```
In [3]:
 #https://drive.google.com/uc?id=1rxD15nyeIPIAZ-J2VYPrDRZI66-TBWvM&export=download
!wget --header="Host: doc-00-7s-docs.googleusercontent.com" --header="User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0
 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4147.135
Safari/537.36" --header="Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/appg,*/*;q=0.8,application/s
d-exchange; v=b3; q=0.9" --header="Accept-Language: en-IN, en-GB; q=0.9, en-US; q=0.8, en; q=0.7" --header
="Referer: https://drive.google.com/uc?id=1rxD15nyeIPIAZ-J2VYPrDRZI66-TBWvM&export=download" --hea
der="Cookie: AUTH smvf2o367eja801lv3hmgengovh1tbcl nonce=6jb4na2ggl3gk;
 ga=GA1.2.1476194893.1587472682" --header="Connection: keep-alive" "https://doc-00-7s-
docs.googleusercontent.com/docs/securesc/9csvdbmvo9gt489gls199tqs7subbnk6/vbp4eb98t40uel485thqmv438
jpp/1598356500000/00484516897554883881/01088116874641946513/1rxD15nyeIPIAZ-J2VYPrDRZI66-TBWvM?e=do
wnload \& authuser = 0 \& nonce = 6 jb 4 na 2 ggl 3 gk \& user = 01088116874641946513 \& hash = j015 m7 rcg 7 oublfdi 6 lad 7 tfn pj 1 pind 100 plant 100 plan
 -c -0 'documents.rar'
4
--2020-08-25 11:56:30-- https://doc-00-7s-
docs.googleusercontent.com/docs/securesc/9csvdbmvo9gt489gls199tqs7subbnk6/vbp4eb98t40uel485thqmv438
jpp/1598356500000/00484516897554883881/01088116874641946513/1rxD15nyeIPIAZ-J2VYPrDRZI66-TBWvM?
e=download \& authuser=0 \& nonce=6 jb 4 na 2 gg 13 gk \& user=01088116874641946513 \& hash=j015 m 7 rcg 7 oublfdi6 lad 7 tfn properties and the second second
64
Resolving doc-00-7s-docs.googleusercontent.com (doc-00-7s-docs.googleusercontent.com)...
172.217.203.132, 2607:f8b0:400c:c07::84
Connecting to doc-00-7s-docs.googleusercontent.com (doc-00-7s-
docs.googleusercontent.com) |172.217.203.132|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 416 Requested range not satisfiable
          The file is already fully retrieved; nothing to do.
In [4]:
!pip3 install patool
Requirement already satisfied: patool in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (1.12)
In [5]:
!pip3 install pyunpack
Requirement already satisfied: pyunpack in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (0.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: easyprocess in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
pvunpack) (0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: entrypoint2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
pyunpack) (0.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: argparse in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
entrypoint2->pyunpack) (1.4.0)
In [6]:
from pyunpack import Archive
In [7]:
import os
In [81:
Archive("/content/documents.rar").extractall('/content')
In [91:
len(os.listdir("/content/documents"))
```

Out[9]:

```
In [10]:

text_files=[]

In [11]:

d=r"/content/documents"
for i in os.listdir(r"/content/documents"):
    fullpath=os.path.join(d,i)
    a=open(fullpath, encoding="latin1")
    text_files.append(a.read())

In [12]:

import re
```

In [13]:

In [14]:

```
def subject(document):
    al=re.findall("Subject:.+", document) # finding the subject (whole line of subject)
    a2=re.sub("Subject:.+:","",a1[0]) # removing anything before :
    a3=re.sub("[^A-Za-z0-9]+"," ",a2) #removing special charcater , punctuation , newline
    return a3
```

In [15]:

```
def decontracted(phrase):
    # specific
    phrase = re.sub(r"won't", "will not", phrase)
    phrase = re.sub(r"can\'t", "can not", phrase)

# general
    phrase = re.sub(r"\'re", " are", phrase)
    phrase = re.sub(r"\'re", " are", phrase)
    phrase = re.sub(r"\'d", " would", phrase)
    phrase = re.sub(r"\'d", " would", phrase)
    phrase = re.sub(r"\'t", " not", phrase)
    phrase = re.sub(r"\'t", " not", phrase)
    phrase = re.sub(r"\'re", " have", phrase)
    phrase = re.sub(r"\'re", " have", phrase)
    phrase = re.sub(r"\'re", " am", phrase)
    return phrase
```

