceX CRS-10	2490	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	Success (ground pad)
2017-01-14	17:54:00	F9 FT B1029.1	VAFB SLC-4E	Iridium NEXT 1	9600	Polar LEO	Iridium Communications	Success	Success (drone ship)
2016-08-14	05:26:00	F9 FT B1026	CCAFS LC-40	JCSAT-16	4600	GTO	SKY Perfect JSAT Group	Success	Success (drone ship)
2016-07-18	04:45:00	F9 FT B1025.1	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-9	2257	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	Success (ground pad)
2016-05-27	21:39:00	F9 FT B1023.1	CCAFS LC-40	Thaicom 8	3100	GTO	Thaicom	Success	Success (drone ship)
2016-05-06	05:21:00	F9 FT B1022	CCAFS LC-40	JCSAT-14	4696	GTO	SKY Perfect JSAT Group	Success	Success (drone ship)
2016-04-08	20:43:00	F9 FT B1021.1	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-8	3136	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	Success (drone ship)
2015-12-22	01:29:00	F9 FT B1019	CCAFS LC-40	OG2 Mission 2 11 Orbcomm-OG2 satellites	2034	LEO	Orbcomm	Success	Success (ground pad)

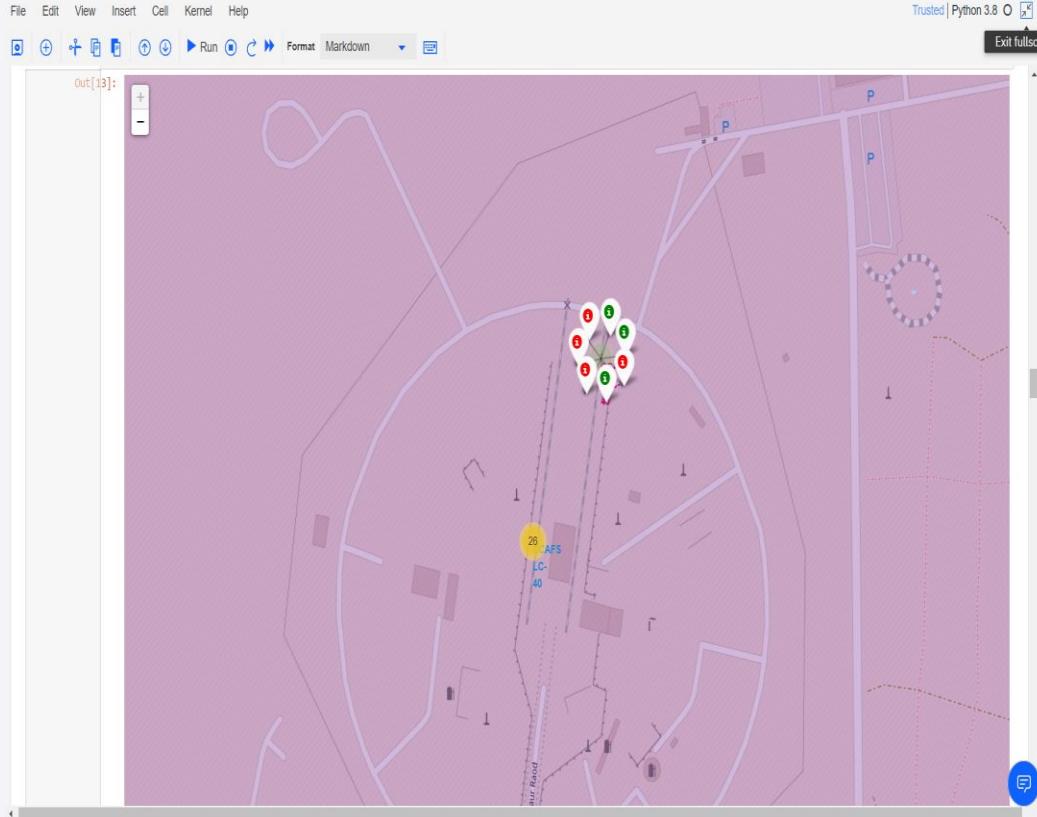
Used the like, 'and', order by and where statement to rank the count of landing outcomes between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order

