Managing Complex Scenarios



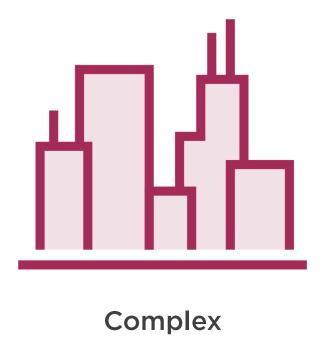
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Business Processes





Transacting Business via Document Exchange





Computerizing Business Processes

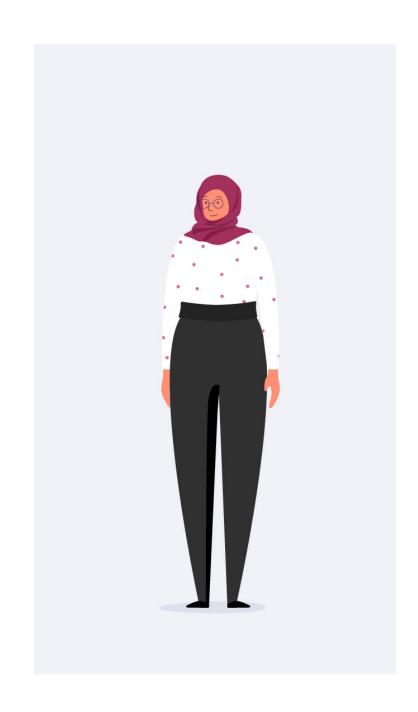


Limitations of computing

Data structures

Record locking

Sequential processing



Learned the sales process

Discovered complexity

Understanding interactions

Invariants



True statements

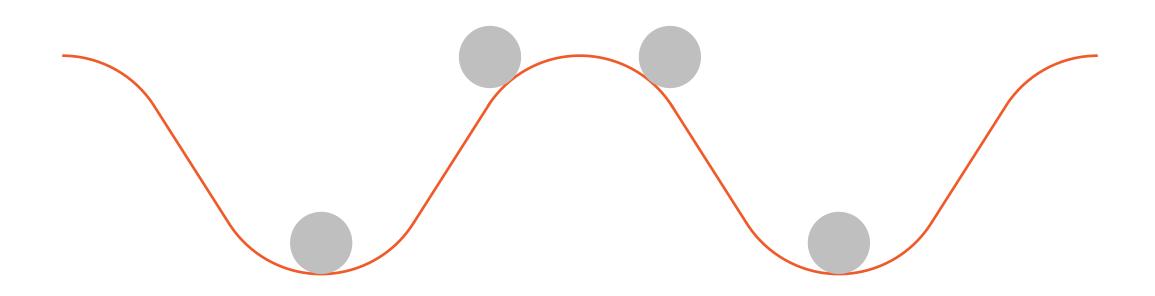
Money is conserved

Inventory is not negative

Things can't be sold twice

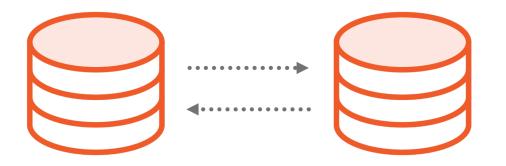
Owns product if and only if paid for

Breaking and Restoring Invariants





Consistency





Between components

Invariants restored



GloboTicket

Partner

Inventory





GloboTicket

Partner