In [16]:

```
#https://medium.com/@bhor733/data-cleaning-and-preprocessing-in-data-science-and-machine-learning-
8931c36c04ed

def chunking(document):
    actual_GPE_lst=[]
    GPE_lst=[]
    person_lst=[]
    for sent in nltk.sent_tokenize(document):
        for chunk in nltk.ne chunk(nltk.pos tag(nltk.word tokenize(sent))):
```

```
if hasattr(chunk, 'label'):
                a=chunk.label()
                if a=="GPE":
                    d=' '.join(c[0] for c in chunk)
                    actual GPE lst.append(d)
                    b=' '.join(c[0] for c in chunk)
                    GPE lst.append(b)
                if a=="PERSON":
                    b=' '.join(c[0] for c in chunk)
                    person lst.append(b)
    if len(GPE lst)!=0:
        for i in range(len(GPE_lst)):
            if GPE lst[i]!=actual GPE lst[i]:
                 #document=re.sub(actual_GPE_lst[i] , GPE_lst[i] , document)
                document=document.replace(actual_GPE_lst[i], GPE_lst[i])
    if len(person lst)!=0:
        for j in range(len(person_lst)):
            #document=re.sub(person lst[j], " ", document)
            document=document.replace(person lst[j],"")
    return document
In [17]:
import nltk
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
nltk.download('maxent ne chunker')
nltk.download('words')
[nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
[nltk\_data] \ \ Downloading \ package \ averaged\_perceptron\_tagger \ to
[nltk_data]
              /root/nltk data...
[nltk_data]
              Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-
[nltk data]
                 date!
[nltk data] Downloading package maxent ne chunker to
[nltk data]
              /root/nltk data...
[nltk_data]
            Package maxent_ne_chunker is already up-to-date!
[nltk data] Downloading package words to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data] Package words is already up-to-date!
Out[17]:
True
In [18]:
s0="i am living in the New York and My name is Srikanth Varma"
chunking(s0)
Out[18]:
'i am living in the New York and My name is '
In [19]:
def removing_(document):
    rt1=[]
    a=re.findall("[_][a-zA-Z]+[_]",document) # finding _word_
    for i in a:
       al=re.sub("_"," ",i)
       rt1.append(a1)
    for i in range(len(rt1)):
        document=re.sub(a[i],rt1[i],document)
    rt2=[]
    b=re.findall("[_][a-zA-Z]+",document)
                                               # finding word
    for i in b:
        b1=re.sub(" "," ",i)
        rt2.append(b1)
    for i in range(len(rt2)):
```

```
document=re.sub(b[i],rt2[i],document)
    rt.3=[]
    c=re.findall("[a-zA-Z]+[]",document)
                                                # finding
                                                             word
    for i in c:
       c1=re.sub(" "," ",i)
        rt3.append(c1)
    for i in range(len(rt3)):
        document=re.sub(c[i],rt3[i],document)
    return document
In [20]:
#example of step14
s1=" lebron james is the best player in world . leaker can actually win the championship this
year"
removing_(s1)
Out[20]:
' lebron james is the best player in world . leaker can actually win the championship this yea
In [21]:
def splitandremove_(document):
    kt1=[]
    d=re.findall("[a-zA-z][a-zA-Z] [a-zA-Z]+",document) #removing dr berlin --> berlin
    for i in d:
        d1=re.split(" ",i)
        ktl.append(d1[1])
    for j in range(len(kt1)):
        document=re.sub(d[j],kt1[j],document)
    kt2=[]
    e=re.findall("[a-zA-z] [a-zA-Z]+",document) #removing d berlin --> berlin
    for i in e:
       e1=re.split(" ", i)
       kt2.append(e1[1])
    for j in range(len(kt2)):
        document=re.sub(e[j],kt2[j],document)
    return document
In [22]:
#example of step15
s2="d berlin dr berlin , dr dre is the name still running the game"
splitandremove_(s2)
Out[22]:
'berlin berlin , dre is the name still running the game'
In [23]:
def step16(document):
    document=document.lower() # making every word lower case
    document=' '.join([w for w in document.split() if len(w)>2 and len(w)<15 ]) # removing words wi</pre>
ch are leass than 2 and greater than 15 in length
    return document
In [24]:
#example of step16
s3="derrick rose was best player untill his injurie hopehecometohisoldform , toogoodtoofast1111 ,
derickroseicanflywhynot i am okay ye what"
step16(s3)
```

```
Out[24]:
'derrick rose was best player untill his injurie okay what'
In [25]:
def step17(document):
    document=re.sub("[^a-zA-Z]+"," ",document)
    return document
In [26]:
def preprocess(document):
   preproessed email=findmailid(document) #step1
   preproessed_subject=subject(document)
                                            #step3
   preproessed text1=re.sub("[\w\.]+@[\w\.]+", " ", document)
    preproessed_text2=re.sub("Subject:.+"," ",preproessed_text1) #step4
    preproessed_text3=re.sub("From:.+"," ",preproessed_text2)
    preproessed text4=re.sub("Write to:.+"," ", preproessed text3)
    preproessed_text5=re.sub("<.*?>"," ",preproessed_text4) #step6
#https://medium.com/@jorlugaqui/how-to-strip-html-tags-from-a-string-in-python-7cb81a2bbf44
    preproessed text6=re.sub("[(].+[)]"," ",preproessed text5) # step7
    preproessed_text7=preproessed_text6.replace("\n"," ") #step8
    preproessed_text7=preproessed_text7.replace("\t"," ") #step8
    preproessed_text7=preproessed_text7.replace("\ ", " ") #step8
    preproessed_text7=preproessed_text7.replace("-"," ") #step8
#https://medium.com/@bhor733/data-cleaning-and-preprocessing-in-data-science-and-machine-learning-
8931c36c04ed
    preproessed text8=re.sub("\w+:"," ",preproessed text7) #step9
    preproessed text9=decontracted(preproessed text8) #step10
    preproessed_text10=chunking(preproessed_text9) #Step11,12 chunking
    preproessed_text11=re.sub('[0-9]',' ',preproessed_text10) #step13
    preproessed text12=removing (preproessed text11) #step14
    preproessed text13=splitandremove (preproessed text12) #step15
    preproessed text14=step17 (preproessed text13) #step17
    preproessed text15=step16(preproessed text14) #step16
    return preproessed_text15,preproessed_email,preproessed subject
creating lables
In [27]:
labels=[]
for i in os.listdir(r"/content/documents"):
    labels.append(i.split(' ')[0])
In [28]:
len(labels)
Out[28]:
18828
In [29]:
only lables=set(labels)
len(only_lables)
Out[29]:
```

2.0

```
In [30]:
label dict={}
In [31]:
for i , j in enumerate(only_lables):
    label dict[j]=i
In [32]:
print(label dict)
{'talk.politics.misc': 0, 'sci.med': 1, 'talk.politics.guns': 2, 'comp.sys.ibm.pc.hardware': 3, 'r
ec.motorcycles': 4, 'soc.religion.christian': 5, 'rec.sport.baseball': 6, 'alt.atheism': 7, 'rec.sport.hockey': 8, 'misc.forsale': 9, 'comp.os.ms-windows.misc': 10, 'sci.electronics': 11,
'comp.sys.mac.hardware': 12, 'talk.politics.mideast': 13, 'comp.graphics': 14, 'sci.space': 15, 'c
omp.windows.x': 16, 'talk.religion.misc': 17, 'sci.crypt': 18, 'rec.autos': 19}
In [33]:
true_labels=[]
for i in labels:
    true_labels.append(label_dict.get(i))
In [34]:
len(true labels)
Out[34]:
18828
preprocessing
In [35]:
from tqdm import tqdm
In [36]:
text=[]
preprocessed_emails=[]
preprocessed subjects=[]
preprocessed texts=[]
for i in tqdm(range(len(text files))):
    text.append(text files[i])
    \verb|preprocessed_text|, \verb|preprocessed_email|, \verb|preprocessed_subject=preprocess(text_files[i])|
    preprocessed_emails.append(preprocessed_email)
    preprocessed_subjects.append(preprocessed_subject)
    preprocessed_texts.append(preprocessed_text)
         | 18828/18828 [32:03<00:00, 9.79it/s]
In [37]:
len(text)
Out[37]:
18828
In [38]:
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [39]:
```

```
data=pd.DataFrame(list(zip(text,labels,preprocessed_texts,preprocessed_subjects,preprocessed_emails
)),columns=["text","class","preprocessed_texts","preprocessed_subjects","preprocessed_emails"])
```

In [40]:

data

Out[40]:

	text	class	preprocessed_texts	preprocessed_subjects	preprocessed_emails
0	From: meg_arnold@qm.sri.com (Meg Arnold)\nSubj	sci.med	looking for statistics the prevalence disorder	Subject Botulinum Toxin type A	sri sri
1	From: robert@isgtec.com (Robert Osborne)\nSubj	talk.politics.guns	posted talk politics guns from can salyzyn bee	Subject Waco	isgtec ve6mgs ampr org world std isgtec
2	From: strom@Watson.lbm.Com (Rob Strom)\nSubjec	alt.atheism	article ida org however hate economic terroris	soc motss et al Princeton axes matching funds	Watson Ibm Com harder ccr harder ccr watson ibm
3	From: jejones@microware.com (James Jones)\nSub	comp.graphics	article article muchado and cpu does not help	Rumours about 3DO	microware mercury unt edu unt edu rchland ibm
4	From: dma7@po.CWRU.Edu (Daniel M. Alt)\nSubjec	comp.graphics	have very large file macintosh canvas somethin	Subject Interesting conversion Problem	CWRU Edu
18823	From: sesrock@andy.bgsu.edu (Stuart Esrock)\nS	rec.sport.hockey	joe pitt edu come boston where the hell are yo	Bruins	andy bgsu edu
18824	From: The Always Fanatical: Patrick Ellis <io1< th=""><th>rec.sport.hockey</th><th>well just read the boston globe that while not</th><th>Subject Keenan signs Plus WALSH</th><th>MAINE MAINE EDU</th></io1<>	rec.sport.hockey	well just read the boston globe that while not	Subject Keenan signs Plus WALSH	MAINE MAINE EDU
18825	From: zmed16@trc.amoco.com (Michael)\nSubject:	misc.forsale	have fostex track recorder for sale excellent	4 TRACK RECORDER	trc amoco trc amoco
18826	From: baseball@catch-the-fever.scd.ucar.edu (G	rec.sport.baseball	rec sport baseball wrote the original poster w	HBP BB BIG CAT	catch QUCDN QueensU ncar ucar edu
18827	From: steerr@h01.UUCP (R. William Steer)\nSubj	comp.windows.x	does anybody have server for that they are wil	Subject X server for NT	h01 UUCP

