## PA3 EE21S055Final

## October 14, 2022

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import torch
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from torchvision.datasets import MNIST
     import torch.nn as nn
     from tqdm import tqdm
     from torchvision import transforms
     from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
     from torch.optim import Adam #Adam for GD
     import time
[2]:
[3]: hidden_dim = 128
     input_dim = 28
     output_dim = 10
     num_layers = 1
[4]: class Vanilla_RNN(nn.Module):
         def __init__(self ,input_dim, hidden_dim, num_layers, output_dim):
             super(Vanilla_RNN,self).__init__()
             self.hidden_dim = hidden_dim
             self.num_layers = num_layers
             self.rnn = nn.RNN(input_dim,hidden_dim,batch_first =True)
             self.Hidden_layer = nn.Linear(hidden_dim,output_dim)
             self.log_softmax = nn.LogSoftmax(dim=1)
         def forward(self,x):
             #x = x.permute(1, 0, 2)
             hiddenlayer=torch.zeros(1,x.size(0),hidden_dim)
             out, hn = self.rnn(x, hiddenlayer.detach())
             out = self.Hidden_layer(out[:, -1, :]) #hidden states of last time step
             pred=self.log_softmax(out)
             return pred
```

```
[5]: class Vanilla_LSTM(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self,input_dim,hidden_dim,num_layers,output_dim):
              super(Vanilla_LSTM,self).__init__()
              self.hidden_dim = hidden_dim
              self.lstm = nn.LSTM(input_dim,hidden_dim,num_layers,batch_first = True)
              self.Hidden_layer = nn.Linear(hidden_dim, output_dim)
              self.log softmax = nn.LogSoftmax(dim=1)
          def forward(self,x):
              hidden_state = torch.zeros(num_layers,x.size(0),hidden_dim ).
       →requires_grad_()
              self_state = torch.zeros(num_layers,x.size(0),hidden_dim).
       →requires_grad_()
              \#x = x.permute(1, 0, 2)
              out , (h_s,c_s) = self.lstm(x,(hidden_state.detach(),self_state.
       →detach()))
              out = self.Hidden_layer(out[:,-1,:])
              pred = self.log_softmax(out)
              return pred
 [6]: class Vanilla GRU(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, input_dim, hidden_dim, num_layers, output_dim):
              super(Vanilla_GRU, self).__init__()
              self.hidden_dim = hidden_dim
              self.num_layers = num_layers
              self.gru = nn.GRU(input_dim, hidden_dim, num_layers,_
       ⇔batch_first=True,bidirectional=False)
              self.fc = nn.Linear(hidden_dim, output_dim)
              self.logsoftmax=nn.LogSoftmax(dim=1)
          def forward(self, x):
              h0 = torch.zeros(self.num_layers, x.size(0), self.hidden_dim).
       →requires_grad_()
              out, hn = self.gru(x, h0.detach())
              out = self.fc(out[:, -1, :])
              pred=self.logsoftmax(out)
              return pred
[13]: class Vanilla_BIRNN(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self):
              super(Vanilla_BIRNN,self).__init__()
```

```
self.rnn = nn.RNN(28,100,1,bidirectional =True)

self.Hidden_layer = nn.Linear(200, 10)

self.log_softmax = nn.LogSoftmax(dim=1)

def forward(self,x):
    x = x.permute(1, 0, 2)
    hiddenlayer=torch.zeros(2,x.size(1),100)
    _,hiddenlayer = self.rnn(x,hiddenlayer)
    fin , bin = hiddenlayer[0],hiddenlayer[1]
    inp=torch.cat((fin,bin),dim=-1)
    out = self.Hidden_layer(inp)
    return out.reshape(500,10)
```

[]:

```
[9]: transform = transforms.ToTensor()
    trainset = MNIST('', download=True, train=True, transform=transform)
    testset = MNIST('',download=True, train=False, transform=transform)
    trainset,valset=torch.utils.data.random_split(trainset,(50000,10000))
    trainloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(trainset,batch_size=500)
    valloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(valset,batch_size=500)
    testloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(testset,batch_size=500)
```

Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to MNIST/raw/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz

```
0%| | 0/9912422 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

Extracting MNIST/raw/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to MNIST/raw

Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to MNIST/raw/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz

```
0% | 0/28881 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

Extracting MNIST/raw/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to MNIST/raw

```
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to
MNIST/raw/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz

0%| | 0/1648877 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

Extracting MNIST/raw/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to MNIST/raw

Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz Downloading http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/mnist/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to MNIST/raw/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz

```
0%| | 0/4542 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

Extracting MNIST/raw/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to MNIST/raw