Inventory



Accounting





GloboTicket

Partner

Inventory



Accounting





GloboTicket

Partner

Inventory

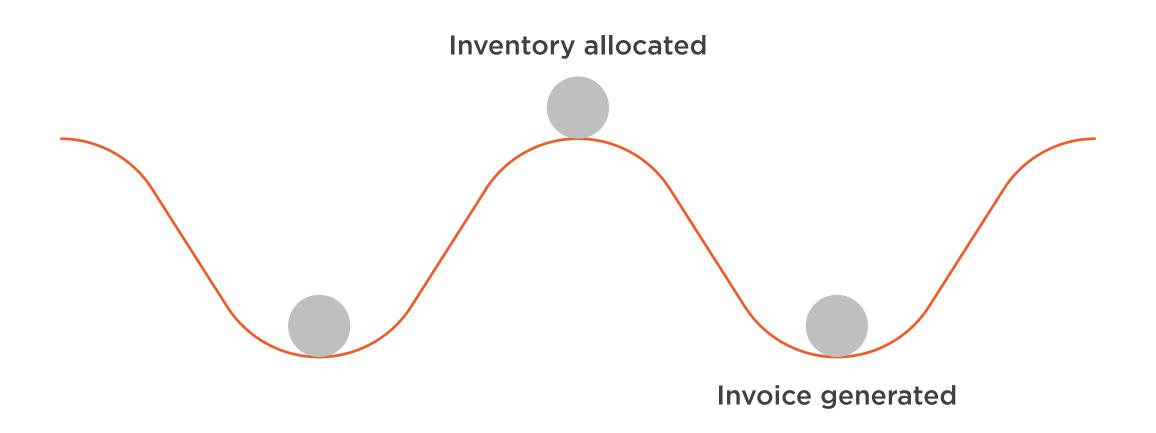


Accounting





Breaking and Restoring Invariants





Database Transactions



Atomic

Can't see invariants broken afterward



Consistent

Invariants are restored



Isolated

Can't see invariants broken in real time



Durable

Changes persist



Database Transactions



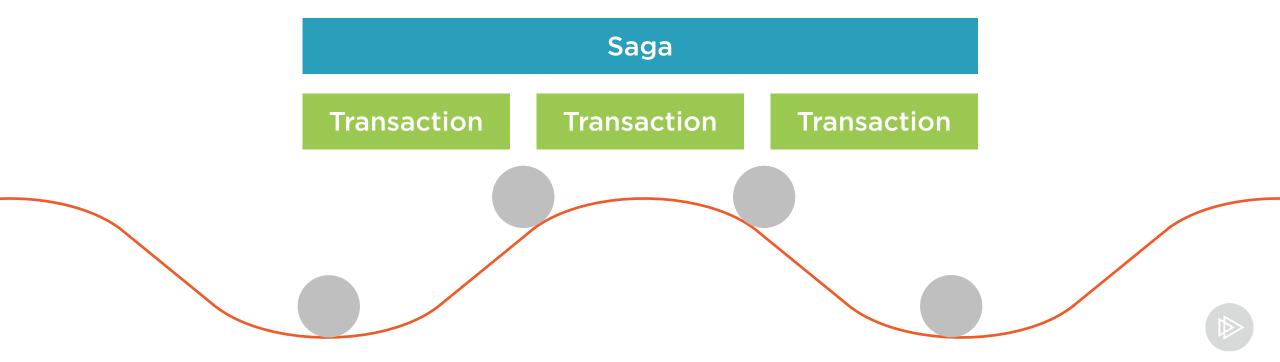
Limited in time and scope

Consumes resources

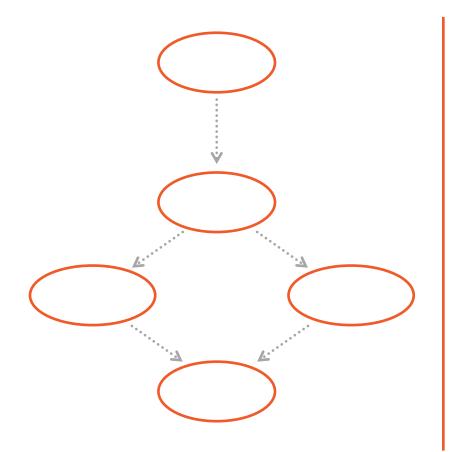
Costly to distribute

Saga Pattern

1987
Hector Garcia-Molina
Kenneth Salem
Princeton Department of Computer Science



State Machine



Messages cause transitions

Correlation ID

- Identify a business process
- From business domain
- Identifies machine instance