Launch Sites' Location Markers



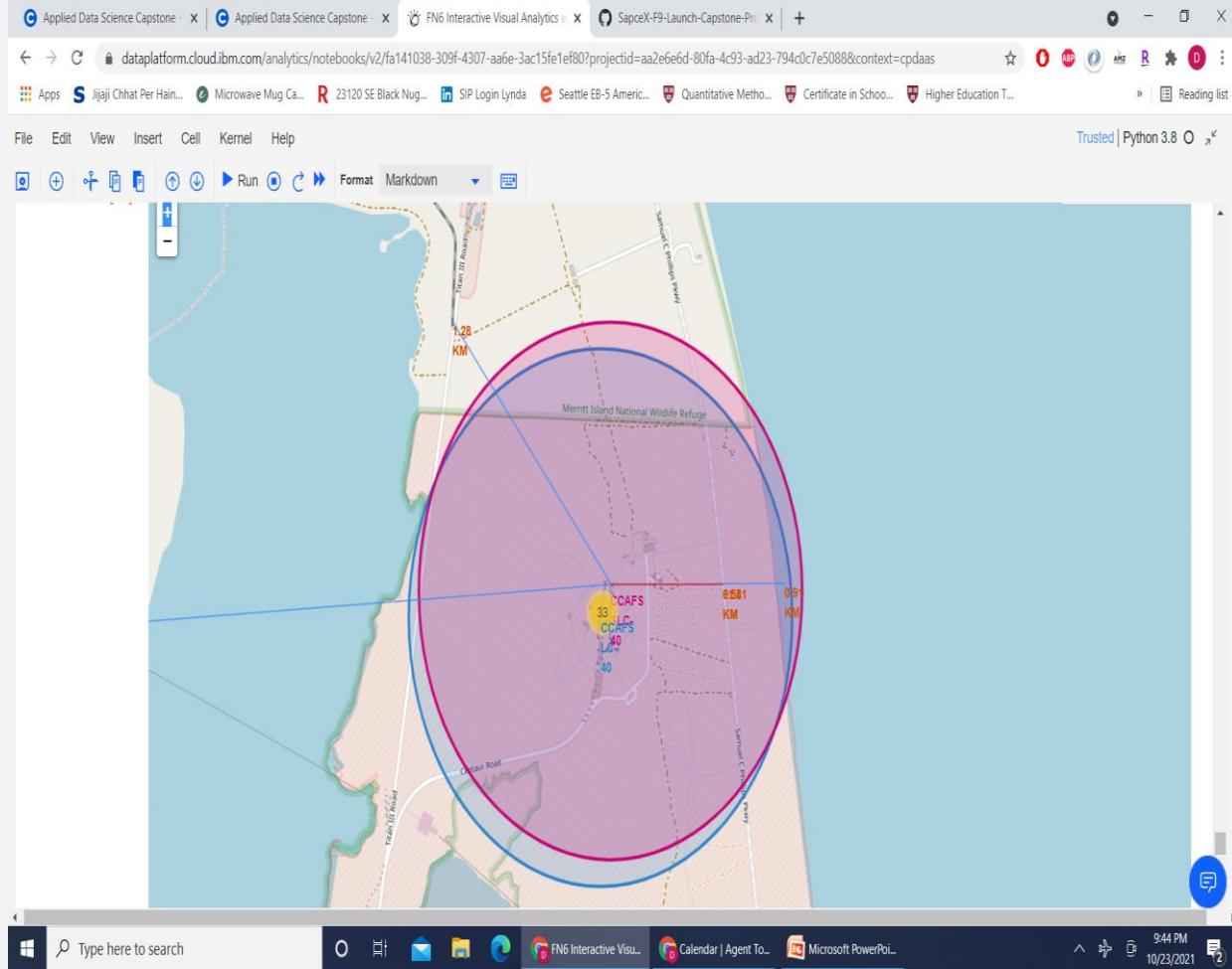
All launch sites
are in very
close proximity
to the coast

