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# Install and setup NEXUS 3 on Ubuntu 18.04

- Download the NEXUS package

```
$ wget https://sonatype-download.global.ssl.fastly.net/repository/repositoryManager/3/nexus-3.15.2-01-unix.tar.gz
```



Checkout for the latest version instead of 3.15

- Extract the file

```
$ tar -xvzf nexus-3.15.2-01-unix.tar.gz
```

- Move the file to **/opt** directory.

```
$ sudo mv nexus-3.15.2-01 /opt/nexus-server/nexus-3.15.2-01.
```

- Create user **nexus**

```
$ sudo adduser nexus
```

- Give sudo permission to user **nexus**

```
$ sudo usermod -aG sudo nexus
```

- Change the ownership of the directory.

```
$ sudo chown nexus:nexus /opt/nexus-server
```

- In bin/nexus.rc assign the user between the quotes in the line below.

```
run_as_user="nexus"
```

- Create a file called **nexus.service**. Add the following contents, then save the file in the **/etc/systemd/system/** directory:

```
[Unit]
Description=nexus service
After=network.target

[Service]
Type=forking
LimitNOFILE=65536
ExecStart=/opt/nexus-server/nexus-3.15.2-01/bin/nexus start
ExecStop=/opt/nexus-server/nexus-3.15.2-01/bin/nexus stop
User=nexus
Restart=on-abort

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

- Activate the service with the following commands:

