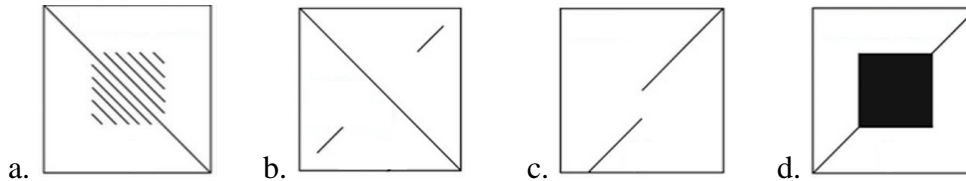


Indraprastha Institute of Information Technology Delhi (IIITD)
Department of Computational Biotechnology

BIO213 – Introduction to Quantitative Biology

Quiz-1

1. Which of the following dot plots represents the presence of microsatellites in the sequences? (1 mark)



Correct answer: d

2. How are chimeric fragments (arising due to end-to-end joining of two regular fragments from distinct parts of the target molecule to form a fragment that is not a contiguous part of the target) managed while assembling the genomic fragments? (1 mark)

Correct answer: Must be recognized as such and removed from the fragment set in a preprocessing stage.

3. blastx is used for (1 mark)
- a. comparing amino acid sequence against the protein sequence database.
 - b. comparing DNA sequence against the translated nucleotide sequence database.
 - c. comparing amino acid sequence against the translated nucleotide sequence database.
 - d. comparing DNA sequence against the protein sequence database.

Correct answer: d

4. Which of the following is not an example of basic model for DNA fragment assembly? (1 mark)
- a. RECONSTRUCTION
 - b. MULTICONTIG
 - c. Shotgun Sequencing
 - d. Shortest Common Superstring

Correct answer: c

5. Which of the following is an example of transition and transversion respectively? (2 mark)
- a. $A \rightarrow C$ and $A \rightarrow T$
 - b. $C \rightarrow T$ and $G \rightarrow A$
 - c. $G \rightarrow C$ and $C \rightarrow T$
 - d. $A \rightarrow G$ and $G \rightarrow T$

Correct answer: d

6. Which of the following does not describe global alignment algorithm? (1 mark)
- In initialization step, the first row and first column are subjected to gap penalty.
 - Scores can be negative.
 - In trace back step, beginning is with the cell at the lower right of the matrix and it ends at top left cell.
 - First row and first column are set to zero.

Correct answer: d

7. Local alignment is suitable for _____ related sequences while Global alignment is preferred for _____ related sequences. (Options: Closely, Distantly) (2 marks)

Correct answer: Distantly, Closely

8. Find the score of the following alignment (Match = 4, Mismatch = -1, Gap opening penalty = -2, gap extension penalty = -1) (2 marks)

```

      A T C G A T C G C G C A G
      | |           | | | |
A T - C - - - A C G C A C

```

Correct answer: 15

9. Log odd ratios are calculated using (1 mark)
- $\log \text{ odd ratio} = \log_2(\text{expected}/\text{observed})$
 - $\log \text{ odd ratio} = 1/\log_2(\text{expected}/\text{observed})$
 - $\log \text{ odd ratio} = \log_2(\text{observed}/\text{expected})$
 - $\log \text{ odd ratio} = 1/\log_2(\text{observed}/\text{expected})$

Correct answer: c

10. An overlap is a link if no other fragment completely covers the overlap. (1 mark)
True or false?

Correct answer: True

11. In overlap graphs, nodes represent _____, whereas edges represent _____. (Options: reads, overlaps). (1 mark)

Correct answer: reads, overlaps

12. Which of the following is true for all the models for fragment assembly – Shortest common superstring, RECONSTRUCTION and MULTICONTIG? (1 mark)
- All three assume that the fragment collection is free of contamination and chimeras.
 - All three can deal with base call errors.
 - All three can deal with unknown orientation of the fragments.
 - All three use distance rather than similarity between the fragments.
 - All three allow the assembly of contigs in case of low coverage.

Correct answer: a

13. Which of the following is an alignment resulting from the path shown in the image below?

	A	C	T	G	A	T	T	C	A
	0	-2	-4	-6	-8	-10	-12	-14	-16
A	-2	2	0	-2	-4	-6	-8	-10	-12
C	-4	0	4	2	0	-2	-4	-6	-8
G	-6	-2	2	1	4	2	0	-2	-4
C	-8	-4	0	-1	2	1	-1	-3	0
A	-10	-6	-2	-3	0	4	2	0	-2
T	-12	-8	-4	0	-2	2	6	4	2
C	-14	-10	-6	-2	-4	0	4	2	6
A	-16	-12	-8	-4	-5	-2	2	1	4

- a.

ACTGATTCA		
ACGCA-TCA		
- b.

ACTG-ATTCA			
AC-GCA-TCA			
- c.

ACTG-ATTCA			
AC-GCA-TCA			
- d.

ACTG-ATTCA			
AC-GCAT-CA			

 (2 marks)

Correct answer: b or c (both options are the same)

14. Hamiltonian path is a walk that visits each _____ (node/edge) once. (1 mark)

Correct answer: node

15. Choose the correct option: (1 mark)

- a. Off-springs in Genetic algorithm are generated using mutations and crossover.
- b. Off-springs in Genetic algorithm are generated using Natural selection and crossover.
- c. Off-springs in Genetic algorithm are generated using Natural selection and mutations.

Correct answer: a

16. Which of the following is an example of base call error in DNA? (1 mark)

- a. Chimera
- b. Insertion
- c. Contamination
- d. Transposition

Correct answer: b