Instance holds current state

Process message and transition to next state

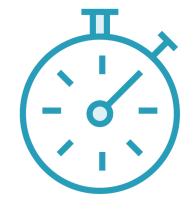
Sales Service

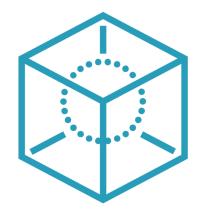
Reserve funds

Lock inventory

Capture funds

Allocate inventory







Sales Service

Reserve funds

Lock inventory

Capture funds

Allocate inventory

Purchase Ticket

Funds Reserved

Inventory Locked

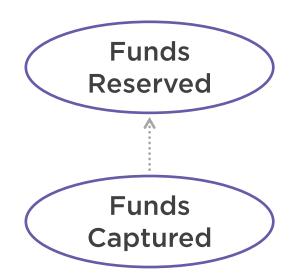
Funds Captured

Inventory Allocated



Causal Relationships

Purchase Ticket



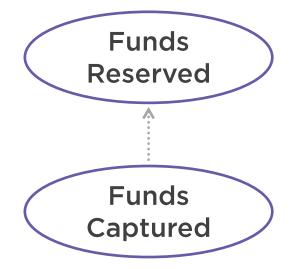
Inventory Locked

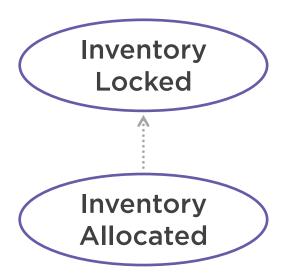
Inventory Allocated



Causal Relationships

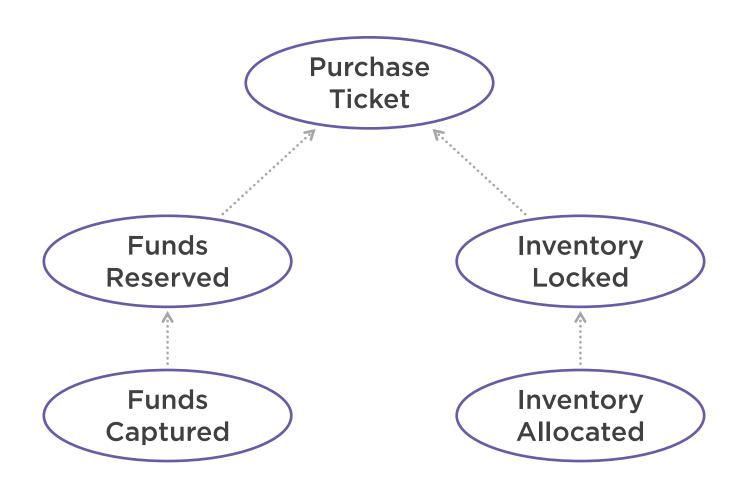
Purchase Ticket



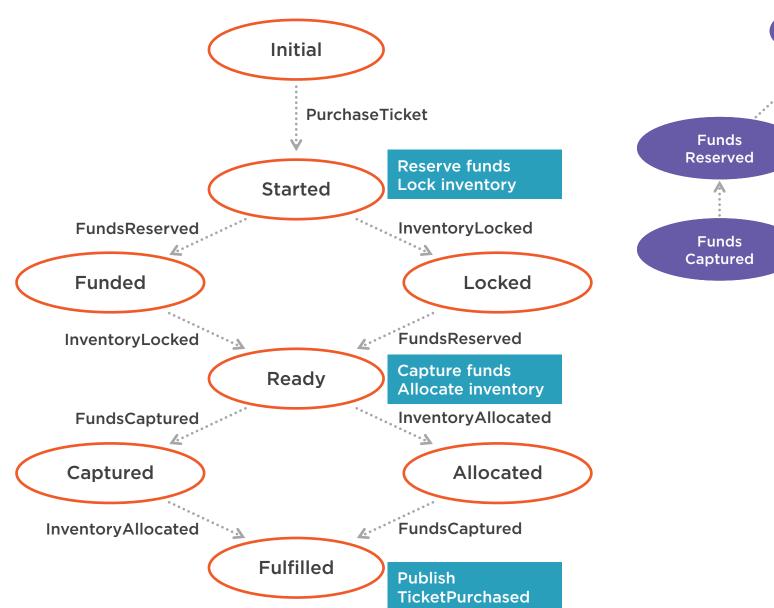


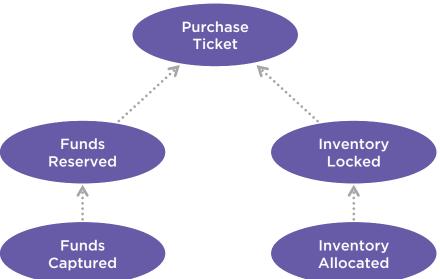


Causal Relationships











Restoring Invariants

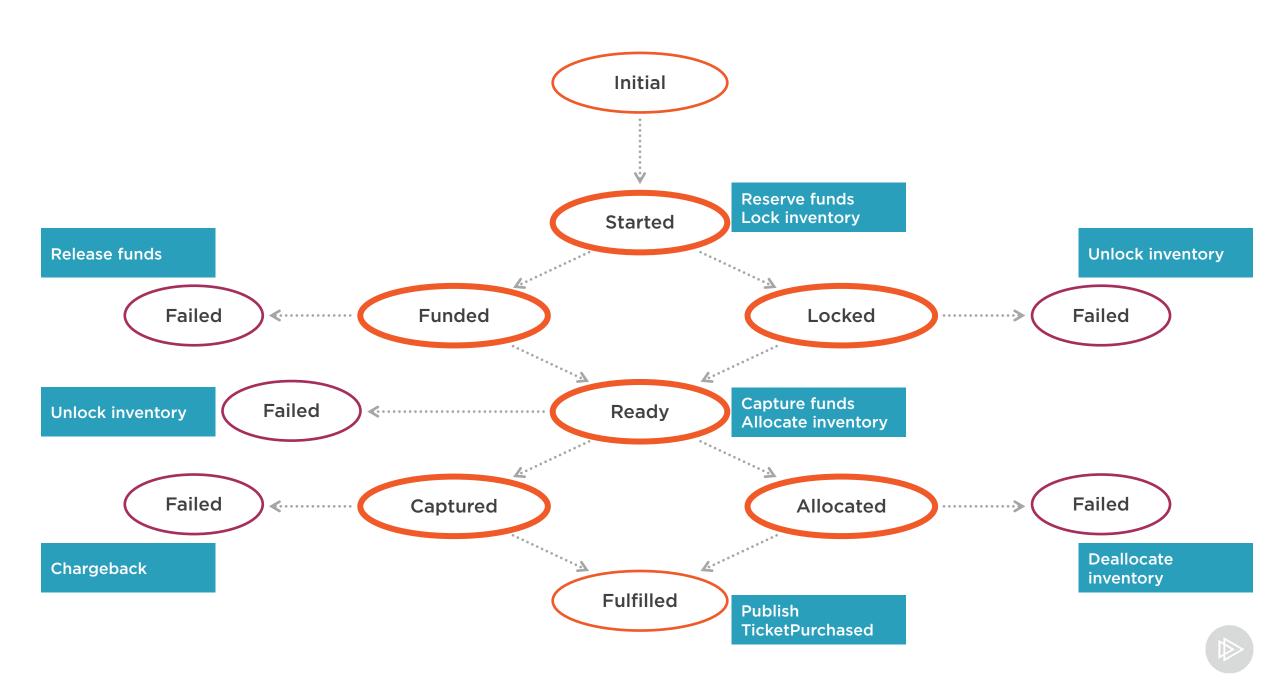




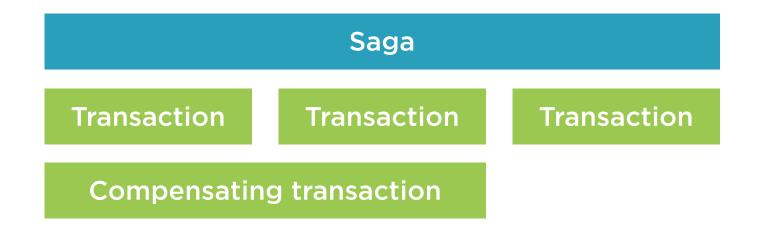
Restoring Invariants







Restoring Invariants





Detecting and Mitigating Failure



