

DOES GENRE AFFECT A MOVIE'S EARNING POTENTIAL (DOMESTIC GROSS)?

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JULY 15, 2016

MOVIELENS DATASET

1. Animation

2. Drama

3. Adventure

4. Children

5. Sci-Fi

6. Horror

7. Comedy

8. Romance

9. Drama

10. Thriller

11. Mystery

12. Fantasy

13. Documentary

14. Musical

15. Western

16. War

17. Crime

18. Film-Noir

FIRST PASS RESULTS

Dep. Variable:	dgross	R-squared:	0.012
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.007
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	2.249
Date:	Fri, 15 Jul 2016	Prob (F-statistic):	0.0169
Time:	00:04:04	Log-Likelihood:	-32264.
No. Observations:	1638	AIC:	6.455e+04
Df Residuals:	1628	BIC:	6.460e+04
Df Model:	9		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]
Intercept	8.878e+07	5.31e+06	16.717	0.000	7.84e+07 9.92e+07
thriller	-1.419e+06	6.6e+06	-0.215	0.830	-1.44e+07 1.15e+07
comedy	-8.559e+05	5.61e+06	-0.153	0.879	-1.19e+07 1.02e+07
drama	-6.953e+06	5.39e+06	-1.291	0.197	-1.75e+07 3.61e+06
documentary	1.496e+06	1.33e+07	0.113	0.910	-2.45e+07 2.75e+07
action	4.727e+06	6.55e+06	0.722	0.471	-8.12e+06 1.76e+07
animation	2.249e+07	1.42e+07	1.589	0.112	-5.26e+06 5.02e+07
horror	3.11e+07	9.95e+06	3.127	0.002	1.16e+07 5.06e+07
fantasy	-1.118e+07	1.88e+07	-0.595	0.552	-4.8e+07 2.57e+07
romance	-3.577e+06	6.17e+06	-0.579	0.562	-1.57e+07 8.53e+06

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SECOND ATTEMPT – LOG TRANSFORMATION

Dep. Variable:	log_gross	R-squared:	0.014
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.009
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	2.596
Date:	Fri, 15 Jul 2016	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00566
Time:	00:11:45	Log-Likelihood:	-2578.9
No. Observations:	1638	AIC:	5178.
Df Residuals:	1628	BIC:	5232.
Df Model:	9		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[95.0% Conf. Int.]
Intercept	17.7862	0.072	248.645	0.000	17.646 17.926
thriller	0.0282	0.089	0.318	0.751	-0.146 0.203
comedy	0.0290	0.076	0.383	0.702	-0.119 0.177
drama	-0.0512	0.073	-0.705	0.481	-0.194 0.091
documentary	0.1214	0.179	0.679	0.497	-0.229 0.472
action	0.1036	0.088	1.174	0.241	-0.069 0.277
animation	0.1550	0.191	0.813	0.416	-0.219 0.529
horror	0.4648	0.134	3.470	0.001	0.202 0.728
fantasy	-0.0239	0.253	-0.094	0.925	-0.520 0.472
romance	-0.1482	0.083	-1.783	0.075	-0.311 0.015

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LOG TRANSFORMATION + REGULARIZATION

L1

```
model_lasso = linear_model.Lasso()  
model_lasso.fit(X, y)  
model_lasso.coef_  
  
array([ 0.,  0., -0., -0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0., -0., -0.])  
  
model_lasso.score(X, y)  
  
0.0
```

L2

```
model_ridge = linear_model.Ridge()  
model_ridge.fit(X, y)  
model_ridge.coef_  
  
array([[ 0.          ,  0.02758377,  0.02763372, -0.05264566,  0.11724253,  
         0.10228963,  0.15008299,  0.45839441, -0.02333363, -0.14812609]])  
  
model_ridge.score(X, y)  
  
0.014146680619607666
```

LOG TRANSFORMATION + REGULARIZATION

L1

```
model_lasso = linear_model.Lasso()  
model_lasso.fit(X, y)  
model_lasso.coef_  
  
array([ 0.,  0., -0., -0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0., -0., -0.]
```

```
model_lasso.score(X, y)
```

0.0

L2

```
model_ridge = linear_model.Ridge()  
model_ridge.fit(X, y)  
model_ridge.coef_  
  
array([[ 0.          ,  0.02758377,  0.02763372, -0.05264566,  0.11724253,  
         0.10228963,  0.15008299,  0.45839441, -0.02333363, -0.14812609]])
```

```
model_ridge.score(X, y)
```

0.014146680619607666

NOW WHAT?