The Color-labeled Launch Outcomes



KSC LC-39A launch
site have relatively
high success rate

Launch Site to Its Proximities

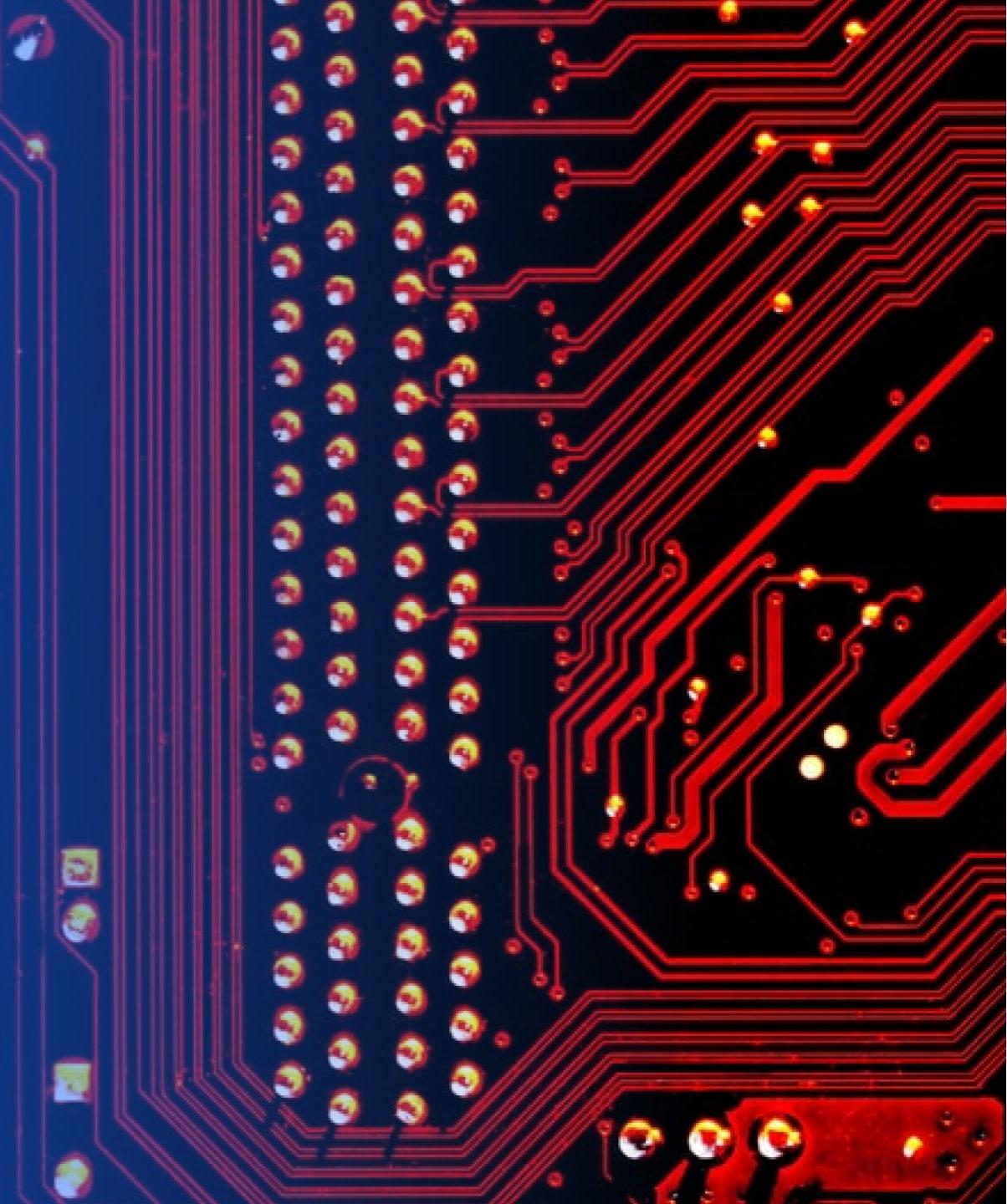


Launch sites in close proximity to railways, highways and coastline.