Add early operations to ensure later operations

Choose reliable compensating transactions

Query for invariant violations

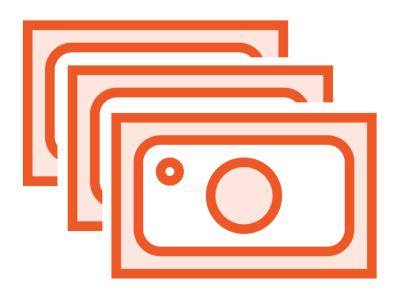
- Avoid false negatives
- Combine with monitoring

Reducing Contention





Pre-sales



Preferred status

Reduces simultaneous sales

- Reduces likelihood of conflicts

Limits pool of customers

- Increases likelihood of success

Rewards loyalty

Test markets

Season Tickets



Reserved seats

Fewer general customers

Higher chance of success

Lock Tickets Sooner



Timer on web site

Increases perceived scarcity

Encourages customer registration

Longer duration

False sell-outs

Distributed Systems

Hard to build Hard to run Don't behave

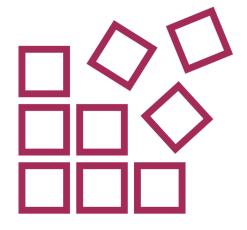


Distributed Systems





Immutable database
Hide internal ID
Additive structure



Bring Components
Together

Commutative operations
Eventual consistency
Non-homogenous



Build Business Value

Align with business strategy
Build teams
Encourage culture

