Homework 4

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Here is the link to my GitHub Repository:

Here are my answers for Homework 4. I do the coding in a separate `R` script, but here is the cleaned-up version. I run the analysis separately, save the workspace with only the summary stats, figures, and tables that I need, and then load the workspace in the final qmd. My analysis file with answers and code to all the questions is available in the analysis folder.

1. Remove all SNPs, 800-series plans, and prescription drug only plans (i.e., plans that do not offer Part C benefits). Provide a box and whisker plot showing the distribution of plan counts by county over time. Do you think that the number of plans is sufficient, too few, or too many?

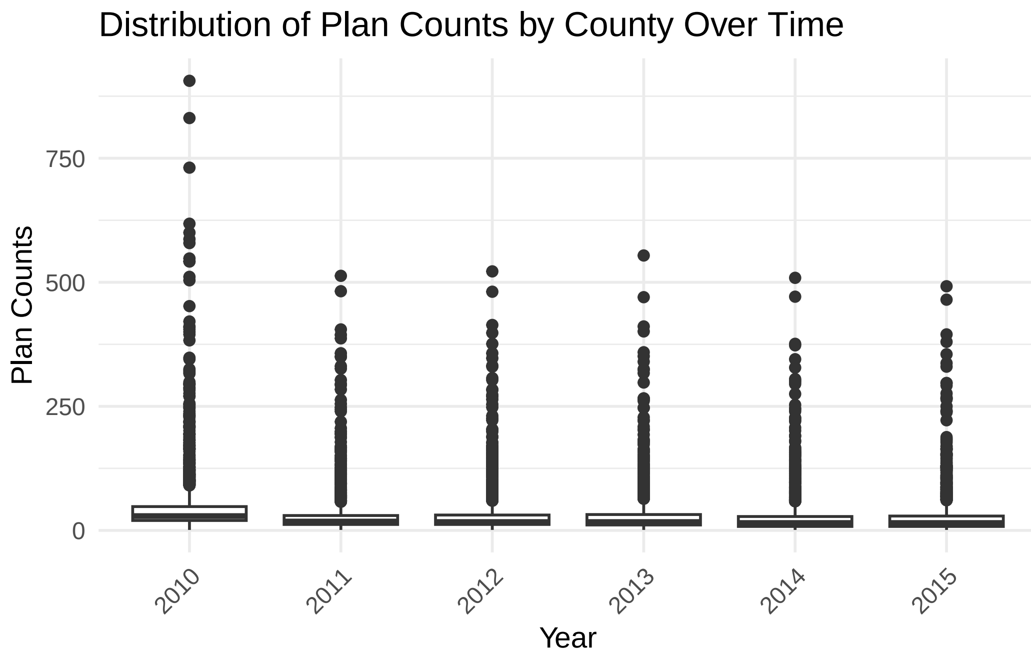

Figure 1: Question 1 Graph

I think

2. Provide bar graphs showing the distribution of star ratings in 2010, 2012, and 2015. How has this distribution changed over time?