```
[10]: from math import e
      def Training Testing(model,optimzer,loss,regularizer = False):
          # trainingloss_list = []
          validationloss list = []
          validationaccuracy_list = []
          if regularizer:
              trainingloss_listr = []
          else :
              trainingloss_list = []
          optimizer1 = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
          for epoch in range(num_epochs):
              for i, (images, labels) in enumerate(trainloader):
                  images = images.reshape(-1, 28, 28)
                  outputs = model(images)
                  if regularizer:
                      loss = criterion1(outputs, labels) + lamb*torch.norm(model.
       →Hidden_layer.weight)
                      trainingloss_listr.append(loss.item())
                  else:
                      loss = criterion1(outputs, labels)
                      trainingloss_list.append(loss.item())
                  optimizer1.zero_grad()
                  loss.backward()
                  optimizer1.step()
```

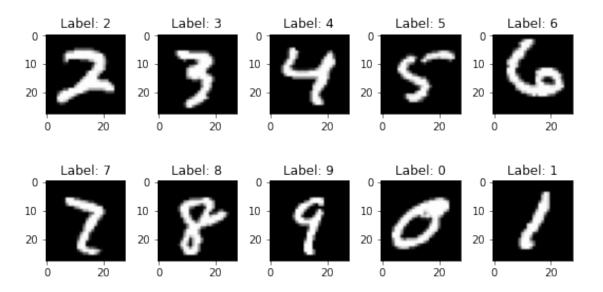
```
iteration=0
      tempvalloss=0
      correctval=0
      for images, labels in valloader:
          images = images.reshape(-1, 28, 28)
          outputs = model(images)
          loss = criterion1(outputs, labels)
          _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
          correctval += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
          iteration+=1
          tempvalloss+=loss.item()
      validationloss_list.append(tempvalloss/iteration)
      validationaccuracy_list.append(correctval/100)
      print('Epoch',epoch+1,'out of',num_epochs,'epochs are over')
  with torch.no_grad():
      correct = 0
      total = 0
      for images, labels in testloader:
          images = images.reshape(-1, 28, 28)
          outputs = model(images)
          _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
          total += labels.size(0)
          correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
      print("Predicted",predicted[1:10])
      print("real-Label", labels[1:10])
      num_row = 2
      num_col = 5# plot images
      fig, axes = plt.subplots(num_row, num_col, figsize=(1.
→5*num_col,2*num_row))
      for i in range(10):
          ax = axes[i//num_col, i%num_col]
          ax.imshow(images[i], cmap='gray')
          ax.set_title('Label: {}'.format(labels[i]))
      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.show()
      if regularizer:
          print('Test Accuracy of the L2 model on the 10000 test images: {}∟
→%'.format((correct / total) * 100))
          print('Test Accuracy of the unregularized model on the 10000 test⊔
→images: {} %'.format((correct / total) * 100))
```

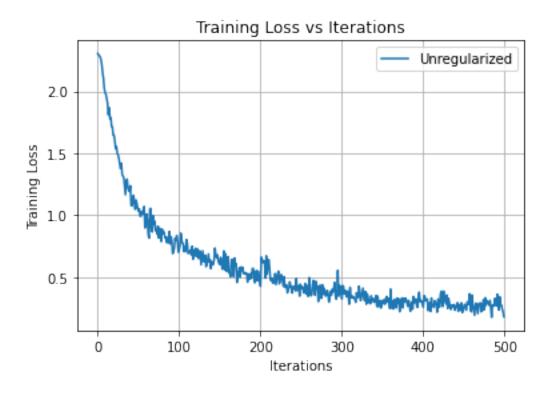
```
plt.figure(1)
if regularizer:
    xtrainloss=np.arange(len(trainingloss_listr))
else:
    xtrainloss=np.arange(len(trainingloss_list))
if regularizer:
    plt.plot(xtrainloss,trainingloss_listr,label="L2 Regularized")
else:
    plt.plot(xtrainloss,trainingloss_list,label="Unregularized")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.xlabel('Iterations')
plt.ylabel('Training Loss')
plt.title('Training Loss vs Iterations')
plt.figure(2)
xvalloss=np.arange(len(validationloss_list))
plt.plot(xvalloss,validationloss_list,label="Unregularized")
plt.grid(True)
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Validation Loss')
plt.title('Validation Loss vs Epochs')
plt.figure(3)
plt.plot(xvalloss,validationaccuracy_list,label='Unregularized')
plt.grid(True)
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Validation Accuracy vs Epochs')
plt.show()
```

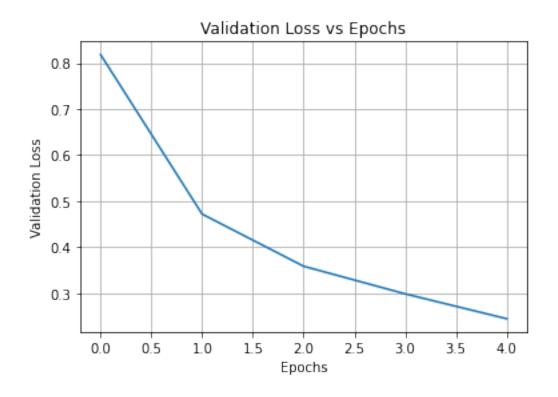
[]: Training\_Testing(Vanilla\_RNN(input\_dim,hidden\_dim,num\_layers,output\_dim),optimizer1,criterion1

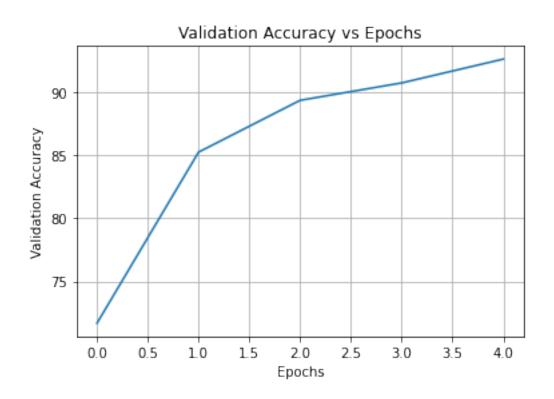
False)