18828 rows × 5 columns

In [41]:

```
data.shape
```

Out[41]:

(18828, 5)

In [42]:

```
data.columns
```

Out[42]:

In [43]:

```
data.iloc[400]
```

Out[43]:

```
text From: bobbe@vice.ICO.TEK.COM (Robert Beauchain... alt.atheism preprocessed_texts article what you base your belief atheism your... preprocessed_subjects After 2000 years can we say that Christian Mo... vice ICO TEK COM news cso uiuc edu alexia lis ...
```

```
Name: 400, dtype: object

In [44]:

data.to_csv('preprocessed_data.csv') # saving dataframe to csv file

checking output on alt.atheism_49960 as per instrictions

In [45]:

t=open("/content/documents/alt.atheism_49960.txt",encoding="latin1")

In [46]:

tl=t.read()

In [47]:

pre_textt1,pre_emailt1,pre_subjectt1=preprocess(t1)

In [48]:

pre_textt1
```

Out[48]:

'archive atheism resources alt atheism archive resources last december atheist resources addresses atheist organizations usa freedom from religion foundation fish bumper stickers and assorted other atheist paraphernalia are available from the freedom from religion foundation the evolution design s evolution designs sell the fish fish symbol like the ones stick their cars but with feet and the word written inside the deluxe moulded plastic fish postpaid the people the san francisco bay area can get fish from try mailing for net people who directly the price per fish american atheist pres s aap publish various atheist books critiques the bible lists biblical contradictions and one such book the bible handbook ball and foote american isbn edition bible contradictions absurdities atro cities immoralities contains ball the bible contradicts itself aap based the king version the bibl e austin prometheus books sell books including holy horrors alternate address prometheus african americans for humanism organization promoting black secular humanism and uncovering the history bl ack freethought they publish quarterly newsletter aah examiner united kingdom rationalist press as sociation national secular society street holloway road london london british humanist association south place ethical society lamb conduit passage conway hall london red lion square london fax the national secular society publish the freethinker monthly magazine founded germany ibka bund der un d berlin germany ibka publish miz materialien und zur zeit politisches journal der und hrsg ibka m iz postfach berlin germany for atheist books write ibdk ucherdienst der hannover germany fiction t homas disch the claus compromise short story the ultimate proof that exists all characters and eve nts are fictitious any similarity living dead gods well walter miller canticle for leibowitz one g em this post atomic doomsday novel the monks who spent their lives copying blueprints from saint l eibowitz filling the sheets paper with ink and leaving white lines and letters edgar pangborn davy post atomic doomsday novel set clerical states the church for example forbids that anyone produce describe use any substance containing atoms philip dick wrote many philosophical and thought provoking short stories and novels his stories are bizarre times but very approachable wrote mainl y but wrote about people truth and religion rather than technology although often believed that ha d met some sort remained sceptical amongst his novels the following are some fallible alien deity summons group craftsmen and women remote planet raise giant cathedral from beneath the oceans when the deity begins demand faith from the earthers pot healer unable comply polished ironic and amusi ng novel maze death noteworthy for its description technology based religion valis the schizophrenic hero searches for the hidden mysteries gnostic ity after reality fired into his brai n pink laser beam unknown but possibly divine origin accompanied his dogmatic and dismissively ath eist friend and assorted other odd characters the divine invasion invades making young woman pregn ant she returns from another star system unfortunately she terminally ill and must assisted dead m an whose brain wired hour easy listening music margaret atwood the handmaid story based the premise that the congress mysteriously assassinated and quickly take charge the nation set right a gain the book the diary woman life she tries live under the new theocracy women right own property revoked and their bank accounts are closed sinful luxuries are outlawed and the radio only used fo r readings from the bible crimes are punished doctors who performed legal abortions the old world are hunted down and hanged atwood writing style difficult get used first but the tale grows more a nd more chilling goes various authors the bible this somewhat dull and rambling work has often bee n criticized however probably worth reading only that you will know what all the fuss about exists many different versions make sure you get the one true version non fiction peter rosa vicars chris t although seems even catholic this very enlighting history papal immoralities adulteries fallacies etc german gottes erste die dunkle seite des michael martin philosophical justification philadelphia usa detailed and scholarly justification atheism contains outstanding appendix defini

ng terminology and usage this tendentious area argues both for negative atheism the non belief the existence god and also for positive atheism the belief the non existence god includes great refuta tions the most challenging arguments for god particular attention paid refuting contempory theists such and swinburne pages isbn the case against ity comprehensive critique ity which considers the best contemporary defences ity and demonstrates that they are unsupportable and incoherent pages i sbn turner the johns hopkins university press baltimore usa subtitled the origins unbelief america examines the way which unbelief became mainstream alternative world view focusses the period and w hile considering france and britain the emphasis american and particularly new england development s neither religious history secularization atheism rather the intellectual history the fate single idea the belief that exists pages isbn george seldes the great thoughts ballantine new york usa di ctionary quotations different kind concentrating statements and writings which explicitly implicitly present the person philosophy and world view includes obscure opinions from many people for some popular observations traces the way which various people expressed and twisted the idea o ver the centuries quite number the quotations are derived from cardiff what religion and views rel igion pages isbn richard swinburne the existence oxford this book the second volume trilogy that b egan with the coherence theism this work swinburne attempts construct series inductive arguments f or the existence his arguments which are somewhat tendentious and rely upon the imputation late ce ntury western values and aesthetics which supposedly simple can conceived were decisively rejected the miracle theism the revised edition the existence swinburne includes appendix which makes somew hat incoherent attempt rebut mackie the miracle theism oxford this volume contains comprehensive r eview the principal arguments for and against the existence ranges from the classical philosophical positions descartes anselm through the moral arguments newman kant and the recent re statements the classical theses and swinburne also addresses those positions which push the concep t beyond the realm the rational such those kierkegaard and well replacements for such axiarchism t he book delight read less formalistic and better written than works and refreshingly direct when c ompared with the hand waving swinburne haught holy illustrated history religious murder and madnes s prometheus looks religious persecution from ancient times the present day and not only library c ongress catalog card number norm allen african american anthology see the listing for african amer icans for humanism above gordon stein anthology atheism and rationalism prometheus anthology cover ing wide range subjects including the devil and morality and the history freethought comprehensive bibliography edmund cohen the mind the bible believer prometheus study why people become and what effect has them net resources there small mail based archive server mantis which carries archives old alt atheism moderated articles and assorted other files for more information send mail archive saying help send atheism index and will mail back reply mathew'

```
In [49]:
```

pre_emailt1

Out[49]:

'mantis netcom mantis'

In [50]:

pre_subjectt1

Out[50]:

' Atheist Resources'

In [51]:

#https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/join-two-text-columns-into-a-single-column-in-pandas/
data["preprocessed_full_text"]=data["preprocessed_texts"].str.cat(data["preprocessed_subjects"],se
p=" ")
data["preprocessed_full_text"]=data["preprocessed_full_text"].str.cat(data["preprocessed_emails"],
sep=" ")

In [52]:

data.head()

Out[52]:

	text	class	preprocessed_texts	preprocessed_subjects	preprocessed_emails	preprocessed_full_text
0	From: meg_arnold@qm.sri.com (Meg Arnold)\nSubj	sci.med	looking for statistics the prevalence disorder	Subject Botulinum Toxin type A	sri sri	looking for statistics the prevalence disorder
1	From: robert@isgtec.com	talk nolitice gune	posted talk politics	Subject Waco	isgtec ve6mgs ampr	posted talk politics guns