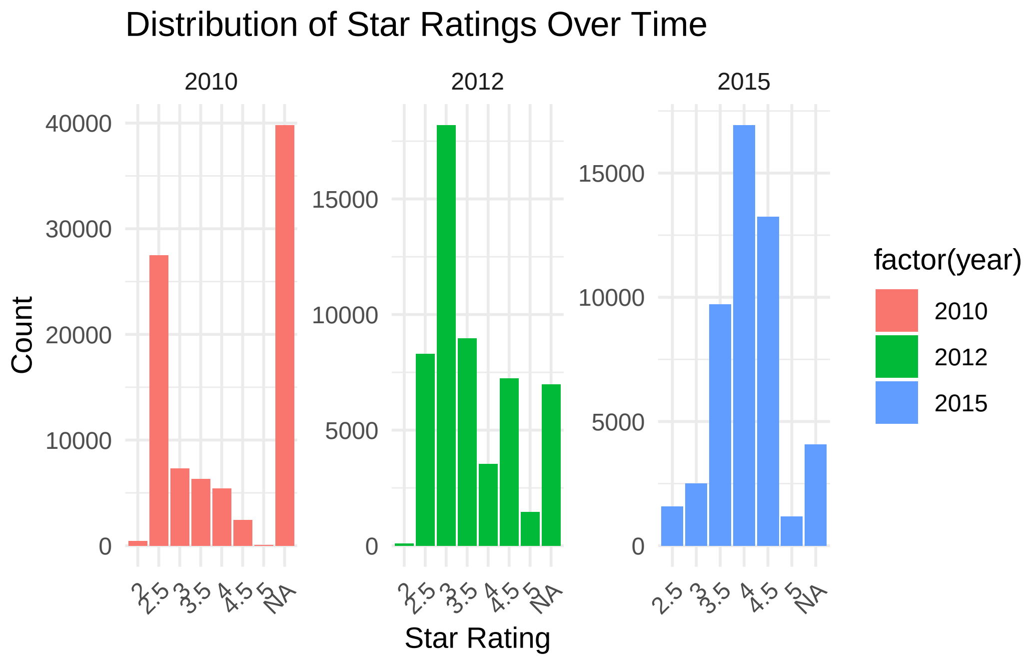

Figure 2: Question 2 Graph

The distribution has

3. Plot the average benchmark payment over time from 2010 through 2015. How much has the average benchmark payment risen over the years?

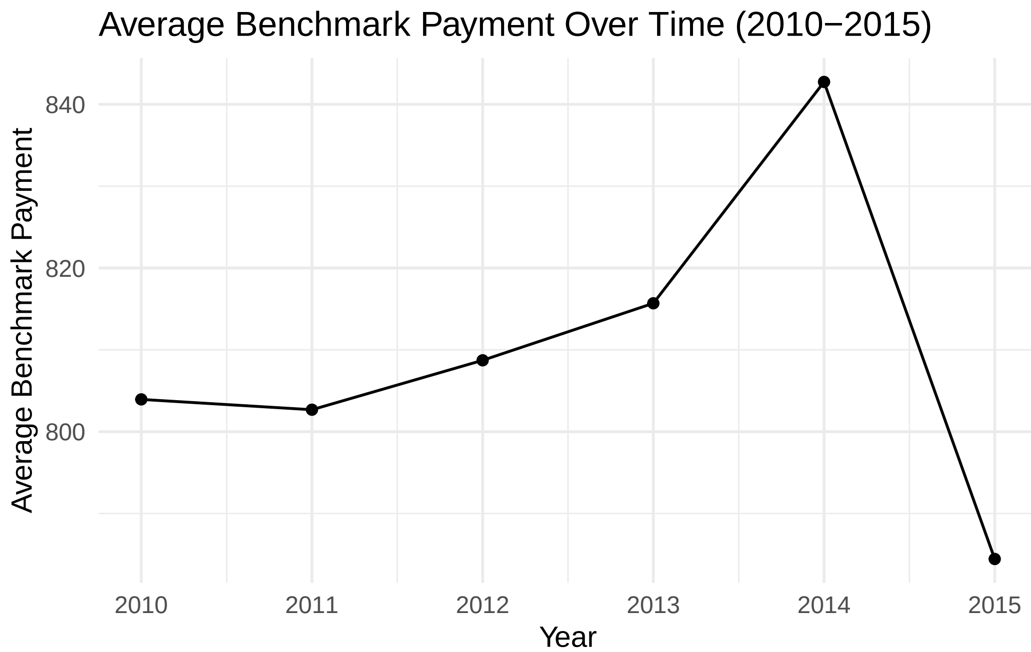

Figure 3: Question 3 Graph

4. Plot the average share of Medicare Advantage (relative to all Medicare eligibles) over time from 2010 through 2015. Has Medicare Advantage increased or decreased in popularity? How does this share correlate with benchmark payments?