```
sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl enable nexus.service
sudo systemctl start nexus.service
```

- Default username and password is **admin** and **admin123** respectively with port beign 8081

## Setup Maven Repository

We will not create maven repository additionally, NEXUS comes with a default configuration for Maven with repositories.

Following are the repositories created for maven.

- **maven-releases**, for hosting your release artifacts locally.
- **maven-snapshots**, for hosting your snapshot artifacts locally.
- **maven-central**, a repository of type **proxy** that connects to central maven repository.
- **maven-public**, a repository of type 'group` which holds the above repository, we connect to this repository from dev machine, the order of searching for artifacts as defined above.

## Setup docker private registry

By default, the Docker client communicates with the repo using HTTPS. Since I didn't have the certificate, will use HTTP instead of HTTPS.



The Docker repo requires 2 different ports. We are going to use 8184 for pull from the proxy repo and 8185 for pull and push to the private repo of release and 8186 for pull and push of snapshots.

- Create a blob store.(optional)

Goto **settings** → **repository** → **Blob stores** → **Create blob store**, provide name of the location, path also can be customized. image::docker\_blob\_store\_1.png[]

- Create a private repository for releases

Goto **settings** → **repository** → **repositories** → **Create repository**, a repository recipe page pops up, select **docker(hosted)**

- Set name for the repository **docker-release**
- Choose **HTTP** type and set port to 8185
- Set anonymous docker pull (optional)
- Enable docker V1 API.
- Select previously created blob store from the dropdown.
- Deployment policy **Disable redeploy**
- Cleanup policy **none**.

Name:

A unique identifier for this repository

k-docker-release

Online:

☒ If checked, the repository accepts incoming requests

## Repository Connectors

Connectors allow Docker clients to connect directly to hosted registries, but are not always required. Consult our [documentation](#) for which connector is appropriate for your use case. For information on scaling the repositories see our [scaling documentation](#).

**HTTP:**

Create an HTTP connector at specified port. Normally used if the server is behind a secure proxy.

☒ 8185

**HTTPS:**

Create an HTTPS connector at specified port. Normally used if the server is configured for https.

☐

**Allow anonymous docker pull:**

☒ Allow anonymous docker pull ( Docker Bearer Token Realm required )

## Docker Registry API Support

**Enable Docker V1 API:**

☒ Allow clients to use the V1 API to interact with this Repository

## Storage

**Blob store:**

Blob store used to store asset contents

k-docker-store

**Strict Content Type Validation:**

☒ Validate that all content uploaded to this repository is of a MIME type appropriate for the repository format

## Hosted

**Deployment policy:**

Controls if deployments of and updates to artifacts are allowed

Disable redeploy

## Cleanup Policy

**Available cleanup policies:**

Select a cleanup policy

None

Create repository

Cancel

- Create a cleanup policy

Goto **settings** → **repository** → **cleanup policies** → **create cleanup policy**. set name, format to 'docker` and criteria as **Last Downloaded before**.

Administration
Cleanup Policies / Create Cleanup Policy

Repository
Blob Stores
Repositories
Content Selectors
Cleanup Policies
IQ Server
Server
Security
Privileges
Roles
Users
Anonymous
LDAP
Realms
SSL Certificates

### Cleanup Policy

**Name:**  
A unique name for the cleanup policy  
k-docker-snapshot-cleanup

**Format:**  
The format that this cleanup policy can be applied to  
docker

**Notes:**  
Remove older snapshots

**Criteria**

**Published Before:**  
Restrict cleanup to components that were published to NXR more than the given number of days ago. (Blob updated date)  
☐