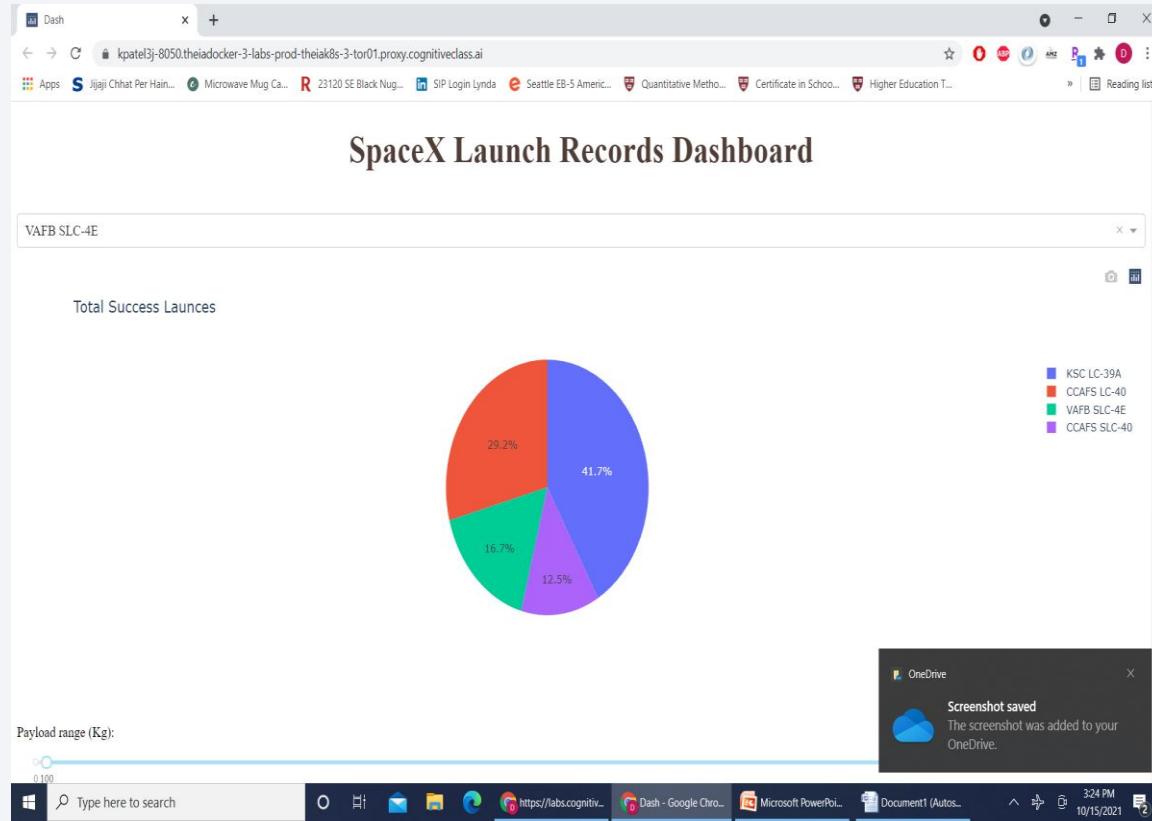
Launch sites are away from cities

Section 5

Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