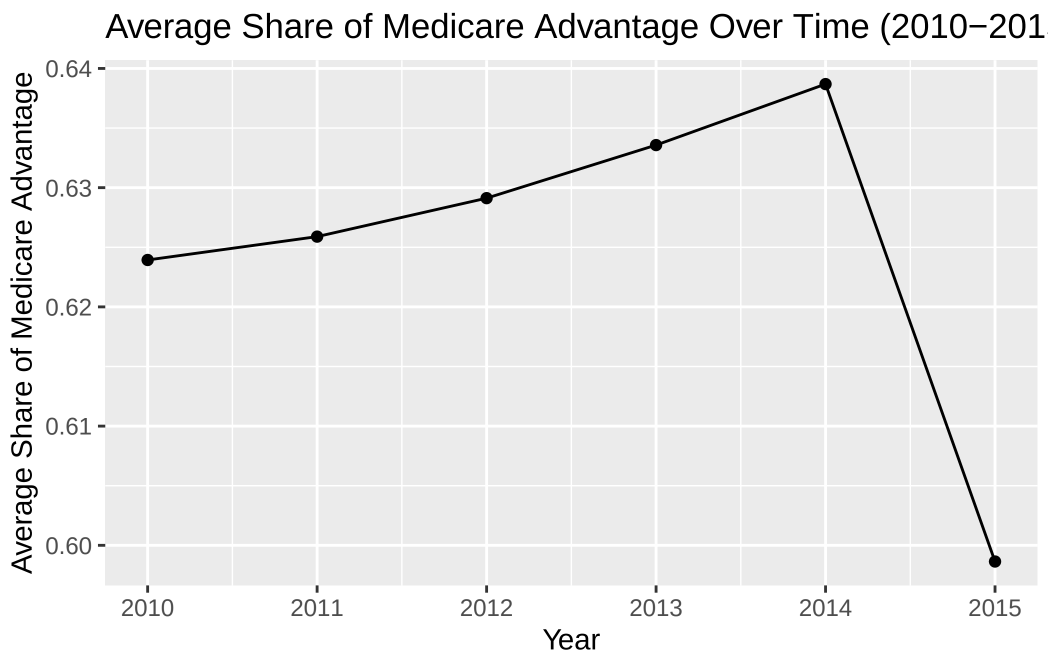

Figure 4: Question 4 Graph

5. Calculate the running variable underlying the star rating. Provide a table showing the number of plans that are rounded up into a 3-star, 3.5-star, 4-star, 4.5-star, and 5-star rating.

Table 1: Number of rounded plans

Star Ratings	Number of Plans
1.5	8
2.0	712
2.5	5,059
3.0	4,962
3.5	3,611
4.0	1,935
4.5	50