•	(Robert Osborne)\nSubj text	class	preprosassayd_bexts	preprocessed_subjects	org world std isgtec preprocessed_emails	from can salyzyn bee preprocessed_full_text	
2	From: strom@Watson.lbm.Com (Rob Strom)\nSubjec	alt.atheism	article ida org however hate economic terroris	soc motss et al Princeton axes matching funds	Watson Ibm Com harder ccr harder ccr watson ibm	article ida org however hate economic terroris	
3	From: jejones@microware.com (James Jones)\nSub	comp.graphics	article article muchado and cpu does not help	Rumours about 3DO	microware mercury unt edu unt edu rchland ibm	article article muchado and cpu does not help	
4	From: dma7@po.CWRU.Edu (Daniel M. Alt)\nSubjec	comp.graphics	have very large file macintosh canvas somethin	Subject Interesting conversion Problem	CWRU Edu	have very large file macintosh canvas somethin	
	[53]:		utall llanaanaaaa	and subjected the	onnoccood omedia	u ualagau utautu	
],	al=data.drop(["pre axis=1) al.head(4)	eprocessed_te	exts","preproces	ssed_subjects., pro	eprocessed_emails	s","Class","Lext"	
Out	[53]:						
	prepi	rocessed_full_text	i.				
0	looking for statistics the pr	evalence disorder					
1	posted talk politics gur	ns from can salyzyn bee					
2	article ida org how	ever hate economic terroris					
3	article article muchado and	d cpu does not help)				
		•					
In	[54]:						
dat	al.shape						
Out	[54]:						
(18	828, 1)						
In	[55]:						
x_t	m sklearn.model_se rain_data,x_test_c ue_labels)				ue_labels,test_si	ze=0.25,stratify	
In	[56]:						
x_t	rain_data.shape						
Out	[56]:						
(14	121, 1)						
	[57]:						
x_t	est_data.shape						
Out	[57]:						
(47	07, 1)						
In	[58] :						
len(y_train)							
0:-!	[E0].						
Jut	Dut[58]:						

```
In [59]:
len(y_test)
Out[59]:
4707
In [60]:
x_train_data.head(2)
Out[60]:
                       preprocessed_full_text
           has anybody gotten cview work color mode
18073
 9240
          loftus gues the others not ring the bell but t...
In [61]:
print(type(x_train_data))
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
In [62]:
x train data1=[]
for i in x train data.preprocessed full text:
   x_train_datal.append(i)
In [63]:
len(x_train_data1)
Out[63]:
14121
In [64]:
x test data1=[]
for j in x_test_data.preprocessed_full_text:
   x_test_data1.append(j)
In [65]:
len(x_test_data1)
Out[65]:
4707
In [66]:
len(x_test_data1[0])
Out[66]:
437
In [67]:
import tensorflow as tf
```

```
one_hot_y_train=tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train,20)
In [68]:
one hot y train.shape
Out[68]:
(14121, 20)
In [69]:
one_hot_y_test=tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test,20)
In [70]:
one_hot_y_test.shape
Out[70]:
(4707, 20)
tokenization
In [120]:
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
In [121]:
tokenizer=Tokenizer(num words=40000,filters='!"#$%&()*+,-./:;<=>?@[\\]^`{|}~\t\n',oov token="<oov>
") # i removed " " from the filters so it will consider it as word
tokenizer.fit_on_texts(x_train_data1)
In [122]:
word index=tokenizer.word index
len(word_index) #total number of words in all documnets
Out[122]:
75740
In [123]:
x train sequence=tokenizer.texts to sequences(x train data1)
In [124]:
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
x train padded=pad sequences(x train sequence,maxlen=1500,padding='post')
In [125]:
x train padded.shape
Out[125]:
(14121, 1500)
In [126]:
```

```
x_test_sequence=tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(x_test_datal)
x_test_padded=pad_sequences(x_test_sequence,maxlen=1500,padding='post')

In [127]:

x_test_padded.shape

Out[127]:
(4707, 1500)

In [128]:

print(type(x_test_padded))

<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
```

callbacks

for f1 score callback

In [129]:

```
#from callback assignment
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
class f1_and_auc_score(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
   def on train begin(self, logs={}):
        ## on begin of training, we are creating a instance varible called metrics11
        ## it is a dict with keys [loss, acc, val loss, val acc]
       self.metrics11={'f1_score': []}
   def on epoch end(self, epoch, logs={}):
       y_pred_final=[]
       y predict proba=self.model.predict(x test padded) #it predicts probability
       for i in y_predict_proba:
            y_pred_final.append(np.argmax(i)) #whichever is maximum value thats index is class
        #for j in range(len(y_test1)):
            if y_predict_proba[j] <= 0.5:</pre>
               y_pred_final.append(0)
           else:
               y_pred_final.append(1)
       self.metrics11["f1_score"].append(f1_score(y_test,y_pred_final,average='micro'))
        #self.metrics11["auc values"].append( roc auc score(y test1,y predict proba))
       print("f1 score is ",self.metrics11["f1 score"][epoch])
```

```
In [130]:
```

```
metrics12=f1_and_auc_score()
```

Tensorboard callback

```
In [131]:
```

```
%load_ext tensorboard

In [132]:
!rm -rf ./logs/
import datetime
```

```
import os
logdir = os.path.join("logs", datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S"))
tensorboard_callback = tf.keras.callbacks.TensorBoard(logdir, histogram_freq=1,write_graph=True,write_grads=True)

WARNING:tensorflow:`write_grads` will be ignored in TensorFlow 2.0 for the `TensorBoard` Callback.

In [134]:
logdir

Out[134]:
'logs/20200825-124823'
```

callback for when val_accuracy reaches 75%

```
In [135]:

class myCallback(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
    def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs={}):
        if(logs.get('val_accuracy') > 0.70):
            print("\nReached %2.2f%% accuracy, so stopping training!!" %(0.70*100))
            self.model.stop_training = True

In [136]:

val_acc_callback=myCallback()
```

modelcheckpoint callback

```
In [137]:
filepath="/content/best_model_L1h5"

In [138]:
#https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/callbacks/ModelCheckpoint
best_model_weight=tf.keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(filepath, monitor='val_accuracy', verbose=0, s
ave_best_only=True, save_weights_only=True, mode='auto', save_freq='epoch')
```

creating a model

pretrained glove embedding

```
In [139]:
!wget --header="Host: downloads.cs.stanford.edu" --header="User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4147.135 Safari/537.36" --header="Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/&d-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9" --header="Accept-Language: en-IN,en-GB;q=0.9,en-US;q=0.8,en;q=0.7" --header="Cookie: _ga=GA1.2.571392400.1592314058" --header="Connection: keep-alive"
    "http://downloads.cs.stanford.edu/nlp/data/glove.6B.zip" -c -0 'glove.6B.zip'
    --2020-08-25 12:48:34-- http://downloads.cs.stanford.edu/nlp/data/glove.6B.zip
Resolving downloads.cs.stanford.edu (downloads.cs.stanford.edu) ... 171.64.64.22
Connecting to downloads.cs.stanford.edu (downloads.cs.stanford.edu) | 171.64.64.22 | :80... connected.
```

HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 416 Requested Range Not Satisfiable

```
The file is already fully retrieved; nothing to do.
```