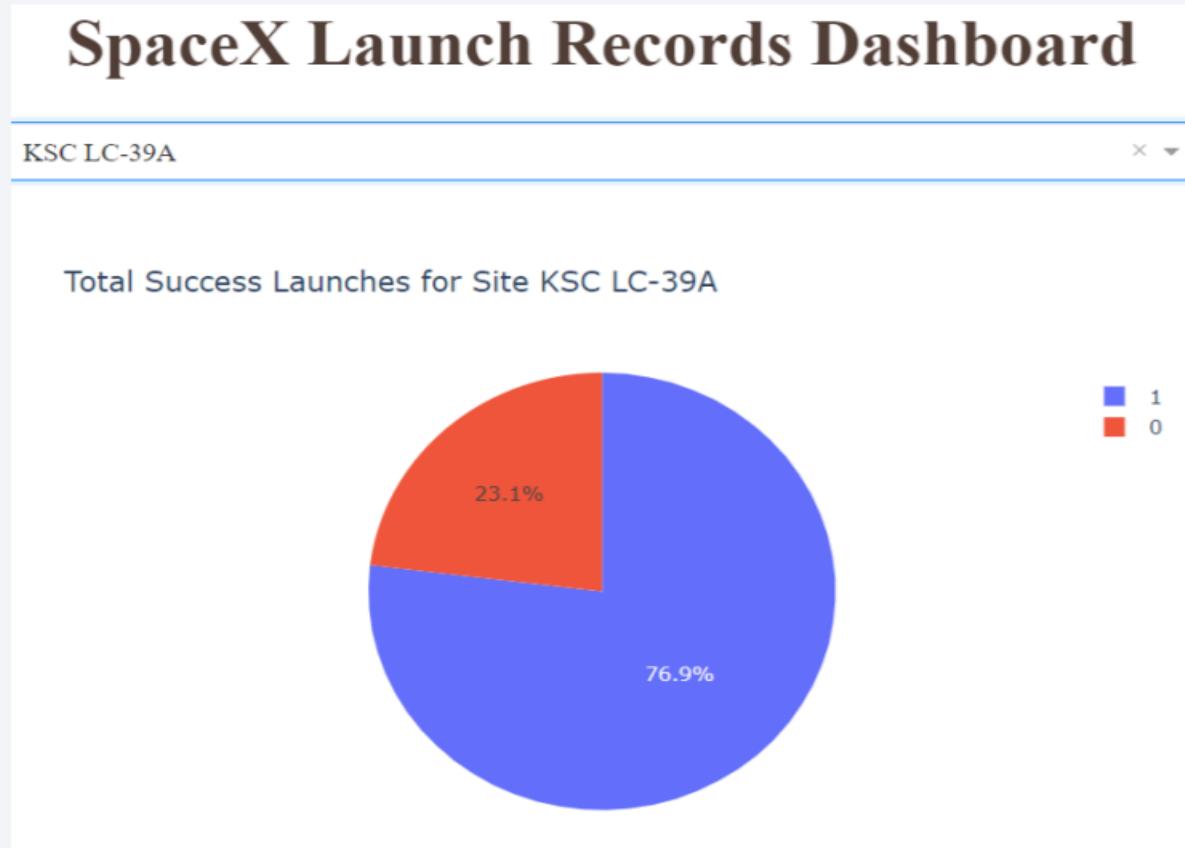


Launch Success Count



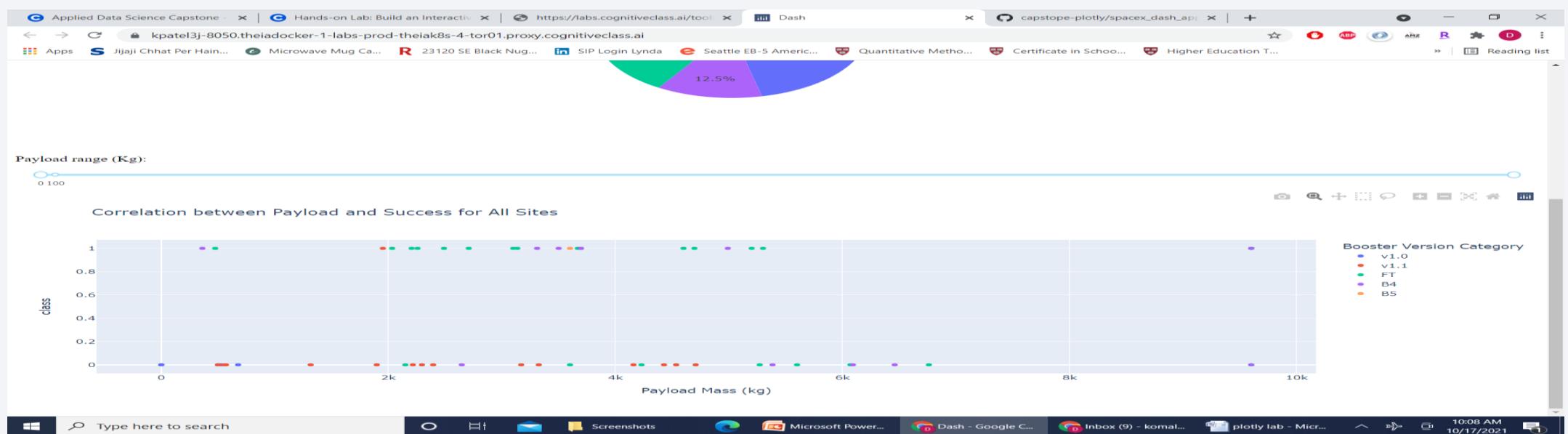
KSC LC-39A,
CCAFS LC-40 had
higher launch
success count