6. Using the RD estimator with a bandwidth of 0.125, provide an estimate of the effect of receiving a 3-star versus a 2.5 star rating on enrollments. Repeat the exercise to estimate the effects at 3.5 stars, and summarize your results in a table.

```
$Estimate
         tau.us      tau.bc      se.us       se.rb
[1,] -0.01369622 0.002818594 0.00302579 0.007975443

$bws
  left right
h 0.15  0.15
b 0.15  0.15

$coef
                      Coeff
Conventional   -0.013696219
Bias-Corrected  0.002818594
Robust          0.002818594

$se
                 Std. Err.
Conventional   0.003025790
Bias-Corrected 0.003025790
Robust         0.007975443

$z
                        z
Conventional   -4.5264930
Bias-Corrected  0.9315233
Robust          0.3534091

$pv
                      P>|z|
Conventional   5.997059e-06
Bias-Corrected 3.515830e-01
Robust         7.237818e-01

$ci
                  CI Lower     CI Upper
Conventional   -0.019626659 -0.007765779
Bias-Corrected -0.003111846  0.008749034
Robust         -0.012812987  0.018450175
```

```
$beta_Y_p_l
[1] 0.02570471 0.11279880

$beta_Y_p_r
[1] 0.01200849 0.05117958

$V_cl_l
             [,1]         [,2]
[1,] 6.982751e-06 5.064814e-05
[2,] 5.064814e-05 3.728017e-04

$V_cl_r
              [,1]          [,2]
[1,]  2.172656e-06 -2.363338e-05
[2,] -2.363338e-05  3.940567e-04

$V_rb_l
             [,1]        [,2]
[1,] 6.017339e-05 0.001167839
[2,] 1.167839e-03 0.023656688

$V_rb_r
              [,1]          [,2]
[1,]  3.434303e-06 -9.698903e-05
[2,] -9.698903e-05  4.204267e-03

$N
[1] 9079  917

$N_h
[1] 2387  728

$N_b
[1] 2387  728

$M
[1] 9079  917

$tau_cl
[1] 0.02570471 0.01200849

$tau_bc
```

```
[1] 0.01469473 0.01751332

$c
[1] 0

$p
[1] 1

$q
[1] 2

$bias
[1]  0.011009979 -0.005504834

$kernel
[1] "Uniform"

$all
NULL

$vce
[1] "HC0"

$bwselect
[1] "Manual"

$level
[1] 95

$masspoints
[1] "off"

$rdmodel
[1] "Sharp RD estimates using local polynomial regression."

$beta_covs
NULL

$call
rdrobust(y = ma.rd3$mkt_share, x = ma.rd3$score, c = 0, p = 1,
    h = h, kernel = "uniform", vce = "hc0", masspoints = "off")

attr(,"class")
```

```
[1] "rdrobust"

$Estimate
           tau.us      tau.bc      se.us      se.rb
[1,] -0.0004719587 -0.03742719 0.00234362 0.00649912

$bws
  left right
h 0.15  0.15
b 0.15  0.15

$coef
                       Coeff
Conventional   -0.0004719587
Bias-Corrected -0.0374271873
Robust         -0.0374271873

$se
                Std. Err.
Conventional   0.00234362
Bias-Corrected 0.00234362
Robust         0.00649912

$z
                         z
Conventional    -0.2013802
Bias-Corrected -15.9698160
Robust          -5.7588084

$pv
                      P>|z|
Conventional   8.404013e-01
Bias-Corrected 2.073968e-57
Robust         8.470980e-09

$ci
                  CI Lower     CI Upper
Conventional   -0.00506537  0.004121453
Bias-Corrected -0.04202060 -0.032833776
Robust         -0.05016523 -0.024689146

$beta_Y_p_l
```

```
[1] 0.01403458 0.02069338

$beta_Y_p_r
[1] 0.01356262 0.24191077

$V_cl_l
             [,1]         [,2]
[1,] 1.717035e-06 1.537661e-05
[2,] 1.537661e-05 1.641095e-04

$V_cl_r
              [,1]          [,2]
[1,]  3.775522e-06 -3.455133e-05
[2,] -3.455133e-05  2.285915e-03

$V_rb_l
             [,1]         [,2]
[1,] 6.074210e-06 0.0001578944
[2,] 1.578944e-04 0.0047335775

$V_rb_r
              [,1]         [,2]
[1,]  3.616435e-05 -0.002261217
[2,] -2.261217e-03  0.151629449

$N
[1] 5428  485

$N_h
[1] 1066  425

$N_b
[1] 1066  425

$M
[1] 5428  485

$tau_cl
[1] 0.01403458 0.01356262

$tau_bc
[1]  0.02636888 -0.01105830
```

```
$c
[1] 0

$p
[1] 1

$q
[1] 2

$bias
[1] -0.01233430  0.02462093

$kernel
[1] "Uniform"

$all
NULL

$vce
[1] "HC0"

$bwselect
[1] "Manual"

$level
[1] 95

$masspoints
[1] "off"

$rdmodel
[1] "Sharp RD estimates using local polynomial regression."

$beta_covs
NULL

$call
rdrobust(y = ma.rd35$mkt_share, x = ma.rd35$score, c = 0, p = 1,
    h = h, kernel = "uniform", vce = "hc0", masspoints = "off")

attr(,"class")
[1] "rdrobust"
```

7. Repeat your results for bandwidhts of 0.1, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, and 0.15 (again for 3 and 3.5 stars). Show all of the results in a graph. How sensitive are your findings to the choice of bandwidth?