```
Epoch 1 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 2 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 3 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 4 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 5 out of 5 epochs are over
Predicted tensor([3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
real-Label tensor([3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
```



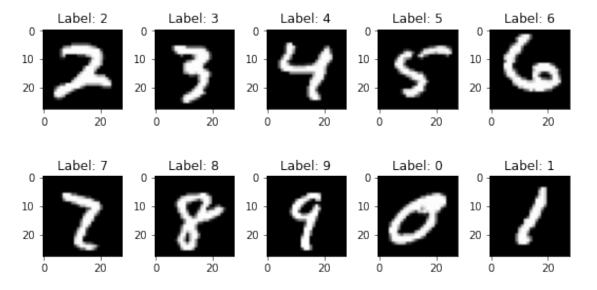






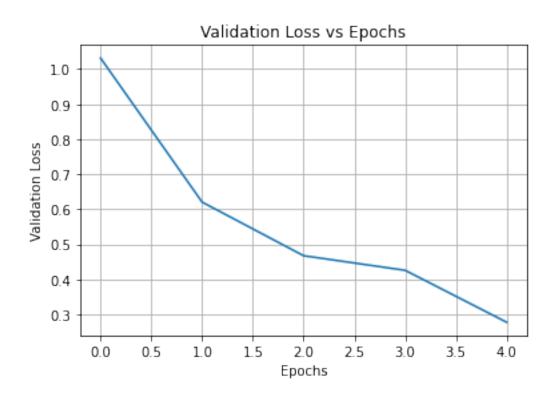
## []: Training\_Testing(Vanilla\_RNN(input\_dim,hidden\_dim,num\_layers,output\_dim),optimizer1,criterion1

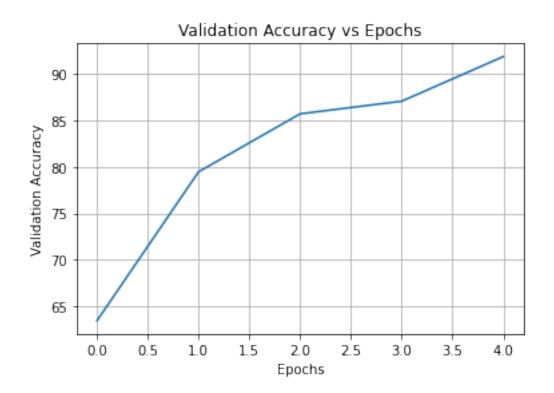
```
Epoch 1 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 2 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 3 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 4 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 5 out of 5 epochs are over
Predicted tensor([3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
real-Label tensor([3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
```



Test Accuracy of the L2 model on the 10000 test images: 91.9 %

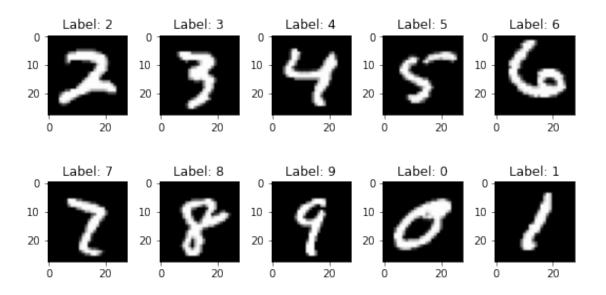




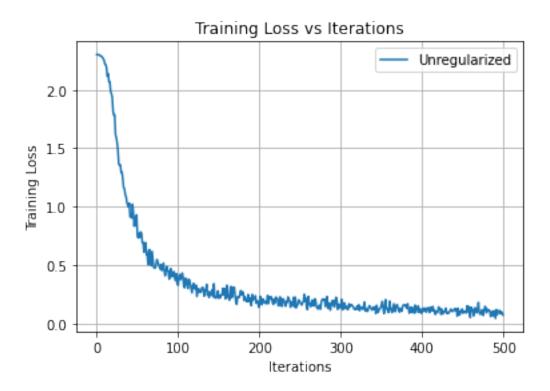


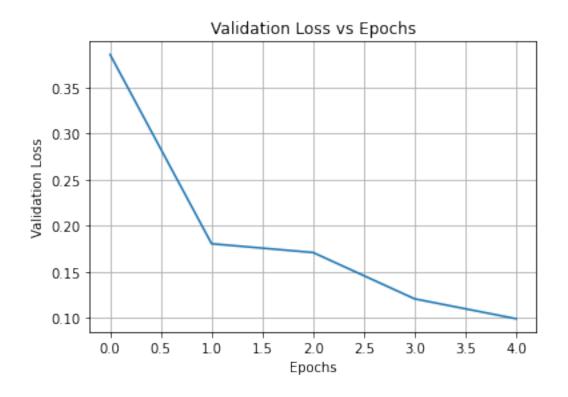
```
[]: learning_rate = 0.002
epochs = 3
regul=0.005
criterion2 = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
```

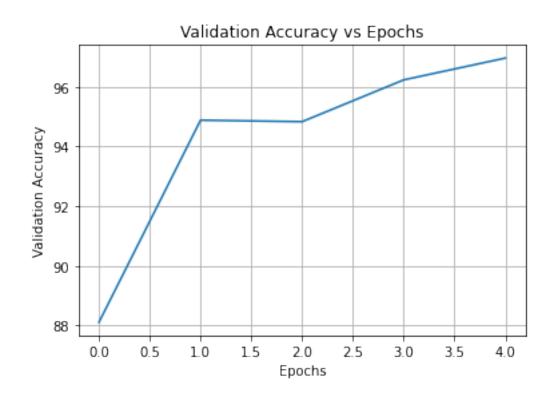
```
Epoch 1 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 2 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 3 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 4 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 5 out of 5 epochs are over
Predicted tensor([7, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
real-Label tensor([3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
```



Test Accuracy of the unregularized model on the 10000 test images: 96.98 %





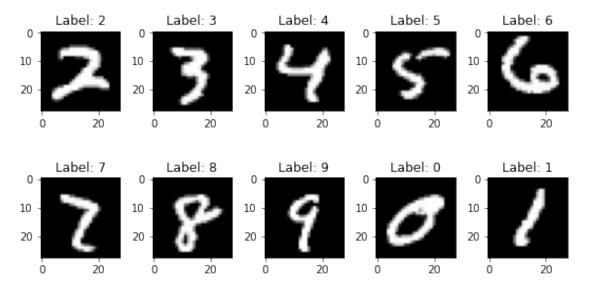


```
[]: optimizer1 = torch.optim.

Adam(Vanilla_GRU(input_dim,hidden_dim,num_layers,output_dim).parameters(),

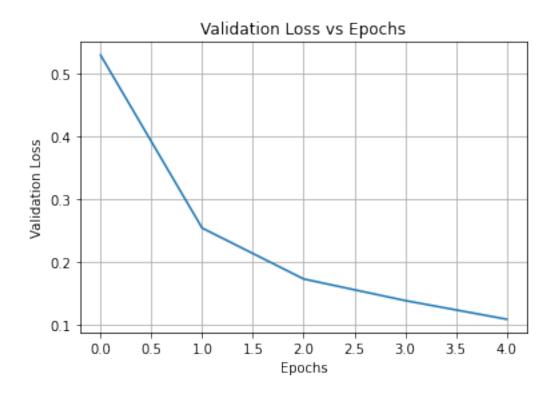
Ir=learning_rate)
```

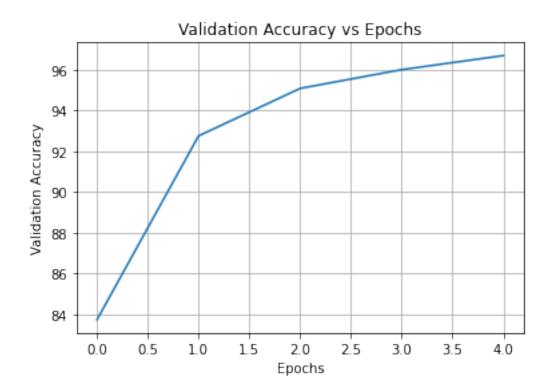
```
Epoch 1 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 2 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 3 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 4 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 5 out of 5 epochs are over
Predicted tensor([3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
real-Label tensor([3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
```



Test Accuracy of the unregularized model on the 10000 test images: 96.8 %

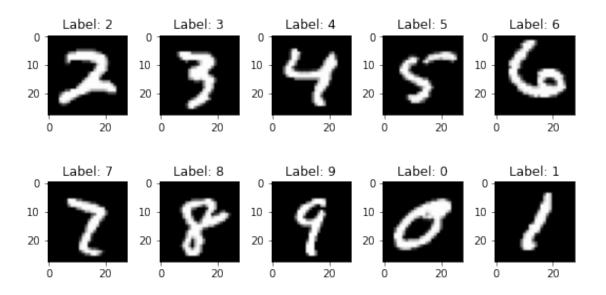




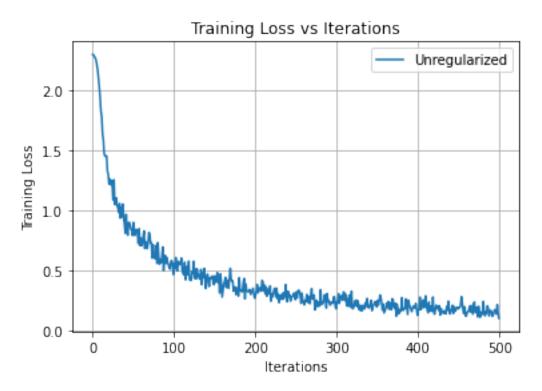


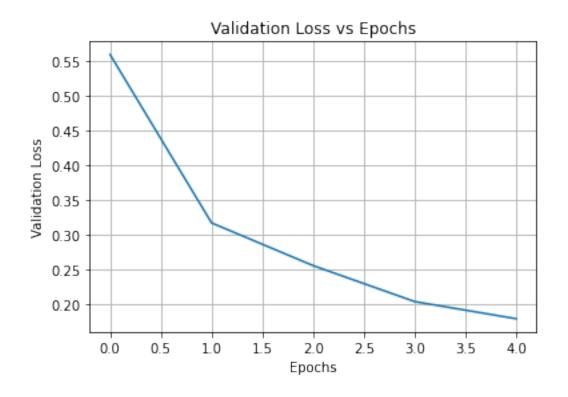
## [14]: Training\_Testing(Vanilla\_BIRNN(), optimizer1, criterion1, regularizer= False)

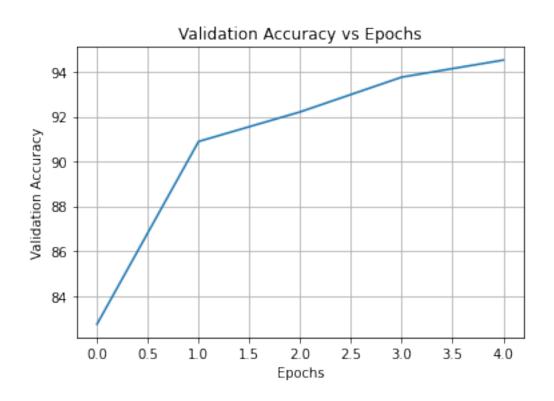
```
Epoch 1 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 2 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 3 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 4 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 5 out of 5 epochs are over
Predicted tensor([3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
real-Label tensor([3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1])
```



Test Accuracy of the unregularized model on the 10000 test images: 94.75 %







