**Keith jones**

**Criteria 1.5**

**Copyright:** symbol for copyright Shape, icon

Description automatically generated

Identifies the material is the exclusive and assignable legal property of the originator and is fixed for a number of years, to either publish or print, perform, film or record either literary, artistically or musical material.

*\*means ‘the right to copy’*

The copyright can be protected, meaning if someone other than the owner wishes to reproduce, that user would need permission and should pat a license fee.

If the copyright is not protected, it means the owner is allowing anyone to use their material.

Copyright is a type of ‘intellectual property’ that gives the owner exclusive right to use the creative work.

**Plagiarism:**

Is the practice of using someone else’s work, without permission and using the work to pass onto the reader with the intention of calling it your own work?

Plagiarism can include coping words or images, paraphrasing sentences and not citing the originator. A form of theft, a person using plagiarism as a method of writing text is using someone else’s intellectual property, and benefits from the theft. As a student, using plagiarism, does not support the student’s text, by means of showing the reader the student is coherent in the element of the topic.

**Resource Owners permission:**

*\*’An entity who has the authority to access a protected resource [copyright].’*

The resource owner (person) is called a user, a copyright owner can approve a third party i.e. (social media platform) distributing their material so individuals can download or copy the material, usually after agreeing or paying for permission via a copyright licence.

**Open-source resources:**

Refers to material that people can copy, modify, and share because its design has been made publicly accessible, can be a software program, social media site, reference book, an entity who has agreed copyright access with the owner.

**Licensing issues:**

Anything in the public domain has a copyright, sometimes more than one and subject to different a countries laws and regulations, in certain countries an author can hold copyright even when there is no copyright notice been subjected to that countries copyright authority.

Copyright infringement means using works protected by copyright law without licence or permission, breaching the rights of the owner and therefore the theft of their intellectual property.

**Bibliology:**

[Copyright - Wikipedia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Copyright)

[What is Plagiarism? - Plagiarism.org](https://www.plagiarism.org/article/what-is-plagiarism)

[Wikipedia:Requesting copyright permission - Wikipedia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wikipedia:Requesting_copyright_permission)

[What is open source software? | Opensource.com](https://opensource.com/resources/what-open-source)

[What are copyright issues and how to avoid these (yourstory.com)](https://yourstory.com/mystory/3286f12c22-what-are-the-copyright-issues-and-how-to-avoid-those-problems-/amp)