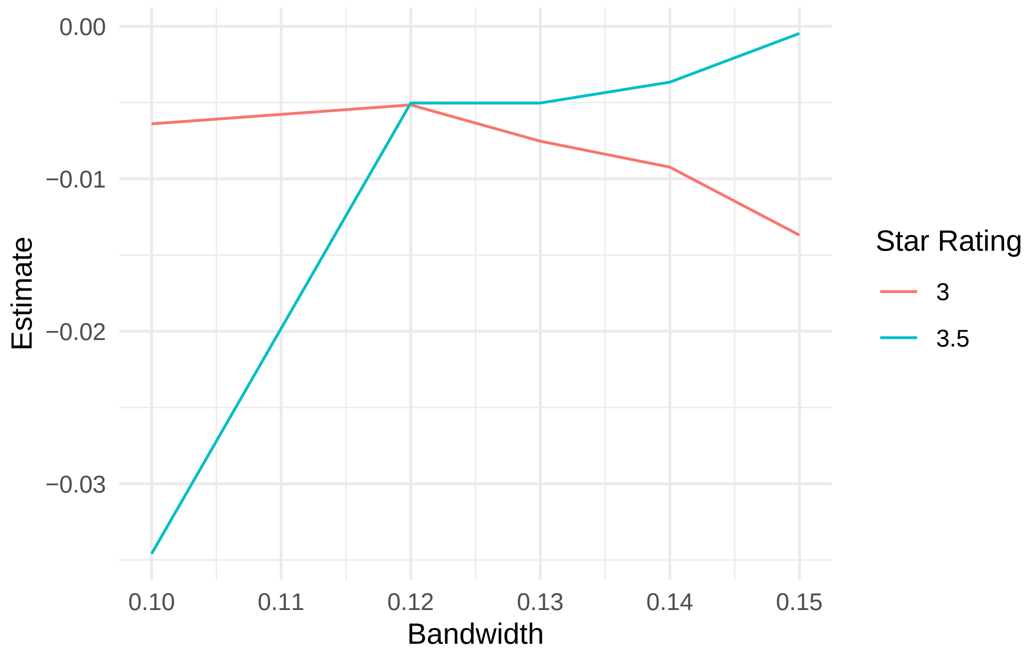

Figure 5: Question 7 Graph

The findings are not sensitive.