```
[15]: epochs = 10
[16]: def Random_creator(L):
        #takes input of length L
        return np.random.randint(0,10,L)
[17]: def one_hot_encoded(x):
        x_{new} = np.zeros((len(x),10))
        x_new[np.arange(len(x)), x] = 1
        return x_new
[18]: class LSTM 2(nn.Module):
        def __init__(self,hidden_size):
          super(LSTM_2,self).__init__()
          self.hidden_size = hidden_size
          self.lstm = nn.LSTM(10,hidden_size)
          self.Hidden_layer = nn.Linear(hidden_size , 10)
        def forward(self,x):
          hiddenstate=torch.zeros(1,x.size(0),self.hidden_size)
          cellstate=torch.zeros(1,x.size(0),self.hidden_size)
          x=x.permute(1,0,2)
          out,(hs,cs) = self.lstm(x,(hiddenstate,cellstate))
          out = self.Hidden_layer(out[-1])
          return out.reshape(1,10)
[19]: trainranlist=[]
      valranlist=[]
      testranlist=[]
      for i in range(100):
        for j in range(3,11):
          trainranlist.append(Random_creator(j))
        L=np.random.randint(3,11)
        valranlist.append(Random_creator(L))
        L=np.random.randint(3,11)
        testranlist.append(Random_creator(L))
      # testranlist
 []:
```

```
[20]: K=1
hidstatesize=[2,5,10]
traininglosslist2=[]
```

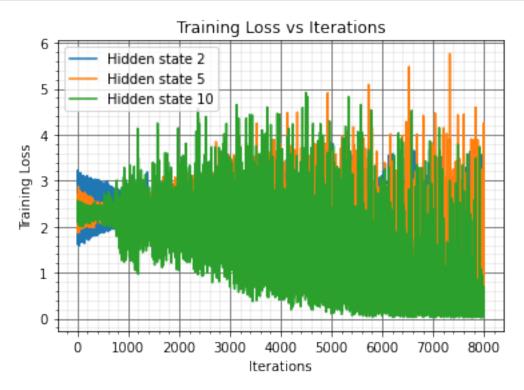
```
validationaccuracy_list2=[]
traininglosslist5=[]
validationaccuracy_list5=[]
traininglosslist10=[]
validationaccuracy_list10=[]
iteration=0
tempvalloss=0
correctval=0
model41=LSTM 2(hidstatesize[0])
optimizer41 = torch.optim.Adam(model41.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
for epoch in range(epochs):
  for i in range(len(trainranlist)):
    hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(trainranlist[i]),10))
    hotranlist[0]=torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(trainranlist[i]))
    output=model41(hotranlist.float())
    _,predicted=torch.max(output.data,1)
    label=torch.tensor([trainranlist[i][K]],dtype=torch.long)
    loss = criterion1(output, label.long())
    traininglosslist2.append(loss.item())
    optimizer41.zero_grad()
    loss.backward()
    optimizer41.step()
  iteration=0
  tempvalloss=0
  correctval=0
  for i in range(len(valranlist)):
    hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(valranlist[i]),10))
    hotranlist[0]=torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(valranlist[i]))
    output=model41(hotranlist.float())
    _,predicted=torch.max(output.data,1)
    label=torch.tensor([valranlist[i][K]],dtype=torch.long)
    _, predicted = torch.max(output.data, 1)
    correctval += (predicted == label).sum().item()
    iteration+=1
  validationaccuracy_list2.append(correctval/len(valranlist)*100)
```

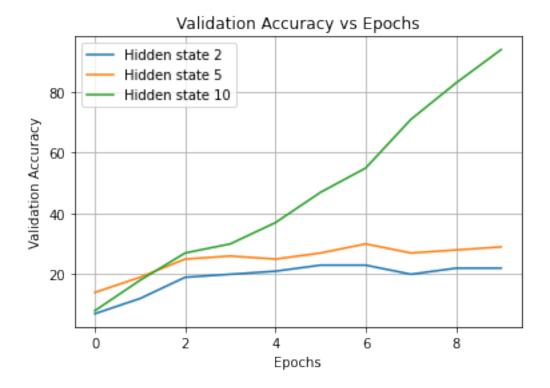
```
model42=LSTM_2(hidstatesize[1])
optimizer42 = torch.optim.Adam(model42.parameters(), lr=learning rate)
for epoch in range(epochs):
  for i in range(len(trainranlist)):
    hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(trainranlist[i]),10))
    hotranlist[0]=torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(trainranlist[i]))
    output=model42(hotranlist.float())
    _,predicted=torch.max(output.data,1)
    label=torch.tensor([trainranlist[i][K]],dtype=torch.long)
    loss = criterion1(output, label.long())
    traininglosslist5.append(loss.item())
    optimizer42.zero_grad()
    loss.backward()
    optimizer42.step()
  iteration=0
  tempvalloss=0
  correctval=0
  for i in range(len(valranlist)):
    hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(valranlist[i]),10))
    hotranlist[0] = torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(valranlist[i]))
    output=model42(hotranlist.float())
    _,predicted=torch.max(output.data,1)
    label=torch.tensor([valranlist[i][K]],dtype=torch.long)
    _, predicted = torch.max(output.data, 1)
    correctval += (predicted == label).sum().item()
    iteration+=1
  validationaccuracy_list5.append(correctval/len(valranlist)*100)
model43=LSTM_2(hidstatesize[2])
optimizer43 = torch.optim.Adam(model43.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
for epoch in range(epochs):
  for i in range(len(trainranlist)):
    hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(trainranlist[i]),10))
    hotranlist[0] = torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(trainranlist[i]))
```

