

# WEEKLY CODING CHALLENGES

B. Tech 3<sup>rd</sup> Year CSE

Season: Winter 2023-2024

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## WEEK – 1

### 1. Subarray Sum Equals K (560)

```
class Solution {
public:
    int subarraySum(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
        unordered_map<int,int> mp;
        mp[0]=1;
        int sum=0,ans=0;
        for(auto i : nums){
            sum+=i;
            if(mp[sum-k]>0) ans+=mp[sum-k];
            mp[sum]++;
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

### 2. Majority Element II (229)

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> majorityElement(vector<int>& nums) {
        vector<int> result;
        int candidate1 = 0, candidate2 = 1, count1 = 0, count2 = 0;

        for (int num : nums) {
            if (num == candidate1) count1++;
            else if (num == candidate2) count2++;
            else if (count1 == 0) candidate1 = num, count1 = 1;
        }
    }
};
```

```

        else if (count2 == 0) candidate2 = num, count2 = 1;
        else count1--, count2--;
    }

    count1 = count2 = 0;

    for (int num : nums) {
        if (num == candidate1) count1++;
        if (num == candidate2) count2++;
    }

    if (count1 > nums.size() / 3) result.push_back(candidate1);
    if (count2 > nums.size() / 3) result.push_back(candidate2);

    return result;
}
};

```

### 3. 3Sum(15)

```

class Solution {
public:
    vector<vector<int>> threeSum(vector<int>& nums) {
        int n=nums.size();
        vector<vector<int>> ans;
        sort(nums.begin(),nums.end());
        // return {nums};
        n=nums.size();
        for(int i=0;i<n-2;++i){
            if(nums[i]>0) break;
            if(i>0 && nums[i]==nums[i-1]) continue;
            int j=i+1,k=n-1;
            while(j<k){
                int sum=nums[i]+nums[j]+nums[k];
                if(sum==0) {
                    ans.push_back({nums[i],nums[j],nums[k]});
                    int t=nums[k];
                    while(k>j && nums[k]==t) k--;
                }
                else if(sum>0) k--;
                else j++;
            }
        }
        return ans;
    }
};

```

### 4. Merge Intervals (56)

```

class Solution {
public:
    static bool cmp(vector<int> &a,vector<int> &b){
        if(a[0]!=b[0]) return a[0]<b[0];
        return a[1]<b[1];
    }
    vector<vector<int>> merge(vector<vector<int>>& inter) {
        sort(inter.begin(),inter.end(),cmp);
        vector<vector<int>> res;
        int l=inter.size();
        res.emplace_back(inter[0]);
        int j=0;
        for(int i=1;i<l;i++){
            if(res[j][1]>=inter[i][0]){
                if(res[j][1]>=inter[i][1]) ;
                else
                    res[j][1]=inter[i][1];
            }
            else{
                res.emplace_back(inter[i]);
                j++;
            }
        }
        return res;
    }
};

```

## 5. Reverse Pairs (493)

```

6. class Solution {
7. public:
8.     //merge two sorted logic:
9.     void merge(vector<int> &nums, int l, int m, int r){
10.         int count = 0;
11.
12.         //copy into right & left array
13.         vector<int>left(nums.begin()+l,nums.begin()+m+1);
14.         vector<int>right(nums.begin()+m+1,nums.begin()+r+1);
15.
16.         int i = 0, j = 0, n1 = left.size(),n2 = right.size();
17.
18.         while(i < n1 && j < n2){
19.             if (left[i] <= right[j])
20.                 nums[l++] = left[i++];
21.             else{
22.                 nums[l++] = right[j++];
23.             }

```

```

24.     }
25.     while (i < n1)
26.         nums[l++] = left[i++];
27.     while (j < n2)
28.         nums[l++] = right[j++];
29. }
30. //count pair
31. int countPairs(vector<int>&nums,int l, int m, int r){
32.     int count = 0;
33.     for(int i = l, j = m+1; i <= m; i++){
34.         while(j <= r && nums[i] > 2LL*nums[j]) j++;
35.         count += j-(m+1);
36.     }
37.     return count;
38. }
39. int mergeSort(vector<int> &nums, int l, int r){
40.     int count = 0;
41.     if (l == r) return count;
42.
43.     int m = l + (r-l)/2;
44.     //left part sort
45.     count += mergeSort(nums,l,m);
46.     //right part sort
47.     count += mergeSort(nums,m+1,r);
48.     //count pairs
49.     count += countPairs(nums,l,m,r);
50.     //merge these sorted array
51.     merge(nums,l,m,r);
52.     return count;
53. }
54. int reversePairs(vector<int>& nums) {
55.     return mergeSort(nums,0,nums.size()-1);
56. }
57. };

```

## 58. Maximum Product Subarray (152)

```

59. class Solution {
60. public:
61.     int maxProduct(vector<int>& nums) {
62.         int maxi = INT_MIN;
63.         int prod=1;
64.
65.         for(int i=0;i<nums.size();i++)
66.         {
67.             prod*=nums[i];
68.             maxi=max(prod,maxi);
69.             if(prod==0)
70.                 prod=1;
71.         }
72.         prod=1;

```

```
73.     for(int i=nums.size()-1;i>=0;i--)
74.     {
75.         prod*=nums[i];
76.
77.         maxi=max(prod,maxi);
78.         if(prod==0)
79.             prod=1;
80.     }
81.     return maxi;
82. }
83.};
```