**Last Downloaded Before:**  
Restrict cleanup to components that were last downloaded more than the given number of days ago. (Last downloaded date)  
☒ 30

[Preview results](#)
[Create Cleanup Policy](#)
[Cancel](#)

- Create a private repository for snapshots

Goto **settings** → **repository** → **repositories** → **Create repository**, a repository recipe page pops up, select **docker(hosted)**

- Set name for the repository **docker-snapshots**
- Choose **HTTP** type and set port to 8186
- Set anonymous docker pull (optional)
- Enable docker V1 API.
- Select previously created blob store from the dropdown.
- Deployment policy **Allow redeploy**
- Cleanup policy to previously created policy.

---

**Name:** A unique identifier for this repository  
k-docker-snapshots

---

**Online:** ☒ If checked, the repository accepts incoming requests

---

## Repository Connectors

*Connectors allow Docker clients to connect directly to hosted registries, but are not always required. Consult our [documentation](#) for which connector is appropriate for your use case. For information on scaling the repositories see our [scaling documentation](#).*

**HTTP:**  
Create an HTTP connector at specified port. Normally used if the server is behind a secure proxy.  
☒ 8186

---

**HTTPS:**  
Create an HTTPS connector at specified port. Normally used if the server is configured for https.  
☐

---

**Allow anonymous docker pull:**  
☒ Allow anonymous docker pull ( Docker Bearer Token Realm required )

---

## Docker Registry API Support

**Enable Docker V1 API:**  
☒ Allow clients to use the V1 API to interact with this Repository

---

## Storage

**Blob store:**  
Blob store used to store asset contents  
k-docker-store

**Strict Content Type Validation:**  
☒ Validate that all content uploaded to this repository is of a MIME type appropriate for the repository format

---

## Hosted

**Deployment policy:**  
Controls if deployments of and updates to artifacts are allowed  
Allow redeploy

---

## Cleanup Policy

**Available cleanup policies:**  
Select a cleanup policy  
k-docker-snapshot-cleanup

---

---

- Create a proxy repository for docker hub

A repository that proxies everything you download from the official registry, Docker Hub. Next time you download the same dependency, it will be cached in your Nexus.

Goto `settings` → `repository` → `repositories` → `Create repository`, a repository recipe page pops up, select `docker(proxy)`

Set primarily these parameters, name, remote storage(<https://registry-1.docker.io>), docker index to `docker hub`



**Name:** A unique identifier for this repository  
k-docker-hub

**Online:** ☒ If checked, the repository accepts incoming requests

### Repository Connectors

Connectors allow Docker clients to connect directly to hosted registries, but are not always required. Consult our [documentation](#) for which connector is appropriate for your use case. For information on scaling the repositories see our [scaling documentation](#).

**HTTP:**  
Create an HTTP connector at specified port. Normally used if the server is behind a secure proxy.

☐

**HTTPS:**  
Create an HTTPS connector at specified port. Normally used if the server is configured for https.

☐

**Allow anonymous docker pull:**

☐ Allow anonymous docker pull (Docker Bearer Token Realm required)

### Docker Registry API Support

**Enable Docker V1 API:**

☒ Allow clients to use the V1 API to interact with this Repository

### Proxy

**Remote storage:**

Location of the remote repository being proxied  
https://registry-1.docker.io

**Use the Nexus truststore:**

☐ Use certificates stored in the Nexus truststore to connect to external systems [View certificate](#)

**Docker Index:**

☐ Use proxy registry (specified above)

☒ Use Docker Hub

☐ Custom Index

Location of Docker Index

https://index.docker.io/

**Use the Nexus truststore:**

☐ Use certificates stored in the Nexus truststore to connect to external systems [View certificate](#)

**Blocked:**

☐ Block outbound connections on the repository