```
output=model43(hotranlist.float())
  _,predicted=torch.max(output.data,1)
 label=torch.tensor([trainranlist[i][K]],dtype=torch.long)
 loss = criterion1(output, label.long())
 traininglosslist10.append(loss.item())
 optimizer43.zero_grad()
 loss.backward()
  optimizer43.step()
iteration=0
tempvalloss=0
correctval=0
for i in range(len(valranlist)):
 hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(valranlist[i]),10))
 hotranlist[0]=torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(valranlist[i]))
 output=model43(hotranlist.float())
  _,predicted=torch.max(output.data,1)
 label=torch.tensor([valranlist[i][K]],dtype=torch.long)
  _, predicted = torch.max(output.data, 1)
  correctval += (predicted == label).sum().item()
  iteration+=1
validationaccuracy_list10.append(correctval/len(valranlist)*100)
```

```
[21]: plt.figure(1)
      xtrainloss=np.arange(len(traininglosslist2))
      plt.plot(xtrainloss,traininglosslist2,label="Hidden state 2")
      plt.plot(xtrainloss,traininglosslist5,label="Hidden state 5")
      plt.plot(xtrainloss,traininglosslist10,label="Hidden state 10")
      plt.grid(b=True, which='major', color='#666666', linestyle='-')
      plt.minorticks_on()
      plt.grid(b=True, which='minor', color='#999999', linestyle='-', alpha=0.2)
      plt.xlabel('Iterations')
      plt.ylabel('Training Loss')
      plt.title('Training Loss vs Iterations')
      plt.legend()
      plt.figure(2)
      xvalloss=np.arange(len(validationaccuracy_list2))
      plt.plot(xvalloss,validationaccuracy_list2,label="Hidden state 2")
      plt.plot(xvalloss,validationaccuracy_list5,label="Hidden state 5")
      plt.plot(xvalloss,validationaccuracy_list10,label="Hidden state 10")
```

```
plt.grid(True)
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Validation Accuracy vs Epochs')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





```
[22]: model41.eval()
      with torch.no_grad():
          correct = 0
          total = 0
          for i in range(len(testranlist)):
            hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(testranlist[i]),10))
            hotranlist[0] = torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(testranlist[i]))
            output=model41(hotranlist.float())
            label=torch.tensor([testranlist[i][K]],dtype=torch.long)
            _, predicted = torch.max(output.data, 1)
            correct += (predicted == label).sum().item()
          print('Test Accuracy of the model with 2 hidden states on the 100 test⊔
       →samples: {} %'.format((correct / len(testranlist)) * 100))
      model42.eval()
      with torch.no_grad():
          correct = 0
          total = 0
          for i in range(len(testranlist)):
            hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(testranlist[i]),10))
            hotranlist[0]=torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(testranlist[i]))
            output=model42(hotranlist.float())
```

```
label=torch.tensor([testranlist[i][K]],dtype=torch.long)
            _, predicted = torch.max(output.data, 1)
            correct += (predicted == label).sum().item()
          print('Test Accuracy of the model with 5 hidden states on the 100 test⊔
       →samples: {} %'.format((correct / len(testranlist)) * 100))
      model43.eval()
      with torch.no_grad():
          correct = 0
          total = 0
          for i in range(len(testranlist)):
            hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(testranlist[i]),10))
            hotranlist[0]=torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(testranlist[i]))
            output=model43(hotranlist.float())
            label=torch.tensor([testranlist[i][K]],dtype=torch.long)
            _, predicted = torch.max(output.data, 1)
            correct += (predicted == label).sum().item()
          print('Test Accuracy of the model with 10 hidden states on the 100 test⊔

→samples: {} %'.format((correct / len(testranlist)) * 100))
     Test Accuracy of the model with 2 hidden states on the 100 test samples: 16.0 %
     Test Accuracy of the model with 5 hidden states on the 100 test samples: 30.0 %
     Test Accuracy of the model with 10 hidden states on the 100 test samples: 96.0 %
[24]: for i in range(3,11):
        print("For Length",i)
        for j in range(3):
            a=Random_creator(i)
            hotranlist=torch.zeros((1,len(a),10))
            hotranlist[0]=torch.from_numpy(one_hot_encoded(a))
            output=model43(hotranlist.float())
            label=torch.tensor([a[K]],dtype=torch.long)
            _, predicted = torch.max(output.data, 1)
            print("Array:",a,"Prediction at position 2:",predicted.item())
     For Length 3
     Array: [5 5 6] Prediction at position 2: 5
     Array: [5 7 2] Prediction at position 2: 7
     Array: [8 2 0] Prediction at position 2: 2
     For Length 4
     Array: [3 3 2 5] Prediction at position 2: 3
     Array: [6 2 3 5] Prediction at position 2: 2
```