The Launch Site with Highest Success Ratio



KSC LC-39A had highest launch success ratio of 76.9%

Payload vs. Launch Outcome



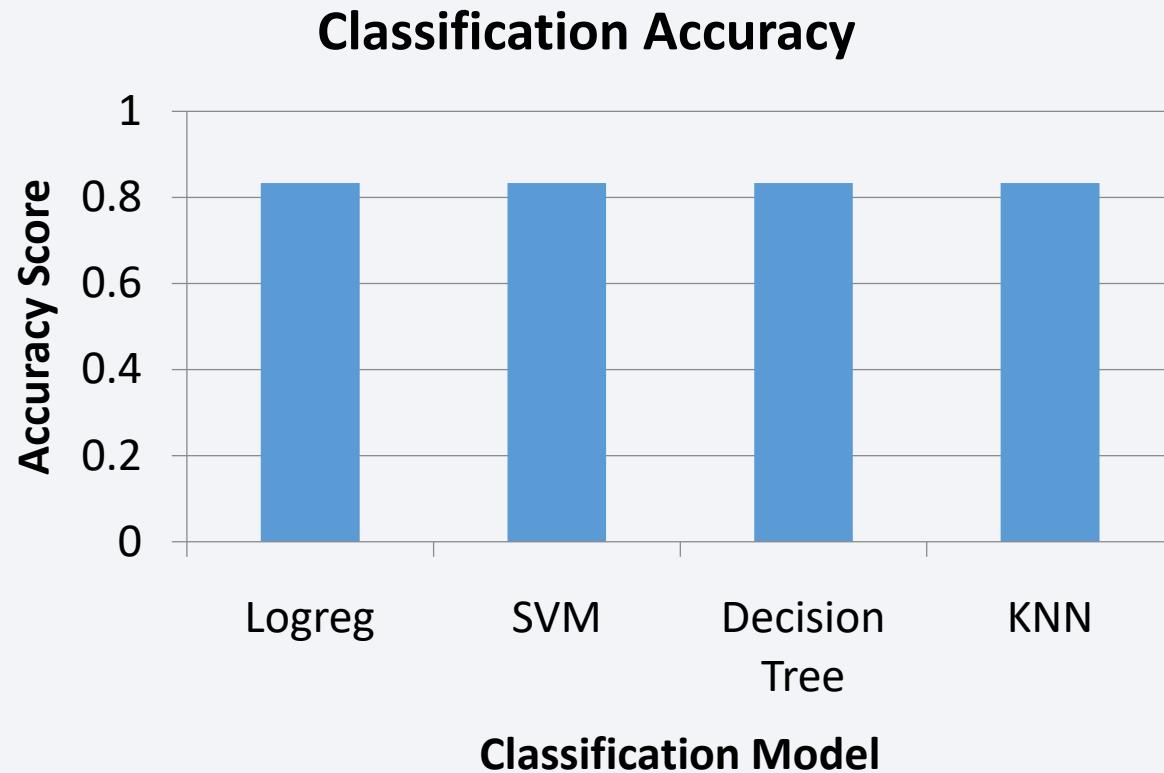
Booster version FT has more success rate between 2K to 6K payloadmass

Booster V1.1 has very less rate for most payloadmass

Section 6

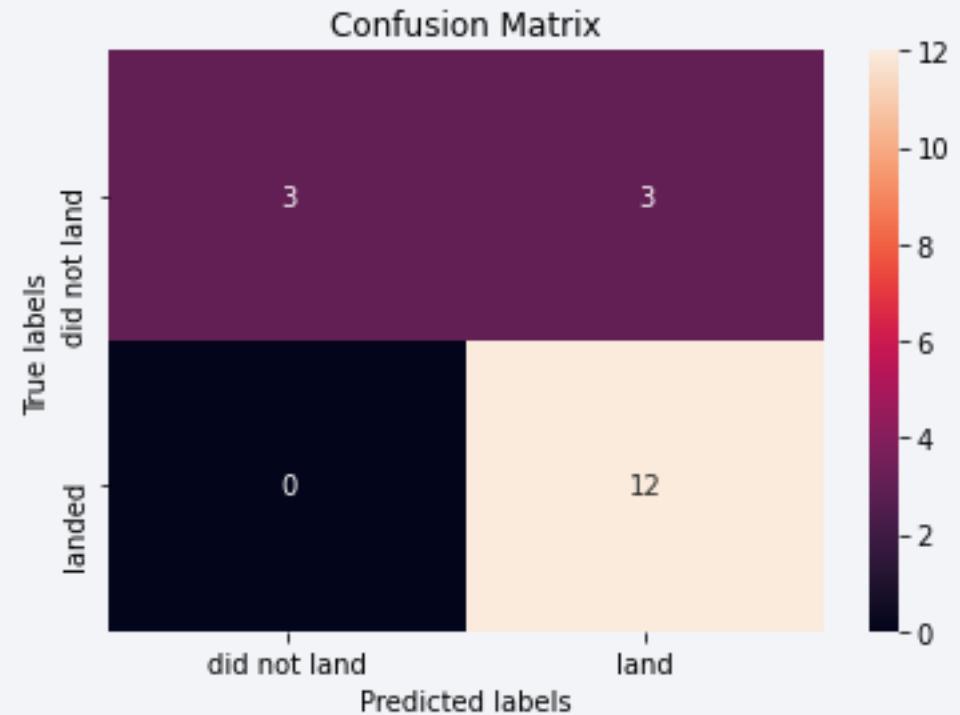
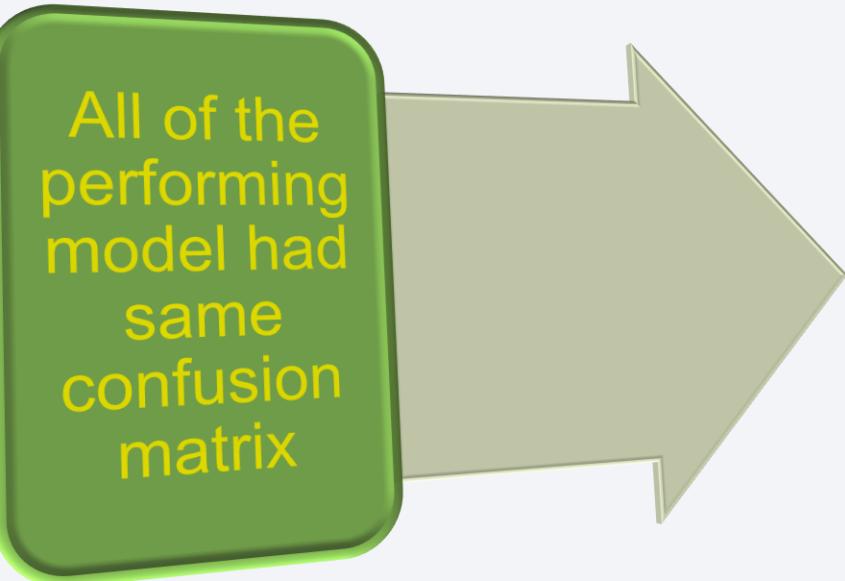
Predictive Analysis (Classification)