In [148]:

```
In [140]:
import zipfile
zip ref = zipfile.ZipFile('/content/glove.6B.zip', 'r')
zip ref.extractall()
zip_ref.close()
In [141]:
embeddings index = dict()
In [142]:
import numpy as np
f = open('/content/glove.6B.200d.txt') #for every word we will 200 d (features)
for line in f:
 values = line.split()
 word = values[0]
coefs = np.asarray(values[1:], dtype='float32')
embeddings index[word] = coefs
f.close()
print('Loaded %s word vectors.' % len(embeddings_index))
Loaded 400000 word vectors.
In [143]:
len(embeddings index)
Out[143]:
400000
In [144]:
vocab_size=len(tokenizer.word_index)+1
vocab size
Out[144]:
75741
In [145]:
embedding_matrix = np.zeros((vocab_size,200))
In [146]:
embedding_matrix.shape
Out[146]:
(75741, 200)
In [147]:
for word, i in tokenizer.word index.items():
 embedding vector = embeddings index.get(word)
 if embedding vector is not None:
  embedding matrix[i] = embedding vector
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense,Input,Conv2D,MaxPool2D,Activation,Dropout,Flatten,Conv1D
,MaxPool1D,concatenate,Embedding
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Activation, Dropout, Flatten, Dense,Input
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
```

In [149]:

```
def model1():
    embedding layer=Embedding (vocab size, 200, weights=[embedding matrix], input length=1500,
trainable=False)
    input layer=Input(shape=(1500,), dtype='int32')
    embedding layer1=embedding layer(input layer)
   layer3a=Conv1D(filters=12,kernel size=3,activation='relu',kernel regularizer=tf.keras.regulariz
ers.12(12=0.01))(embedding layer1)
    layer3b=Conv1D(filters=8,kernel size=3,activation='relu',kernel regularizer=tf.keras.regularize
rs.12(12=0.01)) (embedding layer1)
    layer3c=Conv1D(filters=6, kernel size=3, activation='relu', kernel regularizer=tf.keras.regularize
rs.12(12=0.01)) (embedding layer1)
    layer4=tf.keras.layers.Concatenate()([layer3a, layer3b, layer3c])
    layer5=MaxPool1D(pool size=2)(layer4)
    layer6a=Conv1D(filters=12,kernel size=3,activation='relu',kernel regularizer=tf.keras.regulariz
ers.12(12=0.01))(layer5)
    layer6b=Conv1D(filters=8,kernel_size=3,activation='relu',kernel_regularizer=tf.keras.regularize
rs.12(12=0.01))(layer5)
    layer6c=Conv1D(filters=6, kernel size=3, activation='relu', kernel regularizer=tf.keras.regularize
rs.12(12=0.01))(layer5)
    layer7=tf.keras.layers.Concatenate()([layer6a,layer6b,layer6c])
    layer8=MaxPool1D(pool size=2)(layer7)
    layer9=Conv1D(filters=12,kernel size=4,activation='relu')(layer8)
    layer10=Flatten()(layer9)
    layer11=Dense(128,activation='relu',kernel_initializer=tf.keras.initializers.he_normal(seed=28)
,kernel regularizer=tf.keras.regularizers.12(12=0.01))(layer10)
    layer12=Dropout(0.3)(layer11)
layer13=Dense(64,activation='relu',kernel initializer=tf.keras.initializers.he normal(seed=29),ker
nel regularizer=tf.keras.regularizers.12(12=0.01))(layer12)
output layer=Dense(20,activation="softmax",kernel initializer=tf.keras.initializers.glorot normal(
seed=3))(layer13)
    model1=Model(input layer,output layer ,name="model 1")
    return model1
```

In [150]:

```
model1=model1()
model1.summary()
```

Model: "model_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
<pre>input_4 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, 1500)]	0	

embedding_3 (Embedding)	(None,	1500, 200)	15148200	input_4[0][0]
conv1d_12 (Conv1D)	(None,	1498, 12)	7212	embedding_3[0][0]
convld_13 (ConvlD)	(None,	1498, 8)	4808	embedding_3[0][0]
convld_14 (ConvlD)	(None,	1498, 6)	3606	embedding_3[0][0]
concatenate (Concatenate)	(None,	1498, 26)	0	conv1d_12[0][0] conv1d_13[0][0] conv1d_14[0][0]
max_pooling1d_6 (MaxPooling1D)	(None,	749, 26)	0	concatenate[0][0]
convld_15 (ConvlD)	(None,	747, 12)	948	max_pooling1d_6[0][0]
convld_16 (ConvlD)	(None,	747, 8)	632	max_pooling1d_6[0][0]
convld_17 (ConvlD)	(None,	747, 6)	474	max_pooling1d_6[0][0]
concatenate_1 (Concatenate)	(None,	747, 26)	0	conv1d_15[0][0] conv1d_16[0][0] conv1d_17[0][0]
max_pooling1d_7 (MaxPooling1D)	(None,	373, 26)	0	concatenate_1[0][0]
convld_18 (ConvlD)	(None,	370, 12)	1260	max_pooling1d_7[0][0]
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None,	4440)	0	conv1d_18[0][0]
dense_9 (Dense)	(None,	128)	568448	flatten_3[0][0]
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0	dense_9[0][0]
dense_10 (Dense)	(None,	64)	8256	dropout_3[0][0]
dense_11 (Dense)	(None,	20)	1300	dense_10[0][0]

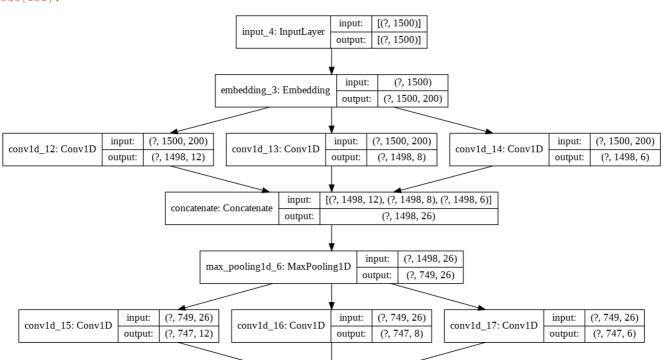
Total params: 15,745,144
Trainable params: 596,944

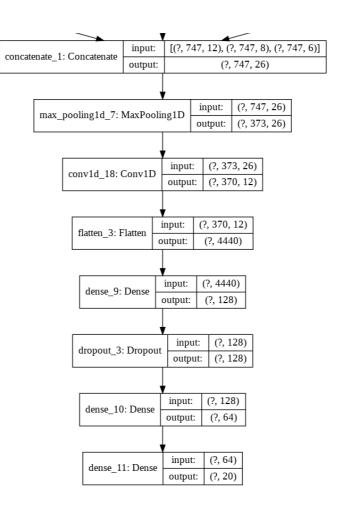
Non-trainable params: 15,148,200

In [151]:

from tensorflow.keras.utils import plot_model
plot_model(model1, to_file='model_plot.png', show_shapes=True, show_layer_names=True)

Out[151]:





In [152]:

```
model1.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(lr=0.001),loss='categorical_crossentropy',metrics
=['accuracy'])
```