Array: [5 0 2 6] Prediction at position 2: 0

Array: [2 6 6 3 2] Prediction at position 2: 6

For Length 5

```
Array: [2 9 4 5 7] Prediction at position 2: 9
     Array: [7 2 1 4 4] Prediction at position 2: 2
     For Length 6
     Array: [4 6 8 3 9 3] Prediction at position 2: 3
     Array: [2 9 9 7 2 7] Prediction at position 2: 9
     Array: [9 6 5 1 3 9] Prediction at position 2: 6
     For Length 7
     Array: [0 3 0 2 1 5 6] Prediction at position 2: 3
     Array: [9 5 4 5 2 5 0] Prediction at position 2: 5
     Array: [8 4 6 7 0 0 1] Prediction at position 2: 4
     For Length 8
     Array: [1 9 8 0 9 5 9 6] Prediction at position 2: 9
     Array: [3 2 5 4 9 2 0 1] Prediction at position 2: 2
     Array: [0 0 4 8 7 9 7 6] Prediction at position 2: 0
     For Length 9
     Array: [7 8 0 6 7 9 5 2 4] Prediction at position 2: 8
     Array: [3 2 2 3 0 2 0 7 6] Prediction at position 2: 2
     Array: [1 6 9 2 9 0 4 5 4] Prediction at position 2: 3
     For Length 10
     Array: [9 7 1 3 1 6 9 4 2 2] Prediction at position 2: 7
     Array: [0 0 4 7 2 0 7 3 9 2] Prediction at position 2: 0
     Array: [7 9 5 1 0 4 2 3 7 3] Prediction at position 2: 9
[25]: def binsgenerator(L):
        N1=np.random.randint(0,2**(L-1))
        N2=np.random.randint(0,2**(L-1))
        S=N1+N2
        binlen=L
        B1=np.zeros((1,binlen))
        B2=np.zeros((1,binlen))
        B3=np.zeros((binlen))
        b=np.flip(np.array(list(np.binary_repr(N1)), dtype=int))
        B1[0][0:len(b)]=b[0:]
        b=np.flip(np.array(list(np.binary_repr(N2)), dtype=int))
        B2[0][0:len(b)]=b[0:]
        b=np.flip(np.array(list(np.binary_repr(S)), dtype=int))
        B3[0:len(b)]=b[0:]
        return(np.concatenate((np.transpose(B1),np.transpose(B2)),axis=1),B3)
[26]: traininput=[]
      trainoutput=[]
      for i in range(250):
        L=np.random.randint(1,21)
        a,b=binsgenerator(L)
        traininput.append(a)
        trainoutput.append(b)
```

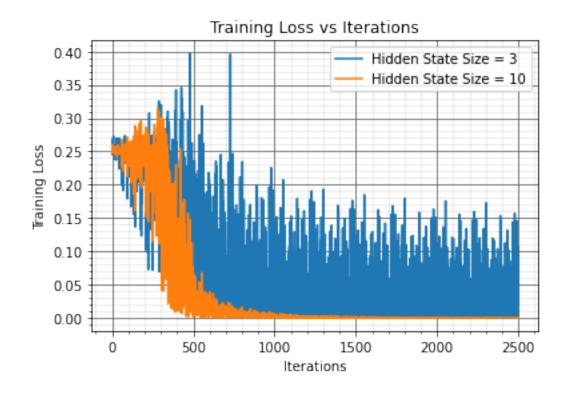
```
testinput=[]
      testoutput=[]
      for i in range(100):
        L=np.random.randint(1,21)
        a,b=binsgenerator(L)
        testinput.append(a)
        testoutput.append(b)
      fintestinput=[]
      fintestoutput=[]
      for j in range(1,21):
        for i in range(100):
          a,b=binsgenerator(j)
          fintestinput.append(a)
          fintestoutput.append(b)
[27]: class LSTMQ3(nn.Module):
        def __init__(self,hidsize):
          super(LSTMQ3, self).__init__()
          self.hidsize=hidsize
          self.lstm = nn.LSTM(2,hidsize)
          self.layer2 = nn.Sequential(
              nn.Linear(hidsize,1),
              nn.Sigmoid())
        def forward(self, X):
          X=X.permute(1,0,2)
          hiddenstate=torch.zeros(1,X.size(1),self.hidsize)
          cellstate=torch.zeros(1,X.size(1),self.hidsize)
          out,(hs,cs) = self.lstm(X,(hiddenstate,cellstate))
          out = self.layer2(out)
          return out.reshape(X.size(0))
[39]: learning_rate = 0.01
      epochs = 10
      criterion5 = nn.MSELoss()
      model51=LSTMQ3(3)
      optimizer51 = torch.optim.Adam(model51.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
      model52=LSTMQ3(10)
      optimizer52 = torch.optim.Adam(model52.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
[40]: traininglosslist=[]
      testlosslist=[]
      correcttestlist=[]
      for epoch in range(epochs):
        for i in range(int(len(traininput))):
          a=torch.zeros((1,traininput[i].shape[0],traininput[i].shape[1]))
```

```
a[0]=torch.from_numpy(traininput[i])
          output=model51(a.float())
          label=torch.tensor(np.transpose(trainoutput[i]))
          loss = criterion5(output,label.float())
          traininglosslist.append(loss.item())
          optimizer51.zero_grad()
          loss.backward()
          optimizer51.step()
        iteration=0
        tempvalloss=0
        correctval=0
        for i in range(len(testinput)):
          correct=0
          a=torch.zeros((1,testinput[i].shape[0],testinput[i].shape[1]))
          a[0]=torch.from_numpy(testinput[i])
          output=model51(a.float())
          label=torch.tensor(np.transpose(testoutput[i]))
          loss = criterion5(output,label.float())
          iteration+=1
          tempvalloss+=loss.item()
          predicted=torch.zeros(output.shape)
          predicted[output>=0.5]=1
          predicted[output<0.5]=0</pre>
          correct += (predicted == label.float()).sum().item()/len(label)
        correcttestlist.append(100*correct/iteration)
        testlosslist.append(tempvalloss/iteration)
        print('Epoch',epoch+1,'out of',epochs,'epochs are over')
     Epoch 1 out of 10 epochs are over
     Epoch 2 out of 10 epochs are over
     Epoch 3 out of 10 epochs are over
     Epoch 4 out of 10 epochs are over
     Epoch 5 out of 10 epochs are over
     Epoch 6 out of 10 epochs are over
     Epoch 7 out of 10 epochs are over
     Epoch 8 out of 10 epochs are over
     Epoch 9 out of 10 epochs are over
     Epoch 10 out of 10 epochs are over
[41]: traininglosslist2=[]
      testlosslist2=[]
      correcttestlist2=[]
```