Classification Accuracy

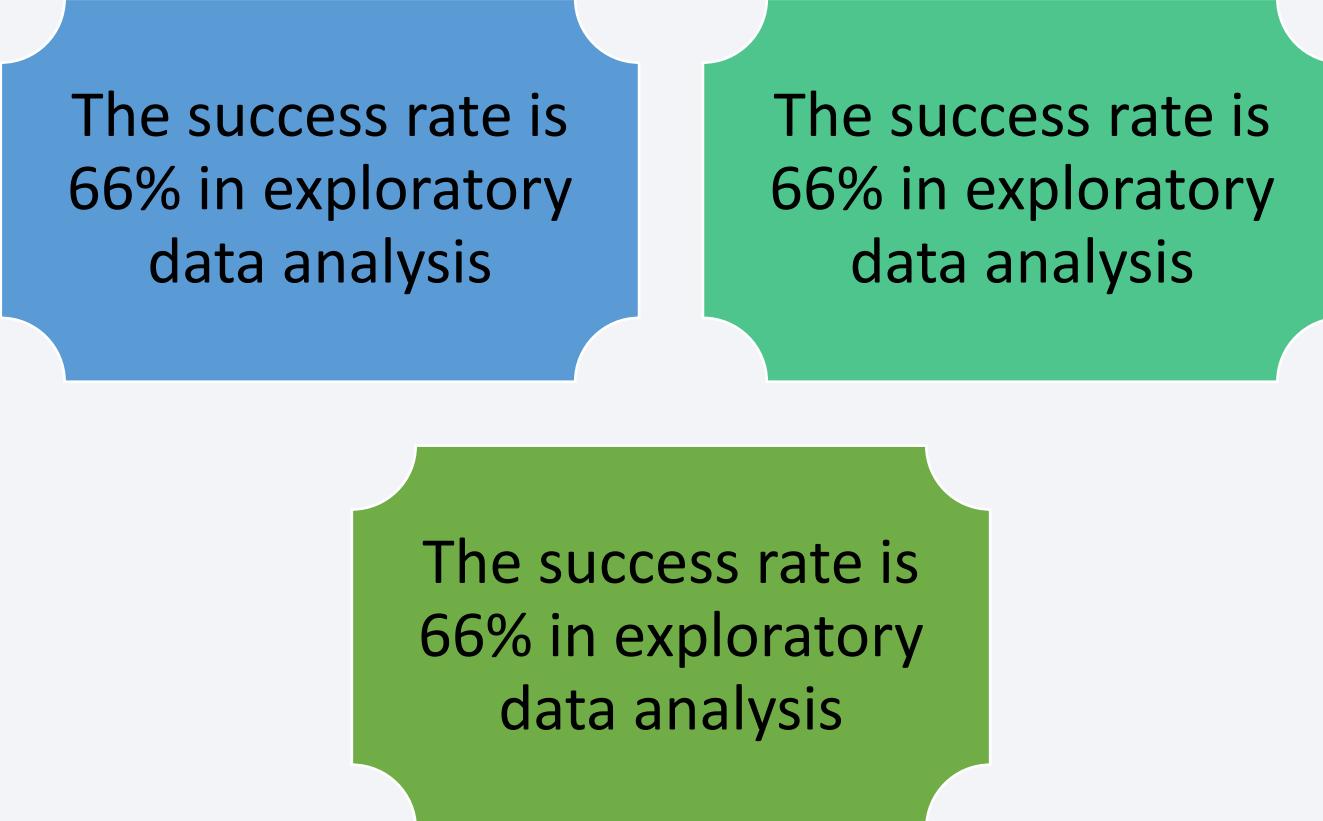


All model has the
same classification
accuracy score

Confusion Matrix



Conclusions

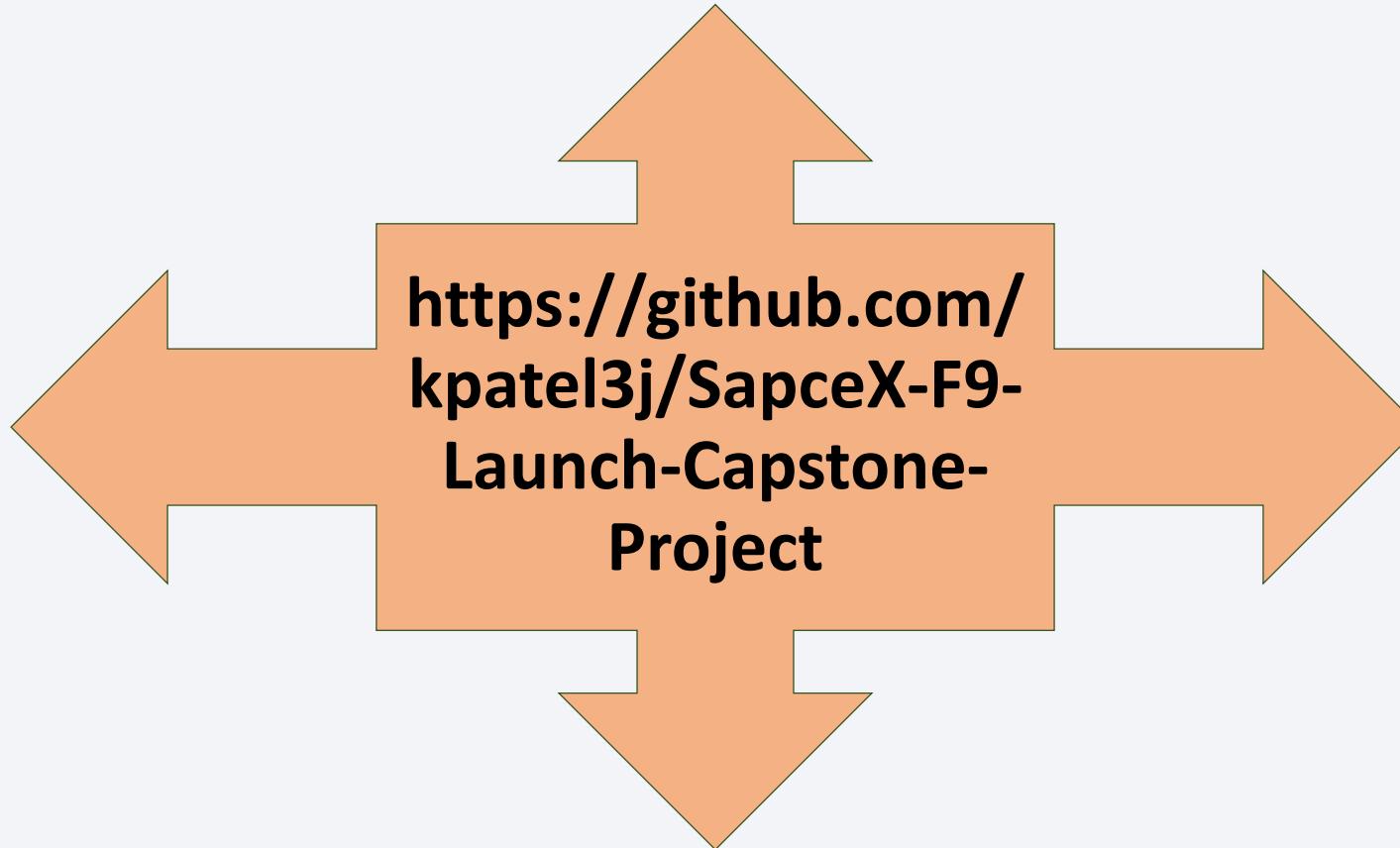


The success rate is
66% in exploratory
data analysis

The success rate is
66% in exploratory
data analysis

The success rate is
66% in exploratory
data analysis

Appendix



Thank you!