**Auto blocking enabled:**

☒ Auto-block outbound connections on the repository if remote peer is detected as unreachable/unresponsive

**Maximum component age:**

How long (in minutes) to cache artifacts before rechecking the remote repository. Release repositories should use -1.  
1440

**Maximum metadata age:**

How long (in minutes) to cache metadata before rechecking the remote repository.  
1440

### Storage

**Blob store:**

Blob store used to store asset contents  
k-docker-store

**Strict Content Type Validation:**

☒ Validate that all content uploaded to this repository is of a MIME type appropriate for the repository format

### Negative Cache

**Not found cache enabled:**

☒ Cache responses for content not present in the proxied repository

**Not found cache TTL:**

How long to cache the fact that a file was not found in the repository (in minutes)  
1440

### Cleanup Policy

**Available cleanup policies:**

Select a cleanup policy

k-docker-snapshot-cleanup

### HTTP

☐ Authentication

☐ HTTP request settings

Create repository

Cancel

- Create Group Repository.

This will group all the above repos and provide you a single URL to configure your clients to download from to.

Goto **settings** → **repository** → **repositories** → **Create repository**, a repository recipe page pops up, select **docker(group)**

- Set name for the repository **docker-public**
- Choose **HTTP** type and set port to 8184
- Set anonymous docker pull (optional)
- Enable docker V1 API.
- Select previously created blob store from the dropdown.
- Finally add **docker-release**, **docker-snapshots** and 'docker-hub` in order as shown below.

**Name:** A unique identifier for this repository  
k-docker-public

**Online:** ☒ If checked, the repository accepts incoming requests

## Repository Connectors

Connectors allow Docker clients to connect directly to hosted registries, but are not always required. Consult our [documentation](#) for which connector is appropriate for your use case. For information on scaling the repositories see our [scaling documentation](#).

### HTTP:

Create an HTTP connector at specified port. Normally used if the server is behind a secure proxy.

☒ 8184

### HTTPS:

Create an HTTPS connector at specified port. Normally used if the server is configured for https.

☐

### Allow anonymous docker pull:

☒ Allow anonymous docker pull ( Docker Bearer Token Realm required )

## Docker Registry API Support

### Enable Docker V1 API:

☒ Allow clients to use the V1 API to interact with this Repository

## Storage

### Blob store:

Blob store used to store asset contents

k-docker-store

### Strict Content Type Validation:

☒ Validate that all content uploaded to this repository is of a MIME type appropriate for the repository format

## Group

### Member repositories:

Select and order the repositories that are part of this group

Available

Filter



Members

k-docker-release

k-docker-snapshots

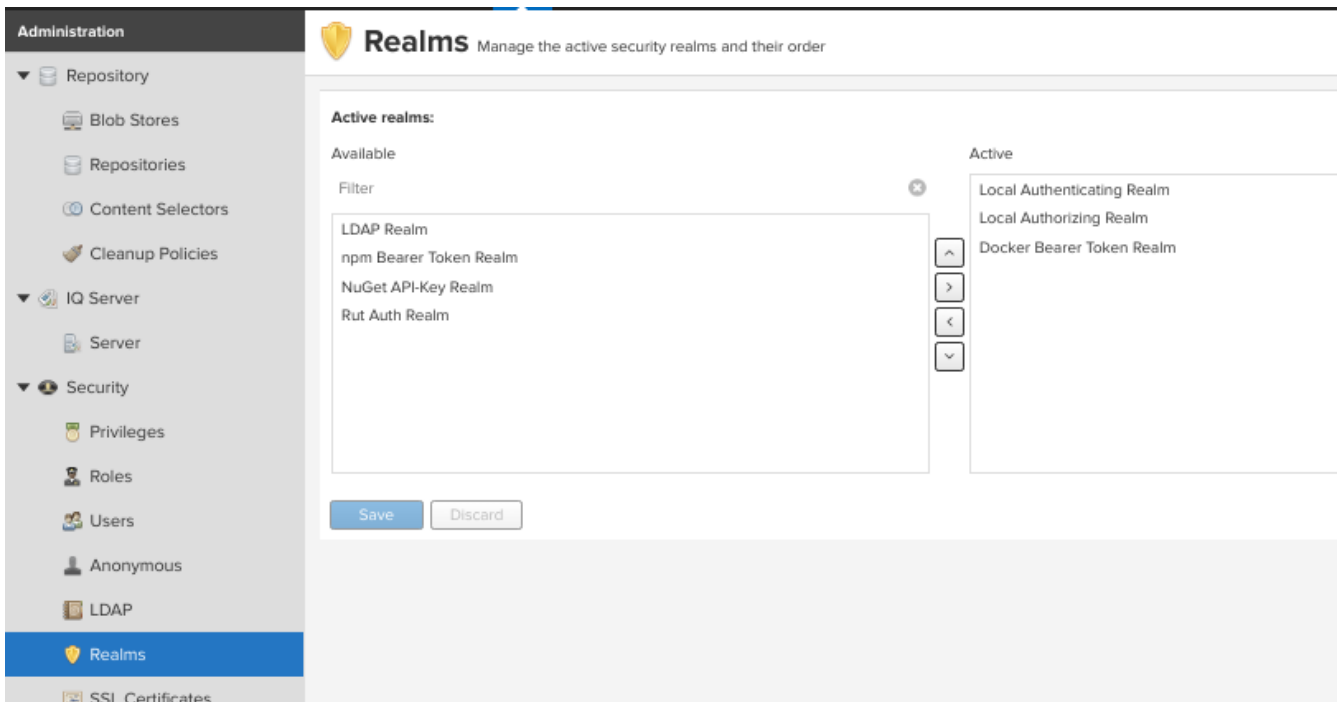
k-docker-hub



Create repository

Cancel

- To enable anonymous pull goto **settings** → **security** → **realms**, add **docker Bearer token Realm**.



## Setup dev machine to use HTTP protocol.

To interact with your repo, the first thing is to configure the Docker daemon in your machine to accept working with HTTP instead of HTTPS.

- If its ubuntu machine open/create `/etc/docker/daemon.json` add following details:

```
{
  "insecure-registries": [
    "kp-ci:8184",
    "kp-ci:8185",
    "kp-ci:8186"
  ],
  "disable-legacy-registry": true
}
```

- Restart docker daemon service.

```
$ sudo systemctl restart docker
```

## Create user with deployment privileges.

- First we need to create custom role before creating a user, goto `settings` → `security` → `Roles` → `Create Role` ⇒ `New Role`. Add role Id and role name. and also add below list of privileges.
  - nx-blobstores-all
  - nx-component-upload(most probably this should alone with view should suffice, though I did not test)
  - nx-repository-admin---

- nx-repository-view---\*