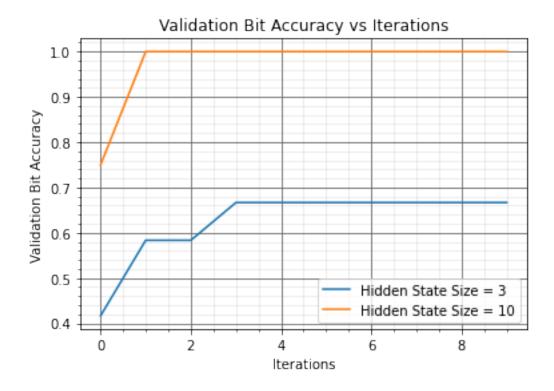
```
for epoch in range(epochs):
  for i in range(len(traininput)):
    a=torch.zeros((1,traininput[i].shape[0],traininput[i].shape[1]))
    a[0]=torch.from_numpy(traininput[i])
    output=model52(a.float())
    label=torch.tensor(np.transpose(trainoutput[i]))
    loss = criterion5(output,label.float())
    traininglosslist2.append(loss.item())
    optimizer52.zero_grad()
    loss.backward()
    optimizer52.step()
  iteration=0
  tempvalloss=0
  correctval=0
  for i in range(len(testinput)):
    correct=0
    a=torch.zeros((1,testinput[i].shape[0],testinput[i].shape[1]))
    a[0]=torch.from_numpy(testinput[i])
    output=model52(a.float())
    label=torch.tensor(np.transpose(testoutput[i]))
    loss = criterion5(output,label.float())
    iteration+=1
    tempvalloss+=loss.item()
    predicted=torch.zeros(output.shape)
    predicted[output>=0.5]=1
    predicted[output<0.5]=0</pre>
    correct += (predicted == label.float()).sum().item()/len(label)
  correcttestlist2.append(100*correct/iteration)
  testlosslist2.append(tempvalloss/iteration)
  print('Epoch',epoch+1,'out of',epochs,'epochs are over')
Epoch 1 out of 10 epochs are over
Epoch 2 out of 10 epochs are over
Epoch 3 out of 10 epochs are over
```

```
Epoch 1 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 2 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 3 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 4 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 5 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 6 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 7 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 8 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 9 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 10 out of 10 epochs are over Epoch 10 out of 10 epochs are over
```

```
[42]: plt.figure(1)
      xtrainloss=np.arange(len(traininglosslist))
      plt.plot(xtrainloss,traininglosslist,label="Hidden State Size = 3")
      plt.plot(xtrainloss,traininglosslist2,label="Hidden State Size = 10")
      plt.grid(b=True, which='major', color='#666666', linestyle='-')
      plt.minorticks_on()
      plt.grid(b=True, which='minor', color='#999999', linestyle='-', alpha=0.2)
      plt.xlabel('Iterations')
      plt.ylabel('Training Loss')
      plt.title('Training Loss vs Iterations')
      plt.legend()
      plt.figure(2)
      xtestloss=np.arange(len(testlosslist))
      plt.plot(xtestloss,testlosslist,label="Hidden State Size = 3")
      plt.plot(xtestloss,testlosslist2,label="Hidden State Size = 10")
      plt.grid(b=True, which='major', color='#666666', linestyle='-')
      plt.minorticks_on()
      plt.grid(b=True, which='minor', color='#999999', linestyle='-', alpha=0.2)
      plt.xlabel('Iterations')
      plt.ylabel('Val Loss')
      plt.title('Validation Loss vs Iterations')
      plt.legend()
      plt.figure(3)
      xbittrain=np.arange(len(correcttestlist))
      plt.plot(xbittrain,correcttestlist,label="Hidden State Size = 3")
      plt.plot(xbittrain,correcttestlist2,label="Hidden State Size = 10")
      plt.grid(b=True, which='major', color='#666666', linestyle='-')
      plt.minorticks_on()
      plt.grid(b=True, which='minor', color='#999999', linestyle='-', alpha=0.2)
      plt.xlabel('Iterations')
      plt.ylabel('Validation Bit Accuracy')
      plt.title('Validation Bit Accuracy vs Iterations')
      plt.legend()
      plt.show()
```



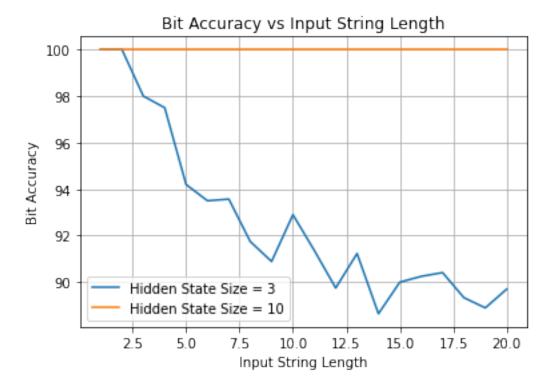




```
[43]: model51.eval()
      correctarr1 = np.zeros(20)
      correctarr2 = np.zeros(20)
      with torch.no_grad():
          for i in range(len(fintestinput)):
            a=torch.zeros((1,fintestinput[i].shape[0],fintestinput[i].shape[1]))
            a[0]=torch.from_numpy(fintestinput[i])
            output=model51(a.float())
            label=torch.tensor(np.transpose(fintestoutput[i]))
            predicted=torch.zeros(output.shape)
            predicted[output>=0.5]=1
            predicted[output<0.5]=0</pre>
            correctarr1[len(label)-1] += (predicted == label.float()).sum().item()/
       →(len(label))
          print('Bit accuracy when hidden states = 3:',(np.sum(correctarr1)/20))
      model52.eval()
      with torch.no_grad():
          for i in range(len(fintestinput)):
            a=torch.zeros((1,fintestinput[i].shape[0],fintestinput[i].shape[1]))
            a[0]=torch.from_numpy(fintestinput[i])
```

Bit accuracy when hidden states = 3: 92.59437075394503 Bit accuracy when hidden states = 10: 100.0

```
[44]: x=np.arange(1,21)
    plt.figure(1)
    plt.plot(x,correctarr1,label="Hidden State Size = 3")
    plt.plot(x,correctarr2,label="Hidden State Size = 10")
    plt.xlabel('Input String Length')
    plt.ylabel('Bit Accuracy')
    plt.title('Bit Accuracy vs Input String Length')
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.show()
```



```
[45]: learning_rate = 0.01
      epochs = 5
      criterion5 = nn.MSELoss()
      model53=LSTMQ3(5)
      optimizer53 = torch.optim.Adam(model53.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
      model54=LSTMQ3(5)
      optimizer54 = torch.optim.Adam(model54.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
[46]: traininglosslist=[]
      testlosslist=[]
      correcttestlist=[]
      for epoch in range(epochs):
        for i in range(int(len(traininput))):
          a=torch.zeros((1,traininput[i].shape[0],traininput[i].shape[1]))
          a[0]=torch.from_numpy(traininput[i])
          output=model53(a.float())
          label=torch.tensor(np.transpose(trainoutput[i]))
          loss = criterion5(output,label.float())
          traininglosslist.append(loss.item())
          optimizer53.zero_grad()
          loss.backward()
          optimizer53.step()
        iteration=0
        tempvalloss=0
        correctval=0
        for i in range(len(testinput)):
          correct=0
          a=torch.zeros((1,testinput[i].shape[0],testinput[i].shape[1]))
          a[0]=torch.from_numpy(testinput[i])
          output=model53(a.float())
          label=torch.tensor(np.transpose(testoutput[i]))
          loss = criterion5(output,label.float())
          iteration+=1
          tempvalloss+=loss.item()
          predicted=torch.zeros(output.shape)
```

correct += (predicted == label.float()).sum().item()/len(label)

predicted[output>=0.5]=1
predicted[output<0.5]=0</pre>

correcttestlist.append(100\*correct/iteration)
testlosslist.append(tempvalloss/iteration)