In [153]:

```
tf.keras.backend.clear_session()
```

In [154]:

```
\label{local_model1.fit} $$ modell.fit(x_train_padded,one_hot_y_train,epochs=100,batch_size=20,validation_data=(x_test_padded,one_hot_y_test),callbacks=[val_acc_callback,metrics12,best_model_weight,tensorboard_callback]) $$
```

```
Epoch 1/100
 1/707 [.....] - ETA: 0s - loss: 7.7340 - accuracy:
0.0000e+00WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-
packages/tensorflow/python/ops/summary_ops_v2.py:1277: stop (from
tensorflow.python.eager.profiler) is deprecated and will be removed after 2020-07-01.
Instructions for updating:
use `tf.profiler.experimental.stop` instead.
 2/707 [.....] - ETA: 32s - loss: 7.6375 - accuracy: 0.0500
WARNING:tensorflow:Callbacks method `on train batch end` is slow compared to the batch time (batch
time: 0.0249s vs `on train batch end` time: 0.0659s). Check your callbacks.
.3322710856171659
707/707 [============ ] - 12s 17ms/step - loss: 2.8582 - accuracy: 0.2296 - val 1
oss: 2.1961 - val accuracy: 0.3323
Epoch 2/100
.4518801784576163
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.9942 - accuracy: 0.4110 - val 1
oss: 1.9095 - val_accuracy: 0.4519
Epoch 3/100
707/707 [=========== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.8373 - accuracy: 0.4746f1 score is 0
.47185043552156364
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.8373 - accuracy: 0.4746 - val 1
oss: 1.9042 - val_accuracy: 0.4719
Epoch 4/100
```

```
.5706394731251327
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.7470 - accuracy: 0.5214 - val 1
oss: 1.6412 - val accuracy: 0.5706
Epoch 5/100
.5419587847886127
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.6677 - accuracy: 0.5642 - val 1
oss: 1.7221 - val accuracy: 0.5420
Epoch 6/100
.591884427448481
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.6117 - accuracy: 0.5796 - val 1
oss: 1.5740 - val_accuracy: 0.5919
Epoch 7/100
707/707 [=========== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.5673 - accuracy: 0.5997f1 score is 0
.5963458678563841
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.5673 - accuracy: 0.5997 - val 1
oss: 1.5774 - val accuracy: 0.5963
Epoch 8/100
.6314000424899087
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.5551 - accuracy: 0.6174 - val 1
oss: 1.5273 - val accuracy: 0.6314
Epoch 9/100
.6197153176120671
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.5081 - accuracy: 0.6254 - val 1
oss: 1.6302 - val accuracy: 0.6197
Epoch 10/100
.6305502443169747
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.4854 - accuracy: 0.6415 - val_1
oss: 1.5413 - val_accuracy: 0.6306
Epoch 11/100
.6114297854259614
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.4614 - accuracy: 0.6503 - val 1
oss: 1.5930 - val_accuracy: 0.6114
Epoch 12/100
.645209262800085
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.4726 - accuracy: 0.6546 - val 1
oss: 1.4992 - val_accuracy: 0.6452
Epoch 13/100
.6662417675801997
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.4118 - accuracy: 0.6645 - val 1
oss: 1.4166 - val accuracy: 0.6662
Epoch 14/100
.6596558317399618
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.4199 - accuracy: 0.6681 - val 1
oss: 1.4639 - val accuracy: 0.6597
Epoch 15/100
.6165285744635649
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.3872 - accuracy: 0.6771 - val 1
oss: 1.5574 - val accuracy: 0.6165
Epoch 16/100
.6755895474824729
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.3799 - accuracy: 0.6810 - val 1
oss: 1.4155 - val_accuracy: 0.6756
Epoch 17/100
.6698534098151689
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.3820 - accuracy: 0.6820 - val 1
oss: 1.4376 - val_accuracy: 0.6699
Epoch 18/100
.6579562353940939
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.3616 - accuracy: 0.6912 - val 1
oss: 1.4857 - val_accuracy: 0.6580
Epoch 19/100
.6779264924580413
```

```
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.3823 - accuracy: 0.6908 - val 1
oss: 1.4014 - val accuracy: 0.6779
Epoch 20/100
.6547694922455917
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.3358 - accuracy: 0.6970 - val 1
oss: 1.5033 - val accuracy: 0.6548
Epoch 21/100
.6462715105162524
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.3299 - accuracy: 0.6985 - val 1
oss: 1.5283 - val_accuracy: 0.6463
Epoch 22/100
.686212024644147
707/707 [============= ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.3739 - accuracy: 0.6914 - val 1
oss: 1.3824 - val_accuracy: 0.6862
Epoch 23/100
.6634799235181644
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.3126 - accuracy: 0.7048 - val 1
oss: 1.4851 - val accuracy: 0.6635
Epoch 24/100
.6694285107287019
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.3133 - accuracy: 0.7040 - val 1
oss: 1.4472 - val_accuracy: 0.6694
Epoch 25/100
.6524325472700234
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.3326 - accuracy: 0.7104 - val 1
oss: 1.5218 - val accuracy: 0.6524
Epoch 26/100
.687061822817081
oss: 1.4397 - val accuracy: 0.6871
Epoch 27/100
.668153813469301
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.3106 - accuracy: 0.7155 - val 1
oss: 1.4766 - val_accuracy: 0.6682
Epoch 28/100
.6250265561929041
707/707 [============ ] - 12s 16ms/step - loss: 1.2951 - accuracy: 0.7124 - val 1
oss: 1.6550 - val_accuracy: 0.6250
Epoch 29/100
.6834501805821117
707/707 [========== ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.3065 - accuracy: 0.7162 - val 1
oss: 1.4657 - val_accuracy: 0.6835
Epoch 30/100
.6524325472700234
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.2794 - accuracy: 0.7235 - val 1
oss: 1.5374 - val_accuracy: 0.6524
Epoch 31/100
.6874867219035479
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.2972 - accuracy: 0.7144 - val_1
oss: 1.4229 - val accuracy: 0.6875
Epoch 32/100
.6577437858508605
707/707 [============ ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.2727 - accuracy: 0.7224 - val 1
oss: 1.4664 - val_accuracy: 0.6577
Epoch 33/100
.6817505842362439
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 15ms/step - loss: 1.2783 - accuracy: 0.7252 - val 1
oss: 1.3850 - val_accuracy: 0.6818
Epoch 34/100
.6987465476949225
707/707 [=========== ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.2844 - accuracy: 0.7203 - val 1
```

oss: 1.3885 - val accuracy: 0.6987

```
Epoch 35/100
Reached 70.00% accuracy, so stopping training!!
fl score is 0.7000212449543234
707/707 [============= ] - 11s 16ms/step - loss: 1.2683 - accuracy: 0.7251 - val 1
oss: 1.3817 - val accuracy: 0.7000
Out[154]:
<tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fe4e809fa58>
In [185]:
from IPython.display import Image
Image(filename=r'/content/model22 1.png')
Out[185]:
                        epoch_accuracy
 Tooltip sorting method: default
 Smoothing
                          0.55
 Horizontal Axis
                          0.45
 STEP RELATIVE WALL
                          0.35
                         0 = D
 Write a regex to filter runs
 train
                        epoch loss
 validation
                         epoch loss
     TOGGLE ALL RUNS
 logs/20200825-124823
                          2
                          1.8
                          1.6
                          1.4
In [ ]:
```