NOW WHAT?

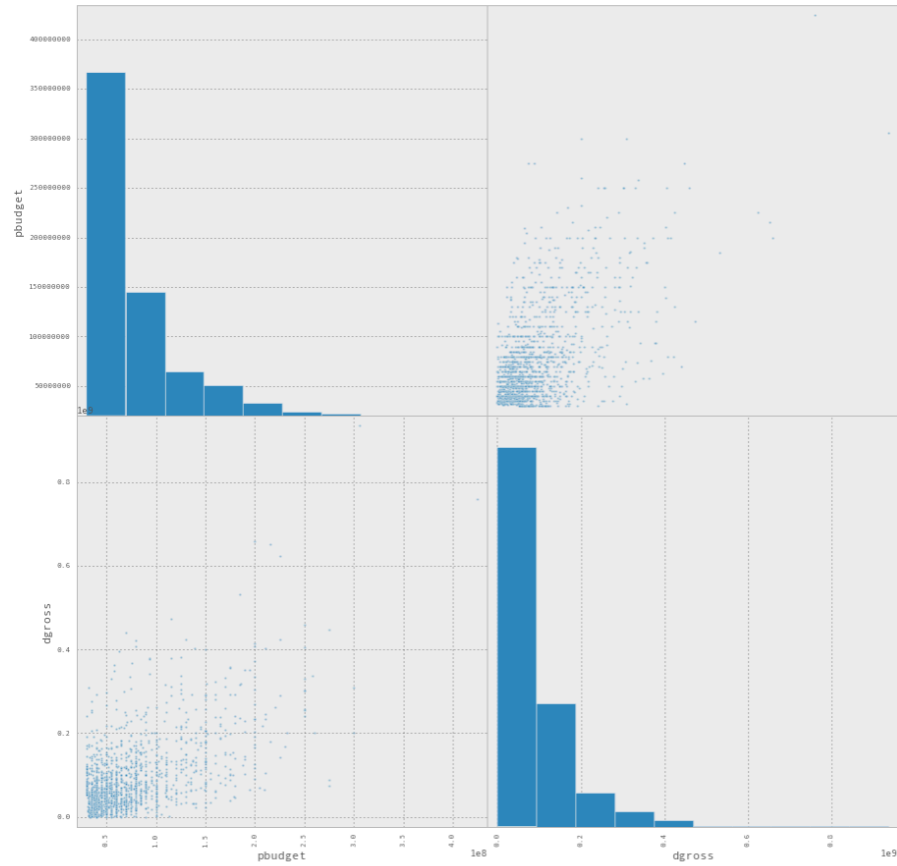


NOW WHAT?



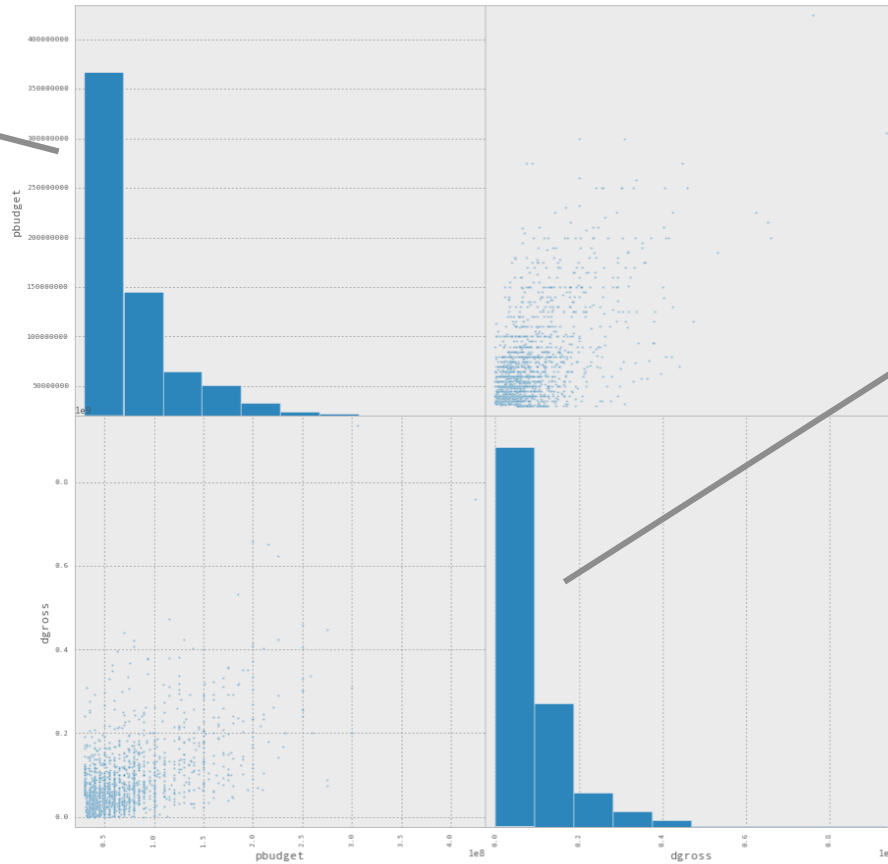
**Does genre AND budget
affect a movie's earning
potential?**

FIRST LOOK



FIRST LOOK

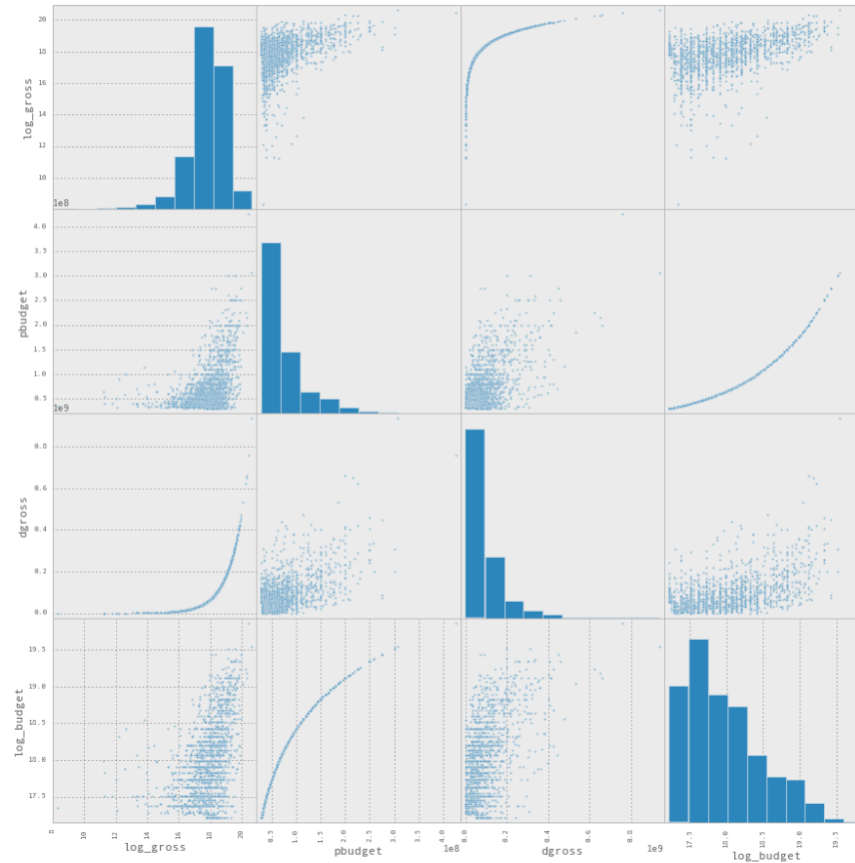
Left skew



Left skew

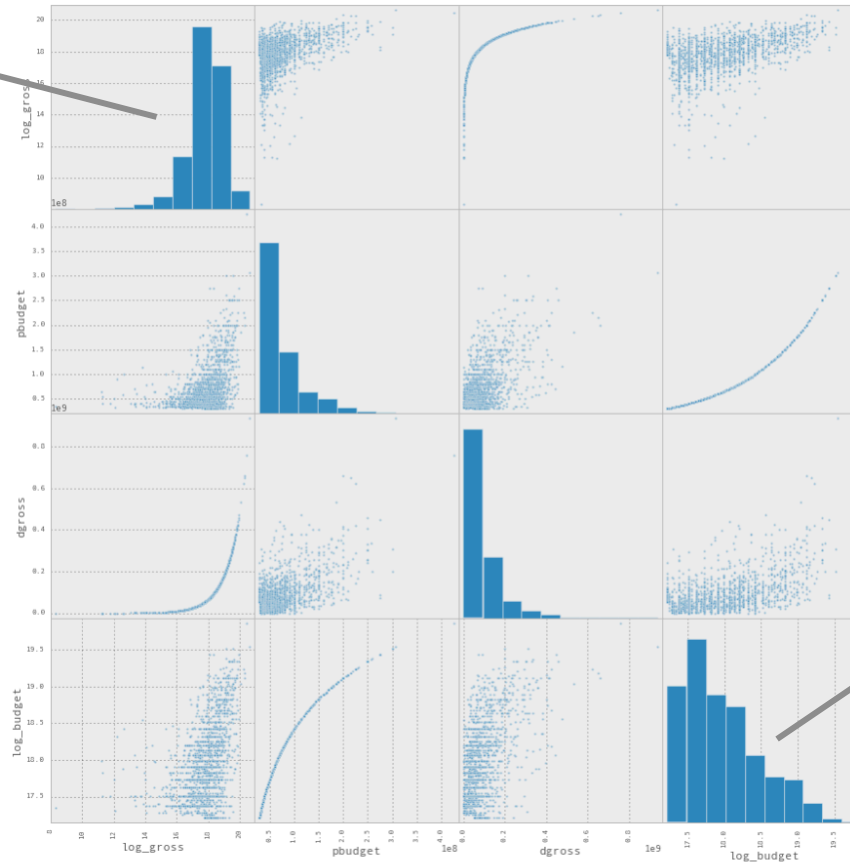


LOG TRANSFORMATION



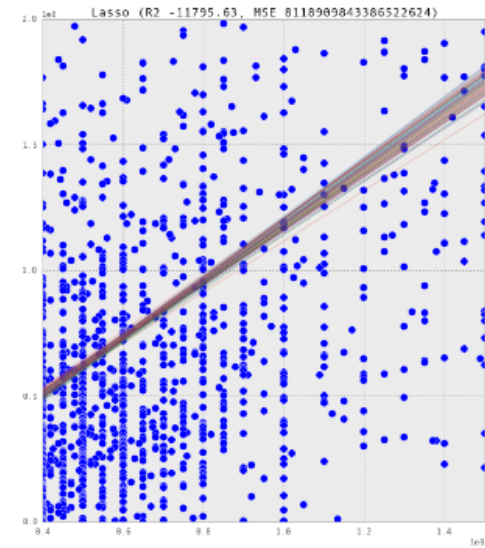
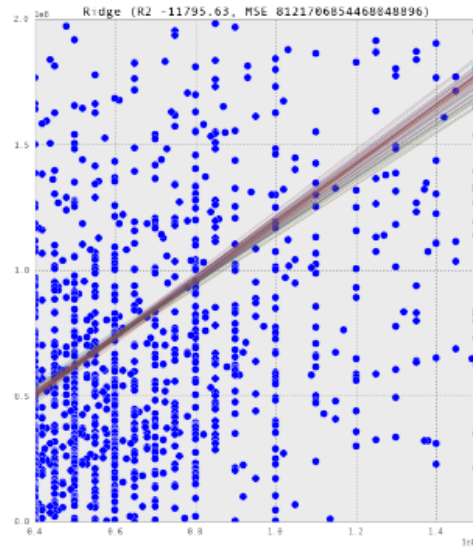
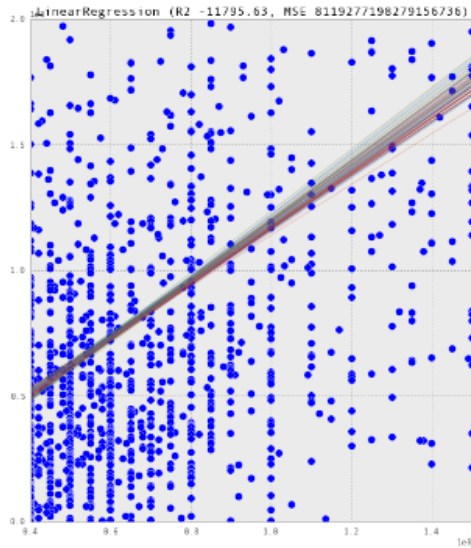
LOG TRANSFORMATION

Better?

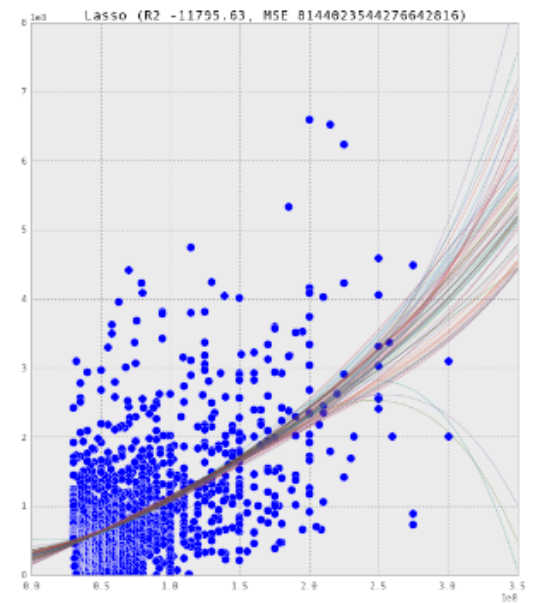
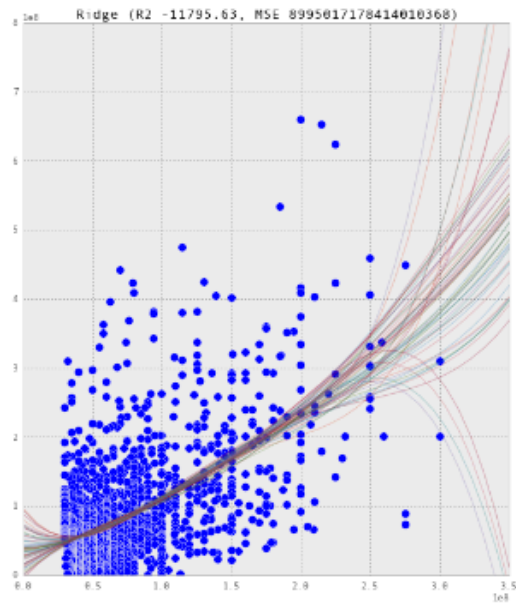
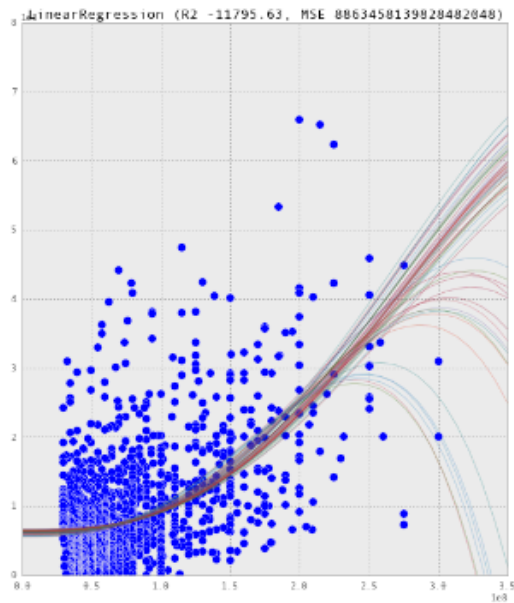


Better?

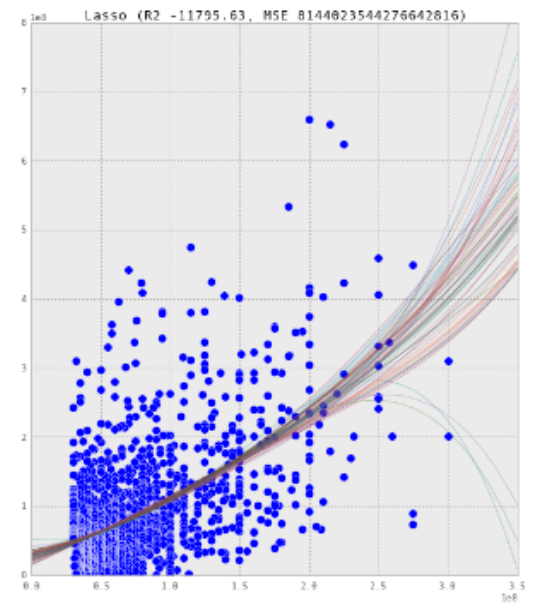
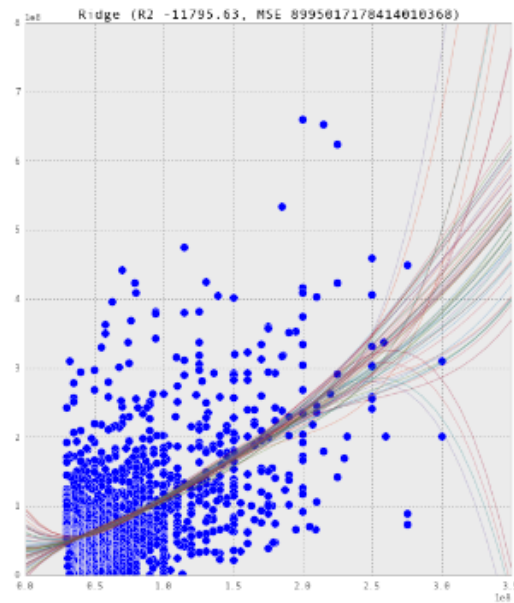
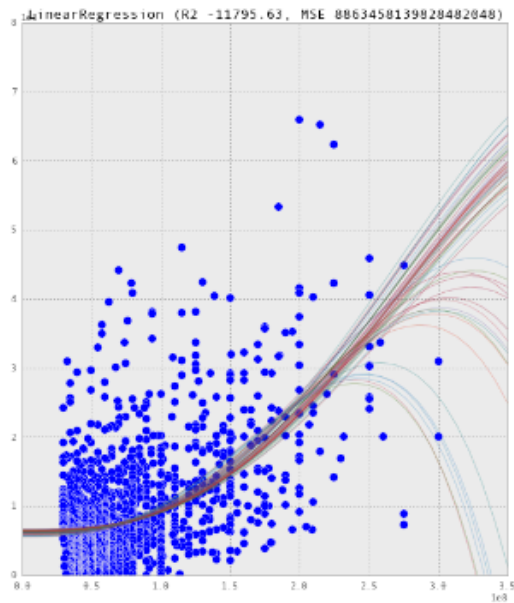
REGULARIZATION + CROSS-VALIDATION



REGULARIZATION + CROSS-VALIDATION



REGULARIZATION + CROSS-VALIDATION



FINAL MODEL

```
y, X = dmtrixes('log_gross ~ log_budget + thriller + comedy + drama + documentary + action + animation + horror + fantasy + romance')
```

```
import sklearn
```

```
#X = sklearn.preprocessing.normalize(X, axis=0)
#y = sklearn.preprocessing.normalize(y, axis=0)
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = cv.train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.20, random_state=1234)
model_lasso1 = linear_model.LassoCV(eps=0.001, n_alphas=100, cv=10, normalize=True).fit(x_train, sklearn.utils.column_or_1d(y_train))

#model_lasso1.predict(x_test, y_test)
print(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_train, model_lasso1.predict(x_train)))
print(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, model_lasso1.predict(x_test)))

print('alpha=', model_lasso1.alpha_)
m_alphas = model_lasso1.alphas_
print model_lasso1.coef_
```

```
1.14681260853
0.988424954023
('alpha=', 0.0007107861854551182)
[ 0.          0.94557742 -0.          -0.          -0.00890781  0.          0.1060979
 0.          0.1477817 -0.          -0.03913985]
```

APPENDIX

DATA SOURCES

Numbers

Movielens

```
In [141]: len(set1.union(set2))
```

```
Out[141]: 6743
```

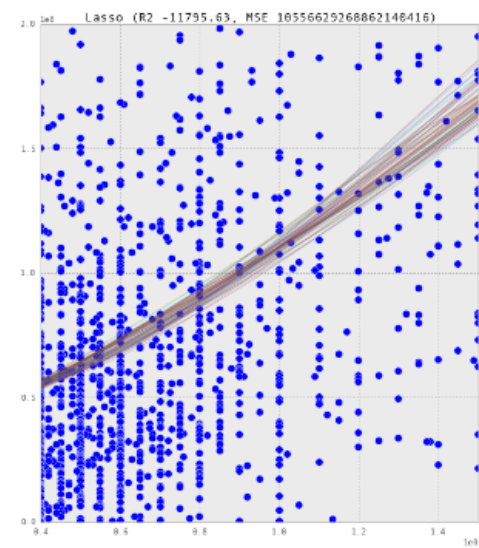
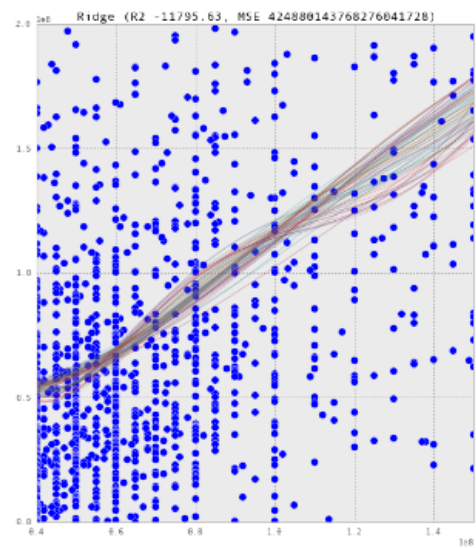
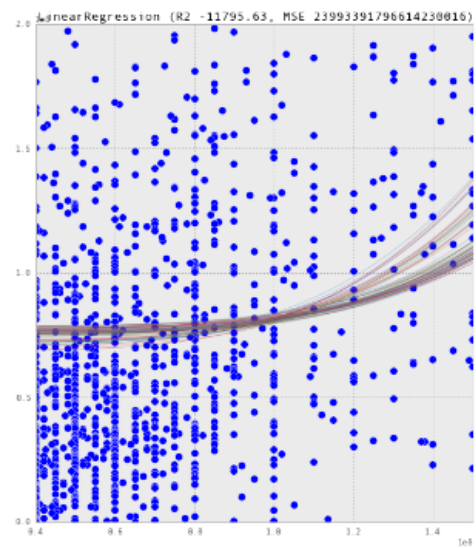
FEATURES

1. Genres

1. Drama
2. Comedy
3. Thriller

2. Production budget

1. For top 6000 movies



MOVIELENS DATASET

1. Animation

2. Drama

3. Adventure

4. Children

5. Sci-Fi

6. Horror

7. Comedy

8. Romance

9. Drama

10. Thriller

11. ~~Mystery~~

12. ~~Fantasy~~

13. ~~Documentary~~

14. ~~Musical~~

15. ~~Western~~

16. ~~War~~

17. ~~Crime~~

18. ~~Film-Noir~~