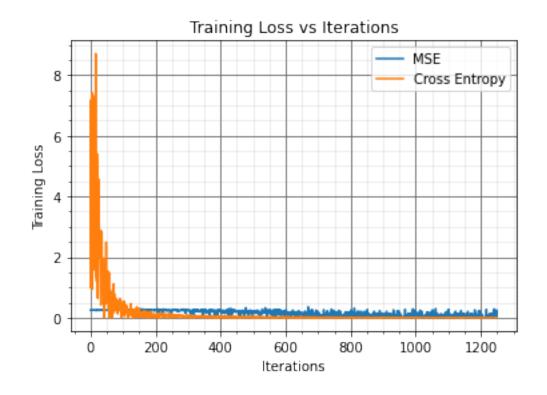
print('Epoch',epoch+1,'out of',epochs,'epochs are over')

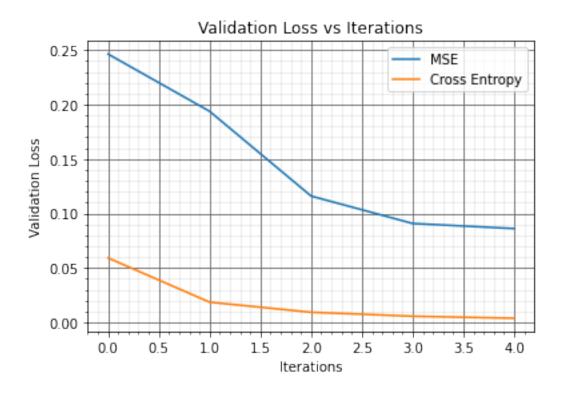
```
Epoch 1 out of 5 epochs are over
     Epoch 2 out of 5 epochs are over
     Epoch 3 out of 5 epochs are over
     Epoch 4 out of 5 epochs are over
     Epoch 5 out of 5 epochs are over
[47]: traininglosslist2=[]
      testlosslist2=[]
      correcttestlist2=[]
      for epoch in range(epochs):
        for i in range(int(len(traininput))):
          a=torch.zeros((1,traininput[i].shape[0],traininput[i].shape[1]))
          a[0]=torch.from_numpy(traininput[i])
          output=model54(a.float())
          label=torch.tensor(np.transpose(trainoutput[i]))
          loss = torch.sum(-1*torch.log(output.clamp(1e-10))*label.float())
          traininglosslist2.append(loss.item())
          optimizer54.zero_grad()
          loss.backward()
          optimizer54.step()
        iteration=0
        tempvalloss=0
        correctval=0
        for i in range(len(testinput)):
          correct=0
          a=torch.zeros((1,testinput[i].shape[0],testinput[i].shape[1]))
          a[0]=torch.from_numpy(testinput[i])
          output=model54(a.float())
          label=torch.tensor(np.transpose(testoutput[i]))
          loss = torch.sum(-1*torch.log(output.clamp(1e-10))*label.float())
          iteration+=1
          tempvalloss+=loss.item()
          predicted=torch.zeros(output.shape)
          predicted[output>=0.5]=1
          predicted[output<0.5]=0</pre>
          correct += (predicted == label.float()).sum().item()/len(label)
        correcttestlist2.append(100*correct/iteration)
        testlosslist2.append(tempvalloss/iteration)
        print('Epoch',epoch+1,'out of',epochs,'epochs are over')
```

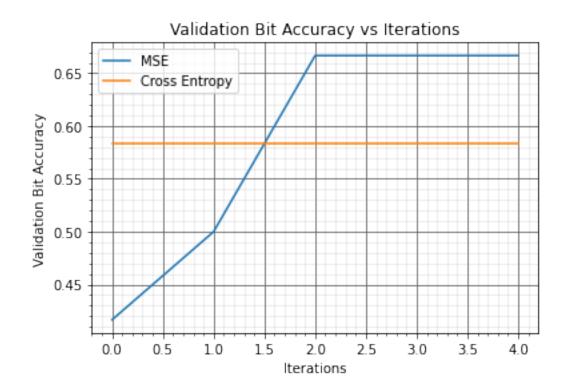
```
Epoch 1 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 2 out of 5 epochs are over
Epoch 3 out of 5 epochs are over
```

```
Epoch 4 out of 5 epochs are over Epoch 5 out of 5 epochs are over
```

```
[48]: plt.figure(1)
     xtrainloss=np.arange(len(traininglosslist))
     plt.plot(xtrainloss,traininglosslist,label="MSE")
     plt.plot(xtrainloss,traininglosslist2,label="Cross Entropy")
     plt.grid(b=True, which='major', color='#666666', linestyle='-')
     plt.minorticks on()
     plt.grid(b=True, which='minor', color='#999999', linestyle='-', alpha=0.2)
     plt.xlabel('Iterations')
     plt.ylabel('Training Loss')
     plt.title('Training Loss vs Iterations')
     plt.legend()
     plt.figure(2)
     xtestloss=np.arange(len(testlosslist))
     plt.plot(xtestloss,testlosslist,label="MSE")
     plt.plot(xtestloss,testlosslist2,label="Cross Entropy")
     plt.grid(b=True, which='major', color='#666666', linestyle='-')
     plt.minorticks_on()
     plt.grid(b=True, which='minor', color='#999999', linestyle='-', alpha=0.2)
     plt.xlabel('Iterations')
     plt.ylabel('Validation Loss')
     plt.title('Validation Loss vs Iterations')
     plt.legend()
     plt.figure(3)
     xbittrain=np.arange(len(correcttestlist))
     plt.plot(xbittrain,correcttestlist,label="MSE")
     plt.plot(xbittrain,correcttestlist2,label="Cross Entropy")
     plt.grid(b=True, which='major', color='#666666', linestyle='-')
     plt.minorticks on()
     plt.grid(b=True, which='minor', color='#999999', linestyle='-', alpha=0.2)
     plt.xlabel('Iterations')
     plt.ylabel('Validation Bit Accuracy')
     plt.title('Validation Bit Accuracy vs Iterations')
     plt.legend()
     plt.show()
```







[48]:	
[48]:	
[48]:	
[48]:	