Model-2: Using 1D convolutions with character embedding

callback for f1 score for model2

```
In [155]:
#from callback assignment
from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
class f1_and_auc_score_model2(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
    def on_train_begin(self, logs={}):
        ## on begin of training, we are creating a instance varible called metrics11
        ## it is a dict with keys [loss, acc, val_loss, val_acc]
       self.metrics11={'f1 score': []}
    def on epoch end(self, epoch, logs={}):
       y pred final=[]
       y_predict_proba=self.model.predict(x_test_char_padded) #it predicts probability
       for i in y_predict_proba:
           y_pred_final.append(np.argmax(i)) #whichever is maximum value thats index is class
        #for j in range(len(y test1)):
            if y predict proba[j] <= 0.5:</pre>
              y_pred_final.append(0)
           else:
           y pred final.append(1)
```

```
self.metrics11["f1_score"].append(f1_score(y_test,y_pred_final,average='micro'))
#self.metrics11["auc_values"].append( roc_auc_score(y_test1,y_predict_proba))
print("f1 score is ",self.metrics11["f1_score"][epoch])

In [156]:
metrics123=f1_and_auc_score_mode12()
```

stops epochs when vall accuracy reaches more than 12%

```
In [157]:

class myCallback_model2(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
    def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs={}):
        if(logs.get('val_accuracy') > 0.12):
            print("\nReached %2.2f%% accuracy, so stopping training!!" %(0.12*100))
            self.model.stop_training = True

In [158]:

val_acc_callback_model2=myCallback_model2()
```

tensorboard callback

```
In [159]:
import os
logdir2= os.path.join("logs", datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S"))
tensorboard_callback2= tf.keras.callbacks.TensorBoard(logdir2, histogram_freq=1,write_graph=True,wr
ite_grads=True)

WARNING:tensorflow:`write_grads` will be ignored in TensorFlow 2.0 for the `TensorBoard` Callback.

In [160]:
logdir2

Out[160]:
'logs/20200825-125651'
```

modelcheckpoint callback

```
In [161]:
filepath2="/content/best_model_L2h5"

In [162]:
#https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/keras/callbacks/ModelCheckpoint
best_model_weight2=tf.keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(filepath2, monitor='val_accuracy', verbose=0
, save_best_only=True, save_weights_only=True, mode='auto', save_freq='epoch')
```

Tokenization

```
In [163]:
t=Tokenizer(num_words=None,char_level=True,filters='!"#$%&()*+,-./:;<=>?@[\\]^`{|}~\t\n',oov_token
="<oovl>") #removed underscore() from filters because we want it as charcter
```

```
t.fit_on_texts(x_train_data1)
In [164]:
char index=t.word index
len(char_index)
Out[164]:
In [165]:
print(char index)
{'<oov1>': 1, ' ': 2, 'e': 3, 't': 4, 'a': 5, 'o': 6, 'n': 7, 'i': 8, 's': 9, 'r': 10, 'h': 11, 'l
': 12, 'd': 13, 'c': 14, 'u': 15, 'm': 16, 'p': 17, 'g': 18, 'w': 19, 'y': 20, 'f': 21, 'b': 22, 'v': 23, 'k': 24, 'x': 25, 'j': 26, 'q': 27, 'z': 28, '_': 29, '1': 30, '0': 31, '2': 32, '3': 33, '4': 34, '6': 35, '5': 36, '8': 37, '9': 38, '7': 39}
In [166]:
adde=[]
for i in x_train_data1:
    adde.append(len(i))
In [167]:
aq1=sum(adde)/len(adde)
aq1
Out[167]:
1169.6768642447419
In [168]:
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
x train char sequence=t.texts to sequences(x train data1)
x_train_char_padded=pad_sequences(x_train_char_sequence,maxlen=1200,padding='post')
In [169]:
x_train_char_padded.shape
Out[169]:
(14121, 1200)
In [170]:
x test char sequence=t.texts to sequences(x test data1)
x_test_char_padded=pad_sequences(x_test_char_sequence,maxlen=1200,padding='post')
In [171]:
x_test_char_padded.shape
Out[171]:
(4707, 1200)
```

character level glove embeddings

```
In [172]:
embeddings index1 = dict()
In [173]:
import numpy as np
f = open("/content/glove.840B.300d-char.txt") # for every word we will 300 d (features)
for line in f:
values = line.split()
word = values[0]
coefs = np.asarray(values[1:], dtype='float32')
 embeddings index1[word] = coefs
print('Loaded %s charcter vectors.' % len(embeddings index1))
Loaded 94 charcter vectors.
In [174]:
vocab size1=len(t.word_index)+1
vocab size1
Out[174]:
In [175]:
embedding_matrix1 = np.zeros((vocab_size1,300))
In [176]:
for char, i in t.word_index.items():
 embedding vector1 = embeddings index1.get(char)
 if embedding vector1 is not None:
  embedding_matrix1[i] = embedding_vector1
In [177]:
embedding matrix1.shape
Out[177]:
(40, 300)
In [178]:
def model2():
    embedding_layer23=Embedding(vocab_size1,300, input_length=1200,weights=[embedding_matrix1],
trainable=False)
    input layer11=Input(shape=(1200,), dtype='int32')
    embedded sequences=embedding layer23(input layer11)
    layer11=Conv1D(filters=32,kernel size=3,activation='relu')(embedded sequences)
    layer12=Conv1D(filters=16,kernel size=3,activation='relu')(layer11)
    layer13=MaxPool1D(pool size=3)(layer12)
    layer14=Conv1D(filters=16,kernel_size=3,activation='relu')(layer13)
    layer15=Conv1D(filters=8,kernel size=3,activation='relu')(layer14)
    layer16=MaxPool1D(pool size=2)(layer15)
    layer17=Flatten()(layer16)
```

```
layer18=Dropout(0.5) (layer17)

layer19=Dense(512,activation='relu',kernel_initializer=tf.keras.initializers.he_normal(seed=28)
,kernel_regularizer=tf.keras.regularizers.12(12=0.01)) (layer18)

layer20=Dense(256,activation='relu',kernel_initializer=tf.keras.initializers.he_normal(seed=28)
,kernel_regularizer=tf.keras.regularizers.12(12=0.01)) (layer19)

output_layer1=Dense(20,activation="softmax",kernel_initializer=tf.keras.initializers.glorot_normal(seed=3)) (layer20)

model2=Model(input_layer11,output_layer1,name="model_2")

return model2
```

In [179]:

model2=model2()
model2.summary()

Model: "model_2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1200)]	0
embedding (Embedding)	(None, 1200, 300)	12000
convld (ConvlD)	(None, 1198, 32)	28832
convld_1 (Conv1D)	(None, 1196, 16)	1552
max_pooling1d (MaxPooling1D)	(None, 398, 16)	0
conv1d_2 (Conv1D)	(None, 396, 16)	784
conv1d_3 (Conv1D)	(None, 394, 8)	392
max_pooling1d_1 (MaxPooling1	(None, 197, 8)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 1576)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 1576)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	807424
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	131328
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 20)	5140

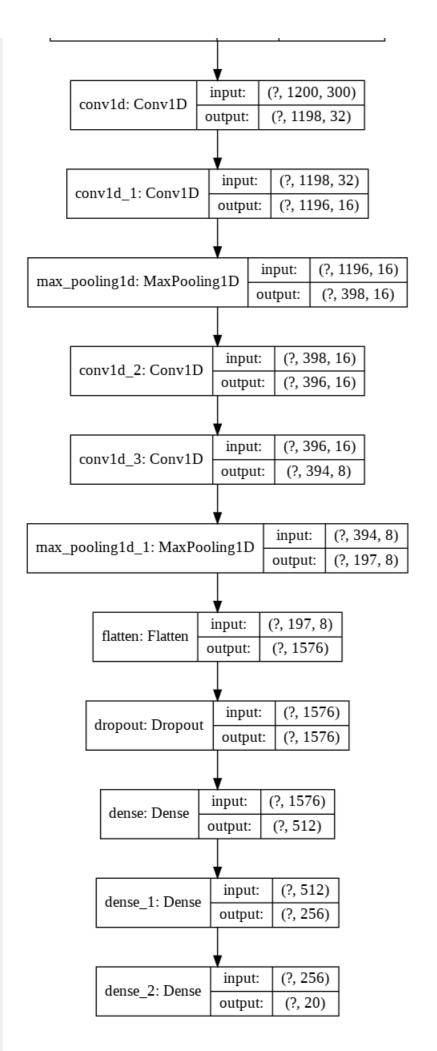
Total params: 987,452 Trainable params: 975,452 Non-trainable params: 12,000