8. Examine (graphically) whether contracts appear to manipulate the running variable. In other words, look at the distribution of the running variable before and after the relevent threshold values. What do you find?

```
$hat
$hat$left
[1] -5.90224

$hat$right
[1] 0.3732033

$hat$diff
[1] 6.275443


$sd_asy
$sd_asy$left
[1] NA

$sd_asy$right
[1] NA

$sd_asy$diff
[1] NA


$sd_jk
$sd_jk$left
[1] 0.1750319

$sd_jk$right
[1] 0.0394034

$sd_jk$diff
[1] 0.1794123


$test
$test$t_asy
[1] NA

$test$t_jk
```

```
[1] 34.97777

$test$p_asy
[1] NA

$test$p_jk
[1] 4.900455e-268


$hat_p
$hat_p$left
[1] NA

$hat_p$right
[1] NA

$hat_p$diff
[1] NA


$sd_asy_p
$sd_asy_p$left
[1] NA

$sd_asy_p$right
[1] NA

$sd_asy_p$diff
[1] NA


$sd_jk_p
$sd_jk_p$left
[1] NA

$sd_jk_p$right
[1] NA

$sd_jk_p$diff
[1] NA


$test_p
```

```
$test_p$t_asy
[1] NA

$test_p$t_jk
[1] NA

$test_p$p_asy
[1] NA

$test_p$p_jk
[1] NA


$N
$N$full
[1] 9996

$N$left
[1] 9079

$N$right
[1] 917

$N$eff_left
[1] 5693

$N$eff_right
[1] 917


$h
$h$left
[1] 0.3571429

$h$right
[1] 0.3571429


$opt
$opt$fitselect
[1] "unrestricted"

$opt$kernel
```

```
[1] "triangular"

$opt$bwselectl
[1] "estimated"

$opt$vce
[1] "jackknife"

$opt$c
[1] 0

$opt$p
[1] 2

$opt$q
[1] 3

$opt$all
[1] FALSE

$opt$regularize
[1] TRUE

$opt$nLocalMin
[1] 23

$opt$nUniqueMin
[1] 23

$opt$massPoints
[1] TRUE

$opt$masspoints_flag
[1] 1

$opt$bino
[1] TRUE

$opt$binoN
[1] 20

$opt$binoW
NULL
```

```
$opt$binoNStep
NULL

$opt$binoWStep
NULL

$opt$binoNW
[1] 10

$opt$binoP
[1] 0.5


$X_min
$X_min$left
[1] -1.277778

$X_min$right
[1] 0


$X_max
$X_max$left
[1] -0.04

$X_max$right
[1] 0.3571429


$bino
$bino$LeftN
 [1]  116  148  601 2387 2493 3289 3498 3606 3738 5693

$bino$RightN
 [1] 300 424 534 728 728 841 885 885 885 917

$bino$LeftWindow
 [1] 0.0400000 0.0752381 0.1104762 0.1457143 0.1809524 0.2161905 0.2514286
 [8] 0.2866667 0.3219048 0.3571429

$bino$RightWindow
 [1] 0.0400000 0.0752381 0.1104762 0.1457143 0.1809524 0.2161905 0.2514286
```

```
 [8] 0.2866667 0.3219048 0.3571429

$bino$pval
 [1]  7.089525e-20  8.051454e-32  5.005885e-02 3.423143e-204 4.329671e-224
 [6]  0.000000e+00  0.000000e+00  0.000000e+00 4.940656e-324 4.940656e-324


attr(,"class")
[1] "CJMrddensity"

$hat
$hat$left
[1] 0.5089795

$hat$right
[1] 1.659216

$hat$diff
[1] 1.150237


$sd_asy
$sd_asy$left
[1] NA

$sd_asy$right
[1] NA

$sd_asy$diff
[1] NA


$sd_jk
$sd_jk$left
[1] 0.1541563

$sd_jk$right
[1] 0.09798384

$sd_jk$diff
[1] 0.1826609
```

```
$test
$test$t_asy
[1] NA

$test$t_jk
[1] 6.297117

$test$p_asy
[1] NA

$test$p_jk
[1] 3.032332e-10


$hat_p
$hat_p$left
[1] NA

$hat_p$right
[1] NA

$hat_p$diff
[1] NA


$sd_asy_p
$sd_asy_p$left
[1] NA

$sd_asy_p$right
[1] NA

$sd_asy_p$diff
[1] NA


$sd_jk_p
$sd_jk_p$left
[1] NA

$sd_jk_p$right
[1] NA
```

```
$sd_jk_p$diff
[1] NA


$test_p
$test_p$t_asy
[1] NA

$test_p$t_jk
[1] NA

$test_p$p_asy
[1] NA

$test_p$p_jk
[1] NA


$N
$N$full
[1] 5913

$N$left
[1] 5428

$N$right
[1] 485

$N$eff_left
[1] 1947

$N$eff_right
[1] 485


$h
$h$left
[1] 0.2692308

$h$right
[1] 0.2692308
```

```
$opt
$opt$fitselect
[1] "unrestricted"

$opt$kernel
[1] "triangular"

$opt$bwselectl
[1] "estimated"

$opt$vce
[1] "jackknife"

$opt$c
[1] 0

$opt$p
[1] 2

$opt$q
[1] 3

$opt$all
[1] FALSE

$opt$regularize
[1] TRUE

$opt$nLocalMin
[1] 23

$opt$nUniqueMin
[1] 23

$opt$massPoints
[1] TRUE

$opt$masspoints_flag
[1] 1

$opt$bino
[1] TRUE
```

```
$opt$binoN
[1] 20

$opt$binoW
NULL

$opt$binoNStep
NULL

$opt$binoWStep
NULL

$opt$binoNW
[1] 10

$opt$binoP
[1] 0.5


$X_min
$X_min$left
[1] -1.06

$X_min$right
[1] 0


$X_max
$X_max$left
[1] -0.02

$X_max$right
[1] 0.26


$bino
$bino$LeftN
 [1]   36  234  265  363  684  710 1034 1074 1272 1419

$bino$RightN
 [1] 223 319 325 362 366 402 425 425 425 425
```

```
$bino$LeftWindow
 [1] 0.02 0.04 0.06 0.08 0.10 0.12 0.14 0.16 0.18 0.20

$bino$RightWindow
 [1] 0.02 0.04 0.06 0.08 0.10 0.12 0.14 0.16 0.18 0.20

$bino$pval
 [1]  4.072315e-34  3.456692e-04  1.507059e-02  1.000000e+00  6.273852e-23
 [6]  1.937063e-20  9.240826e-59  6.262269e-65  5.965214e-98 1.082112e-124


attr(,"class")
[1] "CJMrddensity"
```

9. Similar to question 4, examine whether plans just above the threshold values have different characteristics than contracts just below the threshold values. Use HMO and Part D status as your plan characteristics.

10. Summarize your findings from 5-9. What is the effect of increasing a star rating on enrollments? Briefly explain your results.