Transliteration Map

DEVNAG font

(Hindi, Marathi, Sanskrit)

itrans

©1991–1998 Avinash Chopde

1 Fonts Available

1.1 T_EX Interface

This devanagari font *devnag* is a Metafont font, developed by Frans Velthuis, and his package is called "Devanagari for TeX".

The devnag font is in a archive named devnag or devanagari. It is available at all CTAN TEX archives in the languages directory. At the time of writing this document (2001), it was certainly available at ftp.cdrom.com, ctan.tug.org, and many other sites. Please use your Internet search tools to locate the CTAN site closest to you for downloading the devnag archive.

This font is not bundled with the itrans package, but is available at many FTP sites, including in the texlive package.

This ITRANS package make use of Velthuis's Devanagari for TeX package, version 2.15 (released 2008). This contains a change from the previous 1.6 version - the font family dvnb is used instead of dvng. This is required to get the correct j~na and GYa consonant variations.

Devnag also has another Metafont file (dvpn10.mf) which generates a variation of the Devnag font. If you have Metafont on your system, you may use it to generate the PK and TFM files for TEX. This variation was developed by Thomas Ridgeway, and in his words, it is "a trivial variation of dvnb10.mf to resemble devanagari written with an ordinary writing pen". Looks nice.

Note that the *dvpn10.mf* file alone is insufficient to generate the T_EX font, the complete devnag package is required to make it usable. And, you must know enough about Metafont to run it.

Important: itrans does not automatically handle all the ligatures present in the devnag font. The Devnag font does contain many three- and four- consonant ligatures, most of which are not currently supported using *itrans*. See the section titled "Limitations" for more details.

1.2 Direct Textual Interface - HTML

HTML interface is supported using this font, Unicode (UTF-8) is supported for this the Devanagari script, but no Unicode fonts are included with the ITRANS package.

Since this is a TeX font, this interface cannot be used as is for HTML. But, Sandeep Sibal, developer of the Jtrans package, has made available a font named Xdvng, which is derived from the dvng/dvnb fonts, and which allows use of Xdvng with the direct Text HTML output mode of ITRANS. See the example files for HTML output in the ITRANS doc directory (ITRANS/doc/s1html.itx); the IFM file to use is named *xdvng.ifm*. The IFM file has been developed by Sandeep Sibal, and the Xdvng font (available for multiple platforms) has been developed by Sandeep Sibal and Arun Gupta See http://www.sibal.com/sandeep/jtrans/ for info on Sandeep Sibal's Jtrans package.

⁰Last modification: December 4, 2009

1.3 Text Interface - Unicode (UTF-8) for Sanskrit, Hindi, and Marathi

IFM file to use is named udvng.ifm.

Unicode (UTF-8) output is supported for this the Devanagari script, but no Unicode fonts are included with the ITRANS package. There are many Unicode fonts available on the Web, and more are being developed so it should be easy to locate a Unicode font when needed. Not all Unicode fonts fully support Indian Languages yet.

1.4 Sanskrit (or Hindi) and Marathi

The IFM file *dvng.ifm* can be used for Sanskrit, Hindi or Marathi output.

The marathi form of ra-half is available through the R character and the second LA is at L (or ld), etc. The tables (1 and 7) display the complete mapping from English to Devanagari for all the three Indic Scripts.

A second IFM file is also provided, *dvngfull.ifm*, and is meant to be used for text that needs to use many archaic consonant conjunct forms. Use this file only if you really need all the consonant conjuncts; in most cases a smaller set of consonant conjuncts, as defined by the dvng.ifm file suffices. The tables that follow include information on which conjunct glyphs are available using which IFM file. dvng.ifm file is the one most commonly used, since this has the "best" set of ligatures.

2 Font Developer

This font has been created by Frans Velthuis as part of his "Devanagari for TeX" package. He holds copyright to the fonts in the package. I would like to thank him for making it available as freeware.

Frans Velthuis

University of Groningen

The Netherlands

e-mail address: velthuis@rc.rug.nl (Frans J. Velthuis)

Since 1990, many other people have worked to enhance the original "Devanagari for TeX" package, the current version is being supported by John Smith and Anshuman Pandey.

Table 7 shows the ITRANS encoding in a compact table, this table was sent in by Ashok Basargekar, and it is similar in layout to the table included with the documentation in the original Velthius Devanagari for TeX package.

3 Limitations

As mentioned in the first section, *itrans* makes use of only a subset of the ligatures available in the Devnag font. *itrans* only recognizes two-consonant ligatures, and most ligature of more than two consonants is ignored.

The two tables (in tables 4 and 5) display the ligatures that are being used in ITRANS. All the ra-<consonant> and <consonant>-ra ligatures are not displayed in the available list, but they are handled by itrans correctly.

Table 6 displays ligatures that are not used, along with their decimal character codes (glyph positions).

ITRANS versions 5.1 and newer do support three- or more consonant conjuncts, so, it is technically possible to support all these conjuncts, but to keep things simple, I am currently simply

Vowels

ঞ	a	
आ	aa <i>or</i> A	
इ	i	
र्इ	ii or I	
চ্চ	u	
ऊ	uu or U	
ऋ <u></u>	RRi or R^i	
ॠ	RRI or R^I	
ऌ	LLi or L^i	
kw	LLI or L^I	
ए	е	
ऐ	ai	
ओ	0	
औ	au	
अं	aM	
अः	аН	

Digits

o	0
\$	1
r	2
2 3 Y	3
8	4
4	5
w	6
७	7
\$ 9 8	8
०	9

Consonants

क	ka	
ख	$\mathtt{kh}\hspace{.01in} a$	
1	ga	
घ	$\mathtt{gh}\hspace{.01in} a$	
ો છ	~Na or N^a	
चि	$\mathtt{ch}\hspace{.01in} a$	
ন্ত	$\mathtt{Ch} a \ or \ \mathtt{chh} a$	
<u>ज</u>	$\mathrm{j}a$	
झ	$\mathtt{jh}a$	
ञ	~na or JNa	
ट	Ta	
ठ	$\mathtt{Th}a$	
ड	$\mathtt{D}a$	
હ	$\mathtt{Dh}a$	
ण	Na	
त	ta	
थ	${ t th} a$	
द	$\mathtt{d}a$	
ध	$\mathtt{dh}\hspace{.01in} a$	
न	$\mathtt{n}a$	
प	pa	
फ	$\mathtt{ph}\hspace{.01in} a$	
ब	b a	
भ	$\mathtt{bh}\hspace{.01in} a$	
म	ma	
य	y a	
र	ra	
ल	1a	
व	va or wa	
হা	$\mathtt{sh}a$	
ष	$\mathtt{Sh}a\ or\ \mathtt{shh}a$	
स	sa	
ષ્ટ	ha	
ષ્ઠિ	lda or La	
क्ष	kSha or xa	
ন	j~na or GYa	

Specials/Accents

क़	q a		
ख	Ka		
<i>য</i> ়	${\tt G}a$		
চ্চ	Ja or za		
फ़	fa		
lw.	. D a		
હ િ	. Dh a		
ૠ	AUM or OM		
प्र	Rga		
र्ग	rga <i>or ga</i> ^r		
गं	ga.n		
ऑ	aa.c		
ंड	Da.N		
ङ्	$D.\mathtt{h}$		
હિંગ	duH		
b	.a		

Table 1: ITRANS: Devanagari to English Transliteration Table.

Sample Letters

क का कि की कु कू	ka kaa ki kii ku kuu	
स्स सासिसी सुसू	s.h sa saa si sii su suu	
र्ख खे खै खं खः खं खँ	kh.r khe khai khaM khaH kha.c kha.N	
डे डै डं ड: डॅ डॅं	De Dai DaM DaH Da.c Da.N	

Sample Words

भाग्य	bhaagya	
राज्य	raajya	
विद्या	vidyaa	
शिष्य	shiShya	
मुख्य	mukhya	
गाझा	gaaDyaa	
त्याग	tyaag	
ध्यान	dhyaan	
न्याय	nyaay	
३याम	shyaam	
ज्योत	jyot	
मनुष्य	manushhya	
चांदण्या	chaa.ndaNyaa	
अभ्यास	abhyaas	
कल्याण	kalyaaN	
कल्याण घड्याळ	kalyaaN ghaDyaald	
	,	
घड्याळ	ghaDyaald	
घड्याळ कच्चा	ghaDyaald kachchaa	
घड्याळ कच्चा खड्डा	ghaDyaald kachchaa khaD.hDaa	
घड्याळ कच्चा खड्डा खड्डा	ghaDyaald kachchaa khaD.hDaa khaDDaa	
घड्याळ कच्चा खड्डा खड्डा गठ्ठा	ghaDyaald kachchaa khaD.hDaa khaDDaa gaThThaa	
घड्याळ कच्चा खड्डा खड्डा गठठा धक्का	ghaDyaald kachchaa khaD.hDaa khaDDaa gaThThaa dhakkaa	
घड्याळ कच्चा खड्डा खड्डा गठ्ठा धक्का पत्ता	ghaDyaald kachchaa khaD.hDaa khaDDaa gaThThaa dhakkaa pattaa	
घड्याळ कच्चा खड्डा खड्डा गठ्ठा धक्का पत्ता तिप्पत	ghaDyaald kachchaa khaD.hDaa khaDDaa gaThThaa dhakkaa pattaa tippat	
घड्याळ कच्चा खड्डा खड्डा गठठा धक्का पत्ता तिप्पत पन्नास	ghaDyaald kachchaa khaD.hDaa khaDDaa gaThThaa dhakkaa pattaa tippat pannaas	

vvoras		
कस्तुरी	kasturii	
नास्तिक	naastik	
प्राप्त	praapt	
स्वतंत्र	swata.ntra	
स्वातंत्र्य	svaata.ntrya	
ध्वनी	dhvanii	
गोष्ट	goshhT	
युद्ध	yud.hdh	
युद्ध	yuddh	
पश्चिम	pashchim	
फक्त	phakt	
तर्हा	tarhaa	
अर्थ	arth	
कर्ता	kartaa	
गर्दी	gardii	
निर्णय	nirNay	
पत्र	patr	
त्रिकोण	trikoN	
श्रावण	shraavaN	
आश्रम	aashram	
शुश्रूषा	shushruushhaa	
ग्रंथ	gra.nth	
प्रजा	prajaa	
द्राक्षे	draakShe	
र्गहस्थ	g.rhasth	
प्रकृती	prakR^itii	

Table 2: Examples

नैर्ऋत्य	nairR^itya	
शुभ	shubhr	
सहस्त्र	sahastr	
क्रीडा	kriiDaa	
स्वच्छ	svachchh	
स्वरूप	svaruup	
ट्रक	Trak	
आम्ही	aamhii	
चतुर्थी	chaturthii	
ऋतू	RRituu	
ऑक्तोबर	aa.cktobar	
नोव्हेंबर	novhe.nbar	
ग्रॅम	gra.cm	
ऊँचा	uu.Nchaa	
बैलगाडी	bailagaaDii	
गुरुद्वारा	gurud.hvaaraa	
गुरुद्वारा	gurudvaaraa	
निराळ्या	niraaldyaa	
ज्ञान	GYaan	
मेकॅनिक	meka.cnik	
म्हैस	mhais	
देणार्या	deNaaryaa	
प्रतिष्ठा	pratishhThaa	
इतिहास	itihaas	
आस्थाबद्ध	aasthaabaddh	
अंतर्राष्ट्रीय	a.ntarraashhTriiy	
-		

Table 3: More Examples

ignoring these complex glyphs. If there are a few conjuncts that are important enough to be included, let me know, and will add those definitions to the dvng.ifm file. I have added a few such conjuncts to dvng.ifm and dvngfull.ifm files, the tables 4 and 5 show all supported conjuncts.

4 Author

ITRANS has been developed by Avinash Chopde.

E-mail: avinash@aczoom.com.

Home page: http://www.aczoom.com/

क क	kka	क्क
क त	kta	क्त
क न	kna	क्न
क म	kma	क्म
क य	kya	क्य
क ल	kla	क्ल
क व	kva	क्व
क ष	хa	क्ष
घन	ghna	ফ
ङ क	~Nka	liýe
ङ ख	~Nkha	峽
ङ ग	~Nga	ड़िन
ङ घ	~Ngha	ांच
ङ ङ	~N~Na	峽
ङ न	~Nna	ङ्ग
ङ म	~Nma	ङ्म
ङ य	~Nya	ङ्ग
च च	chcha	च्च
च अ	ch na	ফ
छ य	chhya	छ्य
ज अ	j~na	র
ञ च	~ncha	ञ्च
ञ ज	~nja	ञ्ज
ट क	Tka	₩
ट ट	TTa	ხა
ट ठ	TTha	bo
ट य	Tya	रुय

ठ य	Thya	য
ड ग	Dga	দ্র
ड घ	Dgha	ড্রি
ड ड	DDa	lww
ड म	Dma	द्म
ड य	Dya	ड्य
ढ य	Dhya	ढा
त त	tta	त्त
त न	tna	त्र
त र	tra	त्र
द ग	dga	द्ग
द घ	dgha	द्घ
दद	dda	lω
द ध	ddha	द्ध
द न	dna	द्न
द ब	dba	দ্ধি
द भ	dbha	ኴ
द म	dma	द्य
द य	dya	द्य
द व	dva	hư
द व य	dvya	द्ध
दवर	dvra	炫
ध न	dhna	শ্ল
न न	nna	ন্ন
प त	pta	प्त
प न	pna	प्न
प ल	pla	प्ल

ब न	bna	ब्र
ब ब	bba	ब्रि
ब व	bva	ब्ब
भन	bhna	भ्न
म न	mna	म्न
म ल	mla	म्ल
ल ल	lla	ल्ल
व न	vna	ञ
श च	shcha	শ্ব
श न	shna	इन
श ब	shba	३ब
श र	shra	श्र
श ल	shla	इल
श व	shva	শ্ব
ष ट	shhTa	ষ্ট
ष ठ	shhTha	ষ্ঠ
स न	sna	स्न
ह ण	hNa	μē
ह न	hna	ke
ह म	hma	ह्म
ह य	hya	ह्य
ह र	hra	lec(
ह ल	hla	₩
ह व	hva	ke
ज र	zra	জ
फर	phra	फ्र
फ़ र	fra	ऋ

Table 4: Ligatures Supported (when using dvng.ifm)

क क	kka	क
कत	kta	क्त
क न	kna	क्र
क म	kma	का
क य	kya	क्य
कल	kla	क्र
क व	kva	क्र
क ष	ха	क्ष
घ न	ghna	घ्र
ङ क	~Nka	ड ु
ङ ख	~Nkha	ङ्ख
ङ ग	~Nga	ङ्ग
ङ घ	~Ngha	ङ्घ
ङ ङ	~N~Na	ড়িঙ
ङ न	~Nna	ङ्ग
ङ म	~Nma	ङ्म
ङ य	~Nya	ङ्य
च च	chcha	蜇
च अ	ch~na	ब्र
छ य	chhya	छ्य
ज ञ	j~na	ज्ञ
ञ च	~ncha	भ्र
ञ ज	~nja	भ्र
ट क	Tka	द्ध
ट ट	TTa	ષ્ટ
ट ठ	TTha	દ્ધ
ट य	Tya	व्य

ठ य	Thya	ঠ
ड ग	Dga	ড়িন
ड घ	Dgha	<u></u> ডিফ
ड ड	DDa	ԽԽ
ड म	Dma	द्म
ड य	Dya	झ
ढ य	Dhya	ढा
त त	tta	त्त
त न	tna	क्
त र	tra	রি
द ग	dga	দ্ৰ
द घ	dgha	দ্ৰ
द द	dda	hư
दध	ddha	द्ध
द न	dna	দ
द ब	dba	દ્ધિ
दभ	dbha	द्भ
दम	dma	द्म
दय	dya	द्य
द व	dva	પ્રિ
दवय	dvya	৯
दवर	dvra	দ্ধ
धन	dhna	চ্চি
न न	nna	ন্ন
प त	pta	ਸ
प न	pna	দ
प ल	pla	स्र

ब न	bna	बन
ब ब	bba	ल्ल
ब व	bva	व्य
भन	bhna	፟ፑ
म न	mna	ਸ਼ਾ
म ल	mla	ቱ
ल ल	lla	旣
व न	vna	विद
श च	shcha	ষ্
श न	shna	শ্ব
श ब	shba	ण्ण
श र	shra	श्र
श ल	shla	स्र
श व	shva	ম্ব
ष ट	shhTa	ছ
ब ठ	shhTha	bo
स न	sna	स्र
ह ण	hNa	μē
ह न	hna	hŒ
ह म	hma	ह्म
ह य	hya	ह्य
ह र	hra	h c;
ह ल	hla	M
ह व	hva	ko
ज़ र	zra	জ
फ र	phra	फ्र
फ़ र	fra	ऋ

 ${\it Table 5: Ligatures \ Supported \ (when \ using \ dvngfull.ifm)}$

C	т. ,	C1 C 1
Consonants	Ligature	Char Code
कतय	त्त्य	197
कतव	त्त	198
कनय	क्य	230
करय	ऋ	231
क व य	इय	204
कतरय	क्र्य	252
ङ क त	뉏卮	173
ङ क य	ड ्रें	175
ङ क ष	峽駊	176
ङ ख य	<u>ક્</u> યુ	186
ङ ग य	ङ्ग	190
ङ घ य	झ्र	185
ङ घर	炒茲	192
ङकतय	ङ्क्य	174
ङकषव	ড়িছ	177

Consonants	Ligature	Char Code
ड ग य	झ्र	184
ड घर	<u> </u>	182
ड र य	ड्रा	251
दगर	द्भ	237
दघर	has	238
ददय	ह्य	144
ददव	hw	248
दधय	द्ध	143
दधव	lus	249
दभय	ह्म	142
दरय	द्र	239
ष ट य	ष्ट्य	247
षटव	ह्य	171
षटरय	ध्र	170

Table 6: Ligatures NOT Supported

П				T			1	1
a	अ	k.h	क्	р	प	.D	ङ	
aa or A	आ or ा	k	क	ph	फ	.Dh	ढ़	
i	इ or ि	kh	ख	Ъ	ब	1	\$	
ii or I	ई orी	g	1	bh	भ	2	2	
u	उ or₅	gh	घ	m	म	3	3	
uu or U	ऊ or €	~N	ङ	у	य	4	8	
R^i	ऋ or。	ch	च	r	र	5	4	
R^I	雅 or e	chh or Ch	ন্ত	1	ल	6	६	
L^i	ऌ or _ल	j	ज	v	व	7	છ	
L^I	ल् ट or ॡ	jh	झ	sh	श	8	L	
е	ए or `	JN or ~n	ञ	shh or Sh	ष	9	९	
ai	ऐ or ै	T	ट	s	स	0	0	
0	ओ or ो	Th	ठ	h	रू	.n or M	•	anusvāra
au	औ orौ	D	ड	ld or L	ळ	. N	•	chandrabindu
a.n or aM	अं	Dh	હ	x or kSh	"	Н	:	visarga
aН	अः	N	ण	j~n or GY or dny		•	1	danda
a.c	ॲ	t	त	q	क़	R	=	Marathi r
aa.c or A.c	ऑ	th	थ	K	ख	or ;	11	paragraph end
OM or AUM	ૐ	d	द	G	ग्र	.a	2	avagraha
.a	2	dh	ध	z	<u>ज</u>	. c	,	a like in at
Ra	र	n	न	f	फ़	{\rm .}	•	period

Table 7: ITRANS Encoding (table format is similar to Velthuis's documentation)