In [180]:

```
from tensorflow.keras.utils import plot_model
plot_model(model2, to_file='model_plot.png', show_shapes=True, show_layer_names=True)
```

Out[180]:

	input 1: InputI avor	input:	[(?, 1200)]
input_1: InputLayer		output:	[(?, 1200)]
		7	
embedding: Embedding		input:	(?, 1200)
611	ivedding. Embedding	output:	(?, 1200, 300)



In [181]:

```
model2.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(lr=0.001),loss='categorical_crossentropy',metrics
=['accuracy'])
[4]
```

In [182]:

 $\label{local_model2} $$ model2.fit(x_train_char_padded,one_hot_y_train,epochs=100,batch_size=100,validation_data=(x_test_char_padded,one_hot_y_test),callbacks=[metrics123,val_acc_callback_model2,tensorboard_callback2,best_model_weight2]) $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (a) $$ model_weight2]$ (b) $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (b) $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ model_weight2]$ (c) $$ $$ $$ model_weight2$

```
Epoch 1/100
2/142 [.....] - ETA: 9s - loss: 18.1126 - accuracy:
0.0750WARNING:tensorflow:Callbacks method `on train batch end` is slow compared to the batch time
(batch time: 0.0355s vs `on train batch end` time: 0.1044s). Check your callbacks.
.07478223921818568
ss: 3.0447 - val_accuracy: 0.0748
Epoch 2/100
.07329509241555131
ss: 2.9562 - val_accuracy: 0.0733
Epoch 3/100
.07648183556405354
ss: 2.9496 - val accuracy: 0.0765
Epoch 4/100
.07669428510728701
ss: 2.9497 - val accuracy: 0.0767
Epoch 5/100
.07945612916932229
ss: 2.9431 - val accuracy: 0.0795
Epoch 6/100
.07541958784788613
ss: 2.9529 - val accuracy: 0.0754
Epoch 7/100
.07839388145315487
ss: 2.9583 - val accuracy: 0.0784
Epoch 8/100
.08179307414489059
ss: 2.9712 - val_accuracy: 0.0818
Epoch 9/100
.09007860633099637
ss: 2.9534 - val accuracy: 0.0901
Epoch 10/100
.09071595496069683
ss: 2.9456 - val accuracy: 0.0907
Epoch 11/100
.09156575313363076
ss: 2.9492 - val accuracy: 0.0916
Epoch 12/100
.09135330359039727
```

```
ss: 2.9435 - val_accuracy: 0.0914
Epoch 13/100
.08965370724452942
ss: 2.9383 - val accuracy: 0.0897
Epoch 14/100
.08986615678776291
ss: 2.9430 - val accuracy: 0.0899
Epoch 15/100
.09071595496069683
ss: 2.9329 - val accuracy: 0.0907
Epoch 16/100
.08986615678776291
ss: 2.9360 - val accuracy: 0.0899
Epoch 17/100
.09262800084979816
ss: 2.9311 - val accuracy: 0.0926
Epoch 18/100
.09029105587422986
ss: 2.9404 - val accuracy: 0.0903
Epoch 19/100
.09092840450393032
ss: 2.9268 - val accuracy: 0.0909
Epoch 20/100
.09347779902273211
ss: 2.9309 - val_accuracy: 0.0935
Epoch 21/100
.09687699171446781
ss: 2.9324 - val_accuracy: 0.0969
Epoch 22/100
.09454004673889951
ss: 2.9229 - val accuracy: 0.0945
Epoch 23/100
.0922031017633312
ss: 2.9323 - val_accuracy: 0.0922
Epoch 24/100
.09284045039303165
ss: 2.9393 - val_accuracy: 0.0928
Epoch 25/100
.09305289993626514
ss: 2.9523 - val accuracy: 0.0931
Epoch 26/100
.09241555130656469
ss: 2.9384 - val_accuracy: 0.0924
Epoch 27/100
.09517739536859995
ss: 2.9270 - val accuracy: 0.0952
```

Epoch 28/100

```
.09071595496069683
ss: 2.9407 - val_accuracy: 0.0907
Epoch 29/100
.09454004673889951
ss: 2.9319 - val accuracy: 0.0945
Epoch 30/100
.0932653494794986
ss: 2.9327 - val accuracy: 0.0933
Epoch 31/100
.09454004673889951
ss: 2.9289 - val accuracy: 0.0945
Epoch 32/100
.0932653494794986
ss: 2.9446 - val_accuracy: 0.0933
Epoch 33/100
.09347779902273211
ss: 2.9353 - val_accuracy: 0.0935
Epoch 34/100
.09857658806033567
ss: 2.9331 - val_accuracy: 0.0986
Epoch 35/100
.09900148714680264
ss: 2.9287 - val accuracy: 0.0990
Epoch 36/100
.09836413851710218
ss: 2.9320 - val accuracy: 0.0984
Epoch 37/100
.09369024856596558
ss: 2.9465 - val accuracy: 0.0937
Epoch 38/100
.09623964308476737
ss: 2.9253 - val_accuracy: 0.0962
Epoch 39/100
.10919906522200977
ss: 2.9049 - val_accuracy: 0.1092
Epoch 40/100
.10686212024644147
ss: 2.9043 - val accuracy: 0.1069
Epoch 41/100
.11387295517314638
ss: 2.8762 - val_accuracy: 0.1139
Epoch 42/100
.11557255151901423
ss: 2.8674 - val accuracy: 0.1156
Epoch 43/100
.11302315700021245
```

```
ss: 2.8669 - val_accuracy: 0.1130
Epoch 44/100
.11727214786488209
ss: 2.8693 - val accuracy: 0.1173
Epoch 45/100
.11939664329721691
ss: 2.8632 - val_accuracy: 0.1194
Epoch 46/100
.12152113872955173
Reached 12.00% accuracy, so stopping training!!
ss: 2.8535 - val accuracy: 0.1215
```

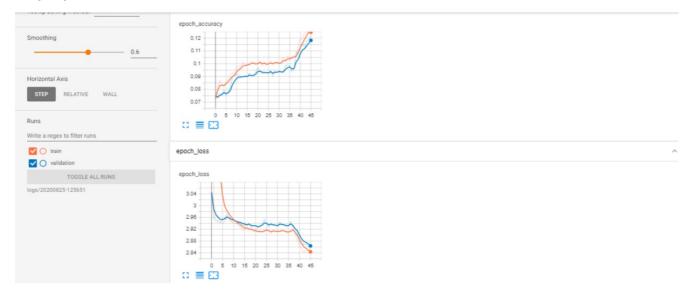
Out[182]:

<tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fe82823d5c0>

In [186]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image(filename=r'/content/model2.png')
```

Out[186]:



conclusion

- character level word embedding based model have less accuracy because firstly you will have much longer sentences as compared to word level embedding model
- so charcater language models are not good as compared to word language model at capturing long range dependancies between how the earlier parts of the sentence also affect the later part of the sentence
- charcter level models are also just more computationally expensive to train
- here i choose maxlen=1200 becuase i take average of len of each document(characters) i found that 1200 is good value

In []: